REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

FOR

LAZORON PLC



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COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

DIRECTORS:

J A Clarke D J Bass

Mrs C L Clarke G N Wheller

SECRETARY:

Mrs J A Wheller

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Devon Business Park

Saunders Way Cullompton Devon EX15 1BS

REGISTERED NUMBER:

1664129 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Bush & Company Registered Auditor & Chartered Accountants 2 Barnfield Crescent

Exeter Devon EX1 1QT

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2002.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of distributor of batteries, camera film and other non-food products through a franchise network.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The results for the year and financial position of the company are as shown in the annexed financial statements.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2002.

DIRECTORS

The directors during the year under review were:

J A Clarke D J Bass Mrs C L Clarke G N Wheller

The beneficial interests of the directors holding office on 31 December 2002 in the issued share capital of the company were as follows:

	31.12.02	1.1.02
Ordinary shares £1 shares		
J A Clarke	65,267	65,267
D J Bass	26,830	26,830
Mrs C L Clarke	-	-
G N Wheller	13,415	13,415

COMPANY'S POLICY ON PAYMENT OF CREDITORS

It is company policy to settle all debts with its creditors on a timely basis, taking account of the credit period given by each supplier. Creditor days 2002: 97 (2001: 62)

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

AUDITORS

The auditors, Bush & Company, will be proposed for re-appointment in accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

on behalf of the board: Mrs J A Wheller - SECRETARY

Dated: 25th March 2003.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF LAZORON PLC

We have audited the financial statements of Lazoron Plc for the year ended 31 December 2002 on pages six to nineteen. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page two the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Report of the Directors is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Report of the Directors and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF **LAZORON PLC**

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2002 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Bush & Company

Registered Auditor &

Chartered Accountants

2 Barnfield Crescent

Exeter

Devon

EX1 1QT

Dated: 25 March 2003

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

		2002	2001
	Notes	£	£
TURNOVER		7,016,139	5,282,243
Cost of sales		6,198,497	4,603,051
GROSS PROFIT		817,642	679,192
Administrative expenses		757,350	554,624
OPERATING PROFIT	3	60,292	124,568
Interest receivable and similar income		3,698	8,232
		63,990	132,800
Interest payable and similar charges	4	25,944	34,469
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVI BEFORE TAXATION	TIES	38,046	98,331
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	5,086	20,852
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL Y AFTER TAXATION	'EAR	32,960	77,479
Retained profit/(deficit) brough	t forward	13,620	(63,859)
RETAINED PROFIT CARRIED F	ORWARD	£46,580	£13,620

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the current and previous years.

TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profits for the current and previous years.

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2002

		200)2	200	1
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS: Tangible assets	6		193,893		84,333
CURRENT ASSETS: Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7 8	824,350 1,264,000 53,939		349,596 1,122,009 11,197	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling	9	2,142,289		1,482,802	
due within one year NET CURRENT ASSETS:	9	1,983,309	158,980	1,251,175	231,627
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES:			352,873		315,960
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(167,304)		(168,190)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES:	14		(4,839)		-
			£180,730		£147,770
CAPITAL AND RESERVES: Called up share capital Profit and loss account	15		134,150 46,580		134,150 13,620
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS:	18		£180,730		£147,770

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

LA Clarke - DIRECTOR

Approved by the Board on .25 Mayel 2003

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

		2002	2	200	1
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Net cash inflow	_				450 547
from operating activities	1		446,326		152,547
Returns on investments and					
servicing of finance	2		(22,246)		(26,237)
Taxation			(21,475)		(8,375)
Capital expenditure	2		(95,498)		(40,944)
			307,107		76,991
Financing	2		(45,509)		153,121
Increase in cash in the period			£261,598		£230,112
Reconciliation of net cash flow			_		
to movement in net debt	3				
Increase					
in cash in the period		261,598		230,112	
Cash outflow					
from decrease in					
debt and lease financing		8,677		12,107	
Change in net debt resulting					
from cash flows			270,275		242,219
New finance leases			(60,862)		(23,450)
Movement in net debt in the period	<u> </u>		209,413		218,769
Net debt at 1 January			(228,232)		(447,001)
Net debt at 31 December			£(18,819)		£(228,232)

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

1. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2002	2001
	£	£
Operating profit	60,292	124,568
Depreciation charges	47,125	30,172
Loss on sale of fixed assets	-	2,132
Profit on sale of fixed assets	(325)	-
(Increase)/Decrease in stocks	(474,754)	94,691
(Increase)/Decrease in debtors	(141,991)	231,951
Increase/(Decrease) in creditors	955,979	(330,967)
Net cash inflow	<u> </u>	
from operating activities	446,326	152,547

2. ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS NETTED IN THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	2002 £	2001 £
Returns on investments and servicing of finance		
Interest received	3,698	8,232
Interest paid	(21,812)	(30,937)
Interest element of hire purchase		
payments	(4,132)	(3,532)
Net cash outflow		
for returns on investments and servicing of finance	(22,246)	(26,237)
Capital expenditure		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(95,823)	(50,044)
Sale of tangible fixed assets	325	9,100
Net cash outflow		
for capital expenditure	(95,498)	(40,944)
		====
Financing		
New loan taken out in year	-	200,000
Loan repayments in year	(45,509)	(20,174)
Amount withdrawn by directors	-	(26,705)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow		
from financing	(45,509)	153,121
	=======================================	

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

			Other non-cash	
	At 1.1.02 £	Cash flow £	changes £	At 31.12.02 £
Net cash:				
Cash at bank and in hand	11,197	42,742		53,939
Bank overdraft	(218,856)	218,856		
	(207,659)	261,598 ———		53,939
Debt:				
Hire purchase	(20,573)	8,677	(60,862)	(72,758)
	(20,573)	8,677 ———	(60,862)	(72,758)
Total	(228,232)	270,275	(60,862)	(18,819)
Analysed in Balance Sheet				
Cash at bank and in hand	11,197			53,939
Bank overdraft	(218,856)			-
Hire purchase				
within one year	(4,317)			(20,556)
after one year	(16,256)			(52,202)
	(228,232)			(18,819)
				====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of goods, excluding value added tax.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Plant and machinery - 25% on cost
Display stands - 25% on cost
Motor vehicles - 25% on cost

Stocks

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable for the year are charged in the profit and loss account.

2. STAFF COSTS

	2002	2001
	£	£
Wages and salaries	360,053	244,043
Social security costs	30,874	20,395
Other pension costs	9,279	5,186
	400,206	269,624

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

2. STAFF COSTS - continued

The average monthly number of	f employees during the year was as follows:
-------------------------------	---

	2002	2001
Warehouse	3	3
Administration	12	10
Directors	3	3
Sales	3	-
	21	16
	=	_ -

3. OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2002	2001
	£	£
Depreciation - owned assets	33,303	24,931
Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts	13,822	5,241
(Profit)/Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(325)	2,132
Auditors' remuneration	4,100	4,000
		=======================================
Directors' emoluments Directors' pension contributions to money purchase	119,166	106,500
schemes	•	1,200
		====

The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as follows:

Money purchase schemes	-	1
	==	==

4. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	2002	2001
	£	£
Bank interest	21,812	26,162
Other interest paid	-	4,775
Hire purchase interest	2,966	2,075
Leasing charges	1,166	1,457
	25,944	34,469
		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

5. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the year	ır was as follows:	
	2002 £	2001 £
Current tax:		
UK corporation tax	247	20,852
Deferred tax:		
Deferred taxation	4,839	-
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5,086	20,852

Factors affecting the tax charge

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	2002 £	2001 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	38,046 =====	98,331
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax		
in the UK of 20% (2001 - 20%)	7,609	19,666
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductable for tax purposes	546	446
Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	(6,155)	740
Zero rate tax band	(1,753)	
Current tax charge	247	20,852
		

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Based on current capital investment plans, the Company expects to continue to be able to claim capital allowances in excess of depreciation in future years but at a slightly lower level than in the current year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

6. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Leasehold property	Plant and machinery	Display stands	Motor vehicles	Totals
	£	£	£	£	£
COST:					
At 1 January 2002	2,141	64,870	85,697	67,210	219,918
Additions	-	79,913	42,457	34,315	156,685
Disposals	(2,141)	(39,265)			(41,406)
At 31 December 2002		105,518	128,154	101,525	335,197
DEPRECIATION:					
At 1 January 2002	2,141	51,829	73,244	8,371	135,585
Charge for year	=	12,477	12,133	22,515	47,125
Eliminated on disposals	(2,141)	(39,265)	-		(41,406)
At 31 December 2002		25,041	85,377	30,886	141,304
NET BOOK VALUE:					
At 31 December 2002	====	80,477	42,777	70,639 ———	193,893
At 31 December 2001	-	13,041	12,453	58,839 ———	84,333 ======

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows:

		Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Totals
		£	£	£
	COST:			
	At 1 January 2002	-	27,950	27,950
	Additions	40,760	34,315	75,075
	At 31 December 2002	40,760	62,265	103,025
	DEPRECIATION:			
	At 1 January 2002	-	5,241	5,241
	Charge for year	1,121	12,701	13,822
	At 31 December 2002	1,121	17,942	19,063
	NET BOOK VALUE:			
	At 31 December 2002	39,639	44,323	83,962
	At 31 December 2001		22,709	22,709
7.	STOCKS			
			2002 £	2001 £
	Finished goods		824,350	349,596

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

8.	DEBTORS		
		2002	2001
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year:		
		44.050	40 500
	V.A.T.	41,852	10,538
	Trade debtors	1,160,386	1,021,293
	Directors current account	-	2,490
	Loans Woodman Branarias Ltd	2 002	3,000
	Woodman Properties Ltd	3,083	- 00 015
	Prepayments	57,306 750	83,315
	Loans Corporation to v	623	600
	Corporation tax	023	623
		1,264,000	1,121,259
	Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
	Loans		750 ===
	Aggregate amounts	1,264,000	1,122,009
9.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
	DOE WITHIN ONE TEAR	2002	2001
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	_	-
	(see note 11)	40,000	258,856
	Hire purchase contracts	10,000	200,000
	(see note 12)	20,556	4,317
	Trade creditors	1,590,229	765,328
	Other creditors	254,766	137,631
	Other taxes & social security	12,820	7,610
	Corporation tax	247	21,475
	Accruals	64,691	55,958
		1,983,309	1,251,175
10.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
	DOE AFTER MORE ITIAN ONE TEAR	2002	2001
		£	£
	Bank loans (see note 11)	115,102	151,934
	Hire purchase contracts	110,102	101,004
	(see note 12)	52,202	16,256
	,,,		
		167,304	168,190
			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

11. LOANS AND OVERDRAFTS

12.

An analysis of the maturity of loans and overdrafts is given below:

Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:	2002 £	2001 £
Bank overdrafts Bank loans	40,000	218,856
	40,000	258,856
Amounts falling due between one and two years:		
Bank loans	115,102	151,934
OBLIGATIONS UNDER HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS AND LEASES	purc	ire chase
	2002	tracts 2001
Gross obligations repayable: Within one year Between one and five years	£ 25,585 58,116 83,701	f 6,093 18,771 24,864
Finance charges repayable: Within one year Between one and five years	5,029 5,914 10,943	1,776 2,515 4,291
Net obligations repayable: Within one year Between one and five years	20,556 52,202 72,758	4,317 16,256 20,573

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

12. OBLIGATIONS UNDER HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS AND LEASES - continued

The following payments are committed to be paid within one year:

Operating leases

	Land and buildings		Other	
	2002 £	2001 £	2002 £	2001 £
Expiring: Within one year In more than five years	- 72,000	46,000	1,166 -	1,166
	72,000	46,000	1,166	1,166

13. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	2002	2001
	£	£
Bank overdrafts	-	218,856
Bank loans	155,102	191,934
Hire purchase contracts	72,758	20,573
Trade creditor	756,883	577,768
	984,743	1,009,131

The bank overdraft facility and bank loan are secured by a fixed and floating charge over all the company's assets.

The trade creditor is secured by a second floating charge over all the Company's assets.

14. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

Deferred tax	2002 £ 4,839	2001 £
	Deferred tax	
Accelerated capital allowances	£ 4,839	
Balance at 31 December 2002	4,839	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

14. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES - continued

Deferred tax	provision			
Accelerated	capital allowances		2002 £ 4,839	2001 £
			4,839	
. CALLED UP	SHARE CAPITAL			
Authorised:				
Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	2002 £	2001 £
200,000	Ordinary shares	£1	200,000	200,000
Allotted, iss	sued and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	2002 £	2001 £
134,150	Ordinary shares	£1	134,150	134,150

16. TRANSACTIONS WITH DIRECTORS

15.

The following loan to a director subsisted during the year ended 31 December 2002:

	L
J A Clarke	
Balance outstanding at start of year	2,490
Balance outstanding at end of year	-
Maximum balance outstanding during year	2,490

17. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company paid property rentals totalling £50,000 (2001: £46,000) during the year to J A and C L Clarke, both are directors of the Company.

During the year, rentals of £4,000 were paid to Woodman Properties Ltd, a company controlled by J A and C L Clarke.

Consultancy fees of £7,333 (2001: £5,120) were paid to Edington Management Services, a business operated by D J Bass , a non-executive director.

As at 31 December 2002 the Company was owed £1,762 (2001: £1762), within Trade Debtors, from BP Entertainments 2000 Ltd, a company where J A and C L Clarke held 50% of the voting rights.

As at 31 December 2002 the Company was owed £3,083 from Woodman Properties Ltd, a company controlled by J A and C L Clarke.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

18. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2002 £	2001 £
Profit for the financial year	32,960	77,479
Net addition to shareholders' funds	32,960	77,479
Opening shareholders' funds	147,770	70,291
Closing shareholders' funds	180,730	147,770
Equity interests	180,730	147,770