REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008 FOR

LAZORON PLC

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COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008

DIRECTORS:

S Chadha

M Clinch

SECRETARY:

M Clinch

REGISTERED OFFICE:

South View Estate

Willand

CULLOMPTON

Devon EX15 2QW

REGISTERED NUMBER:

1664129 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Bush & Company Registered Auditor & Chartered Accountants 2 Barnfield Crescent

Exeter Devon EX1 1QT

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 January 2008.

CESSATION OF TRADING

The company ceased trading in March 2008.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of distributor of dry cell batteries, photographic products, hosiery and other general household goods.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The results for the year and financial position of the company are as shown in the annexed financial statements.

FAIR REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The key financial highlights are as follows:

	12m	10m	12m
	to 31 Jan	to 31 Mar	to 31 Mar
	2008	2007	2006
	£000	£000	000£
Turnover	5,309	5,672	6,854
Gross profit margin	16%	18%	17%
Profit/ (Loss) before tax	(148)	101	(163)

PRINCIPLE RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company's trade came under pressure during the year due to the continuing decline of the photographic film market as customers transfer to digital technology and the loss of a large contract with the Co-op to supply small household goods. The Co-op transferred the sourcing of these products to China. Consequently, the business was sold immediately after the year end and it relocated to Manchester in March 2008. The company ceased trading in March 2008 and a portion of the trade was transferred to the holding company.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 January 2008.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

Following the year end, the company was sold as a going concern to Supreme Imports Limited on 4 February 2008.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008

DIRECTORS

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The directors who have held office during the period from 1 February 2007 to the date of this report are as follows:

G N Wheller - resigned 31 October 2007

S Chadha and M Clinch were appointed as directors after 31 January 2008 but prior to the date of this report.

J A Clarke, D J Bass and Mrs C L Clarke ceased to be directors after 31 January 2008 but prior to the date of this report.

COMPANY'S POLICY ON PAYMENT OF CREDITORS

It is company policy to settle all debts with its creditors on a timely basis, taking account of the credit period given by each supplier. Creditor days 2008: 41

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The companies financial instruments comprise bank balances, bank overdrafts, trade creditors, trade debtors, loans to the company and finance lease agreements. The main purpose of these instruments is to raise funds for the company's operations and to finance the company's operations.

Due to the nature of the financial instruments used by the company there is no exposure to price risk. The company's approach to managing other risks applicable to the financial instruments concerned is shown below.

In respect of bank balances the liquidity risk is managed by maintaining a balance between the continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of overdrafts at floating rates of interest, a medium term loan where the company has managed to fix the interest rate. The company manages the liquidity risk by ensuring there are sufficient funds to meet the payments.

The company is a lessee in respect of finance leased assets. The liquidity risk in respect of these is managed in the same way as the loans above.

Trade debtors are managed in respect of credit and cash flow risk by policies concerning the credit offered to customers and the regular monitoring of amounts outstanding for both time and credit limits. Trade creditors liquidity risk is managed by ensuring sufficient funds are available to meet amounts due.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

The directors have made themselves aware of all relevant audit information. The auditors have been informed of all this information.

M Clinch - Secretary		
Date:	01 Juné	2009

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF LAZORON PLC

We have audited the financial statements of Lazoron Plc for the year ended 31 January 2008 on pages seven to twenty one. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out on page four.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Report of the Directors is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition, we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Report of the Directors and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF LAZORON PLC

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 January 2008 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Report of the Directors is consistent with the financial statements.

Registered Auditor & Chartered Accountants 2 Barnfield Crescent

Exeter Devon

EX1 1QT

Date: 35 me 2005

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008

No	otes	Year Ended 31.1.08 £	Period 1.4.06 to 31.1.07 £
TURNOVER		5,309,197	5,671,971
Cost of sales		4,457,615	4,650,270
GROSS PROFIT		851,582	1,021,701
Administrative expenses		960,989	882,931
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT	3	(109,407)	138,770
Interest payable and similar charges	4	38,093	37,884
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVIT BEFORE TAXATION	ΓIES	(147,500)	100,886
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	5	9,277	20,553
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YI AFTER TAXATION	EAR	(156,777)	80,333

DISCONTINUING OPERATIONS

The company's activities discontinued in March 2008 following the sale of the company immediately after the year end when the trade was transferred to the holding company.

TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the loss for the current year and the profit for the previous period.

BALANCE SHEET 31 JANUARY 2008

		200	08	20	07
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	6		-		13,531
Tangible assets	7		-		96,174
			-		109,705
CURRENT ASSETS					
Assets held for resale	7	12,703			
Stocks	8	331,149		707,208	
Debtors	9	593,456		1,052,439	
Cash in hand		-		1,428	
	•				
		937,308		1,761,075	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	10	946,735		1,471,628	
·					
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS	S		(9,427)		289,447
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			(9,427)		399,152
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more that	an 11				
one year			-		251,802
·					
NET (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			(9,427))	147,350
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	15		134,150		134,150
Profit and loss account	16		(143,577)		13,200
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	19		(9,427)		147,350
The financial statements were appro-	ved by th	e Board of Dir	ectors on	DI JUN	£ 2009
the thicker of the test state of the	,				

S Chadha - Director

and were signed on its behalf by:

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008

		Year Er 31.1.		Perio 1.4.06 to	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Net cash inflow from operating activities	1		257,196		306,347
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	2		(38,093)		(37,884)
Taxation			623		-
Capital expenditure	2		2,675		(29,069)
			222,401		239,394
Financing	2		<u>(110,151</u>)		(103,392)
Increase in cash in the period			112,250		136,002
Reconciliation of net cash flow			• ••		
to movement in net debt	3				
Increase in cash in the period Cash outflow		112,250		136,002	
from decrease in debt and lease financing		110,151		103,392	
Change in net debt resulting from cash flows			222,401		239,394
Movement in net debt in the period Net debt at 1 February			222,401 (489,760)		239,394 (729,154)
Net debt at 31 January			(267,359)		(489,760)

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008

1. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

		Period
		1.4.06
	Year Ended	to
	31.1.08	31.1.07
	£	£
Operating (loss)/profit	(109,407)	138,770
Depreciation charges	49,486	59,012
Impairment losses	45,905	-
Brought forward depreciation adjustment	(408)	-
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(656)	-
Decrease/(Increase) in stocks	376,059	(86,103)
Decrease/(Increase) in debtors	449,083	(67,793)
(Decrease)/Increase in creditors	<u>(552,866</u>)	262,461
Net cash inflow from operating activities	257,196	306,347

2. ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS NETTED IN THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	Year Ended 31.1.08 £	Period 1.4.06 to 31.1.07 £
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	(37,606)	(36,667)
Interest paid	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Interest element of hire purchase payments	<u>(487</u>)	<u>(1,217</u>)
Net cash outflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance	(38,093)	(37,884)
Capital expenditure		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(3,525)	(29,069)
Sale of tangible fixed assets	6,200	
Net cash inflow/(outflow) for capital expenditure	2,675	(29,069)
Financing		
Loan repayments in year	(97,546)	(98,426)
Capital repayments in year	(12,605)	(4,966)
Net cash outflow from financing	(110,151)	(103,392)

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008

3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

	At 1.2.07	Cash flow £	At 31.1.08 £
Net cash: Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdraft	1,428 (129,883)	(1,428) 113,678	(16, <u>205</u>)
	(128,455)	112,250	(16,205)
Debt: Hire purchase Debts falling due	(12,605)	12,605	-
within one year	(96,898)	(154,256)	(251,154)
Debts falling due after one year	(251,802)	251,802	
	<u>(361,305</u>)	110,151	<u>(251,154</u>)
Total	(489,760)	222,401	(267,359)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The company ceased trading soon after the year end due to increasing losses, therefore the financial statements have not been prepared on a going concern basis, but are prepared on a "break up" basis. Consequently all assets have been written down to their recoverable amount and provision is included for all liabilities which existed at the balance sheet date. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with UK GAAP.

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of goods, excluding value added tax.

Intangible assets

The company has capitalised the development costs of its own brand during the year. The costs are being written off on a 25% straight line basis. Due to the loss of a substantial contract supplying products under the brand the balance of the costs are written off during the year.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter

Plant & machinery - 25% on cost Fixtures & fittings - 25% on cost Motor vehicles - 25% on cost

Fixtures and fittings located at customers retail outlets were written off during the year when a contract ceased and they held no value.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

Going Concern

2. STAFF COSTS

STAFF COSTS		
		Period
		1.4.06
	Year Ended	to
	31.1.08	31.1.07
	£	£
Wages and salaries	429,155	442,375
Social security costs	41,394	42,444
Other pension costs	13,557	13,697
	484,106	498,516
The average monthly number of employees during the year was	as follows:	
		Period 1.4.06
	Year Ended	to
	31.1.08	31.1.07
Warehouse	6	6
Administration	10	10
Directors	4	4
Sales	6	6
odico		
	26	26

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008

3. OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT

The operating loss (2007 - operating profit) is stated after charging/(crediting):

	Hire of plant & machinery Depreciation - owned assets Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Impairment losses Profit on disposal of fixed assets Patents & licences amortisation Auditors' remuneration Rent paid under operating lease Motor vehicle operating lease	Year Ended 31.1.08 £ 4,569 37,457 7,215 45,905 (656) 4,814 6,000 84,000	Period 1.4.06 to 31.1.07 £ 4,153 47,931 7,215 - 3,866 5,000 70,000 19,236
	Directors' emoluments	166,638	142,311
	The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing	was as follows	s:
	Money purchase schemes	1	1
4.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES Bank interest Hire purchase interest	Year Ended 31.1.08 £ 37,606 487 38,093	Period 1.4.06 to 31.1.07 £ 36,667 1,217
5.	TAXATION Analysis of the tex charge		
	The tax charge on the loss on ordinary activities for the year was as Deferred tax	Year Ended 31.1.08 £ 9,277	Period 1.4.06 to 31.1.07 £ 20,553
	Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	9,277	20,553

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008

5. TAXATION - continued

Factors affecting the tax charge

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	Year Ended 31.1.08 £ (147,500)	Period 1.4.06 to 31.1.07 £ 100,886
	(LOSS//profit of ordinary doctrition portors tax		
	(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2007 - 19%)	(26,930)	19,168
	Effects of:		
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	525	496
	Depreciation in the period in excess of capital allowances	-	4,403
	Tax losses carried forward/(utilised)	26,405	<u>(24,067</u>)
	Current tax charge		
6.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
			Patents & licences £
	COST		
	At 1 February 2007		18,557
	Impairment loss		<u>(8,717</u>)
	At 31 January 2008		9,840
	AMORTISATION		
	At 1 February 2007		5,026
	Amortisation for year		<u>4,814</u>
	At 31 January 2008		9,840
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 January 2008		
	At 31 January 2007		13,531

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

8.

	Plant &	Fixtures	Motor	
	machinery	& fittings	vehicles	Totals
	£	£	£	£
COST				
At 1 February 2007	164,950	162,274	34,630	361,854
Additions	-	3,525	-	3,525
Disposals	(1,580)	-	(34,630)	(36,210)
Impairment loss	(1,939)	(35,249)		(37,188)
At 31 January 2008	161,431	130,550	-	291,981
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 February 2007	136,247	107,068	22,365	265,680
Charge for year	13,567	23,482	7,215	44,264
Eliminated on disposal	(1,086)		(29,580)	(30,666)
At 31 January 2008	148,728	130,550	-	279,278
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 January 2008	12,703			12,703
At 31 January 2007	28,703	55,206	12,265	96,174
•				

The remaining net book value of £12,703 is stated under current assets on the balance sheet as the net realisable value on assets held for resale.

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows:

		Motor vehicles £
COST		
At 1 February 2007		34,630
Disposals		(34,630)
At 31 January 2008		
DEPRECIATION		
At 1 February 2007		22,365
Charge for year		7,215
Eliminated on disposal		(29,580)
At 31 January 2008		
NET BOOK VALUE		
At 31 January 2008		-
		
At 31 January 2007		12,265
STOCKS		
	2008	2007
	£	£
Finished goods	331,149	707,208

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008

9. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

PEDICINO / MICONICO I / MEDICO POE I / MICONICO		
	2008	2007
	£	£
Trade debtors	501,289	934,277
Corporation tax	-	623
VAT	14,672	1,323
Deferred tax asset	-	9,277
Woodman Properties Ltd	8,086	-
Prepayments	69,409	106,939
	593,456	1,052,439
Deferred tax asset		
	2008	2007
	£	£
Deferred tax	-	5,332
Losses available		3,945
		9,277

The deferred tax asset was treated as recoverable in more than one year due to anticipated future taxable profits. Due to current year losses the asset has been written off.

10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2008	2007
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note		
12)	267,359	226,781
Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	-	12,605
Trade creditors	483,575	882,928
Social security and other taxes	8,433	13,785
Other creditors	518	-
Accruals	186,850	335,529
	946,735	1,471,628

11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2008	2007
	£	£
Bank loans (see note 12)		251,802

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008

12. LOANS

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

В	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:	2008 £	2007 £
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand: Bank overdrafts Bank loans	16,205 251,154	129,883 96,898
		267,359	226,781
	Amounts falling due between one and two years: Bank loans - 1-2 years	-	104,822
	Amounts falling due between two and five years: Bank loans - 2-5 years		146,980
13.	OBLIGATIONS UNDER HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS AND LEASES		lire
13.	OBLIGATIONS UNDER HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS AND LEASES	puro	chase
13.	OBLIGATIONS UNDER HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS AND LEASES	puro	
13.		puro	chase tracts
13.	OBLIGATIONS UNDER HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS AND LEASES Gross obligations repayable: Within one year	purd cont 2008	chase tracts 2007
13.	Gross obligations repayable:	purd cont 2008	chase tracts 2007 £

The following operating lease payments are committed to be paid within one year:

	Land and buildings		Other operating leases	
Transistin as	2008 £	2007 £	2008 £	2007 £
Expiring: Within one year	_	_	_	9,252
Between one and five years	-	-	_	13,141
In more than five years		84,000		
		84,000		22,393

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008

14. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	2008	2007
	£	£
Bank overdrafts	16,205	129,883
Bank loans	251,154	348,700
Hire purchase contracts	-	12,605
Trade creditor	-	<u>187,969</u>
	267,359	679,157

The bank overdraft facility and bank loan are secured by a fixed and floating charge over all the company's assets.

The bank overdraft facility is also secured by Assignment of Keyman Insurance Policies over the lives of John Clarke and Gareth Wheller in favour of the Bank of Scotland.

The trade creditor is secured by a second floating charge over all the Company's assets.

15. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	Authorised:				
	Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	2008 £	2007 £
	200,000	Ordinary shares	£1	200,000	200,000
	Allotted, iss	ued and fully paid:			
	Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	2008 £	2007 £
	134,150	Ordinary shares	£1	<u>134,150</u>	134,150
16.	RESERVES				
					Profit and loss
					account
					£
	At 1 Februar	ry 2007			13,200
	Deficit for th	ne year			<u>(156,777</u>)
	At 31 Janua	ary 2008			(143,577)

17. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

In the Directors opinion there is no ultimate controlling party at the year end. Following the year end all of the share capital was transferred to Supreme Imports Limited.

18. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the period, rentals of £84,000 (2006: £70,000) were paid to Woodman Properties Ltd, a company controlled by J A and C L Clarke.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008

19. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2008 f	2007
(Loss)/Profit for the financial year	<u>(156,777</u>)	80,333
Net (reduction)/addition to shareholders' funds	(156,777)	80,333
Opening shareholders' funds	147,350	67,017
Closing shareholders' funds	(9,427)	147,350

20. CONSIGNMENT STOCK

At 31 January 2008 stock to the value of £nil (2007: £19,534) was held by Lazoron Plc on consignment. The terms of the agreements are that the stock remains the property of the suppliers until the goods are sold. Consignment stock has not been included in stock or creditors.