# F&C Equity Partners plc

(Registered number 01659209)

Annual Report & Financial Statements for the year ended 31 October 2016

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#### **DIRECTORS AND ADVISERS**

**AUDITOR**:

REGISTERED NUMBER: 01659209

DIRECTORS:

D Logan
F&C Asset Management plc

SECRETARY: F&C Asset Management plc 80 George Street

Edinburgh EH2 3BU

REGISTERED OFFICE: Exchange House Primrose Street London

EC2A 2NY

SOLICITORS:

Norton Rose Fulbright LLP
3 More London Riverside

London SE1 2AQ

Shepherd and Wedderburn LLP
1 Exchange Crescent
Conference Square
Edinburgh

Edinburgh EH3 8UL

> KPMG LLP Saltire Court 20 Castle Terrace Edinburgh EH1 2EG

#### STRATEGIC REPORT

The Directors present their Strategic Report on F&C Equity Partners plc (the Company) for the year ended 31 October 2016.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The Company no longer has any trading activity, but continues to earn interest on a loan to another F&C Asset Management plc Group (F&C Group) subsidiary.

#### **BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW**

#### Results

The Company recognised a profit after tax of £3,634 for the year ended 31 October 2016 (2015: profit of £3,941).

During the year the Company transitioned from previous UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP) to Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101) and has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions allowed under this standard. There were no recognition or measurement differences arising on the adoption of FRS 101. However, the Company has adopted the principles of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements as permitted by Statutory Instrument 2015 No. 980 The Companies, Partnerships and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2015. This has resulted in a restatement of the format of the primary Financial Statements and accompanying notes and disclosures within the Financial Statements.

#### Trading performance and development of the business

Revenue consists of interest receivable on a loan owed by a group subsidiary which continues to be based on the prevailing loan balance and interest rate level during the year, with revenue for the year ended 31 October 2016 decreasing to £7,565 (2015: £7,952). Profit after tax also decreased to £3,634 for the year ended 31 October 2016 (2015: profit of £3,941), primarily impacted by the decrease in revenue, with operating expenses, comprising the annual audit fee, remaining relatively constant at £3,023 (2015: £3,000).

Given the Company no longer has any trading activity, the Company's Directors are of the opinion that analysis using key performance indicators is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Directors manage the risks as part of the overall risk management framework within the F&C Group. Members of the F&C Group Executive Management Committee are responsible for identifying and evaluating key risks facing their areas of the business and procedures to control these risks, where possible, are reviewed and agreed. However, as the Company no longer has any trading activity, the Directors are of the view that these risks are now significantly diluted from previous years. The principal risks and uncertainties facing the Company are broadly grouped as follows:

#### Financial risk

The F&C Group adopts a low risk approach to treasury management and financial risks in relation to shareholder equity, seeking to manage and preserve its capital. The F&C Group's treasury function ensures that sufficient cash is retained by the Company in respect of short-term working capital.

#### STRATEGIC REPORT (continued)

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES (continued)

Market risk (interest rate risk)

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk through market fluctuations in the variable rate of interest, impacting interest received on a loan owed by a group subsidiary which is subject to interest based on LIBOR rates.

Note 12(b)(i) provides an overview of the Company's exposure to market risk.

Credit risk

Loans and other receivables at the reporting dates are mainly in respect of a loan owed by another F&C Group subsidiary. As the F&C Group's working capital is monitored on a group-wide basis, the risk of default is considered minimal.

Note 12(b)(ii) provides an overview of the Company's credit risk exposure.

Liquidity risk

The treasury policy set by the F&C Group only allows financial assets attributable to equity holders to be invested in low risk deposits or money market instruments where the risk of capital loss is low, with prior Board approval required for any exception to this principle.

The overall cash position is monitored by the treasury function within the F&C Group as a whole and each individual company within the Group draws on the available cash balance to meet its working capital requirements.

Note 12(b)(iii) outlines the cash flow profile of the Company's financial liabilities.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

F McDonald

for and on behalf of F&C Asset Management plc

Secretary

25 April 2017

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors present their Annual Report and audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 October 2016.

#### **RESULTS AND BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Company's results for the year ended 31 October 2016 are shown in the Income Statement on page 7. A Strategic Report for the same period is set out on pages 2 to 3.

The Company recognised a profit of £3,634 for the year ended 31 October 2016 (2015: profit of £3,941).

#### **DIVIDENDS**

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2015: £nil) and no interim dividend was approved or paid during the year ended 31 October 2016 (2015: £nil).

#### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

The Directors do not anticipate any major change in the activity of the business within the foreseeable future.

#### DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The Directors who served during the year were as follows:

D Logan

F&C Asset Management plc

There have been no appointments or resignations of Directors since 31 October 2016.

No individual Director has any beneficial interest in the shares of the Company.

#### **DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITY**

The F&C Group maintains insurance cover in respect of Directors' and Officers' liability.

#### **AUDITOR**

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

#### ADEQUACY OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED TO THE AUDITOR

The Directors who held office at the date of approving this Report of the Directors confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and each Director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

F McDonald

for and on behalf of F&C Asset Management plc

Secretary

25 April 2017

## STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE STRATEGIC REPORT, THE REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the Financial Statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

Under company law the Directors must not approve the Financial Statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these Financial Statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements; and
- prepare the Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF F&C EQUITY PARTNERS PLC

We have audited the Financial Statements of F&C Equity Partners plc for the year ended 31 October 2016 set out on pages 7 to 17. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of Directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 5, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the Financial Statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the Financial Statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate">www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate</a>.

#### **Opinion on Financial Statements**

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 October 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the Financial Statements are prepared is consistent with the Financial Statements.

Based solely on the work required to be undertaken in the course of the audit of the Financial Statements and from reading the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors:

- we have not identified material misstatements in those reports; and
- in our opinion, those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the Financial Statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

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Philip Merchant (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
Saltire Court
Edinburgh
25 April 2017

#### INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2016

	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
REVENUE	3	7,565	7,952
Operating expenses	4	(3,023)	(3,000)
OPERATING PROFIT AND PROFIT BEFORE TAX	•	4,542	4,952
Tax expense	6	(908)	(1,011)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	, <del></del>	3,634	3,941

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

There are no items of comprehensive income which have not already been presented in arriving at the profit for the financial year. Accordingly the profit for the financial year is the same as the total comprehensive income for the year.

The notes on pages 10 to 17 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2016

(Registered number 01659209)

	Notes	31 October 2016 £	31 October 2015 £
ASSETS			•
Non-current assets Loan and other receivables	7	2,496,118	2,492,188
Current assets			,
Cash and cash equivalents	8	4,729	4,729
TOTAL ASSETS	•	2,500,847	2,496,917
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Other payables	9 .	4,938	4,642
TOTAL LIABILITIES		4,938	4,642
EQUITY			
Share capital	10	93,786	93,786
Capital redemption reserve	. 11	150,600	150,600
Retained earnings	11	2,251,523	2,247,889
TOTAL EQUITY		2,495,909	2,492,275
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	· · ·	2,500,847	2,496,917

The Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 25 April 2017. They were signed on its behalf by:

D Logan Director

The notes on pages 10 to 17 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2016

	Share capital £	Capital redemption reserve £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
At 1 November 2014	93,786	150,600	2,243,948	2,488,334
Profit for the financial year			3,941	3,941
At 31 October 2015	93,786	150,600	2,247,889	2,492,275
Profit for the financial year		<u>-</u>	3,634	3,634
At 31 October 2016	93,786	150,600	2,251,523	2,495,909

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. ENTITY INFORMATION

F&C Equity Partners plc is a public company limited by share capital, incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales. The Company's registered office and principal place of business is Exchange House, Primrose Street, London, EC2A 2NY.

The results of F&C Equity Partners plc are included in the consolidated Annual Report and Financial Statements of F&C Asset Management plc, which are available from the Company Secretary at 80 George Street, Edinburgh, EH2 3BU.

The Company's Financial Statements are presented in pounds Sterling, the Company's functional and presentational currency.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently for the years ended 31 October 2016 and 31 October 2015.

#### Basis of preparation and statement of compliance with FRS 101

For periods up to and including the year ended 31 October 2015, the Company prepared its Financial Statements in accordance with previous UK GAAP. As the Company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS 100 *Application of Financial Reporting Requirements*, all periods presented in these Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 101, with 1 November 2014 representing the date of transition to this revised accounting framework.

In the adoption of FRS 101, the Company has applied the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (EU-adopted IFRS), making amendments where necessary to comply with the requirements of the United Kingdom (UK) Companies Act 2006. The Directors have elected to early adopt and apply the Statutory Instrument 2015 No. 980 in these Financial Statements, whereby the primary Financial Statements are presented in accordance with the provisions of IAS 1.

There were no recognition or measurement amendments arising on the adoption of FRS 101.

In the application of FRS 101, the Company has applied the following disclosure exemptions on the basis that equivalent disclosure is provided in the Annual Report and Financial Statements of F&C Asset Management plc, an intermediate parent company:

- (a) A Statement of Cash Flows and related notes;
- (b) The effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs;
- (c) Disclosures of key management personnel compensation; and
- (d) Disclosures in respect of related party transactions with wholly-owned subsidiaries.

#### **Measurement convention**

The Financial Statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Going concern

The Company has net assets, as well as profitable operating activities, that support the Directors' assessment that the Company has adequate resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Accounting estimates, assumptions and judgements

The preparation of financial statements necessitates the use of estimates, assumptions and judgements. These estimates, assumptions and judgements affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, contingent assets and contingent liabilities at the reporting date as well as the reported income and expenses for the reporting periods. While estimates are based on management's best knowledge and judgement using information and financial data available to them, the actual outcome may differ from these estimates.

No significant estimates or judgements have been applied in the preparation of these Financial Statements.

#### Summary of significant accounting policies

The Company has adopted the following Improvements in these Financial Statements:

- Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle
  - Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle

The adoption of these improvements has not had a material impact on the Company.

#### (a) Revenue recognition

Revenue consists of interest receivable on a loan owed by a group subsidiary, with this representing the Company's only source of income as the Company is no longer actively trading. Revenue is recognised in the Income Statement as it accrues using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the underlying loan balance to its net carrying amount.

#### (b) Income tax

The income tax expense disclosed on the face of the Income Statement represents current tax.

Current tax is the expected tax payable to, or receivable from, the taxation authorities on the taxable profit or loss for the period, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and includes any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

#### (c) Financial instruments

#### (i) Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets have been classified, at initial recognition, as loans and receivables and are initially recognised at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs.

Loans and receivables are recorded as either current or non-current in the Statement of Financial Position according to their expected settlement dates and consist of a loan owed by a group subsidiary, other receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (c) Financial instruments (continued)

#### Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the EIR method, less impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in the Income Statement when loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

#### Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset or, where applicable, part of a financial asset, is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. An impairment exists if one or more events that have occurred since the initial recognition of the asset have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets. If any such indication of impairment exists, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original EIR. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the Income Statement. The F&C Group treasury function monitor the Group's working capital on an ongoing basis to determine if there is any evidence of impairment and therefore indication of financial difficulty.

#### (ii) Financial liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities have been initially recognised at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and consist of amounts owed to an intermediate parent company and group relief payable.

#### Subsequent measurement -

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the EIR method.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires.

#### (iii) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position, only if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### (d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances in a current account held with a bank.

#### (e) Share capital

Share capital is recorded at the proceeds of issue after deducting directly attributable transaction costs.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### 3. REVENUE

Revenue, as recognised in the Income Statement, consists of interest receivable in the UK as follows:

	2016	2015
	£	£
Loans and receivables:		
Interest receivable on loan owed by group subsidiary	7,565	7,952

#### 4. OPERATING EXPENSES

Operating expenses consist of auditor's remuneration of £3,023 (2015: £3,000). Amounts receivable by the Company's auditor in respect of services to the Company, other than for the audit of the Company's Financial Statements, have not been disclosed as the information is disclosed on a consolidated basis in the Annual Report and Financial Statements of the Company's intermediate parent company, F&C Asset Management plc.

The Company had no employees during the year ended 31 October 2016 (2015: nil).

#### 5. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

No Director received any remuneration in respect of services to the Company during the year ended 31 October 2016 (2015: nil).

#### 6. INCOME TAX

#### (a) Analysis of tax expense in the year

The tax expense recognised in the Income Statement is as follows:

	2016 £	2015 £
Current income tax UK Corporation Tax Current tax on profit for the year	908	1,011
Tax expense reported in the Income Statement	908	1,011

#### (b) Reconciliation of total tax expense for the year

The tax assessed for the year ended 31 October 2016 is equal to the standard rate of Corporation Tax in the UK of 20.00% (2015: 20.42%) multiplied by the profit before tax for the year of £4,542 (2015: £4,952).

#### (c) Effective rate of tax and factors affecting future tax charges

The current Corporation Tax rate of 20.00% became effective from 1 April 2015, resulting in a statutory UK Corporation Tax rate of 20.00% for the year ended 31 October 2016 for the Company.

Future UK Corporation Tax rate reductions to 19.00% from 1 April 2017 and to 17.00% from 1 April 2020 were substantively enacted on 26 October 2015 and 6 September 2016 respectively.

The reductions in the UK Corporation Tax rate will lead to a Company statutory UK Corporation Tax rate of 19.42% for 2017, 19.00% for 2018 and 2019, 17.83% for 2020, and 17.00% from 2021 onwards.

No additional rate changes have been substantively enacted since the reporting date.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### 7. LOAN AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	31 October 2016	31 October 2015
Non-current:	£	£
Loan owed by group subsidiary	2,493,155	2,489,225
Other receivables	2,963	2,963
	2,496,118	2,492,188

The loan is to F&C Treasury Limited. The loan is unsecured, repayable on demand and is subject to interest at the 3-month LIBOR minus 0.25% margin. The Company does not expect to receive repayment of this loan within the next year.

In the Directors' opinion there are no discernible differences between the carrying amounts and fair values of the receivable balances disclosed.

#### 8. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	•		31 October 2016 £	31 October 2015 £
Cash at bank	•		4,729	4,729

Cash and cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes. The fair value of cash and cash equivalents at the reporting dates is as shown above.

#### 9. OTHER PAYABLES

	31 October 31 2016	October 2015
Current: Amounts owed to intermediate parent company Group relief payable	3,023 1,915	3,000 1,642
	4,938	4,642

In the Directors' opinion there are no discernible differences between the carrying amounts and fair values of the payable balances disclosed due to the short-term maturities of these amounts payable.

#### 10. SHARE CAPITAL

	31 October 2016 £	31 October 2015 £
Authorised: 2,600,000 Ordinary shares of 10p each	260,000	260,000
Issued and fully paid: 937,855 Ordinary shares of 10p each	93,786	93,786

The holders of Ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time, are entitled to capital distribution rights (including on a winding up), and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. They do not confer any rights of redemption.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### 11. RESERVES

The analysis of movements in reserves is disclosed within the Statement of Changes in Equity on page 9.

#### Nature and purpose of reserves:

#### Capital redemption reserve

The capital redemption reserve is used to maintain the capital of the Company when its own shares are bought back or redeemed without Court Approval. This reserve is non-distributable.

#### Retained earnings

Movements in retained earnings comprise net profits and losses recognised through the Income Statement.

#### 12. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### (a) Risk overview

#### Financial risks

The Company is exposed to a number of financial risks through its financial assets and liabilities, including market risk (interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. An explanation of each of these risks in terms of how they arise, and the Company's objectives, policies and processes for managing these risks, is set out under 'Principal risks and uncertainties' in the Strategic Report on pages 2 to 3.

#### Capital management

The overall objective of capital management is to ensure that there is sufficient liquidity over the short and medium-term to meet the operational needs of the business. This includes liquidity to cover the Company's operating expenses, taxation payments, finance costs and repayment of amounts owed to other F&C Group entities. The overall cash position of the F&C Group is monitored by the Group treasury team as a whole, with each company within the F&C Group drawing on the available cash balances as appropriate to meet its working capital requirements.

#### (b) Extent of risks arising from financial instruments

The extent of each risk arising from the Company's financial instruments is set out below.

#### (i) Market risk (interest rate risk) – loans and receivables

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk through its loan owed by a group subsidiary of £2,493,155 (31 October 2015: £2,489,225) as disclosed in note 7, with the loan subject to interest at a variable rate of 3-month LIBOR minus 0.25% margin. The loan is repayable on demand.

The Directors are of the opinion that the Company is not exposed to any other significant market risks at 31 October 2016 or 31 October 2015.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The Company has quantified the impact of an increase or decrease of 1% in the interest rate applied to the loan carrying value (approximates to fair value) at 31 October 2016 and 31 October 2015, with the profit or loss and equity impact of these changes set out below. The financial impact is calculated based on the year-end closing loan balance and is disclosed after taxation.

The sensitivity analysis assumes changes in interest rates, which may differ materially from the actual outturn due to the inherent uncertainties in global financial markets. The calculation methods and assumptions are consistently applied in the sensitivity analysis across both reporting periods.

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

#### 12. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

An -4.24 O-4-1 2040	Profit or loss sensitivity	Profit or loss sensitivity	Equity sensitivity	Equity sensitivity
As at 31 October 2016	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	., <b>t</b> .	<u>t</u>
Interest rate movement	+1%	-1%	+1%	-1%
3-month LIBOR interest rates	19,945	(19,945)	19,945	(19,945)
As at 31 October 2015		<i>:</i>		
Interest rate movement	+1%	-1%	+1%	-1%
3-month LIBOR interest rates	19,809	(19,809)_	19,809	(19,809)

#### (ii) Credit risk – loans and receivables

The credit risk associated with loans and receivables, analysed by the credit ratings of the respective counterparties, is set out below:

	External credit rating	31 October 2016 £	31 October 2015 £
Loans and receivables	•		
Loan owed by group subsidiary	Not rated	2,493,155	2,489,225
Other receivables	Not rated	2,963	2,963
Cash and cash equivalents	BBB-	4,729	4,729
1			
•		2,500,847	2,496,917

The carrying amount of loans and receivables of £2,500,847 at 31 October 2016 (31 October 2015: £2,496,917) as disclosed in the table above represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk.

The Directors do not consider loans and receivables to be past due or impaired at 31 October 2016 or 31 October 2015.

The Company is exposed to concentration of credit risk, with loans and receivables primarily consisting of a £2,493,155 (31 October 2015: £2,489,225) loan owed by a group subsidiary. As the counterparty is, however a fellow subsidiary of the F&C Group, with working capital monitored on a group basis, the risk of default is considered to be minimal.

#### (iii) Liquidity risk - financial liabilities

The Company's financial liabilities of £4,938 at 31 October 2016 (31 October 2015: £4,642) consisting of other payables as disclosed in note 9, are repayable within one year.

The maturity dates of these financial liabilities have been determined by reference to the earliest contractual date on which the counterparty could demand payment and the amounts disclosed in note 9 represent the undiscounted cash flows.

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

#### 13. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The Company's immediate parent company is F&C Equity Partners Holdings Limited, a company which is registered in England and Wales.

The smallest group of which the Company is a member and for which Group Financial Statements are prepared is F&C Asset Management plc. Copies of the Annual Report and Financial Statements can be obtained from its registered office at 80 George Street, Edinburgh, EH2 3BU.

In the Directors' opinion the Company's ultimate parent company and controlling party is Bank of Montreal, a company incorporated in Canada. The consolidated accounts of Bank of Montreal are available from Bank of Montreal Public Affairs Department, P.O. Box 6002, Place d'Armes, Montreal, Quebec H2Y, Canada or Corporate Communications Department, BMO Financial Group, 28th Floor, 1 First Canadian Place, Toronto, Ontario, M5X 1A1.