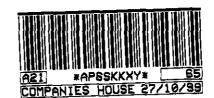


BRITTON PRECISION LIMITED

Report and Financial Statements

36 Weeks ended 31 December 1998

Deloitte & Touche St Johns House East Street Leicester LE1 6NG





REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 1998

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 1998

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

K Millican

N Beaumont

H W Bishop

R A Peters

P G Whittaker

SECRETARY

H W Bishop

REGISTERED OFFICE

42 Colebrooke Row Islington London N1 8AF

BANKERS

National Westminster Bank plc 1 Princes Street London EC2R 8PB

SOLICITORS

Clifford Chance 200 Aldersgate Street London EC1A 4JJ

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche St John's House East Street Leicester LE1 6NG



DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the period ended 31 December 1998.

CHANGE OF ACCOUNTING REFERENCE DATE

The company has changed its accounting reference date from 19 April to 31 December and, accordingly, these accounts are for the period from 20 April 1998 to 31 December 1998.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company continues to be the manufacturing of polythene film.

REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENTS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

The results for the period are shown in the profit and loss account on page 6 and the Company's financial position is set out in the balance sheet on page 8.

The company continued to improve its performance with improved sales mix, productivity efficiencies and control of overheads contributing to increased returns.

On 20 April 1998, Bealaw (464) Limited acquired as part of a management buyout, a number of group companies, including this company, which comprise the Britton Group Plastics Division. On 9 September 1998, Bealaw (464) Limited changed its name to Britton Group (Holdings) Limited.

DIVIDENDS AND TRANSFERS TO RESERVES

The retained profit for the year of £173,000 was transferred to reserves (April 1998: Loss £2,254,000). The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (April 1998: £2,319,000).

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The following directors held office during the period:

'A Ordinary Shares in Britton Group (Holdings) Limited 31 December 1998

		JI December 1
N Beaumon	t	1,960
H W Bishop	>	200
R A Peters		980
P G Whittak	cer	1,960
K Millican	(Appointed 31 July 1998)	-
C A Smith	(Resigned 2 September 1998)	_

None of the directors had any beneficial interests in the company at any time during the period.

Messrs C A Smith and K Millican were also directors of the ultimate parent company, Britton Group (Holdings) Limited, and their interest in the shares of group companies are disclosed in the directors' report of that company. The other directors' interests in the shares of group companies are given above.

None of the directors held any interest in the shares of any group companies as at 19 April 1998.

The directors also hold Loan notes in Britton Group Limited and details are disclosed in the accounts of that company.



DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR 2000 COMPLIANCE

As is well known, many computer and digital storage systems express dates using only the last two digits of the year and will thus require modification or replacement to accommodate the year 2000 and beyond in order to avoid malfunctions and resulting widespread commercial disruption. This is a complex and pervasive issue. The operation of our business depends not only on our own computer systems, but also to some degree on those of our suppliers and customers. This could expose us to further risk in the event that there is a failure by other parties to remedy their own Year 2000 issues.

A company-wide programme, designed to address the impact of the Year 2000 on our business, has been commissioned by the directors and is under way.

A significant risk analysis has been performed to determine the impact of the issue on all our activities. From this, prioritised action plans have been developed which are designed to address the key risks in advance of critical dates and without disruption to the underlying business activities. Priority is given to those systems which could cause a significant financial or legal impact on the company's business if they were to fail. The plan also includes a requirement for the testing of systems changes, involving the participation of users.

The risk analysis also considers the impact on our business of Year 2000 related failures by our significant suppliers (including computer bureaux) and customers. In appropriate cases we have initiated formal communication with those other parties.

Given the complexity of the problem, it is not possible for any organisation to guarantee that no Year 2000 problems will remain, because at least some level of failure may still occur. However, the Board believes that it will achieve an acceptable state of readiness and has also provided resources to deal promptly with significant subsequent failures or issues that might arise.

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young have resigned as auditors of the company and Deloitte & Touche were appointed in their place. A resolution to reappoint Deloitte & Touche as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

Lut hull

K Millican

Director



STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



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INVESTOR IN PEOPLE

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

BRITTON PRECISION LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 6 to 15 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on page 9.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 4 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 December 1998 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Delorte & Touche

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

7 June 1999





PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Period ended 31 December 1998

	Note	36 Weeks ended 31 December 1998 £'000	16 Weeks ended 19 April 1998 £'000
TURNOVER	. 2	6,634	2,977
Cost of sales (including exceptional costs of £155,000 – note 8)		(5,758)	(2,632)
Gross profit		876	345
Distribution costs		(162)	(136)
Administrative expenses (including exceptional costs of £143,000 – note 8)		(380)	(108)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	334	101
Interest receivable and similar income		6	7
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(77)	(8)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		263	100
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(90)	(35)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION		173	65
Dividends	7	-	(2,319)
RETAINED PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD TRANSFERRED TO RESERVES	14	173	(2,254)

All activities derive from continuing operations.

There is no material difference between the results as disclosed in the profit and loss account and the results on an unmodified historical cost basis. Accordingly, a note of historical cost profits and losses for the period is not given.



STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES Period ended 31 December 1998

	31 December 1998 £'000	19 April 1998 £'000
Profit for the Financial Year	173	65
Loss on revaluation of properties	(90)	~
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year	83	65



BALANCE SHEET 31 December 1998

Note	31 December 1998 £'000	19 April 1998 £'000
FIXED ASSETS		-
Tangible assets 8	1,576	2,054
CURRENT ASSETS		
Stocks 9	503	570
Debtors 10	1,571	1,543
Cash at bank and in hand	368	-
	2,442	2,113
CREDITORS: amounts falling due		
Within one year 11	(3,612)	(3,754)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	(1,170)	(1,641)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	406	413
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES 12	(114)	(204)
	<u>292</u>	209
CADVEAU AND DESERVES		
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	£	6
Called up share capital 13	5 2	5 2
Capital redemption reserve Revaluation reserve 14	_	90
Profit and loss account	285	112
A TOMAN MARKA AVIIIN MARKAMATA		
TOTAL EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS'		
FUNDS	292	209

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on

19 MAY 1999

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Heid hill

K Millican

Director



NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Period ended 31 December 1998

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below.

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided on cost in equal annual instalments over the estimated useful lives of all assets, except freehold land. The rates of depreciation are as follows:

Freehold Buildings

2% per annum

Plant and machinery

10% per annum

Stocks

Stocks and work-in-progress, other than on long-term contracts, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes materials, direct labour and production overheads appropriate to the relevant stage of production. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less all further costs to completion and all relevant marketing, selling and distribution costs.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided on timing differences, arising from the different treatment of items for accounts and taxation purposes, which are expected to reverse in the future, calculated at rates at which it is estimated that tax will arise.

Leases

Assets obtained under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised at their fair value on acquisition and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The finance charges are allocated over the period of the lease in proportion to the capital element outstanding.

Operating lease rentals are charged to income in equal annual amounts over the lease term.

Pension costs

The company pays contributions on behalf of the directors and employees to a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. Company contributions are charged directly to the profit and loss account.

2. TURNOVER

Turnover represents the invoiced value, excluding value added tax, of goods sold to customers in the United Kingdom.



2	ODED ATTNC DDOELT
3.	OPERATING PROFIT

3.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	Operating profit is stated after charging:	36 Weeks ended 31 December 1998 £'000	16 Weeks ended 19 April 1998 £'000
	Auditors' remuneration - audit	8	. 8
	- other	3	2
	Hire of plant and machinery Depreciation of tangible fixed assets:	8	4
	Owned assets	180	73
4.	INFORMATION RELATING TO DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES		
		36 Weeks	16 Weeks
		ended	ended
		31 December	19 April
		1998 £'000	1998 £'000
	Directors' emoluments:	£ 000	¥ 000
	Emoluments (excluding pension contributions and		
	awards under share option schemes and other long-		
	term incentive schemes)		2
	Number of directors who are members of a money		
	purchase pension scheme	-	2
		36 Weeks ended	16 Weeks ended
		31 December	19 April
		1998	1998
		No	No
	Average number of persons employed	71	76
	Production and sales staff Management and administration	71 10	76 9
	Management and administration		
		81	85
		36 Weeks	16 Weeks
		ended 31 December	ended 19 April
		1998	1998
		£,000	£,000
	Staff costs during the year (including directors)		
	Wages and salaries	800	336
	Social security costs	74	32
	Pension costs	13	14
		887	382
			



5.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Period ended 31 December 1998

INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

		36 Weeks ended 31 December 1998 £'000	16 Weeks ended 19 April 1998 £'000
	Inter company loan repayable on demand	74	-
	Bank loans and overdraft repayable within five years	3	8
		77	8
6.	TAXATION		
		36 Weeks	16 Weeks
		ended	ended
		31 December	19 April
		1998	1998
		£'000	£'000

The tax charge is disproportionately high due to the application of group relief.

Corporation tax on profit on ordinary activities at 31% (19 April

7. **DIVIDENDS**

1998:31%)

Deferred taxation - current year

- prior year

Group relief

	ended	ended
	31 December	19 April
	1998	1998
	£'000	£'000
Interim paid - £Nil per ordinary share (April 1998 : £463.8 per		
ordinary share)	-	2,319

45

(10)

35

16 Weeks

180

(100)

10

90

36 Weeks



8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold land and buildings £'000	Plant and machinery £'000	Total £'000
Cost			
At 20 April 1998	838	3,226	4,064
Additions	_	90	90
Permanent diminution in value	(233)	(155)	(388)
At 31 December 1998	605	3,161	3,766
Depreciation			
At 20 April 1998	30	1,980	2,010
Charge for the year	11	169	180
At 31 December 1998	41	2,149	2,190
Net book value			
At 31 December 1998	564	1,012	1,576
At 19 April 1998	808	1,246	2,054
			

A review of freehold land and buildings as at 20 April 1998 was performed by Mssr Chuston Heard, Chartered Surveyors, resulting in a permanent diminution of £233,000. £90,000 of this related to items previously revalued and the balance on the revaluation reserve has been transferred to the profit and loss reserve. Included in land and buildings is land with a value of £65,000 which is not depreciated.

Plant and machinery has been written down by £155,000 to reflect their fair value at 20 April 1998 on acquisition by Britton Group (Holdings) Limited.

9. STOCKS

£'000	1998 £'000
Raw materials and consumables 358 Finished goods 145	356 214
503	570



10. DEBTORS: due within one year.

	31 December	19 April
	1998	1998
	£'000	£'000
Trade debtors	1,267	1,299
Amounts owed by fellow subsidiaries	265	196
Prepayments	39	48
	1,571	1,543
		

11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	31 December 1998	19 April 1998
	£'000	£'000
Bank overdraft	-	1,351
Trade creditors	1,402	1,544
Amount owed to fellow subsidiaries	1,538	239
Corporation tax	92	146
Taxation and social security	199	192
Group relief payable	180	-
Accruals and deferred income	201	282
	3,612	3,754

12. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	£,000
Deferred taxation	
Balance at 20 April 1998	204
Current period credit	(100)
Prior year charge	10
Balance at 31 December 1998	114

As explained in note 1, provision is only made for deferred taxation where a liability is likely to arise as a result of the reversal of timing differences in the foreseeable future. The composition of the balance on the deferred tax account at 31% (19 April 1998 - 31%) are as follows:

	Provided	
	31 December 1998 £'000	19 April 1998 £'000
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Other short term timing differences	126 (12)	225 (21)
	114	204



13.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
		31 December 1998 £'000	19 April 1998 £'000
	Authorised		
	7,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	7	7
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 4,500 Ordinary shares of £1 each	. 5	5
14.	RESERVES		
		Revaluation reserve £'000	Profit and loss account £'000
	Balance at 20 April 1998	90	112
	Profit for the period Permanent diminution in value of	-	173
	property	(90)	-
	Balance at 31 December 1998		285
15.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		
	,	31 December 1998 £'000	19 April 1998 £'000
	Profit for the financial period Dividends	173	65 (2,319)
	Net decrease in shareholders' funds	173	(2,254)
	Other recognised losses	(90)	-
	Opening shareholders' funds	209	2,463
	Closing shareholders' funds	292	209



16. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitment	31 December 1998 £'000	19 April 1998 £'000
Authorised and contracted for	19	1,117
Operating lease commitments		

At 31 December 1998, the company was committed to making the following payments during the next year in respect of operating leases:

	Oth	Other	
	31 December	19 April	
	1998	1998	
	£'000	£'000	
Leases which expire:			
Within one year	5	4	
Within two to five years	-	11	
	5	15	
	=		

17. PENSIONS

Certain employees are members of the group defined contribution scheme. Contributions paid during the period were £12,621 (period to 19 April 1998 £6,000).

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary and has taken advantage of the exemptions available under paragraph (3) of FRS 8.

19. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent company as at 19 April 1998 was ACX Technologies Inc., a company incorporated in the United States of America. From 20 April 1998, the company's ultimate parent company and controlling party, for which consolidated accounts are prepared, was Britton Group (Holdings) Limited (formerly Bealaw (464) Limited), a company incorporated in Great Britain. Group accounts are available from the Registrar of companies, Companies House, Maindy, Cardiff.