STANIAN TRANSPORT LTD

Company Number 01600728

REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2000



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Directors' Report

The Directors present their annual report and the audited accounts for the company for the year ended 31st March 2000

Activities and Business review

The principal activity of the Company is the transport of goods for clients. The results for the year are set out in the accounts that follow. A dividend of £80,000 was paid during the year, and the directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend.

The company's turnover in the year was £1,380,017, and the profit before tax was £67,230

Future developments

The company intends to continue in its existing business for the foreseeable future.

Directors and Directors' Interests

The directors of the company during the year, and their interests in the shares of the company were:

	At 31.3.2000	At 31.3.1999	
	Ordinary	Ordinary	
P.J. Chambers	500	500	
R.J. Chambers	500	500	

In accordance with the Articles of Association, the directors do not retire by rotation from the board.

Auditor

Bruce Marshall & Co were auditors during the year and have indicated their willingness to continue in office. A resolution to re-appoint them in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985 and to authorise the directors to fix their remuneration will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of part VII of the Companies Act 1985 that relates to small companies.

By order of the Board

Number of £1 shares

P Chambers (Secretary)

P Crambes.

Date: 27/09/2000

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES in respect of the preparation of financial statements

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to: select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently; make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITORS' REPORT

We have audited the financial statements on pages 3 to 7 which have been prepared under the historic cost convention and the accounting policies as set out in note 2.

Respective responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As described above the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied, and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31st March 2000, and of its results for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985]

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Bruce Marshall & Co

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

3 Crewe Rd, Sandbach, Cheshire CW11 4NE

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

		2000	1999
•	Note	£	£
Turnover	3	1,380,017	1,132,183
Cost of Sales		1,250,672	971,478
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Gross Profit		129,345	160,705
Administration Costs		53,971	38,931
Interest Payable and similar charges	4	11,911	9,001
Interest Receivable		(3,767)	(6,293)
Profit on Ordinary Activities before tax	5,6	67,230	119,066
Taxation	7	15,877	25,000

Profit after taxation		51,353	94,066
Dividends paid		80,000	92,000
Retained Profit for the year		(28,647)	2,066
Retained Profits from previous years		293,509	291,443
		All को की की पूर्व पूर्व पूर्व पूर्व प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्र	वील गार्क पूर्वत वर्षने गाँही होता होता उत्तर प्रकार
Retained Profits carried forward		264,862	293,509
			

The notes referred to above form part of these accounts.

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued in the above two years. The company has no gains or losses other than those reported above.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH

ASSETS EMPLOYED	Note	£	2000 <u>£</u>	£	1999 <u>£</u>
Fixed Assets					
Tangible Assets	8		278,137		281,978
Current Assets					
Debtors	9	192,427		140,437	
Cash at Bank & in Hand		83,507		166,799	
		275,934		307,236	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within twelve months	10	225,965		231,346	
Net Current Assets			49,969		75,890
Total Assets less Current Liabilities			328,106		357,868
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	11		62,244		63,359
	•		265,862		294,509
Financed by: Capital and Reserves					
Called up Share Capital	12		1,000		1,000
Profit and Loss Account			264,862		293,509
			265,862		294,509
					=======================================

The notes referred to above form part of these accounts. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of part VII of the Companies Act 1985 that relates to small companies, and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities.

The Financial Statements take account of transactions up to the date they were approved by the board, and were approved by the board of directors on and signed on their behalf by

Brumbes	Director	Date 27/09/2000
R Chambers		

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1. The accounts have been prepared under the historic cost convention.

2. Accounting Policies

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, and is calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value over the periods expected to benefit from their use. The main rates and methods are:

Fixtures and Fittings 10% straight line Motor Vehicles 20% straight line. Office Equipment 25% straight line

Deferred Taxation is provided for under the liability method to take account of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for accounts purposes and their treatment for taxation purposes. Tax deferred or accelerated is accounted for in respect that it is considered that a net liability or net asset may crystallize.

Pension Costs:- The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amount payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year.

Lease and Hire Purchase: Tangible Fixed Assets acquired under finance leases or hire purchase contracts are capitalised and depreciated in the same manner as other tangible fixed assets. The related obligations, net of future finance charges, are included in creditors. Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the Profit & Loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

3. Turnover

Turnover represents only one class of business and has served one geographical market.

4. Interest Payable and similar charges.	£	£
	2000	1999
Hire purchase	11,911	9,001

5. Profit on Ordinary Activities before tax.		
This is stated after charging:		
Directors emoluments	109,597	65,932
Auditors remuneration	1,000	1,000
Depreciation	112,257	108,388
(Profit)/Loss on Disposal of Fixed Assets	1,124	2,040
Non-cancellable operating leases	11,336	•
		
Non-cancellable operating leases		
Annual payments under leases finishing within 5 years	17,003	-
Annual payments under other leases	-	-
	a = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	
	17,003	-

			2000	1999
6 Shaff Canta			£	Ŧ
6. Staff Costs The average number of persons i	including directors emplo	wad during the wage on	d the total navroil	onete wara
Management and Administrat		you during the year, an	a the total payron 2	coses were.
Driving	1011		16	14
6				
			18	15
			t	n===
Wages and Salaries:				
Wages			424,22	323,908
National Insurance Contributi			44,685	32,015
Pension Costs (Defined Contr	noution Scheme)		9,037	15,918
7. Taxation				
UK Corporation Tax @ 21/23%	based on profits for the	year	15,511	25,000
Under/(Over) provision in previo		•	366	-
			15,877	25,000
			=====	
No provision for deferred tax hareverse. The balance sheet positi Potential (asset)/liability due to A Not Provided for	on was:		4,612	5,602
8. Fixed Assets				
	Motor	Fixtures &	Office	Total
0	Vehicles	Fittings	Equip	
Cost At 31 March 1999	749,286	926	6,042	756,254
Additions	108,085	1,626	0,042	109,711
Disposals	3,236	1,020	- -	3,236
Dispositio		E#9276464		
At 31 March 2000	854,135	2,552	6,042	862,729

Depreciation				
At 31 March 1999	469,665	834	3,777	474,276
Charge in year	111,155	256	846	112,257
Disposed of	1,941	•	-	1,941
At 31 March 2000	578,879	1,090	4,623	584,592
At 31 Watch 2000	370,019	1,090	4,023	364,392
Net Book Value				
At 31 March 2000	275,256	1,462	1,419	278,137
	~~~~~~			
At 31 March 1999	279,621	92	2,265	281,978

There were no capital commitments authorised or contracted for at 31 March 2000 (1999 nil). The net amount of fixed assets held under hire purchase contracts at 31/3/00 was £254,677 (1999 £253,650), and the depreciation charged for the year on those assets was £95,974 (1999 £78,314).

	2000	1999
	${f \underline{t}}$	${f \underline{t}}$
9. Debtors (all recoverable within 12 months)	<del></del>	<del>-</del>
Trade Debtors	173,716	120,470
Prepayments	18,711	19,967
Sundry Debtors		~
	200 AND	
	192,427	140,437
		=======
10. Creditors (amounts falling due within 12 mo	onths)	
Trade Creditors	100,068	63,287
Taxation & Social Security	65,670	97,068
Hire Purchase Creditor	53,904	65,389
Sundry	7,323	5,602
	225,965	231,346
11. Creditors (amounts falling due after more t	han 17 manths from balance	shoot data)
Directors' loans	911	200
Hire Purchase (due in 2 to 5 years)	61,333	63,159
	62,244	63,359
	<del></del>	

The Hire Purchase liabilities are repayable by an average of 21 further monthly installments of £6,371 which include future finance charges of £19,564 and are secured on the related vehicles included in fixed assets. The Directors' loans have no fixed date for repayment and do not carry any interest charges.

## 13. Share Capital

1,000	1,000
294,509	292,443
51,353	94,066
80,000	92,000
265,862	294,509
And the second s	AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE
	294,509 51,353 80,000