STANIAN TRANSPORT LTD

Company Number 01600728

REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2001

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Directors' Report

The Directors present their annual report and the audited accounts for the company for the year ended 31st March 2001

Activities and Business review

The principal activity of the Company is the transport of goods for clients. The results for the year are set out in the accounts that follow. A dividend of £100,000 was paid during the year, and the directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend.

The company's turnover in the year was £1,424,227, and the profit before tax was £76,192

Future developments

The company intends to continue in its existing business for the foreseeable future.

Directors and Directors' Interests

The directors of the company during the year, and their interests in the shares of the company were:

	Number of £1 shares	
	At 31.3.2000 At 31.3	
	Ordinary	Ordinary
P.J. Chambers	500	500
R.J. Chambers	500	500

In accordance with the Articles of Association, the directors do not retire by rotation from the board.

Auditor

Bruce Marshall & Co were auditors during the year and have indicated their willingness to continue in office. A resolution to re-appoint them in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985 and to authorise the directors to fix their remuneration will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of part VII of the Companies Act 1985 that relates to small companies.

By order of the Board

P Chambers (Secretary)

Date:

15.1. 2002

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REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES in respect of the preparation of financial statements

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to: select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently; make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITORS' REPORT

We have audited the financial statements on pages 3 to 7 which have been prepared under the historic cost convention and the accounting policies as set out in note 2.

Respective responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As described above the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied, and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31st March 2001, and of its results for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

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Bruce Marshall & Co

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

3 Crewe Rd, Sandbach, Cheshire CW11 4NE

Date 17/1/2002

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

		2000	2001
	Note	£	£
Turnover	3	1,380,017	1,424,227
Cost of Sales		1,250,672	1,292,494
Gross Profit		129,345	131,733
Administration Costs		53,971	48,528
Interest Payable and similar charges	4	11,911	9,161
Interest Receivable		(3,767)	(2,148)
Profit on Ordinary Activities before tax	5,6	67,230	76,192
Taxation	7	15,877	16,781
		z	
Profit after taxation		51,353	59,411
Dividends paid		80,000	100,000
			
Retained Profit for the year		(28,647)	(40,589)
Retained Profits from previous years		293,509	264,862
			<i></i>
Retained Profits carried forward		264,862	224,273

The notes referred to above form part of these accounts.

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued in the above two years. The company has no gains or losses other than those reported above.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH

ASSETS EMPLOYED	Note	<u>£</u>	2000 <u>£</u>	£	2001 <u>£</u>
Fixed Assets		£	<u></u>	<u>≠</u>	<u></u>
Tangible Assets	8		278,137		258,526
Current Assets					
Debtors	9	192,427		169,997	
Cash at Bank & in Hand		83,507		79,782	
		275,934		249,779	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within twelve months	10	225,965		240,495	
Net Current Assets			49,969		9,284
Total Assets less Current Liabilities			328,106		267,810
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	11		62,244		42,537
			265,862		225,273
Financed by:					
Capital and Reserves					
Called up Share Capital	12		1,000		1,000
Profit and Loss Account			264,862		224,273
			265,862		225,273
					

The notes referred to above form part of these accounts. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of part VII of the Companies Act 1985 that relates to small companies, and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities.

The Financial Statements take account of transactions up to the date they were approved by the board, and were approved by the board of directors on and signed on their behalf by

8L	Director	Date 15. 1.02
R Chambers	. •	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1. The accounts have been prepared under the historic cost convention.

2. Accounting Policies

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, and is calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value over the periods expected to benefit from their use. The main rates and methods are:

Fixtures and Fittings 10% straight line Motor Vehicles 20% straight line. Office Equipment 25% straight line

Deferred Taxation is provided for under the liability method to take account of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for accounts purposes and their treatment for taxation purposes. Tax deferred or accelerated is accounted for in respect that it is considered that a net liability or net asset may crystallize.

Pension Costs:- The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amount payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year.

Lease and Hire Purchase: Tangible Fixed Assets acquired under finance leases or hire purchase contracts are capitalised and depreciated in the same manner as other tangible fixed assets. The related obligations, net of future finance charges, are included in creditors. Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the Profit & Loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

3. Turnover

Turnover represents only one class of business and has served one geographical market.

4. Interest Payable and similar charges.	£	£
	2000	2001
Hire purchase	11,911	9,161
		====
5. Profit on Ordinary Activities before tax.		
This is stated after charging:		
Directors emoluments	109,597	77,924
Auditors remuneration	1,000	1,000
Depreciation	112,257	112,672
(Profit)/Loss on Disposal of Fixed Assets	1,124	_
Non-cancellable operating leases	11,336	24,196
		======
Non-cancellable operating leases		
Annual payments under leases finishing within 5 years	17,003	34,267
Annual payments under other leases	-	-
	17,003	34,267
	=======	

			2000	2001
			$\underline{\mathfrak{L}}$	£
6. Staff Costs				
The average number of persons		ployed during the year,		_
Management and Administr	ation		2	2
Driving			16	19
			 18	21
			10	21
Wages and Salaries:				
Wages			424,224	421,701
National Insurance Contribu	utions		44,685	40,208
Pension Costs (Defined Con			9,037	15,149
`	,		====	=====
7. Taxation				
UK Corporation Tax @ 20% b		year	15,511	17,519
Under/(Over) provision in prev	vious year		366	(738)
			15 077	1 (701
			15,877 =====	16,781
No provision for deferred tax leads not reverse. The balance sheet Potential (asset)/liability due to Not Provided for	position was:	-	4,612	2,111
8. Fixed Assets			====	=====
0. 1 1A0d 7 1350t5	Motor	Fixtures &	Office	Total
	Vehicles	Fittings	Equip	10001
Cost				
At 31 March 2000	854,135	2,552	6,042	862,729
Additions	91,254	-	1,807	93,061
Disposals	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2001	945,389	2,552	7,849	955,790
Depreciation	_====			
At 31 March 2000	578,879	1,090	4,623	584,592
Charge in year	111,301	163	1,208	112,672
Disposed of	-	-	-,0	-
			~======	
At 31 March 2001	690,180	1,253	5,831	697,264
Net Book Value				
At 31 March 2000	275,256	1,462	1,419	278,137
	055,000	1 000	2.010	
At 31 March 2001	255,209	1,299	2,018	258,526
		J		

There were no capital commitments authorised or contracted for at 31 March 2001 (2000 nil). The net amount of fixed assets held under hire purchase contracts at 31/3/2001 was £158,704 (2000 £254,677), and the depreciation charged for the year on those assets was £95,974 (2000 £95,974).

	2000	2001
	$\underline{\mathbf{\pounds}}$	$\underline{\mathbf{\pounds}}$
9. Debtors (all recoverable within 12 months)	_	_
Trade Debtors	173,716	151,834
Prepayments	18,711	18,163
Sundry Debtors	-	-
•		##=========
	192,427	169,997
		======
10 C 14 (4- C-W Jos 41 12	4 l >	
10. Creditors (amounts falling due within 12 me		100 (00
Trade Creditors	100,068	133,680
Taxation & Social Security	65,670	52,207
Hire Purchase Creditor	52,904	41,651
Sundry	7,323	12,957
	225,965	240,495
		
11. Creditors (amounts falling due after more t	han 12 months from balanc	ce sheet date).
Directors' loans	911	1,291
Hire Purchase (due in 2 to 5 years)	61,333	41,246
	62,244	42,537

The Hire Purchase liabilities are repayable by an average of 23 further monthly installments of £4,217 which include future finance charges of £14,107 and are secured on the related vehicles included in fixed assets. The Directors' loans have no fixed date for repayment and do not carry any interest charges.

13. Share Capital

Authorised, Issued and Fully paid:		
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
		
14. Movement in Shareholders Funds		
Balance at the start of the year	294,509	265,862
Profit for the year	51,353	59,411
Dividends Paid	(80,000)	(100,000)
Balance at the end of the year	265,862	225,273
		