STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

FOR

HAYES GARDENWORLD LIMITED

Wallwork Nelson & Johnson
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors
Chandler House
7 Ferry Road Office Park
Riversway
Preston
Lancashire
PR2 2YH



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HAYES GARDENWORLD LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

DIRECTORS:

D Klein K Laird

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Calluna House Lake Road Ambleside Cumbria LA22 0DW

REGISTERED NUMBER:

01597594 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Wallwork Nelson & Johnson

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

Chandler House

7 Ferry Road Office Park

Riversway Preston Lancashire PR2 2YH

SOLICITORS:

Squire Patton Boggs (UK) LLP

No 1 Spinningfields 1 Hardman Square Manchester M3 3EB

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2020.

RESULTS

The management team brought the company into 2020 with a positive mindset to achieve profitability for the first time in several years, following a full review of costs and processes for internet sales. When the pandemic hit in March 2020, we were therefore in an excellent position to deal with the increased online demand for our products, as well as coping with reduced sales at the Garden Centre because of the lower cost base. Taking advantage of the Government's furlough scheme and business rates relief, our store was able to remain profitable during the difficult lockdown periods, while the company thrived through internet sales.

With a determination to clear bank debt from the company balance sheet, a significant reduction in borrowing was achieved by means of profitability, asset sales and stock reduction. At the end of 2020, the directors had agreed the sale of a disused warehouse for £1.5m (completed in March 2021), which will clear the last of the loans and overdrafts and create positive net current assets on the company balance sheet.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The principal activity of the company continues to be that of a garden centre. The company retails a wide range of products including plants, garden furniture and BBQ's, gifts, clothing, Christmas products and garden care items, as well as operating an onsite catering facility. The company also operates online, primarily retailing garden furniture, BBQ's and Christmas trees.

The company is committed to making as many environmental savings as possible. This is evidenced by the use of company vehicles to bring staff into work, reducing the number of vehicles on the road, alongside the harvesting of rain water which is then used by the company for things such as watering plants.

The company shows a commitment to local charities with numerous collection points around the garden centre and staff undertaking various events to raise money for charity.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company remains in a strong financial position however the general economic climate within the United Kingdom continues to pose a threat to the company due to the restricted level of people's disposable income. The performance of the company will always be subject to the vagaries of the weather in the United Kingdom.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

D Klein - Director

16 September 2021

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2020.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2020.

EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE YEAR

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2020 to the date of this report.

D Klein

K Laird

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

E A Hayes Deceased - deceased 5 January 2020

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

D Klein - Director

16 September 2021

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF HAYES GARDENWORLD LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Hayes Gardenworld Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2020 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF HAYES GARDENWORLD LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- Enquiry of management and those charged with governance around actual and potential litigation and claims.
- Enquiry of entity staff in tax and compliance functions to identify any instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to support documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- Auditing the risk of management override of controls and evaluating the business rationale of significant transactions outside the normal course of business.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF HAYES GARDENWORLD LIMITED

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Paul Woodburn FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Wallwork Nelson & Johnson
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors
Chandler House
7 Ferry Road Office Park
Riversway
Preston

Lancashire PR2 2YH

16 September 2021

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
TURNOVER		12,357,820	10,968,149
Cost of sales		9,025,023	7,108,966
GROSS PROFIT		3,332,797	3,859,183
Administrative expenses		3,767,082	4,333,651
		(434,285)	(474,468)
Other operating income		1,139,138	160,374
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)	4	704,853	(314,094)
Interest payable and similar expenses	5	112,996	169,613
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATIO	N	591,857	(483,707)
Tax on profit/(loss)	6	115,809	(85,822)
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIA YEAR	AL	476,048	(397,885)

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Notes	2020 £	2019 £
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	476,048	(397,885)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	990 000	
Revaluation of fixed assets Income tax relating to other comprehensive income	880,000 (167,200)	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
FOR THE YEAR, NET OF INCOME TAX	712,800	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
FOR THE YEAR	1,188,848	(397,885)

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2020

		202	20	201	9
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	7		10,127,376		9,698,453
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	8	1,250,045		1,922,632	
Debtors	9	204,970		456,760	
Cash at bank and in hand		163,779	_	10,239	
		1,618,794		2,389,631	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	10	2,952,555	_	4,051,365	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(1,333,761)		(1,661,734)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			8,793,615		8,036,719
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year	11		-		(562,679)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	15		(130,727)		-
NET ASSETS			8,662,888		7,474,040
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	16		1,013,356		1,013,356
Revaluation reserve	17		774,945		62,145
Retained earnings	17		6,874,587		6,398,539
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			8,662,888		7,474,040

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 16 September 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

D Klein - Director

K Laird - Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Revaluation reserve	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2019	1,013,356	6,796,424	62,145	7,871,925
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income		(397,885)	· .	(397,885)
Balance at 31 December 2019	1,013,356	6,398,539	62,145	7,474,040
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	<u>.</u>	476,048	712,800	1,188,848
Balance at 31 December 2020	1,013,356	6,874,587	774,945	8,662,888

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

_	_	2020	2019
-	Votes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities	,	382,049	(169,008)
Cash generated from operations Interest paid	1	(111,785)	(169,558)
Interest paid Interest element of hire purchase payments		(111,705)	(103,500)
paid		(1,211)	(55)
Net cash from operating activities		269,053	(338,621)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(300,604)	(154,090)
Sale of tangible fixed assets		499,299	21,123
Net cash from investing activities		198,695	(132,967)
Cash flows from financing activities			·
New loans in year		175,000	550,000
Loan repayments in year		(635,992)	(147,663)
New HP agreements		31,155	15,840
Capital repayments in year		(10,583)	(243)
Net cash from financing activities		(440,420)	417,934
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equiva Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of	lents	27,328	(53,654)
year	2	(1,242,699)	(1,189,045)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	(1,215,371)	(1,242,699)

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM

2020	2019
. £	£
591,857	(483,707)
218,734	262,282
33,648	26,575
112,996	169,613
957,235	(25,237)
672,587	125,143
99,508	195,499
(1,347,281)	(464,413)
382,049	(169,008)
	£ 591,857 218,734 33,648 112,996 957,235 672,587 99,508 (1,347,281)

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year ended 31 December 2020		
	31.12.20	1.1.20
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	163,779	10,239
Bank overdrafts	(1,379,150)	(1,252,938)
	(1,215,371)	(1,242,699)
		=====
Year ended 31 December 2019		
	31.12.19	1.1.19
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	10,239	5,419
Bank overdrafts	(1,252,938)	(1,194,464)

(1,242,699)

(1,189,045)

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

	At 1.1.20 £	Cash flow £	At 31.12.20
Net cash			
Cash at bank and in hand	10,239	153,540	163,779
Bank overdrafts	(1,252,938)	(126,212)	(1,379,150)
	(1,242,699)	27,328	(1,215,371)
P.1.			
Debt Finance leases	(15,597)	(20,572)	(36,169)
Debts falling due within 1 year	(117,262)	(89,008)	(206,270)
Debts falling due after 1 year	(550,000)	550,000	•
	(682,859)	440,420	(242,439)
Total	(1,925,558)	467,748	(1,457,810)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Hayes Gardenworld Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

Turnover

Turnover is the amount derived from goods supplied during the year, and is stated after trade discounts and net of VAT.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets were originally included at cost.

Depreciation is provided at the following rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold land

- No depreciation is charged on freehold land.

Freehold buildings

- No depreciation has been charged on freehold buildings, on the grounds

that it would be immaterial.

- 15% reducing balance.

Plant and machinery Motor vehicles

- 25% reducing balance.

Stock

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

Covid 19 Pandemic

As with all companies worldwide, uncertainties have arisen due to the COVID 19 pandemic.

During the period of lockdown essential goods and online trade was allowed to continue, hence, the company continued to trade.

The company also took advantage of government help, where possible, and furloughed staff where necessary.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Going concern

The use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate due to the ongoing support of the company's bankers and because there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the company to continue as a going concern.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

	2020 £	2019 £
Wages and salaries	2,105,459	2,387,457
Social security costs	155,546	158,270
Other pension costs	56,136	57,982
	2,317,141	2,603,709
The average number of employees during the year was as follows:		
	2020	2019
Directors	2	3
Administration and support	10	7
Direct staff	103	131
	115	141

continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS - continued

	Directors' remuneration Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes	2020 £ 96,587 7,888	2019 £ 136,286 7,215
4.	OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)		
	The operating profit (2019 - operating loss) is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation - owned assets	2020 £ 214,510	2019 £ 261,547
	Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Loss on disposal of fixed assets Auditor's remuneration - The	4,225 33,648	735 26,575
	audit of the company's annual accounts Operating Leases - other assets Auditors remuneration - accountancy services	5,045 101,783 1,000	9,500 886,88 000,1
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES	2020	2019
	Bank interest payable Bank loan interest payable Other interest Hire purchase interest	£ 58,345 52,856 584 1,211	£ 76,463 74,219 18,876 55
		112,996	169,613
6.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge/(credit) The tax charge/(credit) on the profit for the year was as follows:	2020	2019
	Deferred tax Origination and reversal of	£	£
	timing differences	115,809	(85,822)
	Tax on profit/(loss)	115,809	(85,822)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

TAXATION - continued

Reconciliation of total tax charge/(credit) included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

				2020	2019
				£	£
	Profit/(loss) before tax			591,857	(483,707)
	D. California and a state of a st		41. a 7.11/ a-F		
	Profit/(loss) multiplied by the standard re 19% (2019 - 19%)	ate of corporation tax in	the OK of	112,453	(91,904)
	1970 (2017 - 1970)				(>1,>-1,
	Effects of:				
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	5		3,361	•
	Utilisation of tax losses			(115,814)	-
	Adjustments to tax charge in respect of p	previous periods			6,082
	Deferred tax			115,809	
	Total tax charge/(credit)			115,809	(85,822)
	Tomital oldings (oloully				
	Tax effects relating to effects of other	comprehensive income			
				2020	
			Gross	Tax	Net
			£	£	£
	Revaluation of fixed assets		880,000	(167,200)	712,800
					
7.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
		Freehold	n1		
		land and	Plant and	Motor	Tatala
		buildings £	machinery £	vehicles £	Totals £
	COST OR VALUATION	L	I.	£	T.
	At 1 January 2020	8,500,000	3,329,999	825,134	12,655,133
	Additions	175,000	95,095	30,509	300,604
	Disposals	(435,000)	(69,406)	(355,169)	(859,575)
	Revaluations	830,000	50,000		880,000
	At 31 December 2020	0.070.000	2 405 699	500 474	12.076.162
	At 31 December 2020	9,070,000	3,405,688	500,474	12,976,162
	DEPRECIATION			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	At 1 January 2020	_	2,388,328	568,352	2,956,680
	Charge for year	-	164,319	54,416	218,735
	Eliminated on disposal	•	(48,606)	(278,023)	(326,629)
	At 31 December 2020	•	2,504,041	344,745	2,848,786
	= 				
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 31 December 2020	9,070,000	901,647	155,729	10,127,376
	At 31 December 2019	8,500,000	941,671	256,782	9,698,453
			 =	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

8.

Cost or valuation at 31 December 2020 is represented by:

	Freehold land and buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Totals £
Valuation in 2018	62,145	•	•	62,145
Valuation in 2020	830,000	50,000	-	880,000
Cost	8,177,855	3,355,688	500,474	12,034,017
	9,070,000	3,405,688	500,474	12,976,162

If Freehold Land and Buildings had not been revalued they would have been included at the following historical cost:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Cost	8,437,855	8,437,855
		=======================================
Aggregate depreciation	2,668,556	2,668,556

Freehold land and buildings were valued on an open market basis on 31 December 2020 by The CBRE Group.

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows:

		Motor vehicles £
COST OR VALUATION		
At 1 January 2020		
and 31 December 2020		17,365
DEPRECIATION		
At I January 2020		735
Charge for year		4,225
At 31 December 2020		4,960
NET BOOK VALUE		
At 31 December 2020		12,405
At 31 December 2019		16,630
STOCKS		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Finished goods	1,250,045	1,922,632
	====	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Deferred tax asset	
Trade debtors 21,612 Other debtors 40,688 Deferred tax asset Prepayments and accrued income 142,670 Deferred tax asset Accelerated capital allowances Tax losses carried forward 10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 12) 1,885,420 1, 1	
Trade debtors 21,612 Other debtors 40,688 Deferred tax asset Prepayments and accrued income 142,670 Deferred tax asset Accelerated capital allowances Tax losses carried forward 10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 12) 1,585,420 1, Hire purchase contracts (see note 13) 36,169 Trade creditors 347,760 1, Corporation tax 78,599 Other taxes and social security 34,344 VAT 270,672 Other creditors 60,216 Accruals and deferred income 39,375 11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR Bank loans (see note 12)	2019
Trade debtors Other debtors Other debtors Deferred tax asset Prepayments and accrued income 142,670 204,970 Deferred tax asset Accelerated capital allowances Tax losses carried forward 10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13) Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxes and social security VAT Other taxes and social security VAT Other oreditors Accruals and deferred income 11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR 2020 £ Corporation tax Difference to the tax of tax of the tax of tax	£
Other debtors Deferred tax asset Prepayments and accrued income 142,670	33,228
Deferred tax asset Prepayments and accrued income 142,670	26,001
142,670 204,970 204,	152,282
Deferred tax asset	245,249
Deferred tax asset Accelerated capital allowances Tax losses carried forward 10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13) Trade creditors Strate creditors Trade credit	243,249
Deferred tax asset Accelerated capital allowances Tax losses carried forward 10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13) Trade creditors Strate creditors Trade credit	456,760
Accelerated capital allowances	430,700
Accelerated capital allowances	
Accelerated capital allowances	
10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR 2020 f	2019
10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR 2020 f	£
10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR 2020 f	(122,756)
10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 12)	275,038
10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR 2020	
10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR 2020	152,282
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13) Trade creditors Corporation tax 78,599 Other taxes and social security VAT Other creditors 60,216 Accruals and deferred income 39,375 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR Bank loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13) 12. LOANS	
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 12)	
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 12)	
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13) Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxes and social security VAT Other creditors Accruals and deferred income 11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR Bank loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13) 12. LOANS	2019
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 12)	£
Hire purchase contracts (see note 13) 36,169 Trade creditors 847,760 1,	,370,200
Trade creditors Corporation tax Corporation tax Corporation tax Other taxes and social security 34,344 VAT 270,672 Other creditors 60,216 Accruals and deferred income 2,952,555 4, CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR 2020 £ Bank loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13) 12. LOANS	2,918
Corporation tax Other taxes and social security VAT 270,672 Other creditors Accruals and deferred income 39,375 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR Bank loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13) 12. LOANS	,265,671
Other taxes and social security 34,344 VAT 270,672 Other creditors 60,216 Accruals and deferred income 39,375 2,952,555 4, 11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR Bank loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13) 12. LOANS	78,599
security VAT Other creditors Accruals and deferred income 2,952,555 2,952,555 4, CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR 2020 £ Bank loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	10,377
VAT Other creditors Accruals and deferred income 10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR Bank loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13) 12. LOANS	39,262
Other creditors Accruals and deferred income 2,952,555 2,952,555 4, CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR 2020 £ Bank loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	470,042
Accruals and deferred income 39,375 2,952,555 4,9 11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR 2020 £ Bank loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	
2,952,555 4,9 11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR 2020 £ Bank loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	555,492
11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR 2020 £ Bank loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	269,181
11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR 2020 £ Bank loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	,051,365
YEAR 2020 £ Bank loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	,031,303
YEAR 2020 £ Bank loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	
YEAR 2020 £ Bank loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	
Bank loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	
Bank loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	2019
Bank loans (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	£
Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	550,000
12. LOANS	12,679
12. LOANS	12,077
12. LOANS	562,679
	502,077
An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:	
the analysis of the materity of femile is given one.	
2020	2019
£	£
Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:	_
	,252,938
	117,262
	,370,200
1,000,100	,

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

12.	LOANS - continued	2020	2019
	Amounts falling due between one and two years: Bank loans	£	£ 550,000
13.	LEASING AGREEMENTS		
	Minimum lease payments under hire purchase fall due as follows:		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Net obligations repayable: Within one year Between one and five years	36,169	2,918 12,679 15,597
14.	SECURED DEBTS		
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
	Bank overdrafts Bank loans	2020 £ 1,379,150 206,270 1,585,420	2019 £ 1,252,938 667,262 1,920,200

The bank overdraft and bank loan are secured by way of a debenture over all the companys' assets dated 21 February 2008 and a legal charge over the land adjoining Calluna House, Lake Road, Ambleside.

The bank loan is also secured by way of a fixed and floating charge over all the company assets in favour of Reward Capital Limited dated 7 March 2019.

15. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	
	2020
	£
Deferred tax	
Accelerated capital allowances	109,719
Tax losses carried forward	(146,192)
Other timing differences	167,200
Other thing differences	107,200
	120 525
	130,727
	Deferred
	tax
	£
Balance at 1 January 2020	(152,282)
Provided during year	283,009
Balance at 31 December 2020	130,727
Daimite at a 1 Dagatiful 2000	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

16. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	Allotted, issued and fully paid:				
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	2020	2019
	1,013,356	Ordinary	value: I	1,013,356	£ -1,013,356
1 7.	RESERVES		Retained earnings £	Revaluation reserve	Totals £
	At I January Profit for the Fixed asset re	year	6,398,539 476,048	62,145 712,800	6,460,684 476,048 712,800
	At 31 Decem	ber 2020	6,874,587	774,945	7,649,532

18. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

At the end of 2020, the directors had agreed the sale of a disused warehouse for £1.5m (completed in March 2021), which will clear the last of the loans and overdrafts and create positive net current assets on the company balance sheet.

19. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling parties are the directors, together with Mr M Capell and Mr T R Hayes, by way of their shareholdings.

20. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION SCHEME

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the year represents contributions payable by the Company to the scheme and amounted to £56,136 (2019 - £57,982).