# M A CORPORATE APPROVED INSPECTORS (AN UNLIMITED COMPANY) UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2008

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28/03/2009 COMPANIES HOUSE 330

# **SOBELL RHODES**

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# **ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS**

# YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2008

CONTENTS	PAGES
Abbreviated balance sheet	1
Notes to the abbreviated accounts	2 to 4

#### ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

#### 31 MAY 2008

		2008		2007	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	2		212		250
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		7,175		125,170	
Cash at bank and in hand		60,086		44,557	
		67,261		169,727	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
within one year		28,153		123,476	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			39,108		46,251
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			39,320		46,501
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	4		600		600
Other reserves			200		200
Profit and loss account			38,520		45,701
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			39,320		46,501
			-		

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

R E SPENCER

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2008

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

#### **Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

#### **Fixed** assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment

15% Reducing balance

#### Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

## YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2008

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### 2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
COST	663
At 1 June 2007 and 31 May 2008	<u>663</u>
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 June 2007	413
Charge for year	38
At 31 May 2008	451
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NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 May 2008	212
At 31 May 2007	250

## 3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year the company contracted for receipt of services with entities connected to its directors. The contracted amount for services and balances due to them as at the year end are as follows:

	Services received	Amount outstanding	
Dunwoody LLP	£ 125,856	£ 5,250	
Dunwoody Building Legislation Limited	Nil	12,000	

#### 4. SHARE CAPITAL

## Authorised share capital:

	2008	2007
	£	£
1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2008

## 4. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2008		2007	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	600	600	600	600

# 5. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent company is Dunwoody Building Legislation Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.