QUEENS COURT MANAGEMENT LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 1994

COMPANY NO. 1500374



DIRECTOR'S REPORT QUEENS COURT MANAGEMENT LIMITED

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 October 1994.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company throughout was that of the property management of Queens Court, Hill Lane, Southampton.

DIRECTORS' AND THEIR INTERESTS

None of the directors held shares in the company at any time in the year.

The directors who served the company throughout the year were as follows:-

K H Watson

A Watson

P Watson

SHARE OWNERSHIP

All "A" shares are required to be held by or on behalf of the freeholder. Each leaseholder holds 1 "B" share with the remainder held by the freeholder.

AUDITOR

N J Wordingham has indicated his willingness to continue in office and in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act it is proposed that he be re-appointed auditor to the company for the ensuing year.

SMALL COMPANY EXEMPTIONS

Advantage has been taken in the preparation of this report of the special exemptions applicable to small companies.

By order of the board

KHWani

K H Watson Director

21/3 1995

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES AND REPORT OF THE AUDITORS

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each accounting period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:-

- 1. Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.
- 2. Make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent.
- 3. Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF QUEENS COURT MANAGEMENT LIMITED

I have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 8 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies as set out on page 6.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described above, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. It is my responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on my audit, on those statements and to report my opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practice Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

I planned and performed my audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which I considered necessary in order to provide me with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming my opinion I also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES AND REPORT OF THE AUDITORS - Continued

Opinion

In my opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 October 1994 and of its surplus for the period then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 applicable to small companies.

N J Wordingham

Chartered Accountant and Registered Auditor

Bramerton

27/3/1995

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 1994

			1994		1993
	Notes	£	£	£	£
TURNOVER -Contributions from					
leaseholders and freeholders	2		21,104		21,104
			,		,
OPERATING COSTS:					
Insurance		2,850		2,964	
Cleaning and gardening		3,316		4,358	
Repairs		1,555		3,442	
Fire appliances & servicing		273		215	
Electricity and lighting		451		936	
		8,445		11,915	
INCREASE IN MAINTENANCE FUND		5,676		4,241	
INCREASE IN MAINTENANCE FUND				4,241	
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES:					
Administration		4,073		4,090	
Audit		1,174		1,152	
Other professional		2,206		449	
Depreciation		124		124	
Sundries		50		50	
•					
		7,627		5,865	
			21,748		22,021
OPERATING LOSS AND LOSS ON ORDI	NADV		······································		
ACTIVITIES BEFORE INTEREST	NANI		-644		-917
Interest receivable			859		1,222
Interest receivable					
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES B	EFORE TAX	ATION	215		305
Taxation (on interest receivabl			215		305
,					
RESULT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR (after tax	ation)	£0		£0
					

There are no recognised gains and losses in the year other than the profit for the year. There are no acquisitions or discontinued operations during the last two years.

BALANCE SHEET

AT 31 OCTOBER 1994

			1994		1993
FIXED ASSETS	Notes	£	£	£	£
Tangible assets	6		371		495
CURRENT ASSETS					
Trade debtors		2,405		752	
Amounts owed by group undert	akings	0		1,047	
Prepayments and accrued inco	ome	92		109	
Cash at bank and in hand		42,848		37,421	
			45,345		39,329
CREDITORS - amounts falling	 .				
within one year	aue				
Amounts owed to group undert	akings	710		22	
Corporation tax	5	219		323	
Other creditors		1,490		1,854	
			2,419		9 100
			2,419		2,199
NET CURRENT ASSETS			42,926		37,130
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LI	ABILITIES		43,297		37,625
PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES AN	D CHARGES				
Deferred taxation OTHER LIABILITIES	7	23		27	
Maintenance fund	8	43,194		37,518	
			12 017		07 517
			43,217		37,545
NET ASSETS			£80		£80
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	9		£80		£80
-					

In preparing these financial statements we have relied on sections 246 and 247 of the Companies Act 1985 as enabling us to take advantage of the special exemptions applicable to small companies.

Approved by the Board on 21/3/95

KHWMI

K H Watson Director

QUEENS COURT MANAGEMENT LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 1994

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Accounting basis and standards

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

(b) Depreciation

Depreciation on fixed assets is provided at rates estimated to write off the cost of each asset over its expected useful life as follows:-

Plant and machinery etc.

20% straight line

- (c) Turnover represents maintenance contributions. The company is not registered for VAT purposes.
- (d) Deferred taxation is accounted for under the liability method in respect of the taxation effects of all timing differences which are expected to reverse in the future, calculated at the rate at which it is estimated that tax will be payable.

2. TURNOVER

Turnover is attributable to the maintenance contributions which arose wholly in the United Kingdom. Contributions are based on a budget prepared by the managing agent at the beginning of the company's year. The only other income is interest on the bank deposit.

3. OPERATING LOSS

The operating loss is stated after charging:	1994 £	1993 £
Auditors remuneration Depreciation:	1,174	1,152
Owned tangible fixed assets	124	124

4. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

None of the directors received remuneration during the year.

5. TAXATION

	1334	1993
Componentian to a land	£	£
Corporation tax based on the interest received		
in the year at the rate of 25% (1993 : 25%)	219	323
		040
Less reduction of deferred tax reserve on		
accrued interest in the year at the rate of		
25% (1993: 25%)	4	
(accept money	-4	-18
		
	£215	£305
	**	
Deferred taxation balance (Note 7)	£23	£27
		W 2 1

1994

1000

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 1994

6. FIXED ASSETS

	Plant and	
	machinery etc.	Total
	£	£
Cost		
At 1 November 1993	619	619
Additions	0	0
Disposals	0	0
	- 	
At 31 October 1994	619	619
Depreciation	_	
At 1 November 1993	124	124
Charge for the year	124	124
Disposals	0	0

At 31 October 1994	248	248
		
Net book value		
At 31 October 1994	£371	£371
At 1 November 1993	£495	£495

7. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

Provision for deferred taxation has been made in these financial statements in accordance with the accounting policy described in Note 1 (d).

			a.	
At 1 November 1993			27	
Transfer to profit and loss account			4	
At 31 October 1994			£23	
			Lagrane	
The deferred taxation balance comprises	:	1994	1	1993
	Amount	Potential	Amount	Potential
	Provided	Liability	Provided	Liability
Short-term timing differences	£23	£23	£27	£27

8. MAINTENANCE FUND

The company's articles provide that the company should, taking one year with another, endeavour neither to make a profit or a loss and preclude the payment of any dividend. Any surplus is transferred to the maintenance fund which is calculated to meet future expenditure on major schemes such as window replacement. The existing surplus is taken into account in determining future budgets.

	1994 £	1993 £
Opening balance Charge to profit and loss account	37,518 5,676	33,277 4,241
Closing balance	£43,194	£37,518

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 1994

9. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	1994	1993
	£	£
Authorised, called up, allotted and fully paid:		
40 A shares of £1 each	40	40
40 B shares of £1 each	40	40
		
	£80	£80
		_

There are no shareholders funds apart from share capital and therefore reconciliation of shareholders funds is not required.

10. PARENT UNDERTAKINGS

The parent company and ultimate parent undertaking is Wellpine Ltd, incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales. Group accounts have not been prepared as the group qualifies for exemption from the requirement to prepare consolidated accounts as it is a small group.