AON ENTERTAINMENT RISK SERVICES LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 1999

Registered number: 1498405



REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1999

Directors:

A P G Robey

Chairman

K J O'Shea

Managing Director

M W Cockren

Resigned May 1999

M W Eve R Gilmour D G Havard R W Sampson

A M Short

Secretary:

A Veale

Auditors:

Ernst & Young, Rolls House, 7 Rolls Buildings, Fetter Lane,

London EC4A 1NH

Bankers:

Lloyds Bank plc., 8-10 Waterloo Place, London SW1Y 4BE

Registered Office:

Lloyds Chambers, 1 Portsoken Street, London E1 8DF

The directors present their report together with the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1999.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company continues to be that of insurance brokers. It is not anticipated that there will be any changes in the activities of the Company in 2000.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The year ended 31 December 1999 was a difficult one and despite everyones best efforts income was below expectation. However we are confident that there will be growth in new entertainment related insurance opportunities.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1999

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

The loss for the year amounted to £48,000 (in 1998 a profit of £324,000). The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend.

DIRECTORS

The current directors of the company are listed on page 2 and with the exception of Malcolm Cockre they all served as directors throughout the year ended 31 December 1999.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

There are no directors' interests requiring disclosure under the Companies Act 1985.

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS INSURANCE COVER

Insurance cover is held by the group to indemnify directors and officers against liability as permitted by section 310 Companies Act 1985.

EMPLOYEES

It is the policy of the group to give full and fair consideration to suitable applications for employment from disabled persons.

Opportunities also exist for employees of the company who become disabled to continue in their employment or to be trained for other positions within the company.

The company continues to take into account the needs of its employees when agreeing policies which affect them.

YEAR 2000 DISCLOSURE

Systems critical to the group's ongoing operations and preparation of financial information (including application systems, operating systems and hardware), as well as other non-financial computing and date dependent systems on which the group relies in its operations, have been reviewed to establish the impact, if any, which the Year 2000 has already had, or might have in the future, on the accuracy of their calculations, processing and reporting. There were plans in place designed to enhance our computer and other systems prior to 31 December 1999 which, when implemented, should have ensured that the impact of the Year 2000 problem would have not created significant errors on accounting records or adversely impacted operations or customer service. We believe that these plans were appropriate and realistic and had our commitment to implementing them effectively.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1999

AUDITORS

A resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

A Veale Secretary

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STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS

TO THE MEMBERS OF AON ENTERTAINMENT RISK SERVICES LTD

We have audited the financial statements on pages 7 to 15, which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on pages 9 and 10.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 5 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of accounts in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those accounts and to report our opinion to you. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 1999 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Ernst & Young

Registered Auditor

London

Date 28A June 2000

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PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1999

	Notes		<u>1999</u> £'000	<u>1998</u> £'000
		•		
INCOME	2		1,986	2,124
EXPENSES	4		2,029	1,641
PROFIT/LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEI	FORE		-43	483
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8		5	159
PROFIT/LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES FOI FINANCIAL YEAR	R THE		-48	324
DIVIDEND	9		-	
PROFIT/LOSS TRANSFERRED TO RESERVE	14		-48	324

Recognised gains and losses

There are no recognised gains and losses other than the profit for the financial year.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 1999

	<u>Notes</u>	1999 <u>£'000</u>	1998 <u>£'000</u>
FIXED ASSETS Tangible Assets	10	<u>88</u>	<u>134</u>
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors	11	1 471	1 940
Cash at bank and in hand	11	1,671 <u>2,786</u> 4,457	1,849 <u>2,646</u> 4,495
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	<u>3,821</u>	<u>3,857</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>636</u>	<u>638</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		724	772
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	13&14	190	190
Capital contribution	14	172	172
Profit and loss account	14	362	410
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	14	724	772

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 27th June 2000

Signed on behalf of the Board

M W Eve

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1999

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The significant accounting policies adopted are described below.

(a) ACCOUNTING CONVENTION

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention

(b) CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The company is exempt from preparing a cash flow statement as it is consolidated within the financial statements of Aon Corporation, which has prepared a group cash flow statement in compliance with FRS 1 (revised).

(c) COMMISSION INCOME

Commission income is recognised the date the debit note is raised.

(d) TANGIBLE ASSETS

Expenditure on tangible assets is written off over the estimated useful economic life of the asset on a straight line basis at the following rates:

Motor vehicles

5 years

Furniture & equipment:

Fixtures & fittings

4&7 years

IT hardware

4&5 years

IT software

3 years

(e) DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred taxation is provided at the anticipated tax rates on timing differences arising from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystalise in the future.

(f) FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Foreign currency brokerage is recorded in sterling at the rate of exchange approximating to that at the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the relevant rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains and losses on sale of currency are dealt with in the profit and loss account of the company as they arise.

(g) INSURANCE DEBTORS AND CREDITORS

In the ordinary course of insurance broking business settlement is required to be made with certain market bureaux or insurance intermediaries on the basis of the net balance due to or from the relevant bureau or intermediary rather than the amounts due to or from the individual third parties which it represents.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1999

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial Reporting Standard No. 5 (FRS 5, "Reporting the Substance of Transactions") allows off-set, but only where the ability to insist upon a net balance is assured beyond all doubt. However, the extent to which net settlement can be enforced is uncertain in many situations so no advantage of the right to off-set has been taken.

The insurance debtors and creditors in these accounts have been presented in accordance with FRS 5.

(h) INVESTMENT INCOME

Interest on deposits and fixed interest receipts is recorded on the basis of the amount earned for the year.

(i) LEASES

Rental costs under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account in equal annual amounts over the period of the leases, subject to periodic rent reviews.

(j) PENSIONS

Aon UK Holdings Limited operates several pension schemes in the United Kingdom, both defined contribution and funded defined benefit in nature, of which the majority of the company's employees are members. The assets of all schemes are held in separate trustee administered funds.

Contributions to funded defined benefit schemes are charged in the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over the employees' working lives in such a way that the cost is intended to remain a level percentage of current and expected future earnings of the employees covered under the schemes. Variations from the regular pension costs are spread on a systematic basis over the average remaining service lives of current employees in the schemes. Differences between the amounts funded and the amounts charged in the profit and loss account are treated as either provisions or prepayments in the balance sheet.

Contributions to defined contribution schemes are charged in the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

AON ENTERTAINMENT RISK SERVICES LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1999

Other operating charges

Auditors' remuneration - audit services

2. INCOME			
2. INCOME		1999	1998
	•	£'000	£'000
Commission income (see note 3)		1,828	1,960
Interest receivable		158	164
		1,986	2,124
3. ANALYSIS OF COMMISSION INCOME The table below analyses the commiss accounting address of the client from is derived. This does not necessarily resource or location of the business	ion income by the whom the business	1999 £'000	1998 £'000
United Kingdom		1,741	1,704
Europe		24 63	81 175
Other		1,828	1,960
4. EXPENSES	<u>Notes</u>	1999 £'000	1998 £'000
Staff costs	6	1,203	1,166
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	10	46	61
Foreign exchange gains		-8	-5
Rental costs under operating leases:			
Land and buildings		100	94

678

10

2,029

315

10

1,641

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1999

	1999	1998
5. DIRECTORS EMOLUMENTS	£'000	£'000
Emoluments	364	378
Compensation for loss of office	-	-
Company contributions paid to money purchase schemes	41	41
	405	419
Members of money purchase pension schemes	4	4
Members of defined benefit pension schemes	1	1
The remuneration of the highest paid director was as follows:-		
Emoluments	96	96
Company contributions paid to money purchase pension schemes	7	7
	103	103
	<u> 1999</u>	<u>1998</u>
	£'000	£'000
6. STAFF COSTS		
Wages and Salaries	1,004	983
Social Security costs	86	85
Other pension costs	113	98
f	1,203	1166
7. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS		
The average number of persons employed during the year was	33	32
8. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
CORPORATION TAX		
On current year's profit at 31% (1997 - 31.5%)	5	160
Prior year over provision	<u>-</u>	-1
a see year over provincia	5	159
9. DIVIDENDS		
Equity dividends on ordinary shares:		
Final Payable	-	_
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1999

	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>
10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	£'000	£'000
FURNITURE & EQUIPMENT AND MOTOR VEHICLES		
COST		
Balance 1 January	433	472
Additions	7	56
Disposals	37	-95
Balance 31 December	403	433
DEPRECIATION		
Balance 1 January	299	318
Disposals	-30	-80
Charge for the year	46	61
Balance 31 December	315	299
NET BOOK VALUE 31 DECEMBER	88	134
11. DEBTORS		
Insurance debtors	1,657	1,815
Prepayments and accrued income	-9	9
Amounts owed by group undertakings:		
- parent company and fellow subsidiaries	23	25
	1,671	1849
12 CDEDITORS a consents follow the within one year		
12. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year Insurance creditors	2,832	2 674
	2,832	2,674
Amounts owed to group undertakings - parent company and fellow subsidiaries	697	664
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	223	232
Corporation tax	12	16
Other taxes and social security costs Other creditors and accruals	57	271
Other creditors and accruais	3,821	3,857
	3,621	3,637

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1999

			<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>
•			£'000	£'000
13. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL				
Authorised:				
190,000 ordinary shares of £1 each			190	190
Allotted and fully paid:				
190,000 ordinary shares of £1 each			190	190
14. RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS'	Share	Capital	Profit &	Total
FUNDS	<u>Capital</u>	Contribution	Loss Account	Shareholder
				<u>Funds</u>
Balance 1 January 1999	190	172	410	772
Retained loss for the year	_	-	-48	-48
Balance 31 December 1999	190	172	362	724
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15. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 1999 the company was committed to make the following payments during the next year in respect of operating leases on land and buildings:

<u>2000</u>	<u> 1999</u>
£'000	£'000
90	94

16. PENSION COSTS

The method of accounting for pension costs is as set out under accounting policies in note 1(j) on page 9.

Formal actuarial valuations of the main schemes were undertaken in April 1996. Particulars of the actuarial valuations of the schemes are described in the financial statements of Aon UK Holdings Limited.

17. RELATED PARTIES

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Aon UK Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales, which prepares consolidated financial statements, the company pursuant to paragraph 17 of FRS 8 "Related Party Disclosures" has not included details of transactions with other companies which are subsidiaries of the Aon Group. There are no other related party transactions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1999

18. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The immediate parent undertaking is Aon Risk Services Holdings UK Ltd., a company registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Aon Corporation, a company incorporated in the State of Delaware, United States of America.

The parent undertaking of the largest group, which contains the company, and for which group financial statements are prepared, is Aon Corporation.

The parent undertaking of the smallest such group is Aon UK Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

Copies of the group financial statements of Aon Corporation are available from the Securities and Exchange Commission, Division of Corporation Finance, 450 Fifth Street NW, Washington DC., 20549-1004, United States of America. Copies of the group financial statements of Aon UK Holdings Limited are available from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF4 3UZ.