

Maxell Europe Limited and subsidiary undertakings

Annual report and accounts for the year ended 31 March 2001

Registered number: 1485997

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COMPANIES HOUSE 20/07/01

Directors' report

For the year ended 31 March 2001

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of the group, together with the accounts and auditors' report, for the year ended 31 March 2001.

Principal activity and business review

The principal activity of the group continues to be the production, importation, marketing and distribution of audio and video tapes, computer floppy disks and tapes, CD ROM, mini-disks, CDR, optical disks and batteries.

Subsequent events

On 1 May 2001, the company announced its intention to close its CD ROM production plant in Ireland with effect from 31 May 2001. Further details are set out in note 23 to the accounts.

Results and dividends

The group's turnover for the year was £222,911,000 (2000 - £224,348,000) and its profit before taxation was £925,000 (2000 - £246,000).

No dividend has been proposed (2000 - £Nil).

Directors and their interests

The directors who served during the year and subsequently were as follows:

- S. Ashida (Japanese)
- S. Boyd
- A. Camm (appointed 3 July 2000)
- H. Itazu (Japanese)
- N. Masuda (Japanese) (appointed 28 June 2001)
- J. Mitsui (Japanese) (resigned 28 June 2001)
- B. Myers
- H. Numoto (Japanese)
- Y. Senzai (Japanese)
- T. Taniguchi (Japanese)

The directors who held office at 31 March 2001 had no interests required to be disclosed under Schedule 7 of the Companies Act 1985.

Disabled employees

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the aptitudes of the applicants concerned. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled, every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the group continues and that appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the group that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be identical with that of other employees.

Directors' report (continued)

Employee consultation

The group places considerable value on the involvement of its employees and has continued to keep them informed on matters affecting them as employees and on the various factors affecting the performance of the group.

The Euro

The group commenced undertaking transactions denominated in the Euro during April 1999. The systems and procedures in place are currently considered to be adequate to ensure that no significant disruption to operations occurs

Auditors

The directors will place a resolution before the annual general meeting to reappoint Arthur Andersen as auditors for the ensuing year.

Apley

By order of the Board,

Telford

Shropshire

TF1 6DA

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28 June 2001

Director

Directors' responsibilities

Accounts, including adoption of going concern basis

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and group and of the profit and loss of the group for that period.

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company and the group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

In preparing the accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts.

Other matters

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and group and enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



To the shareholders of Maxell Europe Limited

We have audited the accounts on pages 5 to 24 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on pages 8 to 10.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report including, as described on page 3, preparing accounts in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the circumstances of the company and of the group, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group at 31 March 2001 and of the group's profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Arthur Andersen

Author Anderson

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Four Brindleyplace Birmingham B1 2HZ

28 June 2001

Consolidated profit and loss account

For the year ended 31 March 2001

	Notes	2001 £'000	2000 £'000
Turnover	2	222,911	224,348
Cost of sales		(188,647)	(188,940)
Gross profit		34,264	35,408
Other operating expenses (net)	3	(31,227)	(32,811)
Profit on ordinary activities before finance charges		3,037	2,597
Finance charges (net)	4	(2,112)	(2,351)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	5	925	246
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(351)	(189)
Profit for the financial year		574	57
Retained profit, beginning of year		2,910	2,853
Retained profit, end of year		3,484	2,910

All turnover and profits are derived from the group's continuing operations.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this consolidated profit and loss account.

Consolidated statement of total recognised gains and losses

For the year ended 31 March 2001

	2001	2000
	£'000	£'000
Profit for the financial year	574	57
Exchange gain (loss) on foreign currency translation	189	(800)
Total recognised gains (losses) relating to the year	763	(743)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this consolidated statement of total recognised gains and losses.

Consolidated balance sheet

31 March 2001

	Notes	2001 £'000	2000 £'000
Fixed assets			
Goodwill	8	197	351
Tangible assets	9	11,696	17,144
		11,893	17,495
Current assets			
Stocks	11	46,439	48,902
Debtors	12	45,729	43,098
Cash at bank and in hand		8,334	15,921
		100,502	107,921
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	13	(68,495)	(80,409)
Net current assets		32,007	27,512
Total assets less current liabilities		43,900	45,007
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	14	(16,410)	(18,280)
Net assets		27,490	26,727
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital	16	25,000	25,000
Merger reserve	17	123	123
Currency translation reserve	17	(1,117)	(1,306)
Profit and loss account		3,484	2,910
Shareholders' funds, all equity	18	27,490	26,727

The accounts on pages 5 to 24 were approved by the board of directors and signed on its behalf by:

S. Ashida

Director

28 June 2001

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this consolidated balance sheet.

Company balance sheet

31 March 2001

	Notes	2001 £'000	2000 £'000
Fixed assets			
Goodwill	8	181	277
Tangible assets	9	11,643	17,073
Investments	10	5,237	5,237
		17,061	22,587
Current assets			
Stocks	11	32,309	29,275
Debtors			
- due within one year	12	43,058	47,428
- due after one year	12	4,458	4,304
Cash at bank and in hand		4,781	13,524
		84,606	94,531
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	13	(58,343)	(72,086)
Net current assets		26,263	22,445
Total assets less current liabilities		43,324	45,032
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	14	(16,270)	(18,162)
Net assets		27,054	26,870
Capital and reserves		-	
Called-up share capital	16	25,000	25,000
Currency translation reserve	17	(755)	(783)
Profit and loss account	19	2,809	2,653
Shareholders' funds, all equity	18	27,054	26,870

The accounts on pages 5 to 24 were approved by the board of directors and signed on its behalf by:

S. Ashida

Director

28 June 2001

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this balance sheet.

Notes to accounts

31 March 2001

1 Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year.

a) Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The company is exempt from the requirement of Financial Reporting Standard Number 1 'Cash flow statements', to include a cash flow statement in its accounts because consolidated accounts, in which the results of Maxell Europe Limited are included, are prepared by the parent company and are publicly available.

b) Basis of consolidation

The group accounts consolidate the accounts of Maxell Europe Limited and its subsidiary undertakings drawn up to 31 March each year. The results of subsidiaries acquired or sold are consolidated for the period from and to the date on which control passed. Acquisitions are accounted for under the acquisition method.

In the company's accounts the investments in its subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost, less any provision for impairment.

c) Intangible assets - Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiary undertakings and businesses, representing the excess of the fair value of the consideration given over the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired, is capitalised and written off on a straight line basis over its useful economic life, which is between 5 and 10 years.

Goodwill arising on acquisitions in the year ended 31 March 1998 and earlier periods was written off to reserves as permitted by the accounting standard in force at the time. As permitted by the current accounting standard, the goodwill previously written off to reserves has not been reinstated in the balance sheet. On disposal or closure of a previously acquired business, the attributable amount of goodwill previously written off to reserves is included in determining the profit or loss on disposal.

d) Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

d) Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write-off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset over its expected useful life as follows:

Freehold buildings 25 years straight-line

Plant and machinery 25% - 36.9% reducing balance

Computer equipment 3 years straight-line Fixtures and fittings 25% reducing balance

Residual value is calculated on prices prevailing at the date of acquisition.

e) Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition is based on:

Raw materials - purchase cost on a first-in, first-out basis, including transportation

expenses and import duty if appropriate.

Work-in-progress and finished goods - cost of direct materials and labour, plus an appropriate proportion of

manufacturing overheads based on normal levels of activity.

Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price, less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal. Provision is made for obsolete, slow-moving or defective items where appropriate.

f) Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation is provided using the liability method on all timing differences only to the extent that they are expected to reverse in the future without being replaced.

g) Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of trade discounts, VAT and other sales related taxes.

h) Pension costs

It is the general policy of the company to provide for pension liabilities on a going concern basis, on the advice of external actuaries, by payments to an insurance company.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

h) Pension costs (continued)

The amount charged to the profit and loss account (the regular pension cost) is calculated so that it represents a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. Variations from regular cost are charged or credited to the profit and loss account on a prudent basis over a period not exceeding employees' average remaining service lives. Any difference between amounts charged to the profit and loss account and amounts paid to the pension fund is shown as a separately identified liability or asset in the balance sheet.

i) Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are reported at the rates of exchange prevailing at that date or, if appropriate, at the forward exchange contract rate. Any gain or loss arising from a change in exchange rates subsequent to the date of the transaction is included as an exchange gain or loss in the profit and loss account.

For the purposes of consolidation and application of the acquisition method of accounting, the net investment method is used, under which translation gains or losses are shown as a movement on reserves. The profit and loss accounts of overseas subsidiaries are translated at the closing exchange rate.

i) Leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term, even if the payments are not made on such a basis.

k) Government grants

Government grants relating to tangible fixed assets are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the expected useful lives of the assets concerned.

2 Segment information

All of the group's trading relates to its principal activity. Contributions to group turnover, profit (loss) before taxation and net assets are analysed as follows:

Turnover By origin 194,830 198,034 198,032 183,472 183,472 183,472 183,472 183,472 183,472 183,474 183	By geographical area	2001 £'000	2000 £'000
By origin 194,830 198,034 Rest of Europe 101,613 109,786 101,613 109,786 101,613 109,786 101,613 109,786 101,613 109,786 101,613 109,786 101,613 109,786 109,7362 109,736	i) Turnover	£ 000	2 000
United Kingdom 194,830 198,034 Rest of Europe 101,613 109,786 Inter segmental sales (73,532) (83,472) 222,911 224,348 By destination 39,976 38,746 Rest of Europe 182,935 185,602 222,911 224,348 ii) Profit (loss) before taxation 216 (171) United Kingdom 216 (171) Rest of Europe 709 417 925 246 iii) Net assets United Kingdom 21,648 21,404 Rest of Europe 5,842 5,323 27,490 26,727 26,727 3 Other operating expenses (net) 2001 2000 £ 000 £ 000 £ 000 £ 0150 £ 04,701 26,150 Administrative expenses 5,476 5,574 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087	·		
Rest of Europe 101,613 109,786 Inter segmental sales (73,532) (83,472) 222,911 224,348 By destination 39,976 38,746 Rest of Europe 182,935 185,602 222,911 224,348 ii) Profit (loss) before taxation 216 (171) United Kingdom 216 (171) Rest of Europe 709 417 iii) Net assets United Kingdom 21,648 21,404 Rest of Europe 5,842 5,323 27,490 26,727 26,727 3 Other operating expenses (net) 2001 2000 E'000 E'000 E'000 Selling and marketing costs 24,701 26,150 Administrative expenses 5,476 5,574 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087	· -	194,830	198,034
Number segmental sales (73,532) (83,472) (222,911 224,348 222,911 224,348 (222,911 (222	_		
By destination United Kingdom 39,976 38,746 Rest of Europe 182,935 185,602 222,911 224,348 ii) Profit (loss) before taxation 216 (171) United Kingdom 216 (171) Rest of Europe 709 417 United Kingdom 21,648 21,404 Rest of Europe 5,842 5,323 27,490 26,727 3 Other operating expenses (net) 2001 2000 Selling and marketing costs 24,701 26,150 Administrative expenses 5,476 5,574 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087	Inter segmental sales	(73,532)	
United Kingdom 39,976 38,746 Rest of Europe 182,935 185,602 222,911 224,348 ii) Profit (loss) before taxation United Kingdom 216 (171) Rest of Europe 709 417 Wii) Net assets United Kingdom 21,648 21,404 Rest of Europe 5,842 5,323 27,490 26,727 3 Other operating expenses (net) 2001 2000 Selling and marketing costs 24,701 26,150 Administrative expenses 5,476 5,574 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087		222,911	224,348
Rest of Europe 182,935 185,602 222,911 224,348 ii) Profit (loss) before taxation United Kingdom 216 (171) Rest of Europe 709 417 925 246 iii) Net assets United Kingdom 21,648 21,404 Rest of Europe 5,842 5,323 27,490 26,727 3 Other operating expenses (net) 2001 2000 £'000 £'000 £'000 Selling and marketing costs 24,701 26,150 Administrative expenses 5,476 5,574 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087	By destination		
	United Kingdom	39,976	38,746
ii) Profit (loss) before taxation United Kingdom 216 (171) Rest of Europe 709 417 925 246 iii) Net assets United Kingdom United Kingdom 21,648 21,404 Rest of Europe 5,842 5,323 27,490 26,727 3 Other operating expenses (net) Selling and marketing costs 24,701 26,150 Administrative expenses 5,476 5,574 30,177 31,724 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087	Rest of Europe	182,935	185,602
United Kingdom 216 (171) Rest of Europe 709 417 iii) Net assets United Kingdom 21,648 21,404 Rest of Europe 5,842 5,323 27,490 26,727 3 Other operating expenses (net) 2001 2000 Selling and marketing costs 24,701 26,150 Administrative expenses 5,476 5,574 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087		222,911	224,348
Rest of Europe 709 417 925 246 iii) Net assets 21,648 21,404 Rest of Europe 5,842 5,323 27,490 26,727 3 Other operating expenses (net) 2001 2000 Selling and marketing costs 24,701 26,150 Administrative expenses 5,476 5,574 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087	ii) Profit (loss) before taxation		
925 246 iii) Net assets United Kingdom 21,648 21,404 Rest of Europe 5,842 5,323 27,490 26,727 3 Other operating expenses (net) Selling and marketing costs 24,701 26,150 Administrative expenses 5,476 5,574 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087	United Kingdom	216	(171)
iii) Net assets United Kingdom 21,648 21,404 Rest of Europe 5,842 5,323 27,490 26,727 3 Other operating expenses (net) 2001 2000 £'000 £'000 Selling and marketing costs 24,701 26,150 Administrative expenses (net) 5,476 5,574 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087	Rest of Europe	709	417
United Kingdom 21,648 21,404 Rest of Europe 5,842 5,323 27,490 26,727 3 Other operating expenses (net) 2001 2000 Selling and marketing costs 24,701 26,150 Administrative expenses 5,476 5,574 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087		925	246
Rest of Europe 5,842 5,323 27,490 26,727 3 Other operating expenses (net) 2001 2000 £'000 £'000 £'000 Selling and marketing costs 24,701 26,150 Administrative expenses 5,476 5,574 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087	iii) Net assets		
3 Other operating expenses (net) 2001 2000 £'000 Selling and marketing costs 24,701 26,150 Administrative expenses 5,476 5,574 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087	United Kingdom	21,648	21,404
3 Other operating expenses (net) 2001 2000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 Selling and marketing costs 24,701 26,150 Administrative expenses 5,476 5,574 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087	Rest of Europe	5,842	5,323
Selling and marketing costs 24,701 26,150 Administrative expenses 5,476 5,574 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087		27,490	26,727
Selling and marketing costs 24,701 26,150 Administrative expenses 5,476 5,574 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087	3 Other operating expenses (net)		
Selling and marketing costs 24,701 26,150 Administrative expenses 5,476 5,574 30,177 31,724 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087			
Administrative expenses 5,476 5,574 30,177 31,724 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087		£'000	£,000
30,177 31,724 Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087	Selling and marketing costs	24,701	26,150
Other operating expenses (net) 1,050 1,087	Administrative expenses	5,476	5,574
		30,177	31,724
31,227 32,811	Other operating expenses (net)	1,050	1,087
		31,227	32,811

4	Finance	charges	(net)
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Investment income		
	2001 £'000	2000 £`000
Bank interest	540	257
Interest payable and similar charges		
	2001	2000
	£,000	£,000
Bank loans and overdrafts	2,652	2,608
Finance charges (net)		
Timaneo onarges (not)	2001	2000
	£'000	£'000
Interest payable and similar charges	2,652	2,608
Less: Investment income	(540)	(257)
	2,112	2,351
5 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging (crediting):		
	2001	2000
	£,000	£,000
Depreciation and amounts written off tangible fixed assets	6,441	4,337
Amortisation of goodwill	166	69
Foreign exchange losses, net	575	1,383
Amortisation of government grant	(50)	(53)
Operating lease rentals		
- plant and machinery	689	428
- other	377	247
Auditors' remuneration for audit services	102	87

Amounts payable to Arthur Andersen by the group in respect of non-audit services were £88,000 (2000 - £75,000).

Depreciation and amounts written off tangible fixed assets include £1,938,000 (2000 - £NiI) in respect of accelerated depreciation on plant and machinery whose net book value was impaired during the year.

6 Staff costs

The average monthly number of employees (including executive directors) was:

	2001 Number	2000 Number
Production	352	424
Selling and Marketing	114	120
Administration	77	85
	543	629
Their aggregate remuneration comprised:		
	2001	2000
	£,000	£'000
Wages and salaries	11,964	13,154
Social security costs	1,551	1,718
Other pension costs	400	386
	13,915	15,258
Directors' remuneration		
Aggregate Remuneration		
The total amounts for directors remuneration were as follows:		
•	2001	2000
	£'000	£,000
Emoluments	897	926
Highest paid director		
The above amounts for remuneration include the following in respect of the highest p	aid director:	
	2001	2000
	£,000	£'000
Emoluments	244	231

The highest paid director did not receive any pension contributions in either year.

6 Staff costs (continued)

Pensions

The number of directors who were members of pension schemes was as follows:

	2001 Number	2000 Number
Defined benefit schemes	3	2
7 Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
The tax charge comprises:		
	2001 £'000	£'000
Foreign tax	388	169
Deferred tax arising from		
- other timing differences	(37)	20
	351	189
P. Coodwill		
8 Goodwill	Group	Company
	£,000	£,000
Cost		
Beginning of year	458	420
Currency translation adjustment	13	
End of year	471	420
Amortisation		
Beginning of year	107	143
Charge for the year	166	96
Currency translation adjustment	1	
End of year	274	239
Net book value		
Beginning of year	351	277
End of year	197	181

8 Goodwill (continued)

In prior years the company paid £319,000 to acquire the primary battery business and £101,000 to acquire the rechargeable battery business from Maxell Deutschland GmbH. This combined goodwill of £420,000 has been capitalised and is being amortised over 3 to 5 years.

In prior years the group acquired the trade and activities of its former Belgian distributor which gave rise to goodwill with a year end sterling value of £370,000. This goodwill has been capitalised and is being amortised over 5 years. In addition, goodwill of £101,000 as set out above, was acquired prior to Maxell Deutschland GmbH becoming a subsidiary undertaking of the company, and is therefore included as goodwill in the group accounts.

9 Tangible fixed assets

3	Freehold land	Plant and machinery		Fixtures and	
0	and buildings	Leased	Owned	fittings	Total
Group	£,000	£,000	£'000	£,000	£'000
Cost					
Beginning of year	11,890	744	47,191	1,301	61,126
Additions	19	-	844	40	903
Currency translation adjustment	36	-	258	20	314
Disposals	<u> </u>	(744)	(6,392)	(5)	(7,141)
End of year	11,945		41,901	1,356	55,202
Depreciation					
Beginning of year	5,589	744	36,675	974	43,982
Charge for the year (note 5)	522	-	5,754	165	6,441
Currency translation adjustment	24	-	178	20	222
Disposals	-	(744)	(6,390)	(5)	(7,139)
End of year	6,135	-	36,217	1,154	43,506
Net book value					
Beginning of year	6,301	<u> </u>	10,516	327	17,144
End of year	5,810	-	5,684	202	11,696

Freehold land amounting to £249,000 (2000 - £249,000) and assets under construction of £260,000 (2000 - £85,000) have not been depreciated.

9 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

	Freehold land	Plant and mad	chinery	Fixtures and	
	and buildings	Leased	Owned	fittings	Total
Company	£,000	£,000	£'000	£,000	£,000
Cost					
Beginning of year	11,875	744	47,051	819	60,489
Additions	19	-	844	20	883
Currency translation adjustment	35	-	265	4	304
Disposals	<u> </u>	(744)	(6,392)	(5)	(7,141)
End of year	11,929		41,768	838	54,535
Depreciation					
Beginning of year	5,574	744	36,543	555	43,416
Charge for the year (note 5)	522	-	5,754	130	6,406
Currency translation adjustment	25	-	178	6	209
Disposals	<u> </u>	(744)	(6,390)	(5)	(7,139)
End of year	6,121		36,085	686	42,892
Net book value					
Beginning of year	6,301		10,508	264	17,073
End of year	5,808		5,683	152	11,643
					

Freehold land amounting to £249,000 (2000 - £249,000) and assets under construction of £260,000 (2000 - £85,000) have not been depreciated.

In the opinion of the directors, the market value of the freehold land and buildings are not substantially different from their net book value.

10 Fixed asset investments

	Group		Comp	any
	2001 £'000	2000 £'000	2001 £'000	2000 £'000
Subsidiary undertakings			5,237	5,237

10 Fixed asset investments (continued)

a) Subsidiary undertakings

	Company	Company	
	2001	2000	
	£,000	£,000	
Cost			
Beginning and end of year	5,237	5,237	

The company has investments in the following subsidiary undertakings:

	Country of		
	Registration	Holding	%
Maxell France S.A	France	Ordinary	100
Maxell Scandinavia AB	Sweden	Ordinary	100
Maxell Deutschland GmbH	Germany	Ordinary	100
Maxell Italia S.p.A	Italy	Ordinary	100
Maxell Benelux B.V.	Netherlands	Ordinary	100

The principal activity of all the above companies is the distribution of multimedia products.

11 Stocks

	Group		Compar	<u>ıy</u>
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£,000
Raw materials and consumables	3,154	4,357	3,154	4,357
Work in progress	131	382	131	382
Finished goods and goods for resale	43,154	44,163	29,024	24,536
	46,439	48,902	32,309	29,275

There is no material difference between the balance sheet value of stocks and their replacement cost.

12 Debtors

	Group		Compan	ıy
_	2001	2000	2001	2000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Amounts falling due within one year:				
Trade debtors	43,795	39,902	19,497	16,912
Amounts owed by group undertakings	647	1,974	22,757	29,013
ACT recoverable	63	63	63	63
VAT	-	~	-	759
Prepayments and other accrued income	1,103	1,075	741	681
	45,608	43,014	43,058	47,428
Amounts falling due after more than one year:				
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	-	4,354	4,200
Rent deposit	55	55	55	55
Deferred taxation	66	29	49 	49
	121	84	4,458	4,304
	45,729	43,098	47,516	51,732

13 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

·	Grou	p	Compan	ıy
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	£'000	£,000	£'000	£'000
Bank loans and overdraft (unsecured)	14,724	21,165	12,186	19,500
Trade creditors	3,492	3,215	3,491	2,517
Amounts owed to group undertakings	38,491	38,292	38,430	38,292
Pension scheme	65	85	65	85
Corporation tax	355	218	-	-
VAT	2,357	89	1,373	-
Accruals and deferred income	9,011	17,345	2,798	11,692
	68,495	80,409	58,343	72,086

The company's borrowing facilities include a facility of £19 million which is reviewed annually with the interest fixed monthly, and a facility of £15 million which is reviewed semi annually with the interest rate fixed at this point. In addition, subsidiary undertakings have local borrowing facilities.

14 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	Group		Compan	ıy _
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	£,000	£'000	£,000	£'000
Loans	16,014	17,860	16,014	17,860
Government grants	256	302	256	302
Accruals and deferred income	140	118		-
	16,410	18,280	16,270	18,162

In July 1998, the company entered into a bank loan for £8 million. The first repayment of £1 million was payable in July 2000 with the remainder being repaid in 6 monthly instalments of £1 million, commencing January 2001. Interest is charged on the loan at LIBOR plus 0.125%. The loan is guaranteed by the parent company.

During 2000 the company entered into a currency SWAP arrangement for an amount of £11.86 million. The loan is due for repayment in June 2006. Interest is charged on the balance sheet value of the loan as follows:

£7.66 million 6 month LIBOR plus 0.18% £4.35 million 6 month Euro LIBOR plus 0.22%

The loan is secured by cash provided by the parent company.

Borrowings are repayable as follows:

	Group and Co	mpany
•	2001	2000
	£'000	£'000
Bank loans		
Between one and two years	2,000	2,000
Between two and five years	2,000	4,000
After five years	12,014	11,860
	16,014	17,860
On demand or within one year	2,000	2,000
	18,014	19,860
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

14 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year (continued)

The movement on the unamortised government grants was as follows:

	Group and Company	
	2001	2000
	£,000	£'000
Beginning of year	353	411
Amortisation	(50)	(53)
End of year	303	358
Less: Amounts included in creditors falling due within one year	(44)	(51)
Less: Currency translation movement	(3)	(5)
Amounts falling due after more than one year	256	302

15 Deferred tax

Deferred taxation provided and deferred taxation not provided are as follows:

Provided	l .	Not provide	ed
2001	2000	2001	2000
£'000	£'000	£'000	£,000
-	-	742	(61)
66	29	89	66
		377	1,016
66	29	1,208	1,021
-	2 ·	742	(61)
49	49	63	63
<u> </u>	-	377	1,016
49	49	1,182	1,018
	2001 £'000	£'000 £'000	2001 2000 2001 £'000 £'000 £'000 742 66 29 89 377 66 29 1,208 - 742 49 49 63 - 377

The accumulated reserves of certain overseas subsidiary undertakings would be subject to additional taxation if remitted. In the opinion of the directors these accumulated reserves are required to finance the continuing operations of these undertakings and are therefore not expected to be remitted in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, no provision for additional taxation has been made.

The deferred tax asset at 31 March 2001 is included within debtors and is considered by the directors to be recoverable.

16 Called-up share capital			
		2001	2000
		£'000	£,000
Authorised			
26,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each		26,000	26,000
Allotted, called-up and fully-paid			
25,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each		25,000	25,000
			
17 Other reserves			
	Grou	p	Company
		Currency	Currency
	Merger	translation	translation
	reserve	reserve	reserve
	£'000	£'000	£'000
		(4.000)	(702)
Balance, beginning of year	123	(1,306)	(783)
Balance, beginning of year Currency translation adjustment	123	(1,306)	28

The currency translation reserve in the company's accounts arises in respect of the company's Dublin branch.

123

(1,117)

(755)

18 Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds

Balance, end of year

	Group		Compar	ıy
_	2001 £'000	2000 £'000	2001 £'000	2000 £'000
Profit (loss) for the financial year	574	57	156	(231)
Other recognised gains and losses relating to the				(<i>)</i>
year (net)	189	(800)	28	(239)
Opening shareholders' funds	26,727	27,470	26,870	27,340
Closing shareholders' funds	27,490	26,727	27,054	26,870

19 Profit and loss account

The movement on the company's profit and loss account during the year was as follows:

	£"000
Balance, beginning of year	2,653
Profit for the financial year	156
	
Balance, end of year	2,809

No profit and loss account is presented for Maxell Europe Limited, as provided by section 230 of the Companies Act 1985.

20 Guarantees and other financial commitments

a) Capital commitments

At the end of the year capital commitments were:

	Group and	Group and Company	
	2001 £'000	2000 £'000	
Contracted for but not provided for	85	141	

b) Lease commitments

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:-

	2001		2000	
	Land and buildings £'000	Plant and machinery £'000	Land and buildings £'000	Plant and machinery £'000
Group	2,000	2,000	2000	2000
Expiry date				
- within one year	-	21	-	34
- between two and five years	-	448	-	245
- after five years	484	11	363	12
	484	480	363	291
Company				
Expiry date				
- within one year	-	21	-	33
- between two and five years	-	400	-	230
- after five years	396		342	
	396	421	342	263

20 Guarantees and other financial commitments (continued)

b) Lease commitments (continued)

The operating lease on the Rickmansworth property expires in 2010, and rent reviews are every 5 years, the next being in December 2004.

c) Pension arrangements

The only significant pension scheme operated by the Group is Maxell Europe Limited Pension Scheme in the UK.

The company operates a defined benefit pension scheme which all employees are invited to join. The scheme is contributory (employer 7.1%, employees 4.5% of basic salary) and is administered by trustees. The pension cost for the year was £365,000, representing the regular cost (2000 - £349,000).

Details of the most recent actuarial valuation of the scheme, which was conducted as at 1 April 2000 using the projected unit method are as follows:

Main assumptions (% pa):

- rate of increase in salaries	5
- rate of increase in pensions in payment	3
- interest rate before retirement	7.5
- interest rate after retirement	6
- return on scheme investments	7.5

Results:

- market value of scheme's assets (£)	5,526,000
- level of funding (%)	109

As a result of the above actuarial valuation, the employer's contribution rate has been amended to 8.5%. The increase reflects future expectations in relation to the value of the scheme assets and the future liabilities.

Numerous overseas schemes exist, each of which is small in comparison with the principal UK scheme. The total pension cost relating to these schemes was £35,000 (2000 - £37,000).

21 Ultimate parent company

The largest group in which the results of Maxell Europe Limited are consolidated is that headed by Hitachi Limited, its ultimate parent company, incorporated in Japan, whose principal place of business is 6 Kanda, Surugadai, 4 Chome, Chiyoda-Ku, Tokyo 101-8010, Japan. The smallest group in which the results are consolidated is that headed by Hitachi Maxell Limited, its immediate parent company, incorporated in Japan, whose principal place of business is 1-1-88, Ushitora, Ibaraki-shi, Osaka 567-8567, Japan. The consolidated accounts are available from the above addresses.

22 Related party transactions

The group purchases raw materials and finished goods from its parent company. During the year the total value of these purchases amounted to £136,384,000 (2000 - £125,821,000). In addition the group paid its parent company £1,374,000 (2000 - £1,674,000) in respect of management services and £92,000 (2000 - £126,000) in respect of product royalties. During the year the group made sales of £73,532,000 (2000 - £83,472,000) to fellow subsidiary undertakings.

23 Subsequent events

On 1 May 2001, the company announced its intention to close its CD ROM production plant in Ireland with effect from 31 May 2001. In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard Number 12, no provision has been made to cover any redundancy or other closure costs in these accounts. Provisions have been recorded to reduce the carrying value of tangible fixed assets to the director's estimate of their residual value.

The closure is not considered to have a material effect on the nature and focus of the groups operations, and accordingly the results of the Ireland plant have not been presented as discontinued operations within these accounts.