COMPARIES REGISTRY COPY

P. Fisher Limited
Abbreviated Financial Statements
For the year ended
28 February 2007

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Abbreviated Accounts

Year ended 28 February 2007

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Independent Auditor's Report to P. Fisher Limited

UNDER SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 5, together with the financial statements of P Fisher Limited for the year ended 28 February 2007 prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective Responsibilities of the Directors and the Auditor

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2006/3 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly

prepared in accordance with those provisions

LANDAU MORLEY Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

Lanmor House 370/386 High Road Wembley Middlesex HA9 6AX

19 June 2007

Abbreviated Balance Sheet

28 February 2007

		2007		2006		
	Note	£	£	£	£	
Fixed Assets	2					
Tangible assets			7,929		9,109	
Investments			655		_1,433	
			8,584		10,542	
Current Assets						
Stocks		2,900,187		3,027,049		
Debtors		1,157,047		921,580		
Cash at bank and in hand		72,629		83,186		
		4,129,863		4,031,815		
Creditors: Amounts Falling due	_			1 055 006		
Within One Year	3	1,335,475		1,077,826		
Net Current Assets			2,794,388		2,953,989	
Total Assets Less Current Liabilitie	es		2,802,972		2,964,531	
Creditors: Amounts Falling due						
after More than One Year	4		2,001,790		2,117,632	
			801,182		846,899	
6						
Capital and Reserves	_		300		300	
Called-up equity share capital	5		849,800			
Share premium account Profit and loss account			•		849,800 (3,201)	
From and loss account			(48,918)		(3,201)	
Shareholders' Funds			801,182		846,899	
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These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors on 5 June 2007 and are signed on their behalf by

Paul tre

Mr Paul Fisher Director

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year ended 28 February 2007

1. Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005)

Turnover

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the company for goods supplied, excluding VAT

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Leasehold land and buildings - Straight line over the period of the lease

Fixtures and fittings

- 15% reducing balance

Computer equipment

- 33% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less the estimated cost of disposal

Operating Lease Agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

Pension Costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the exception of

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Foreign Currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year ended 28 February 2007

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Investments

Investments are included at the lower of cost and market value Profits or losses arising from disposals of fixed asset investments are treated as part of the result from ordinary activities

2. Fixed Assets

	Tangible		
	Assets	Investments	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 March 2006	26,932	27,762	54,694
Additions	590	_	590
Disposals	(276)	_	(276)
At 28 February 2007	27,246	27,762	55,008
Depreciation and Amounts Written Off			
At 1 March 2006	17,823	27,107	44,930
Charge for year	1,706	_	1,706
On disposals	(212)		(212)
At 28 February 2007	19,317	27,107	46,424
Net Book Value			
At 28 February 2007	7,929	655	8,584
At 28 February 2006	9,109	655	9,764

3. Creditors: Amounts Falling due Within One Year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company

	2007	2006
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	120,420	120,800

4. Creditors: Amounts Falling due after More than One Year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company

	2007	2006	
	£	£	
Bank loans and overdrafts	74,669	122,278	

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year ended 28 February 2007

5.	Share Capital				
	Authorised share capital:				
	70,000 Voting Ordinary shares of £1 each 630,000 Non Voting Ordinary shares of £1 each		2007 £ 70,000 630,000		2006 £ 70,000 630,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:		700,000		700,000
		2007		2006	
	Voting Ordinary shares of £1 each	No. 300	£ 300	No 300	£ 300