UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

for the year ended

31 December 2012

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COMPANIES HOUSE

#56

UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 December 2012

		20	2012		2011	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS						
Tangible assets	1		1,193,196		1,235,769	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Stocks		878,092		759,562		
Debtors		507,447		467,162		
Cash at bank and in hand		300,227		253,914		
		1,685,766		1,480,638		
CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2	(808,240)		(656,069)		
NET CURRENT ASSETS			877,526		824,569	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			2,070,722		2,060,338	
CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	3		(560,984)		(690,454)	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(26,734)		(32,315)	
NET ASSETS			1,483,004		1,337,569	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES						
Called up share capital	4		38,160		38,160	
Other reserves			454,090		454,090	
Profit and loss account			990,754		845,319	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,483,004		1,337,569	

For the year ended 31 December 2012 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies and its members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with Section 476

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts

These abbreviated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime

The abbreviated financial statements on pages 1 to 3 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 81513 and are signed on its behalf by

J L enney

S P Chandler Director San Conde

Director

UNAUDITED ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

TURNOVER

Turnover represents the invoiced value, net of Value Added Tax, of goods sold to customers and is recognised on the earlier of receipt of monies or date of invoice

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost less depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land and investment properties at rates calculated to write each asset down to its estimated residual value over its expected useful life, as follows

Property improvements

10% straight line

Freehold land

Not depreciated

Plant and machinery

25% on written down value

Motor vehicles

25% on written down value

LEASING AND HIRE PURCHASE COMMITMENTS

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership ("finance leases"), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable during the lease term. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as obligations to the lessor.

Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements, and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account in proportion to the remaining balance outstanding

All leases are "operating leases" and the annual rentals are charged to profit and loss on a straight line basis over the lease term

STOCK

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is based upon estimated selling price less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal. Provision is made for obsolete and slow-moving items.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for employees The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company The annual contributions payable are charged to the Profit and Loss Account

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements. Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

UNAUDITED NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 2012

1	FIXED ASSETS	Ta	angible assets
			£
	COST		
	At 1 January 2012		1,589,474
	Additions		7,412
	At 31 December 2012	•	1,596,886
	DEPRECIATION	•	
	At 1 January 2012		353,705
	Charge for the year		49,985
	At 31 December 2012	•	403,690
	NET BOOK VALUE	•	
	At 31 December 2012		1,193,196
	At 31 December 2011	· ·	1,235,769
2	CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
	The aggregate amount of creditors for which security has been given amounted to £1	29,431 (2011 - £1	26,843)
3	CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	2012	2011
		£	£
	ANALYSIS OF LOANS REPAYABLE IN MORE THAN FIVE YEARS		
	Total amounts repayable by instalments which are due in more than five years	40,000	80,000
	The aggregate amount of creditors for which security has been given amounted to £2	87,234 (2011 <i>-</i> £4	16,704)
4	SHARE CAPITAL	2012	2011
		£	£
	ALLOTTED, CALLED UP AND FULLY PAID		
	38,160 Ordinary shares of £1 each	38,160	38,160

The holders are entitled to a non-cumulative dividend at the rate of 2% above the base rate published by National Westminster Bank Plc on 31st December in the preceding accounting reference period

The Ordinary shares are not redeemable

In the event of winding up, the assets remaining after payment of the debts and liabilities of the company and cost of liquidation are applied firstly in repaying to the holders of the Preference shares the amounts paid up on Preference shares held by them. Any balance then remaining is divided among the holders of the Ordinary shares in proportion to the number of such Ordinary shares held by them respectively