Rule 4 223-CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986 Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments

Form 4 68 **S. 192**

Pursuant to section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

To the Registrar of Companies

			For official use		
	Company Number				
		0146592	27		
	Name of Company				
(a) Insert full name of company	AWHL1 Limited				
(b) Insert full namc(s) and address(es)	Cameron Gunn ReSolve Partners LLP One America Square Crosswall London EC3N 2LB the liquidator of the company attac payments under section 192 of the				
	Signed 4	Date 9 N	earch 2015		
Presenter's name address and	ReSolve Partners LLP One America Square	For O	Official Use		
reference (If any)	Crosswall London EC3N 2LB	Liquidation Section	n Post Room		
	AWHLI	WEDNESDAY	*A42XTK28* A34 11/03/2015 COMPANIES HOL	#27 USE	

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of company AWHL1 Limited

Company's registered number 01465927

State whether members or creditors' Creditors

voluntary winding up

Date of commencement of winding up 12 February 2010

Date to which this statement is brought down 11 February 2015

Name and address of liquidator Cameron Gunn

ReSolve Partners LLP One America Square

Crosswall London EC3N 2LB

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represents the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend etc payable to each creditor, or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisation	S		
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought forward	127,987 45
08/09/2014	WCL1 Limited - in Liquidation	Unsecured Creditors	1,301 60
		Carried forward	129,289 05

Note No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and

Disburseme	ents		
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
 -		Brought forward	110,739 16
08/09/2014	Borneos LLP	Unsecured Creditors	74 37
08/09/2014	George Guy-Clarke	Unsecured Creditors	21 47
08/09/2014	WBSL1 Limited - in Liquidation	Unsecured Creditors	1,449 01
08/09/2014	WLI Limited - in Liquidation	Unsecured Creditors	16,455 15
		Carried forward	128,739 16

Analysis of balance

		£
Total Realisations		129,289 05
Total Disbursements		128,739 16
	Balance £	549 89
This balance is made up as follows		
l Cash in hands of liquidator		0 00
2 Balance at Bank		549 89
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00
	£	
4 Amounts invested by liquidator	0 00	
Less the cost of investments realised	0 00	
Balance		0 00
5 Accrued Items		0 00
Total Balance as shown above		549 89

[NOTE - I ull details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

The liquidator should also state –

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

	£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors –including the	
holders of floating charges)	127,512 00
Liabilities-Fixed charge creditors	0 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	0 00
Unsecured creditors	2,165,151 58

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up-

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

A further previously unexpected inter-company dividend of circa £2,000

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Receipt of future inter-company dividend and final unsecured distribution

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

Six months