Maranello Sales Limited

Directors' report and financial statements Registered number 1443371 For the year ended 31 December 2008

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Contents

Directors' report	1
Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements	3
Independent auditors' report to the members of Maranello Sales Limited	4
Profit and loss account	6
Balance sheet	7
Notes	8

Directors' report

The directors present their annual report, together with the financial statements and auditors' report, for the year ended 31 December 2008.

Principal activity and business review

The company's principal activity during the year comprised the operation of motor dealerships involving the sale, maintenance and repair of motor vehicles and the supply of related accessories.

Results and dividends

The company's profit before tax for the year was £779,000 (2007: loss £3,078,000). Further details with regard to the trading results for the year and the amount transferred to reserves are set out on page 6. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2007: £Nil).

Principal risks and uncertainties

The management of the business and the execution of the company's strategy are subject to a number of risks.

The key business risks and uncertainties affecting the company are considered to relate to competition from both national and independent retailers and employee retention.

Further discussion of these risks and uncertainties, in the context of the Sytner group as a whole, is provided in the directors' report for Sytner Group Limited, which does not form part of this report.

Key performance indicators

The company is part of the Sytner group. The development, performance and position of the group, which includes this company is provided in the directors' report for Sytner Group Limited, which does not form part of this report.

Directors

The directors who served during the year and subsequently are shown below:

M Carpenter GE Nieuwenhuys

Creditor payment policy

The company's policy in respect of its suppliers is to agree terms of payment on or before entering into each transaction and to adhere to such terms, subject to satisfactory completion of the transaction concerned. Where prior agreement is neither practicable nor feasible, invoices will be dealt with in a timely manner as part of a systematic payment process. The company does not follow any code or standard on payment practice. At 31 December 2008, the company's creditor days compared to the value of suppliers' invoices received in the year was 13 days (2007: 15 days).

Directors' report (continued)

Auditors

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be re-appointed and KPMG Audit Plc will, therefore, continue in office.

Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

By order of the board

M Carpenter

Secretary

2 Penman Way Grove Park Leicester LE19 1ST

30 October 2009

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



KPMG Audit Plc 2 Cornwall Street Birmingham B3 2DL

Independent auditors' report to the members of Maranello Sales Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Maranello Sales Limited for the year ended 31 December 2008 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities on page 3.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether, in our opinion, the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Maranello Sales Limited (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2008 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

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KPMG Audit Plc Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor 30 October 2009

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2008

	Notes	2008 £000	2007 £000
Turnover Cost of sales	I	49,938 (44,182)	74,304 (67,770)
Gross profit		5,756	6,534
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		(3,371) (1,388)	(4,262) (4,686)
Operating profit/(loss)		997	(2,414)
Interest payable and similar charges	2	(218)	(664)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	3	779	(3,078)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	5	(189)	465
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		590	(2,613)
			

In each year, there were no recognised gains and losses other than the profit/(loss) for the year.

In each year there are no material differences between the retained profit/(loss) and the historical cost equivalent.

All operations of the company continued throughout both years and no operations were acquired or discontinued.

Balance sheet at 31 December 2008

	Note	20	008		007
		£000	£000	£000	£000
Fixed assets	6		201		431
Tangible assets	O		391		431
C			391		431
Current assets Stocks	7	5,786		6,270	
Debtors	8	5,695		2,996	
Cash at bank	Ü	3		975	
		11,484		10,241	
		11,101		20,2	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(9,920)		(9,307)	
Net current assets			1,564		934
Total assets less current liabilities			1,955		1,365
Provisions for liabilities and charges	10		-		-
Net assets			1,955		1,365
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		-		-
Profit and loss account	12		1,955		1,365
Total equity shareholders' funds	13		1,955		1,365

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 30 October 2009 and were signed on its behalf by:

M Carpenter

Director

Company number: 1443371

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the group's financial statements.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Turnover

Turnover, which arises wholly in the United Kingdom from the company's principal activity, being that of the operation of motor dealerships, is the amount derived from the provision of goods and services falling within the company's ordinary activities after deduction of trade discounts and value added tax.

Consolidation and cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements afforded by section 228 of the Companies Act 1985 because it is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Sytner Group Ltd which prepares consolidated financial statements which are publicly available. The company is also, on this basis, exempt from the requirement of FRS 1 to present a cash flow statement.

Acquisitions

Acquisitions are accounted for under the acquisition accounting method. The results of businesses acquired are consolidated for the period from the date on which control passed.

Goodwill, representing any excess of the fair value of the consideration given over the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired, is amortised on a straight line basis over a period up to 20 years. Provision is made for any impairment.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures and equipment and motor vehicles -

Between 3 and 10 years

Residual value is calculated on prices prevailing at the date of acquisition.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value and include interest bearing consignment vehicles. Cost incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition is based on purchase price less trade discounts. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less further costs expected to be incurred to disposal. Provision is made for obsolete, slow-moving or defective items where appropriate.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the loss for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Pension costs

A number of employees are members of the Sytner Group Pension Plan, a defined contribution scheme.

For defined contribution schemes the amount charged to the profit and loss account in respect of pension costs and other post-retirement benefits is the contributions payable in the period. Differences between contributions payable in the period and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments in the balance sheet.

Leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term, even if the payments are not made on such a basis.

2	Interest	payable	and sin	nilar ch	arges
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	2008	2007
	£000	£000
Stocking loan interest	196	580
Bank overdrafts	22	84
	218	664
3 Notes to the profit and loss account		
	2008	2007
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation is stated	0003	£000
after charging		
Depreciation	119	161
Operating lease rentals		
Land and buildings	616	137
Hire of plant and machinery	4	-
		======

The audit fee for 2008 and 2007 has been borne by another group company on behalf of Maranello Sales Limited, for which no recharge has been made.

4 Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year was as follows:

	Number of employees	
	2008	2007
Workshop staff	34	47
Sales and distribution	19	19
Administration	9	12
	62	78
		
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:		
	£000	£000
Wages and salaries	2,228	2,950
Social security costs	235	330
Pension costs	35	105
	2,498	3,385

Directors' remuneration

The directors who served during the year are all directors of an intermediate parent company, Sytner Group Limited and are remunerated by that company. It is not practicable to allocate their remuneration to individual companies in the group. The remuneration has, therefore, been disclosed in the financial statements of Sytner Group Limited.

5 Taxation

Analysis of charge/(credit) in year

	2008 £000	2007 £000
UK corporation tax		
Current tax on income for the year	-	(1,026)
Adjustment in respect of previous years	369	56
Deferred tax (see note 10)		
Origination/reversal of timing differences	229	469
Adjustment in respect of previous years	(409)	36
		
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	189	(465)

5 Taxation (continued)

Factors affecting the tax credit for the current year

The corporation tax rate applicable to the company changed from 30% to 28% from 1 April 2008. The weighted average tax rate throughout the year of 28.5% has been used to determine tax calculations.

The current tax charge for the year is higher (2007: credit higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28.5% (2007: 30%). The differences are explained below:

of 28.5% (2007: 30%). The differences are explained belo	w:		
		2008 £000	2007 £000
Current tax reconciliation		2000	2000
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		779	(3,078)
Current tax at 28.5% (2007: 30%)		222	(923)
Effects of:			•
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	. 12	19	39
Difference between accounts profit and taxable profits on capital	asset disposals	(1)	65 3
Transfer pricing adjustment Capital allowances in excess of depreciation		(55)	(57)
Utilisation of tax losses		(39)	(37)
Other timing differences		(146)	(153)
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous years		369	56
Total current tax charge/(credit) (see above)		369	(970)
C. T. Whi C. J.			
6 Tangible fixed assets	Fixtures	Motor	Total
	rixtures and	vehicles	TOTAL
	equipment	venicies	
	£000	£000£	£000
Cost			
At beginning of year	1,964	100	2,064
Additions	52	57	109
Disposals	-	(44)	(44)
At end of year	2,016	113	2,129
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Depreciation			
At beginning of year	1,586	47	1,633
Charge for year	94	25	119
Disposals	-	(14)	(14)
At end of year	1,680	58	1,738
Net book value			
At 31 December 2008	336	55	391
At 31 December 2007	378	53	431

7 Stocks		
	2008	2007
	£000	£000
Vehicles for resale	2,577	4,086
Consignment stock	3,091	1,984
Parts	118	200
	5,786	6,270
8 Debtors	2008	2007
	0003	£000
Trade debtors	655	963
Other debtors	137	38
Amounts owed by group undertakings	4,320	1,195
Deferred taxation (note 10)	481	301
Prepayments and accrued income	102	42
Corporation tax	-	457
	5,695	2,996
Amounts owed by group undertakings are interest free and do not have	a fixed repayment date.	
9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4000	2007
	2008 £000	£000
	2000	2000
Bank overdraft	941	-
Stocking loans	1,453	1,548
Consignment stock liabilities	3,091	1,984
Trade creditors	1,681	1,179
Other taxes and social security	207	51
Other creditors	2,143	2,636
Accruals and deferred income	348 56	1,909
Corporation tax payable		
	9,920	9,307

The stocking loans are secured on the vehicles to which they relate and bear interest related to Finance House base rates.

The bank overdraft is secured by fixed and floating charges over the assets of the Group and bears interest at 1.75% over UK Base Rate.

Balance at end of year

10 Provisions for liabilities and charges The provision for liabilities and charges comprise deferred tax as follows: 2007 2008 £000 £000 (158)Decelerated capital allowances (198)Other timing differences (143)(283)(481)(301)There is no unprovided deferred tax at either the current year end or preceding year end. Movements on the deferred tax asset are analysed below: 2008 2007 000£ £000 (806)Balance at beginning of year (301)(Credited)/charged to profit and loss account (note 5) 505 (180)(301)Balance at end of year (481)These balances are disclosed in debtors (note 8). 11 Called up share capital 2008 2007 £000 £000 Authorised: 10,000 ordinary shares of £1 each 10 10 Allotted: 100 ordinary shares of £1 each 12 Profit and loss account 2007 2008 £000 £000 3,978 Balance at beginning of year 1,365 (2,613)Profit/(loss) for the financial year 590 1,365

1,955

13 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2008 £000	2007 £000
Opening shareholders' funds Profit/(loss) for the financial year	1,365 590	3,978 (2,613)
Closing shareholders' funds	1,955	1,365

14 Financial commitments

Operating leases

Annual commitments under non-cancellable leases are as follows:

	Land and	buildings	Plant and	machinery
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Expiry date:				
Within one year	74	-	-	1
Between two and five years	-	137	4	-
After five years	515	-	-	-
				
	589	137	4	1
	<u> </u>			

Capital commitments

The company had no capital commitments at either the current year end or preceding year end.

Contingent liabilities

The company has a cross guarantee with fellow group companies to guarantee bank borrowings.

15 Ultimate parent company and controlling party

The company is a subsidiary undertaking of Penske Automotive Group, Inc., incorporated in Michigan, USA. Penske Automotive Group, Inc. is also the largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated. The consolidated financial statements are available from 2555 Telegraph Road, Bloomfield Hills, Detroit, MI 48302-0954, USA.

The smallest group in which the results are consolidated is that headed by Sytner Group Limited incorporated in England and Wales. The consolidated financial statements are available to the public from the registrar of companies.

16 Related party transactions

The company entered into a number of transactions during the year with other companies within the above group. Under the provisions of FRS 8 no disclosure has been provided on the grounds that all companies within the group are 100% owned and the consolidated financial statements of the parent company are publicly available.