PINEWOOD FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED  UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016  PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	Company Registration No. 01425325 (England and Wales)
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016	
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# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Director** Mrs T P Evans

Company number 01425325

Registered office Crown House

151 High Road Loughton Essex IG10 4LG

Accountants Alwyns LLP

Crown House 151 High Road Loughton Essex IG10 4LG

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## **BALANCE SHEET**

#### AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

		2016		2015	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	5	758,503		740,927	
Cash at bank and in hand		34,227		11,678	
		792,730		752,605	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(153,145)		(52,696)	
Net current assets			639,585		699,909
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		99		99
Capital redemption reserve			1		1
Profit and loss reserves			639,485		699,809
Total equity			639,585		699,909

The director of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 27 September 2017

Mrs T P Evans

Director

Company Registration No. 01425325

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Capital Profit and redemptionloss reserves	
	£
1 764,478	764,578
•	
- (102,500 	) (102,500)
1 699,809	699,909
- 9,676	9,676
- (70,000 	(70,000)
1 639,485	639,585
	- 37,831 - (102,500 1 699,809 - 9,676 - (70,000

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Pinewood Finance Company Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Crown House, 151 High Road, Loughton, Essex, IG10 4LG.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 are the first financial statements of Finewood Finance Company Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 January 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

## 1.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises the value of finance charges received by the company, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

15% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.4 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks.

#### 1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

#### 1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.7 Taxation

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

# Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

#### 1.8 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### 1.9 Retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

# 1.10 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

## 2 Operating profit

During the year the company made irrevocable contributions of £143,204 (2015 - £153,130) to The Taylor Made Consulting Limited Remuneration Trust. No taxation liability arose to the company as a result of such transaction.

## 3 Employees

5

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 13 (2015 - 13).

## 4 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and m	achinery etc £
Cost		~
At 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016		47,457
Depreciation and impairment		
At 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016		47,457
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2016		-
At 31 December 2015		-
Debtors		
	2016	2015
Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
Trade debtors	610,045	735,792
Other debtors	148,458	5,135
	758,503	740,927

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	,	2016	2015
		£	£
	Corporation tax	11,329	20,556
	Other taxation and social security	10,972	17,161
	Other creditors	130,844	14,979
		153,145	52,696
7	Called up share capital	2016	2015
		£	2015 £
	Ordinary share capital	4	~
	Issued and fully paid		
	89 Ordinary shares of £1 each	89	89
	5 A Ordinary shares of £1 each	5	5
	5 B Ordinary shares of £1 each	5	5
		99	99

# 8 Related party transactions

# Transactions with related parties

At 31 December 2016 the company was owed £143,693 (2015 - £nil) by a member holding a participating interest in the company. The informal short term loan was interest free and has subsequently been repaid in full.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.