GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019 FOR

BRITISH HARLEQUIN PLC

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BRITISH HARLEQUIN PLC

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

DIRECTORS: R K Dagger G F W Dagger Ms A C Dagger **SECRETARY:** Ms A C Dagger **REGISTERED OFFICE:** Festival House Chapman Way Tunbridge Wells Kent TN2 3EF **REGISTERED NUMBER:** 01420396 (England and Wales) **AUDITORS: Greenaway Chartered Accountants** and Statutory Auditors 150 High Street Sevenoaks Kent **TN13 1XE BANKERS:** Barclays Bank plc 80 High Street Sevenoaks Kent

TN13 1LR

GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors present their strategic report of the company and the group for the year ended 31 December 2019.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

Harlequin is the world leader in advanced technology floors for the performing arts.

Established in the UK over 40 years ago, Harlequin remains the industry choice for the world's most prestigious dance and performing arts companies, theatres, venues and schools, production companies and global events.

Harlequin's experience and reputation are founded on the design, manufacture, supply and installation of a range of high quality portable and permanent sprung and vinyl floors, wooden dance surfaces, ballet barres and mirrors for dance studios and performance spaces. Chosen by the world's leading venues - from the Royal Opera House to the Bolshoi Theatre, the Paris Opera Ballet to the Royal New Zealand Ballet.

Harlequin is the global leader in its field with offices in Europe, the Americas and Asia Pacific.

Business Strategy

Harlequin is implementing a growth strategy to build on its current market position. The key elements of this strategy are:

- Unification One of Harlequin's strengths is our global reach and capability. By increasing
 i) standardisation and applying best practice across the group, we will improve financial performance. To support unification, a common ERP is now being adopted across the group.
- ii) Investment for growth Targeting sales and marketing investment into those areas that offer greatest potential for growth, including eCommerce.
- Driving innovation by building on what we know Innovation is critical from a brand perspective and Harlequin will maintain a healthy product development programme
- iv) Maintaining exceptional levels of service The exceptional level of service we provide to our customers is a core brand value.
- Investing in people Harlequin will invest in people. Our growth plan will be delivered through having the best people, motivated to deliver on strategic objectives.

Innovation Update

Product development within the areas of our expertise continued in 2019 with the launch of BLOC stage system. Harlequin BLOC is a high-quality flexible modular stage floor system that allows custom sizing and shaping for all technical requirements.

The group's eCommerce offering has been fully reviewed and the digital offering will be rolled out across all regions over the upcoming years.

GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

It is the directors' duty to focus on the principal risks confronting the business such as those relating to commercial, staff resource, liquidity, operation, regulatory risk and business continuity. The material risks and responses currently being managed are:

British exit from the European Union (Brexit)

On 23rd June 2016, the British people elected to leave the European Union. This risk is largely mitigated by the global nature of Harlequin Floors as we can naturally hedge cash flows around the group.

The longer-term impact of Brexit remains uncertain, though may include increased governance and regulation of stock movement between the UK and Continental Europe. To mitigate this possible risk, we have invested in an operational plant and warehouse in Liege. This facility will allow a greater proportion of purchases made within the European Union to remain within the European Union and thus not be impacted by additional costs associated with stock movement into or out of the UK.

Covid-19 pandemic

On 11th March 2020, the Covid-19 outbreak was confirmed as a pandemic by the World Health Organization. The impact of the pandemic on the reported 2019 numbers was limited in nature. During 2020 the group has remained in a strong liquidity position as a direct result of cost control within the business and liquidity planning from the start of the Covid-19 outbreak. The group has also utilised many of the products offered by governments in each of our markets. Our business strategy has been followed, resulting in a focus on two key areas:

- i) Installation sales as customers undertake capital investment while attendance at facilities is reduced or not possible
- ii) Acceleration of the digital channel development within the business to improve the eCommerce offering to private and commercial customers.

Our employees remain critical to the success of the group and where possible, our employees are working from home using enabling technology solutions and working flexibly around their domestic circumstances. For those employees unable to work from home, primarily our factory-based teams, we have implemented both social distancing and elevated health measures, including temperature checking and additional cleaning regimes. All employees classified as vulnerable, or with a vulnerable family member, were identified early on and special measures put in place to support and safeguard them. We have adopted all government and public health authority guidelines in each of our markets. We have also put additional measures in place to support the health and wellbeing of all our employees in these uncertain times.

Commercial Risk

The directors remain informed of the competitive landscape by membership of key trade associations, attendance at relevant trade fairs and our close working relationships with key customers. Competitor activity is continually monitored and short and long-term responses managed through senior management forums and the business strategy as appropriate.

Liquidity and business continuity risk

The company seeks to mitigate any liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient levels of funds within the business to meet its forecast working capital requirements. The group policy has consistently been to build up its reserves to enable it to manage its resources and such risks. These risks are managed by management on a regular basis with reference to trading and cashflow forecasts. The group has developed appropriate, reliable IT systems to manage financial performance, stock control and its business services to customers.

GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

BUSINESS PERFORMANCE

The London office continues to benefit from originating the group business strategy and fully adopting it. The 2019 year saw sales growth of over 10% on prior year as a result of strong performance across both supply only and installation sales.

The Luxembourg office has achieved sales growth of approximately 10% on prior year driven by a strong performance in most regions, attributed to the investment in people and leverage of the CRM system implemented in 2017.

The Berlin office operations have been reviewed in 2019, applying group business strategy. The resulting investment in people and processes, supported by the operational plant and warehouse in Liege is expected to see improved profitability in 2020 and beyond.

The Sydney office experienced a transitional year in 2019 and operated with a higher cost burden than in prior years. The sales team has now been restructured and operates on a more efficient cost base.

The Hong Kong office had a stable year, maintaining good sales and profitability.

The Liege plant became fully operational in 2019. The costs of the initial set up have been absorbed by the group in 2019 and the business is expected to be profitable in 2020.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

G F W Dagger - Director

30 September 2020

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 31 December 2019.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the group in the year under review was that of dealing in goods and services connected with education, the theatre and entertainment industry.

DIVIDENDS

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 31 December 2019 will be £ 202,000.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2019 to the date of this report.

R K Dagger G F W Dagger Ms A C Dagger

DONATIONS

During the year the group made charitable donations amounting to £2,458

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures
- disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

AUDITORS

The auditors, Greenaway Chartered Accountants, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

G F W Dagger - Director

30 September 2020

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF BRITISH HARLEQUIN PLC

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of British Harlequin Plc (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 December 2019 which comprise the Consolidated Income Statement, Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Balance Sheet, Company Balance Sheet, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Company Statement of Changes in Equity, Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF BRITISH HARLEQUIN PLC

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page five, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Robert Lovitt (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Greenaway Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors 150 High Street Sevenoaks Kent TN13 1XE

30 September 2020

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

| | Notes | 31/12/19 £ | 31/12/18 £ |
|--|-------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| TURNOVER | 3 | 16,019,299 | 16,170,895 |
| Cost of sales GROSS PROFIT | | 9,500,137 6,519,162 | 9,182,688 6,988,207 |
| Administrative expenses | | <u>7,157,632</u> (638,470) | 6,904,613 83,594 |
| Other operating income OPERATING PROFIT | 5 | <u>1,028,754</u> 390,284 | 861,820 945,414 |
| Interest receivable and similar income | | <u>1,603</u> 391,887 | 5,206 950,620 |
| Interest payable and similar expenses PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION | 6 | 33,212 358,675 | 31,788 918,832 |
| Tax on profit PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR Profit attributable to: Owners of the parent | 7 | 164,543 194,132 194,132 | 202,654 716,178 716,178 |

CONSOLIDATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

| | Notes | 31/12/19 £ | 31/12/18 £ |
|--|-------|-----------------|---------------|
| PROFIT FOR THE YEAR | | 194,132 | 716,178 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Exchange differences on conversion Income tax relating to other comprehensive income OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME | | (92,633) | 43,575 |
| FOR THE YEAR, NET OF INCOME TAX TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME | | <u>(92,633)</u> | 43,575 |
| FOR THE YEAR | | 101,499 | 759,753 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to Owners of the parent | х: | 101,499 | 759,753 |

The notes form part of these financial statements

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2019

| | | 31/12 | 2/19 | 31/12/18 | |
|---|-------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | Notes | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| FIXED ASSETS | | | | | |
| Intangible assets | 10 | | (114,485) | | (142,432) |
| Tangible assets | 11 | | 2,336,302 | | 2,336,858 |
| Investments | 12 | | | _ | |
| | | | 2,221,817 | | 2,194,426 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | |
| Stocks | 13 | 3,548,111 | | 3,235,222 | |
| Debtors | 14 | 2,344,433 | | 2,532,711 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 1,896,966 | | 1,810,159 | |
| | | 7,789,510 | - | 7,578,092 | |
| CREDITORS | | .,, | | ., | |
| Amounts falling due within one year | 15 | 3,294,355 | | 2,844,109 | |
| NET CURRENT ASSETS | | | 4,495,155 | | 4,733,983 |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | | | | - | |
| LIABILITIES | | | 6,716,972 | | 6,928,409 |
| CREDITORS | | | | | |
| Amounts falling due after more than one | | | | | |
| year | 16 | | (855,878) | | (966,814) |
| year | 10 | | (000,070) | | (500,514) |
| PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES | 20 | | (37,058) | | (37,058) |
| NET ASSETS | | | 5,824,036 | - | 5,924,537 |
| | | | | • | |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 21 | | 50,000 | | 50,000 |
| Revaluation reserve | 22 | | 471,855 | | 471,855 |
| Other reserves | 22 | | 190,470 | | 144,635 |
| Retained earnings | 22 | | 5,111,711 | _ | 5,258,047 |
| SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS | | | 5,824,036 | | 5,924,537 |
| | | | | - | |

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 30 September 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

G F W Dagger - Director

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2019

| | | 31/12 | /19 | 31/12 | /18 |
|---|-------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | Notes | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| FIXED ASSETS | | | | | |
| Intangible assets | 10 | | 52,002 | | 40,709 |
| Tangible assets | 11 | | 2,124,622 | | 2,180,413 |
| Investments | 12 | | 1,634,918 | | 1,634,918 |
| | | | 3,811,542 | | 3,856,040 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | |
| Stocks | 13 | 1,651,905 | | 1,656,643 | |
| Debtors | 14 | 3,458,791 | | 2,304,331 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 467,067 | | 572,473 | |
| | | 5,577,763 | _ | 4,533,447 | |
| CREDITORS | | | | | |
| Amounts falling due within one year | 15 | 1,901,907 | | 1,575,118 | |
| NET CURRENT ASSETS | | | 3,675,856 | _ | 2,958,329 |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | 7,487,398 | | 6,814,369 |
| CREDITORS | | | | | |
| Amounts falling due after more than one | | | | | |
| year | 16 | | (855,878) | | (966,814) |
| , 0 | | | (000,000) | | (,, |
| PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES | 20 | | (37,058) | | (37,058) |
| NET ASSETS | | | 6,594,462 | | 5,810,497 |
| | | | | | |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 21 | | 50,000 | | 50,000 |
| Revaluation reserve | 22 | | 471,855 | | 471,855 |
| Retained earnings | 22 | | 6,072,607 | | 5,288,642 |
| SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS | | | 6,594,462 | | 5,810,497 |
| Company's profit for the financial year | | | 985,965 | | 853,581 |
| | | | <u> </u> | | |

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 30 September 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

G F W Dagger - Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

| | Called up share capital £ | Retained earnings £ | Revaluation reserve £ | Other reserves £ | Total equity £ |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Balance at 1 January 2018 | 50,000 | 4,742,149 | 471,855 | 142,780 | 5,406,784 |
| Changes in equity | | | | | |
| Dividends | = | (242,000) | = | - | (242,000) |
| Total comprehensive income | - | 757,898 | - | 1,855 | 759,753 |
| Balance at 31 December 2018 | 50,000 | 5,258,047 | 471,855 | 144,635 | 5,924,537 |
| Changes in equity | | | | | |
| Dividends | - | (202,000) | - | - | (202,000) |
| Total comprehensive income | - | 55,664 | - | 45,835 | 101,499 |
| Balance at 31 December 2019 | 50,000 | 5,111,711 | 471,855 | 190,470 | 5,824,036 |

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

| | Called up share capital £ | Retained earnings £ | Revaluation reserve £ | Total equity £ |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Balance at 1 January 2018 | 50,000 | 4,677,061 | 471,855 | 5,198,916 |
| Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 December 2018 | - - 50,000 | (242,000) 853,581 5,288,642 | - - 471,855 | (242,000) 853,581 5,810,497 |
| Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income | - - | (202,000) 985,965 | - - | (202,000) 985,965 |
| Balance at 31 December 2019 | 50,000 | 6,072,607 | 471,855 | 6,594,462 |

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

| | | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|------------------|-----------|
| | Notes | £ | £ |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | |
| Cash generated from operations | 1 | 755,190 | 485,160 |
| Interest paid | | (32,571) | (31,788) |
| Interest element of hire purchase or | | • • • | |
| finance lease rental payments paid | | (641) | - |
| Tax paid | | (253,910) | (136,527) |
| Net cash from operating activities | | 468,068 | 316,845 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | |
| Purchase of intangible fixed assets | | (18,030) | - |
| Purchase of tangible fixed assets | | (191,825) | (97,750) |
| Sale of tangible fixed assets | | 1,446 | 4,167 |
| Interest received | | 1,603 | 5,206 |
| Net cash from investing activities | | (206,806) | (88,377) |
| | | | · |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | |
| New loans in year | | (404 ===0) | 1,146,000 |
| Loan repayments in year | | (101,573) | (748,498) |
| Amount introduced by directors | | 28,981 | 28,533 |
| Amount withdrawn by directors | | 100,137 | (28,865) |
| Equity dividends paid | | (202,000) | (242,000) |
| Net cash from financing activities | | <u>(174,455)</u> | 155,170 |
| Increase in cash and cash equivalents | | 86,807 | 383,638 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at | | | |
| beginning of year | 2 | 1,810,159 | 1,426,521 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of | | | |
| year | 2 | <u>1,896,966</u> | 1,810,159 |

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

| | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| | £ | £ |
| Profit before taxation | 358,675 | 918,832 |
| Depreciation charges | 166,886 | 155,165 |
| Loss on disposal of fixed assets | 7,700 | 593 |
| Exchange difference on conversion | (86,201) | 42,783 |
| Finance costs | 33,212 | 31,788 |
| Finance income | (1,603) | (5,206) |
| | 478,669 | 1,143,955 |
| Increase in stocks | (312,889) | (419,218) |
| Decrease/(increase) in trade and other debtors | 160,403 | (187,340) |
| Increase/(decrease) in trade and other creditors | 429,007 | (52,237) |
| Cash generated from operations | 755,190 | 485,160 |

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year ended 31 December 2019

| Total chiece of Becomber 2010 | 31/12/19 £ | 1/1/19 £ |
|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | 1,896,966 | 1,810,159 |
| Year ended 31 December 2018 | 31/12/18 | 1/1/18 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | £ 1,810,159 | £ 1,426,521 |

3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS

| | At 1/1/19 £ | Cash flow £ | At 31/12/19 £ |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| Net cash | | | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | 1,810,159 | 86,807 | 1,896,966 |
| | 1,810,159 | 86,807 | 1,896,966 |
| Debt | | | |
| Debts falling due within 1 year | (96,153) | (9,363) | (105,516) |
| Debts falling due after 1 year | (966,814) | 110,936 | (855,878) |
| - · · · · · | (1,062,967) | 101,573 | (961,394) |
| Total | 747,192 | 188,380 | 935,572 |

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

British Harlequin Plc is a private company, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the General Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

Basis of consolidation

The group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the company and its subsidiary undertakings made up to 31 December 2018.

The profits and losses of subsidiary undertakings are consolidated from the date of acquisition. The difference between the cost of shares in subsidiaries and the fair value of the separable net assets acquired is amortised through the profit and loss account in equal instalments over its estimated useful life.

Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Transactions between group entities which have been eliminated on consolidation are not disclosed within the financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Goodwill

Goodwill, being the full amount paid in connection with the acquisition of the subsidiary companies, is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of twenty years.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Patents and licences are being amortised evenly over their estimated useful life of nil years.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold property - 4% on cost Short leasehold - 10% on cost Improvements to property - 4% on cost

Plant and machinery - 50% on cost and 33% on cost

Fixtures and fittings 50% on cost, 33% on cost, 20% on cost, 15% on reducing balance and at

varying rates on cost

Motor vehicles - 33% on cost and 20% on reducing balance

Page 17 continued...

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Stocks

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out method and includes all purchase, transport, and handling costs in bringing stocks to their present location and condition.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Consolidated Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign currencies

The Group financial statements are presented in pound sterling.

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Financial statements of overseas subsidiaries are translated at the rate ruling at the balance sheet date.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the group's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

3. TURNOVER

Directors' remuneration

Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the group.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

| | | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 |
|--------|---|-------------------|--------------------|
| | | £ | £ |
| | United Kingdom | 4,434,467 | 3,998,252 |
| | Europe | 7,987,304 | 7,903,331 |
| | Rest of the world | 3,597,528 | 4,269,312 |
| | | 16,019,299 | 16,170,895 |
| | An analysis of turnover by geographical origin is given below: | | |
| | An analysis of turnover by geographical origin is given below: | 2019 | 2018 |
| | C C | 2019 | 2016 |
| | £ £ | C 000 E70 | E 110 100 |
| | United Kingdom | 6,003,578 | 5,119,498 |
| | Europe Rest of the World | 6,799,510 | 7,039,675 |
| | Rest of the world | 3,216,211 | 4,011,722 |
| | = | 16,019,299 | <u> 16,170,895</u> |
| 4. | EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS | | |
| \lnot. | EMI LOTELO AND DIRECTORO | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Wages and salaries | 4,077,878 | 4,004,188 |
| | Social security costs | 290,960 | 257,829 |
| | Other pension costs | 74,001 | 81,471 |
| | Cities perision costs | 4,442,839 | 4,343,488 |
| | | | |
| | The average number of employees during the year was as follows: | | |
| | | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 |
| | | | |
| | Installation | 6 | 4 |
| | Administration | 20 | 21 |
| | Selling | 46 | 42 |
| | Warehouse | 9 | 9 |
| | | <u>81</u> | 9 76 |
| | The average number of employees by undertakings that were proportionately con | solidated during | tha |
| | year was 37 (2018 - 32). | solidated duffing | uic |
| | | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 |
| | | £ | £ |

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185,462

176,763

8,409

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

5. **OPERATING PROFIT**

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

| | | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 |
|----|---|--------------|---------------|
| | | £ | £ |
| | Hire of plant and machinery | 9,939 | 10,179 |
| | Other operating leases | 204,987 | 192,014 |
| | Depreciation - owned assets | 176,149 | 164,893 |
| | Loss on disposal of fixed assets | 7,700 | 593 |
| | Goodwill amortisation | (16,654) | (16,654) |
| | Patents and licences amortisation | 6,737 | 6,125 |
| | Auditors' remuneration | 13,200 | 16,800 |
| | Auditors' remuneration for non audit work | 5,058 | 2,736 |
| | Foreign exchange differences | (243) | (388) |
| | Component auditors remuneration | <u>7,125</u> | 7,231 |
| 6. | INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES | | |
| | | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Bank interest | 161 | 1 ,155 |
| | Bank loan interest | 31,519 | 30,633 |
| | HMRC Interest | 891 | _ |
| | Leasing | 641 | - |
| | | 33,212 | 31,788 |
| 7. | TAXATION | | |
| | Analysis of the tax charge | | |
| | The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows: | | |
| | | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Current tax: | | |
| | UK corporation tax | 164,314 | 203,242 |
| | Under/over provision in prior years | 229 | |
| | Total current tax | 164,543 | 203,242 |
| | Deferred tax | - | (588) |
| | Tax on profit | 164,543 | 202,654 |
| | UK corporation tax has been charged at 19% (2018 - 19%). | | |

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

7. TAXATION - continued

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

| Profit before tax | | £ 358,675 | £ 918,832 |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%) | | 68,148 | 174,578 |
| Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes | | 1,839 (35,571) | 5,570 - |
| Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Non taxable overseas income | | 10,722 18,688 | 4,930 (126,722) |
| Overseas Tax Deferred tax movement Underprovision in prior year Total tax charge | | 100,488 - 229 164,543 | 144,886 (588) |
| Tax effects relating to effects of other comprehensive income | | | |
| Exchange differences on conversion | Gross £ (92,633) | 31/12/19 Tax £ | Net £ (92,633) |

Included in UK Corporation Tax charge is an amount of £100,287 (2018: £143,739) relating to taxation charges from the overseas subsidiaries,

8. INDIVIDUAL INCOME STATEMENT

Exchange differences on conversion

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements.

9. **DIVIDENDS**

| | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 |
|---------|----------|----------|
| | £ | £ |
| Interim | 202,000 | 242,000 |

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31/12/19

31/12/18

Tax

£

Gross

43,575

£

31/12/18

Net

£ 43,575

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

10. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

| Grou | Jp |
|------|----|
| | |

| Стоир | | Patents and | |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| | Goodwill | licences | Totals |
| | £ | £ | £ |
| COST | | | |
| At 1 January 2019 | (333,079) | 62,692 | (270,387) |
| Additions | _ | 18,030 | 18,030 |
| At 31 December 2019 | (333,079) | 80,722 | (252,357) |
| AMORTISATION | | | |
| At 1 January 2019 | (149,938) | 21,983 | (127,955) |
| Amortisation for year | (16,654) | 6,737 | (9,917) |
| At 31 December 2019 | (166,592) | 28,720 | (137,872) |
| NET BOOK VALUE | | | <u> </u> |
| At 31 December 2019 | (166,487) | 52,002 | (114,485) |
| At 31 December 2018 | (183,141) | 40,709 | (142,432) |
| | | | |
| Company | | | |
| | | | Patents |
| | | | and |
| | | | licences |
| | | | £ |
| COST | | | 00.000 |
| At 1 January 2019 | | | 62,692 |
| Additions | | | 18,030 |
| At 31 December 2019 | | | 80,722 |
| AMORTISATION | | | 04.000 |
| At 1 January 2019 | | | 21,983 |
| Amortisation for year | | | 6,737 |
| At 31 December 2019 | | | 28,720 |
| NET BOOK VALUE | | | E0 000 |
| At 31 December 2019 | | | <u>52,002</u> |
| At 31 December 2018 | | | <u>40,709</u> |

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group

| Огоир | | | Improvements | |
|------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| | Freehold | Short | to | Plant and |
| | property | leasehold | property | machinery |
| | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| COST OR VALUATION | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| | 1,974,273 | 3,195 | 144,026 | 238,044 |
| At 1 January 2019 | 1,974,273 | 3,195 | | |
| Additions | - | (2.40E) | 61,262 | 75,510 |
| Disposals | - | (3,195) | (450) | (14,041) |
| Exchange differences | | | (153) | (6,511) |
| At 31 December 2019 | 1,974,273 | <u>-</u> | 205,135 | 293,002 |
| DEPRECIATION | | | | |
| At 1 January 2019 | 105,651 | 1,598 | 40,491 | 175,702 |
| Charge for year | 15,093 | 319 | 9,914 | 24,660 |
| Eliminated on disposal | - | (1,917) | - | (12,976) |
| Exchange differences | - | - | (44) | (6,942) |
| At 31 December 2019 | 120,744 | - | 50,361 | 180,444 |
| NET BOOK VALUE | | | | |
| At 31 December 2019 | 1,853,529 | _ | 154,774 | 112,558 |
| At 31 December 2018 | 1,868,622 | 1,597 | 103,535 | 62,342 |
| | | | | , |
| | Fixtures | | | |
| | and | Motor | Integral | |
| | fittings | vehicles | Features | Totals |
| | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| COST OR VALUATION | | | | |
| At 1 January 2019 | 608,650 | 149,099 | 25,079 | 3,142,366 |
| Additions | 35,038 | 12,263 | 7,752 | 191,825 |
| Disposals | (1,276) | (11,043) | (1,633) | (31,188) |
| Exchange differences | (12,711) | (1,060) | (421) | (20,856) |
| At 31 December 2019 | 629,701 | 149,259 | 30,777 | 3,282,147 |
| DEPRECIATION | | 1 10,200 | | 0,202,111 |
| At 1 January 2019 | 374,482 | 99,447 | 8,137 | 805,508 |
| Charge for year | 104,284 | 17,280 | 4,599 | 176,149 |
| | • | (4,267) | (1,607) | |
| Eliminated on disposal | (1,275) (7,973) | | | (22,042) |
| Exchange differences | (7,873) | (522) | 1,611 | (13,770) |
| At 31 December 2019 | 469,618 | 111,938 | 12,740 | 945,845 |
| NET BOOK VALUE | | | | |
| At 31 December 2019 | 160,083 | 37,321 | 18,037 | 2,336,302 |
| At 31 December 2018 | 234,168 | 49,652 | 16,942 | 2,336,858 |
| | | | | |

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Group

Cost or valuation at 31 December 2019 is represented by:

| | | | Improvements | |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| | | Freehold | to | Plant and |
| | | property | property | machinery |
| | | £ | £ | £ |
| Valuation in 2009 | | 342,488 | - | - |
| Valuation in 2011 | | 50,000 | | |
| Cost | _ | 1,581,785 | 205,135 | 293,002 |
| | = | <u>1,974,273</u> | 205,135 | 293,002 |
| | Fixtures | | | |
| | and | Motor | Integral | |
| | fittings | vehicles | Features | Totals |
| | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Valuation in 2009 | - | - | - | 342,488 |
| Valuation in 2011 | - | - | - | 50,000 |
| Cost | 629,701 | 149,259 | 30,777 | 2,889,659 |
| | 629,701 | 149,259 | 30,777 | 3,282,147 |
| Company | | | | |
| Company | | | Improvements | |
| | | | | |
| | Freehold | Short | to | Plant and |
| | Freehold property | Short leasehold | | Plant and machinery |
| | | | to | |
| COST OR VALUATION | property | leasehold | to property | machinery |
| COST OR VALUATION At 1 January 2019 | property | leasehold | to property | machinery |
| | property £ | leasehold £ | to property £ | machinery £ |
| At 1 January 2019 | property £ | leasehold £ | to property £ 140,876 | machinery £ 92,550 |
| At 1 January 2019 Additions | property £ 1,974,273 | leasehold £ 3,195 | to property £ 140,876 | machinery £ 92,550 6,268 |
| At 1 January 2019 Additions Disposals | property £ | leasehold £ 3,195 | to property £ 140,876 7,340 | machinery £ 92,550 6,268 (1,249) |
| At 1 January 2019 Additions Disposals At 31 December 2019 DEPRECIATION | property £ 1,974,273 | leasehold £ 3,195 | to property £ 140,876 7,340 | machinery £ 92,550 6,268 (1,249) |
| At 1 January 2019 Additions Disposals At 31 December 2019 | 1,974,273 - 1,974,273 | leasehold £ 3,195 - (3,195) | to property £ 140,876 7,340 - 148,216 | 92,550 6,268 (1,249) 97,569 |
| At 1 January 2019 Additions Disposals At 31 December 2019 DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2019 | 1,974,273 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | leasehold £ 3,195 - (3,195) - 1,598 | to property £ 140,876 7,340 | 92,550 6,268 (1,249) 97,569 |
| At 1 January 2019 Additions Disposals At 31 December 2019 DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2019 Charge for year | 1,974,273 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | leasehold £ 3,195 - (3,195) - 1,598 319 | to property £ 140,876 7,340 | 92,550 6,268 (1,249) 97,569 67,945 6,906 |
| At 1 January 2019 Additions Disposals At 31 December 2019 DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2019 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal | 1,974,273 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | leasehold £ 3,195 - (3,195) - 1,598 319 | to property £ 140,876 7,340 148,216 39,580 6,892 | 92,550 6,268 (1,249) 97,569 67,945 6,906 (188) |
| At 1 January 2019 Additions Disposals At 31 December 2019 DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2019 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal At 31 December 2019 | 1,974,273 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | leasehold £ 3,195 - (3,195) - 1,598 319 | to property £ 140,876 7,340 148,216 39,580 6,892 | 92,550 6,268 (1,249) 97,569 67,945 6,906 (188) |
| At 1 January 2019 Additions Disposals At 31 December 2019 DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2019 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal At 31 December 2019 NET BOOK VALUE | 1,974,273 | leasehold £ 3,195 - (3,195) - 1,598 319 | to property £ 140,876 7,340 - 148,216 39,580 6,892 - 46,472 | 92,550 6,268 (1,249) 97,569 67,945 6,906 (188) 74,663 |

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Company

| | Fixtures and fittings £ | Motor vehicles £ | Integral Features £ | Totals £ |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| COST OR VALUATION | | | | |
| At 1 January 2019 | 350,574 | 122,323 | 14,450 | 2,698,241 |
| Additions | 27,275 | - | 834 | 41,717 |
| Disposals | - | (5,000) | - | (9,444) |
| At 31 December 2019 | 377,849 | 117,323 | 15,284 | 2,730,514 |
| DEPRECIATION | | | | |
| At 1 January 2019 | 215,521 | 86,248 | 1,285 | 517,828 |
| Charge for year | 48,906 | 13,427 | 726 | 92,269 |
| Eliminated on disposal | - | (2,100) | - | (4,205) |
| At 31 December 2019 | 264,427 | 97,575 | 2,011 | 605,892 |
| NET BOOK VALUE | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | |
| At 31 December 2019 | 113,422 | 19,748 | 13,273 | 2,124,622 |
| At 31 December 2018 | 135,053 | 36,075 | 13,165 | 2,180,413 |

Included in cost or valuation of land and buildings is freehold land of £ 896,298 (2018 - £ 896,298) which is not depreciated.

Cost or valuation at 31 December 2019 is represented by:

| | | | Improvements | |
|-------------------|----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| | | Freehold | to | Plant and |
| | | property | property | machinery |
| | | £ | £ | £ |
| Valuation in 2009 | | 342,488 | - | - |
| Valuation in 2011 | | 50,000 | - | - |
| Cost | | 1,581,785 | 148,216 | 97,569 |
| | | 1,974,273 | 148,216 | 97,569 |
| | Fixtures | | | |
| | and | Motor | Integral | |
| | fittings | vehicles | Features | Totals |
| | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Valuation in 2009 | - | - | - | 342,488 |
| Valuation in 2011 | - | - | - | 50,000 |
| Cost | 377,849 | 117,323 | 15,284 | 2,338,026 |
| | 377,849 | 117,323 | 15,284 | 2,730,514 |

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Company

If freehold land and buildings had not been revalued they would have been included at the following historical cost:

| | 31/12/19 £ | 31/12/18 £ |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Cost Aggregate depreciation | 1,107,512 157,500 | 1,107,512 157,500 |
| Value of land in freehold land and buildings | 950,012 | 950,012 |

Freehold land and buildings were valued on an open market basis on 19 July 2011 by Jones Lang Lasalle

12. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Company

 COST
 £

 At 1 January 2019
 1,634,918

 and 31 December 2019
 1,634,918

 NET BOOK VALUE
 1,634,918

 At 31 December 2019
 1,634,918

 At 31 December 2018
 1,634,918

The group or the company's investments at the Balance Sheet date in the share capital of companies include the following:

Subsidiaries

Theatre Flooring Company

Registered office: Festival House, Chapman Way, Tunbridge Wells, Kent, TN2 3EF, United Kingdom

Nature of business: Dormant Company

Class of shares: %
Ordinary %
100.00

Aggregate capital and reserves $\begin{array}{ccc} & 31/3/20 & 31/3/19 \\ & \pounds & \pounds \\ & & 3 & 3 \end{array}$

Page 26 continued...

Shares in

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

12. **FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued**

| Harlequin Europe S.A. Registered office: 29 Rue Notre Dame, Luxembourg, L-2240 | Luvomboura | | |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Nature of business: Theatre and Entertainment Industry | _ | | |
| Class of shares: Ordinary | % holding 100.00 | | |
| G.a.na.y | | 31/12/19 £ | 31/12/18 |
| Aggregate capital and reserves Profit for the year | = | 1,914,021 169,413 | £ 1,836,093 382,434 |
| Harlequin Asia Limited Registered office: 2/F The Strand, 49 Bonham Strand, Sheu Nature of business: Theatre and Entertainment Industry | ng Wan, Hong Kong | | |
| · | % | | |
| Class of shares: Ordinary | holding 100.00 | | |
| | | 31/12/19 £ | 31/12/18 £ |
| Aggregate capital and reserves Profit for the year | | 476,604 220,317 | 265,683 374,828 |
| Harlequin Deutschland GmbH Registered office: Melanchthonstraße 16, D-10557 Berlin, G Nature of business: Theatre and Entertainment Industry | • | | |
| Class of shares: | % holding | | |
| Ordinary | 100.00 | 044040 | 04/40/40 |
| | | 31/12/19 £ | 31/12/18 £ |
| Aggregate capital and reserves Loss for the year | | (241,947) <u>(212,121</u>) | (31,389) (29,999) |
| Australian Harlequin Pty Limited Registered office: 1/47 Prime Drive, Seven Hills, NSW 2147 | . Australia | | |
| Nature of business: Theatre and Entertainment Industry | | | |
| Class of shares: | % holding | | |
| Ordinary | 100.00 | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 |
| Aggregate capital and reserves Loss for the year | | £ (436,558) <u>(261,138</u>) | £ (182,651) (98,369) |

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

12. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued

| Harregain Ochthal Och Hock | Harle | guin | Central | Services |
|----------------------------|-------|------|---------|----------|
|----------------------------|-------|------|---------|----------|

Registered office: 29 Rue Notre Dame, Luxembourg, L-2240, Luxembourg

Nature of business: Theatre and Entertainment Industry

Class of shares: holding Ordinary 100.00

Aggregate capital and reserves $\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{31/12/19} & \textbf{31/12/18} \\ \textbf{£} & \textbf{£} \\ \textbf{Aggregate capital and reserves} & \textbf{9,925} & 6 \\ \textbf{Profit/(loss) for the year} & \textbf{9,921} & (3,481) \\ \end{array}$

Harlequin Central Operations

Registered office: 3 Rue de Benister, Aywaille, 4920, Belgium Nature of business: Theatre and Entertainment Industry

Class of shares: holding Ordinary 100.00

 Aggregate capital and reserves
 (221,162)
 9,620

 Loss for the year
 (230,424)
 (1,324)

13. STOCKS

| | Gr | Group | | Company | |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|
| | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 | |
| | £ | £ | £ | £ | |
| Stocks | 3,504,346 | 3,205,106 | 1,608,140 | 1,626,527 | |
| Work-in-progress | 43,765 | 30,116 | 43,765 | 30,116 | |
| | 3,548,111 | 3,235,222 | 1,651,905 | 1,656,643 | |

14. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

| | Group | | Company | |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 |
| | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Trade debtors | 1,652,276 | 1,818,573 | 316,255 | 352,928 |
| Amounts due from associate | | | | |
| undertakings | 89,319 | 75,910 | 2,869,927 | 1,760,426 |
| Other debtors | 158,529 | 345,483 | 28,251 | 17,955 |
| Directors' current accounts | 840 | 28,715 | 840 | 28,715 |
| VAT | 133,794 | 43,111 | - | - |
| Prepayments and accrued income | 309,675 | 220,919 | 243,518 | 144,307 |
| | 2,344,433 | 2,532,711 | 3,458,791 | 2,304,331 |

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

15. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

| | Group | | Company | |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 |
| | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 17) | 105,516 | 96,153 | 105,516 | 96,153 |
| Trade creditors | 1,666,351 | 1,427,614 | 769,002 | 730,478 |
| Amounts due to associated undertakings | 537 | - | 441 | 440 |
| Tax | 105,251 | 194,618 | 64,698 | 59,503 |
| Social security and other taxes | 123,020 | 83,421 | 55,064 | 52,789 |
| VAT | - | - | 54,921 | 29,465 |
| Other creditors | 719,517 | 696,134 | 551,078 | 480,473 |
| Directors' current accounts | 119,116 | 17,873 | 118,850 | 17,596 |
| Accruals and deferred income | 455,047 | 328,296 | 182,337 | 108,221 |
| | 3,294,355 | 2,844,109 | 1,901,907 | 1,575,118 |

16. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

| | Group | | Com | Company | |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|
| | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 | |
| | £ | £ | £ | £ | |
| Bank loans (see note 17) | 855,878 | 966,814 | 855,878 | 966,814 | |

17. **LOANS**

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

| | Group | | Company | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| | 31/12/19 £ | 31/12/18 £ | 31/12/19 £ | 31/12/18 £ |
| Amounts falling due within one year or on demand: Bank loans | 105,516 | 96.153 | 105,516 | 96,153 |
| Amounts falling due between one and two years: | | | | |
| Bank loans - 1-2 years Amounts falling due between two and five years: | <u>105,521</u> | <u>96,157</u> | <u>105,521</u> | 96,157 |
| Bank loans - 2-5 years | <u>750,357</u> | <u>870,657</u> | 750,357 | 870,657 |

The mortgage loan is secured by a first legal charge over the freehold land and buildings.

18. **LEASING AGREEMENTS**

Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

| G | ro | u | D |
|---|----|---|---|
| | | | |

| | | Non-cancellable operating leases | |
|----------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|--|
| | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 | |
| | £ | £ | |
| Within one year | 10,000 | 23,107 | |
| Between one and five years | 596,565 | 1,040,762 | |
| · | 606,565 | 1,063,869 | |
| Company | | | |
| . • | Non-ca | ncellable | |
| | operatir | operating leases | |
| | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 | |
| | £ | £ | |

In addition to the above, the company rents a property from the Dagger Executive Pension Scheme. The rent is £40,000 per annum, there is not a defined term on the lease. However, the company must give three months notice if they wish to terminate it.

19. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

| | Cor | npany |
|------------|----------------|-----------|
| | 31/12/19 | 31/12/18 |
| | £ | £ |
| Bank loans | <u>961,394</u> | 1,062,967 |

The bank overdrafts are secured by a debenture dated 10 September 2010.

20. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

Between one and five years

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| | 31/12/19 £ | 31/12/18 £ | 31/12/19 £ | 31/12/18 £ |
| Deferred tax | <u>37,058</u> | <u>37,058</u> | <u>37,058</u> | <u>37,058</u> |
| Group | | | | Deferred tax |
| Balance at 1 January 2019 Balance at 31 December 2019 | | | | 37,058 37,058 |

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118,764

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

20. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES - continued

| | Company | | | | | Deferred tax £ |
|-----|--|---------------------------------|---|--|------------------------|--|
| | | January 2019 1 December 2019 | | | | 37,058 37,058 |
| 21. | CALLED UP | SHARE CAPITAL | | | | |
| | Allotted, issu Number: | ed and fully paid: Class: | | Nominal value: | 31/12/19 £ | 31/12/18 £ |
| | 50,000 | Ordinary | | £1 | <u>50,000</u> | 50,000 |
| 22. | RESERVES | | | | | |
| | Group | | Retained earnings £ | Revaluation reserve £ | Other reserves £ | Totals £ |
| | At 1 January Profit for the Dividends Transfer beto | | 5,258,047 194,132 (202,000) (10,607) | 471,855 - | 144,635 10,607 | 5,874,537 194,132 (202,000) |
| | Exchange dit At 31 Decem | | <u>(127,861)</u> 5,111,711 | 471,855 | 35,228 190,470 | (92,633) 5,774,036 |
| | Company | | <u> </u> | Retained | Revaluation | |
| | | | | earnings £ | reserve £ | Totals £ |
| | At 1 January Profit for the Dividends At 31 Decem | year | | 5,288,642 985,965 (202,000) 6,072,607 | 471,855 471,855 | 5,760,497 985,965 (202,000) 6,544,462 |

23. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

Harlequin Holdings International Limited is regarded by the directors as being the company's ultimate parent company.

24. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is G F W Dagger.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.