

Registered Number 01418203

M & A Brown (Engravers) Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

31 March 2011

**M & A Brown (Engravers) Limited****Registered Number 01418203****Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2011**

	Notes	2011	2010
		£	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>	2		
Tangible		236,045	219,818
		<u>236,045</u>	<u>219,818</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stocks		36,756	31,109
Debtors		229,484	144,314
Cash at bank and in hand		53,362	182,784
Total current assets		<u>319,602</u>	<u>358,207</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>		(135,814)	(154,784)
<b>Net current assets (liabilities)</b>		183,788	203,423
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>419,833</u>	<u>423,241</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b> 3		(18,633)	0
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>		(17,264)	(20,015)
<b>Total net assets (liabilities)</b>		<u>383,936</u>	<u>403,226</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	4	500	500
Profit and loss account		383,436	402,726
<b>Shareholders funds</b>		<u>383,936</u>	<u>403,226</u>

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- a. For the year ending 31 March 2011 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
  - b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
  - c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
  - d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 27 July 2011

And signed on their behalf by:

**Mr. A.S. Brown, Director**

**This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.**

**Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts**

For the year ending 31 March 2011

**1 Accounting policies**

**Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

**Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax. In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

**Stocks**

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

**Work in progress**

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

**Hire purchase agreements**

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

**Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date except that a deferred tax asset is only recognised to the extent that it is regarded as recoverable. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rate that is expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse.

**Fixed Assets**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

**Financial Instruments**

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

**Depreciation**

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Plant & Machinery	10% Reducing balance
Fixtures & Fittings	10% Reducing balance
Motor Vehicles	20% Reducing balance
Office Equipment	10% Reducing balance

## 2 Fixed Assets

	<b>Tangible Assets</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Cost or valuation</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
At 01 April 2010	392,676	392,676
Additions	62,528	62,528
Disposals	- (55,995)	(55,995)
At 31 March 2011	- <u>399,209</u>	<u>399,209</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>		
At 01 April 2010	172,858	172,858
Charge for year	30,399	30,399
On disposals	- (40,093)	(40,093)
At 31 March 2011	- <u>163,164</u>	<u>163,164</u>
<b>Net Book Value</b>		
At 31 March 2011	236,045	236,045
At 31 March 2010	- <u>219,818</u>	<u>219,818</u>

## 3 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

## 4 Share capital

	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Authorised share capital:</b>		
500 Ordinary of £1 each	500	500
<b>Allotted, called up and fully paid:</b>		
500 Ordinary of £1 each	500	500

