

Registration number 01398551

Power Panels Electrical Systems Limited

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 January 2005

Muras Baker Jones Chartered Accountants Wolverhampton

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COMPANIES HOUSE 26/08/05

Company information

Directors D W Fox

Mrs S A Fox A Hague I Watton

Secretary Mrs S A Fox

Company number 01398551

Registered office Landywood Green

Cheslyn Hay

Staffs WS6 7AL

Auditors Muras Baker Jones

Regent House Bath Avenue Wolverhampton WV1 4EG

Bankers Lloyds TSB Bank plc

Queen Square Wolverhampton WV1 1UE

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Directors' report for the year ended 31 January 2005

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2005.

Principal activity and review of the business

The principal activity of the company is the manufacture of electrical control panels and distribution switch boards.

The directors are pleased to report a 39% increase in turnover during the year ended 31 January 2005 (2004 40% increase) and an increase in the resulting profit. The directors are pleased with the level of business and year end financial position and believe that the level of turnover and profitability can be maintained during the current year.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 5.

The directors have paid an interim dividend amounting to £157,332 and they do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

Directors and their interests

The directors who served during the year and their interests in the company are as stated below:

	Ordi	Ordinary shares	
	31/01/05	01/02/04	
D W Fox	5,000	5,000	
Mrs S A Fox	5,000	5,000	
A Hague	-	-	
I Watton	-	-	

In Accordance with the Articles of Association Mr A Hague retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-election.

Charitable and political contributions

During the year the company contributed £1,192 to charities.

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing these the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

Directors' report for the year ended 31 January 2005

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that Muras Baker Jones be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

This report was approved by the Board on 22 August 2005 and signed on its behalf by

Mrs S A Fox

Secretary

Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of Power Panels Electrical Systems Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Power Panels Electrical Systems Limited for the year ended 31 January 2005 which comprise pages 5 to 17. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 8.

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of Power Panels Electrical Systems Limited continued

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 January 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Muras Baker Jones

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Merras Baker Jones.

Regent House

Bath Avenue

Wolverhampton

WV1 4EG

22 August 2005

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 January 2005

	Continuing operation	
	2005	2004
Notes	£	£
2	12,147,272	8,749,859
	(8,827,181)	(6,610,906)
	3,320,091	2,138,953
	(29,687) (2,717,872)	(30,596) (1,779,322)
3	572,532	329,035
4 5	19,720 (8,596)	1,699 (17, 2 51)
	583,656	313,483
8	(170,877)	(64,033)
	412,779	249,450
9	(157,332)	(140,000)
	255,447	109,450
	906,486	797,036
	1,161,933	906,486
	2 3 4 5	2005 Notes £ 12,147,272 (8,827,181) 3,320,091 (29,687) (2,717,872) 572,532 4 19,720 (8,596) 583,656 8 (170,877) 412,779 9 (157,332) 255,447 906,486 1,161,933

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit or loss for the above two financial years.

Balance sheet as at 31 January 2005

		20	005	20	04
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	10		997,419		941,728
Current assets					
Stocks	11	1,000,645		718,880	
Debtors	12	1,183,791		1,310,885	
Cash at bank and in hand		816,965		223,639	
		3,001,401		2,253,404	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	13	(2,730,267)		(2,146,956)	
Net current assets			271,134		106,448
Total assets less current					
liabilities			1,268,553		1,048,176
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	14		(16,620)		(80,190)
Provisions for liabilities					
and charges	15		(80,000)		(51,500)
Net assets			1,171,933		916,486
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	17		10,000		10,000
Profit and loss account			1,161,933		906,486
Equity shareholders' funds	18		1,171,933		916,486
					=====

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 22 August 2005 and signed on its behalf by

D W Fox Director

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 January 2005

	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
Reconciliation of operating profit to net			
cash inflow from operating activities			
Operating profit		572,532	329,035
Depreciation		159,428	127,731
(Increase) in stocks		(281,765)	(45,413)
Decrease in debtors		127,094	(140,034)
Increase in creditors		525,647	857,342 ————
Net cash inflow from operating activities		1,102,936	1,128,661
Cash flow statement			
Net cash inflow from operating activities		1,102,936	1,128,661
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	21	11,124	(15,552)
Taxation	21	(55,377)	(57,433)
Capital expenditure	21	(215,119)	(275,515)
		843,564	780,161
Equity dividends paid		(157,332)	(140,000)
			·
P	24	686,232	640,161
Financing	21	(60,150)	(60,443)
Increase in cash in the year		626,082	579,718
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net	funds (Note 22)		
Increase in cash in the year		626,082	579,718
Cash outflow from increase in debts and lease financing	g	60,150	60,443
Change in net funds resulting from cash flows		686,232	640,161
Net funds at 1 February 2004		50,519	(589,642)
Net funds at 31 January 2005		736,751	50,519
Net funds at 31 January 2005		736,751	50,519

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2005

1. Accounting policies

1.1. Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year.

1.3. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold property

2% on cost

Plant and machinery

25% on the original cost

Motor vehicles

- 25% on the reducing value

1.4. Leasing

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce constant periodic rates of charge on the net obligations outstanding in each period.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.5. Stock and work in progress

Stock and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the first in first out method and consists of materials, direct labour costs and an appropriate proportion of production overheads.

1.6. Pensions

The pension costs charged in the financial statements represent the contribution payable by the company during the year.

1.7. Deferred taxation

Deferred tax arises as a result of including items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the company's accounts. Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation to pay more (or less) tax at a future date, at the average tax rates that are expected to apply when the timing differences reverse, based on current tax rates and laws.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2005

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1.8. Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange prevailing at the accounting date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the date of the transactions. All differences are taken to the Profit and Loss account.

2.	Turnover	2005	2004
	Geographical market		
	UK	12,144,572	8,689,059
	Rest of the World	2,700	60,800
		12,147,272	8,749,859
3.	Operating profit	2005	2004
		£	£
	Operating profit is stated after charging:	140 126	127 721
	Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible assets Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	149,136 10,292	127,731
	Operating lease rentals	10,292	_
	- Plant, machinery and vehicles	28,713	21,787
	Auditors' remuneration	5,000	4,600
4.	Interest receivable and similar income	2005 £	2004 £
	Bank interest	<u>19,720</u>	1,699
5.	Interest payable and similar charges	2005	2004
		£	£
	Interest payable on bank loans and overdrafts	582	6,177
	On loans repayable between two and five years	8,014	10,903
	Hire purchase interest	-	171
		8,596	17,251

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2005

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6. Employees

	Number of employees The average monthly numbers of employees (including the directors) during the year were:	2005	2904
	Management and administration	25	22
	Production and selling	136	125
		<u>161</u>	=====
	Employment costs	2005 £	2004 £
	Wages and salaries	3,660,001	2,712,528
	Social security costs	381,240	265,340
	Other pension costs	2,602	2,602
		4,043,843	2,980,470
6.1.	Directors' emoluments	2005	2004
		£	£
	Remuneration and other emoluments Pension contributions	1,505,370 2,602	869,137 2,602
		1,507,972	871,739
		Number	Number
	Number of directors to whom retirement benefits are accruing under a money purchase scheme	1	1
	Highest paid director Amounts included above:	£	£
	Emoluments and other benefits	1,071,394	399,732

7. Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The scheme and its assets are held by independent managers. The pension charge represents contributions due from the company and amounted to £2,602 (2004 - £2,602).

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2005

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8. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

Analysis of charge in period	2005	2004
Current tax	£	£
UK corporation tax	143,000	56,000
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(623)	(67)
Total current tax charge	142,377	55,933
Deferred tax		
Timing differences, origination and reversal	(1,000)	8,100
Effect of changes in tax rates	29,500	-
Total deferred tax	28,500	8,100
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	170,877	64,033

Factors affecting tax charge for period

The tax assessed for the period is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30 per cent). The differences are explained below:

	2005 £	2004 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	583,656	313,483
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation		
tax in the UK of 30% (31 January 2004: 19%)	175,097	59,562
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2,642	2,985
Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	(9,023)	(7,170)
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	(623)	(67)
Rounding provision	68	623
Marginal relief	(25,784)	-
Current tax charge for period	142,377	55,933

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Future tax charges will be affected by the availability of capital allowances compared to depreciation and the availability of marginal rate tax relief.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2005

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9.	Dividends			2005 £	2004 £
	Dividends on equity shares: Ordinary shares - interim paid			157,332	140,000
10.	Tangible fixed assets	Land and buildings freehold £	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles £	Total £
	Cost At 1 February 2004 Additions Disposals	696,004 77,772 -	658,600		1,507,348 233,620 (79,694)
	At 31 January 2005	773,776	814,448	73,050	1,661,274
	Depreciation At 1 February 2004 On disposals Charge for the year At 31 January 2005	107,651 - 11,458 - 119,109	116,148	51,991 (50,901) 21,530 22,620	565,620 (50,901) 149,136 663,855
	Net book values At 31 January 2005 At 31 January 2004	654,667 588,353	292,322	50,430	997,419
11.	Stocks			2005 £	2004 £
	Raw materials and consumables Work in progress			690,386 310,259	397,602 321,278
				1,000,645	718,880

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2005

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12.	Debtors	2005 £	2004 £
	Trade debtors	1,158,304	1,294,590
	Prepayments and accrued income	25,487	16,295
		1,183,791	1,310,885
13.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2005 £	2004 £
	Bank overdraft	-	32,756
	Bank loan	63,594	60,174
	Trade creditors	1,190,380	1,244,521
	Corporation tax	143,000	56,000
	Other taxes and social security costs	392,658	363,759
	Directors' accounts	23,747	52,439
	Other creditors	894,495	326,505
	Accruals and deferred income	22,393	10,802
		2,730,267	2,146,956

The directors loan accounts are interest free and repayable on demand.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2005

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14.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2005 f	2004
	Bank loan	16,620	80,190

Bank loans and overdrafts

The bank borrowings are secured by a debenture over all the assets of the company including a specific legal charge over the freehold property.

The bank overdraft (repayable on demand) amounted to £nil at 31 January 2005 (2004 - £32,756)

	2005 £	2004 £
Analysis of bank loan maturity	-	
Falling due within one year.	63,594	60,174
Falling due after more than one year		
Repayable between one and two years	16,620	64,004
Repayable between two and five years	•	16,186
	16,620	80,190

The bank loan is repayable by monthly instalments over the period ending May 2006.

Interest on the bank loan was charged at 2.75% above base rate. At the year end the rate was 7.5%.

15. Provisions for liabilities and charges

	Deferred taxation		
	(Note 16)	Total	
	£	£	
At 1 February 2004	51,500	51,500	
Movements in the year	28,500	28,500	
At 31 January 2005	80,000	80,000	

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2005

..... continued

16.	Provision for deferred taxation	2005 £	2004 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	80,000	51,500
	Provision at 1 February 2004 Deferred tax charge in profit and loss account	51,500 28,500	
	Provision at 31 January 2005	<u>80,000</u>	
17.	Share capital	2005 £	2004 £
	Authorised		
	10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000
18.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2005 £	2004 £
	Profit for the year	412,779	249,450
	Dividends	(157,332)	(140,000)
	Increase in shareholders' funds	255,447	109,450
	Opening shareholders' funds	916,486	807,036
	Closing shareholders' funds	1,171,933	916,486

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2005

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19. Financial commitments

At 31 January 2005 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Oti	Other	
	2005	2004 £	
	£		
Expiry date:			
Between one and five years	8,450	5,987	

20. Ultimate control

The ultimate control of the company is detailed in the Directors' Report on page 1.

21. Gross cash flows

	2005	2004
	£	£
Returns on investments and servicing of finance		
Interest received	19,720	1,699
Interest paid	(8,596)	(17,251)
	11,124	(15,552)
Taxation	- 1	
Corporation tax paid	(55,377)	(57,433)
Capital expenditure		
Payments to acquire tangible assets	(233,620)	(275,515)
Receipts from sales of tangible assets	18,501	
	(215,119)	(275,515)
Financing	=======================================	
Repayment of long term bank loan	(60,150)	(56,124)
Capital element of finance leases and hire purchase contracts	· · · · · ·	(4,319)
	(60,150)	(60,443)
	=======================================	

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2005

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22. Analysis of changes in net funds

and successions	Opening balance	Cash flows	Other changes	Closing balance
	£	£	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand Overdrafts	223,639 (32,756)	593,326 32,756		816,965 -
	190,883	626,082		816,965
Debt due within one year Debt due after one year	(60,174) (80,190)	60,150	(63,570) 63,570	(63,594) (16,620)
	(140,364)	60,150		(80,214)
Net funds	50,519	686,232		736,751