COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 1379266

CHARITY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 283181

ANADARUS LIMITED Company Limited by Guarantee FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2017



COHEN ARNOLD

Chartered accountant & statutory auditor
New Burlington House
1075 Finchley Road
LONDON
NW11 0PU

ANADARUS LIMITED COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

Trustees' annual report (incorporating the director's report) 1 to 3 Independent auditor's report to the members 4 to 7 Statement of financial activities (including income and expenditure account) 8 Statement of financial position 9 Notes to the financial statements 10 to 15

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT (INCORPORATING THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT)

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

The trustees, who are also the directors for the purposes of company law, present their report and the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 30 September 2017.

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Registered charity name

Anadarus Limited

Charity registration number

283181

Company registration number 1379266

Principal office and registered New Burlington House

office

1075 Finchley Road

London

NW11 0PU

THE TRUSTEES

Mrs M R Markovic

Mr J Adler Mr M Saberski Mrs R S Glatt

(Appointed 20 December 2016) (Appointed 20 December 2016) (Retired 20 December 2016)

AUDITOR

Cohen Arnold

Chartered accountant & statutory auditor

New Burlington House 1075 Finchley Road

LONDON NW11 0PU

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

The Charity is constituted as a Company limited by guarantee and as such, its governing documents are its Memorandum and Articles of Association.

The organisation is run by the Council of Governors. Each Governor (Trustee) holds office for life or until ceasing to hold office by virtue of the Articles of Association.

It is not currently the intention of the Trustees of the Charity to appoint new Trustees. Should the situation change in the future, the Trustees will apply suitable recruitment training and induction procedures.

None of the Governors (Trustees) have any beneficial interest in the Charity. All Governors (Trustees) give their time voluntarily and no benefit or expenses were paid to them in the year.

The Charity's wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking, Maypay Limited, is engaged in property investment.

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT (INCORPORATING THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT)

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

The Charity is established to further those purposes both in the United Kingdom and abroad recognised as charitable by English Law. To achieve these objects the Charity utilises its income to make grants and donations to organisations that fall within the objectives of the Charity.

The Governors (Trustees) confirm their compliance with the duty to have regard to the Public Benefit guidance published by the Charity Commission when following the Charity's aims and objectives and in planning future activities.

ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE

During the year the Charity has continued its philanthropic activities and has maintained its support of religious, educational and other charitable institutions in Great Britain and the aggregate of the donations and grants were £320,250 (2016: £196,310). The charity also donated assets to the value of £840,000 to another charity with similar objects.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Financial Position

The financial results of the Charity for the year to 30 September 2017 are fully reflected in the attached Financial Statements together with the Notes thereon.

Reserves Policy

It is the policy of the Charity to maintain unrestricted funds, which are the free reserve of the Charity, at a level which the Trustees think appropriate after considering the future commitments of the Charity and the likely administrative costs of the Charity for the next year.

Investment Policy and Objectives

Under the Memorandum and Articles of Association, the Charity has the power to make any investment, which the Governors (Trustees) consider appropriate. The Governors (Trustees) regularly review the Charity's position and needs in respect of the investment policy.

The Governors (Trustees) consider the return on investments, in terms of both income and capital growth, to be satisfactory.

The Governors (Trustees), having regard to the liquidity requirements of the Charity and to the reserves policy have operated a policy of keeping available funds in an interest bearing deposit account.

Grant Making Policy

Grants are made to charitable institutions and organisations which accord with the objects of the Charity.

PLANS FOR FUTURE PERIODS

The Governors (Trustees) plan to continue to make distributions in accordance with their grant making policy and to ensure that the ability to generate sufficient income is maintained to achieve that end.

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT (INCORPORATING THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT)

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The trustees, who are also directors for the purposes of company law, are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the charity trustees to prepare financial statements for each year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the applicable Charities SORP;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITOR

Each of the persons who is a trustee at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditor is aware of that information.

The auditor is deemed to have been re-appointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

SMALL COMPANY PROVISIONS

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This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

The trustees' annual report was approved on 20 June 2018 and signed on behalf of the board of trustees by:

Mrs M R Markovic

Trustee

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ANADARUS LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

OPINION

We have audited the financial statements of Anadarus Limited (the 'charity') for the year ended 30 September 2017 which comprise the statement of financial activities (including income and expenditure account), statement of financial position and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the charity's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 30 September 2017 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

CONCLUSIONS RELATING TO GOING CONCERN

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the charity's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ANADARUS LIMITED (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

OTHER INFORMATION

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

OPINIONS ON OTHER MATTERS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ANADARUS LIMITED (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

RESPONSIBILITIES OF TRUSTEES

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the trustees (who are also the directors for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the charity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ANADARUS LIMITED (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Dov Harris FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Cohen Arnold Chartered accountant & statutory auditor

New Burlington House 1075 Finchley Road LONDON NW11 0PU

20 June 2018

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT)

30 SEPTEMBER 2017

	2017			2016
		Unrestricted		
		funds	Total funds	Total funds
	Note	£	£	£
Income and endowments				
Donations and legacies	5	_	_	346,780
Investment income	6	26,394	26,394	94,813
Total income		26,394	26,394	441,593
Expenditure				
Expenditure on raising funds:				
Investment management costs	7	_	_	1,419
Expenditure on charitable activities	8,9	1,172,331	1,172,331	198,529
Total expenditure		1,172,331	1,172,331	199,948
Net (losses)/gains on investments	10	3,932,164	3,932,164	(10,232,703)
Net (expenditure)/income and net movement in	funds	(5,078,101)	(5,078,101)	10,474,348
Reconciliation of funds				
Total funds brought forward		14,744,712	14,744,712	4,270,364
Total funds carried forward		9,666,611	9,666,611	14,744,712

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year. All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

ANADARUS LIMITED COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

30 SEPTEMBER 2017

		201	7	201	16
		£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Investments	13		9,731,178		14,503,342
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	14	1,414 16,953 18,367		162,401 81,903 244,304	·
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	15	82,934		2,934	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(64,567)		241,370
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES NET ASSETS			9,666,611		14,744,712
FUNDS OF THE CHARITY Unrestricted funds			9,666,611		14,744,712
Total charity funds	16		9,666,611		14,744,712

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

These financial statements were approved by the board of trustees and authorised for issue on 20 June 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mrs M R Markovic

Trustee

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The charity is a private company limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales and a registered charity in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is New Burlington House, 1075 Finchley Road, London, NW11 0PU.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and the Charities Act 2011.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through income or expenditure.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

There are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 October 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 18.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Fund accounting

General unrestricted funds comprise the accumulated surplus or deficit on income and expenditure account. They are available for use at the discretion of the Governors (Trustees) in furtherance of the general objectives of the Charity.

Restricted Funds are funds subject to specific restricted conditions imposed by donors.

There are no restricted funds as at the Balance Sheet date.

Designated funds are funds which have been set aside at the discretion of the Governors(Trustees) for specific purposes. There are no designated funds as at the Balance Sheet date.

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Incoming resources

Recognition of incoming resources

Items of income are recognised and inluded in the accounts when all of the following criteria are met:

- the charity has entitlement to funds;
- any performance conditions attached to the item(s) of income have been met fully or are fully within the control of the charity;
- there is sufficient certainty that the receipt of the income is considered probable; and
- the amount can be measured reliably.

Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to make a payment to a third party, it is probable that the settlement will be required and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Resources expended

Governance Costs

Governance costs include costs of the preparation and examination of Statutory Accounts, the costs of Governor (Trustee) meetings and cost of any legal advice to Governors (Trustees) on governance or constitutional matters.

Investments

Unlisted equity investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently measured at fair value. If fair value cannot be reliably measured, assets are measured at cost less impairment.

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in income or expenditure.

Investment property

Investment Properties are included at Governors (Trustees)' valuation as at the Balance sheet date which is in accordance with Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP 2015). The unrealised gains and losses are shown in the Statements of Financial Activities.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of fixed assets (continued)

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the charity are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual agreement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of the liabilities.

4. LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

The charity is a company limited by guarantee and has no share capital. The liability of each member in the event of winding up is limited to £1

5. DONATIONS AND LEGACIES

		Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2017	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2016 £
	DONATIONS				
	Donations	_		346,780	346,780
6.	INVESTMENT INCOME				
		Unrestricted	Total Funds	Unrestricted	Total Funds
		Funds	2017	Funds	2016
	-	£	£	£	£
	Income from investment properties	26,394	26,394	94,813	94,813
7.	INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT CO	OSTS			
		Unrestricted	Total Funds	Unrestricted	Total Funds
		Funds	2017	Funds	2016
		£	£	£	£
	Rent collection	_	_	1,419	1,419

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

8. EXPENDITURE ON CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES BY FUND TYPE

	Unrestricted	Total Funds	Unrestricted	Total Funds
	Funds	2017	Funds	2016
	£	£	£	£
Donations paid	320,250	320,250	196,310	196,310
Donation of assets	840,000	840,000	_	_
Support costs	12,081	12,081	2,219	2,219
	1,172,331	1,172,331	198,529	198,529

All grants were paid to institutions in support of the relief of poverty, the advancement of health, the advancement of Jewish religion and the advancement of Jewish religious education.

Included in the charitable activities are the following material grants made during the year:

	2017
	£
Lolev Charitable Trust	60,000
Marbeh Torah Trust	37,000
Achisomoch Aid Company	35,000
Mifal Hachesed Vehatzedokoh	30,000
One Heart - Lev Echad	30,000
Beer Shmuel Ltd	25,000
Friends of Be'er Miriam	21,000
Society of Friends of the Torah Limited	11,000
Amounts less than £10,000	71,250
Total	320,250

9. EXPENDITURE ON CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES BY ACTIVITY TYPE

	Grant funding		Total funds	Total fund
	of activities Su	pport costs	2017	2016
	£	£	£	£
Donations paid	320,250	_	320,250	196,310
Donation of assets	840,000	_	840,000	_
Governance costs	-	12,081	12,081	2,219
	1,160,250	12,081	1,172,331	198,529

10. NET (LOSSES)/GAINS ON INVESTMENTS

	Unrestricted	Total Funds	Unrestricted	Total Funds
	Funds	2017	Funds	2016
	£	£	£	£
Revaluations	(3,932,164)	(3,932,164)	10,232,703	10,232,703

11. STAFF COSTS

No salaries or wages have been paid to trustees during the year.

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

12. TRUSTEE REMUNERATION AND EXPENSES

The charity did not meet any individual expenses incurred by the trustees for services provided to the charity.

13. INVESTMENTS

		Shares in	
	Investment	group	
	properties	undertakings	Total
	£	£	£
Cost or valuation			
At 1 October 2016	930,000	13,573,342	14,503,342
Additions	_	_	_
Disposals	(840,000)	_	(840,000)
Fair value movements	(90,000)	(3,842,164)	(3,932,164)
At 30 September 2017		9,731,178	9,731,178
Impairment			
At 1 October 2016 and 30 September 2017		_	_
Carrying amount			
At 30 September 2017	_	9,731,178	9,731,178
At 30 September 2016	930,000	13,573,342	14,503,342

All investments shown above are held at valuation.

The company owns 100% of the issued share capital in Maypay Limited.

The financial statements for Maypay Limited for the year ended 30 September 2017 show capital reserves of £9,731,178 and a net loss for the year of £1,585,164.

14. DEBTORS

		2017	2016
		£	£
	Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which		
	the charity has a participating interest	_	160,987
	Other debtors	1,414	1,414
		1,414	162,401
15.	CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Other creditors	82,934	2,934
		 	

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

16. ANALYSIS OF CHARITABLE FUNDS

Unrestricted funds

					At 30
	At 1 October			Gains and	September
	2016	Income	Expenditure	losses	2017
•	£	£	£	£	£
General funds	14,744,712	26,394	(1,172,331)	(3,932,164)	9,666,611

17. ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS

	Unrestricted	Total Funds	Total Funds
	Funds	2017	2016
	£	£	£
Investments	9,731,178	9,731,178	14,503,342
Current assets	18,367	18,367	_
Creditors less than 1 year	(82,934)	(82,934)	
Net assets	9,666,611	9,666,611	14,503,342

18. TRANSITION TO FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The charity transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 October 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in the retained funds or income or expenditure for the year.