Audited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

for

Harry Hall International Limited

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Harry Hall International Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

DIRECTORS: O C St John Hoare

E A Hopper M S Alexander M P Martin

SECRETARY: M S Alexander

REGISTERED OFFICE: Hope Park Business Centre

4 Coop Place Rooley Lane BRADFORD BD5 8JX

REGISTERED NUMBER: 01362323 (England and Wales)

SENIOR STATUTORY AUDITOR: Kevin Shotton BA BFP FCA

AUDITORS: Clive Owen LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors 140 Coniscliffe Road

Darlington County Durham DL3 7RT

Balance Sheet 30 April 2023

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		413,635		490,305
Tangible assets	5		14,101		17,774
Investments	6		406		406
			428,142		508,485
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	7	1,961		295	
Debtors	8	2,809,062		2,825,022	
Cash at bank and in hand		513,597		169,460	
		3,324,620		2,994,777	
CREDITORS		, ,		, ,	
Amounts falling due within one year	9	3,590,024		3,325,581	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(265,404)	,	(330,804)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			162,738		177,681
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
_	10		37,917		42,190
year NET ASSETS	10		124,821		135,491
NET ASSETS			124,021		133,491
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	12		4,062,002		3,934,501
Share premium			3,916,854		3,916,854
Retained earnings			(7,854,035)		(7,715,864)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			124,821		135,491

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 26 January 2024 and were signed on its behalf by:

E A Hopper - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Harry Hall International Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

There were no material departures from that standard.

The financial statements are presented in £ sterling.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below and have remained unchanged from the previous year, and also have been consistently applied within the same accounts.

Going concern

In the year to 30 April 2023 the company made losses of £138,171. The company forms part of the International Riding Company Limited group. The company has prepared forecasts for 12 months from the date of approval of the accounts. Taking account of the forecasts the directors believe that they will be able to manage working capital to operate within the facilities available to the company in the period of the review.

The directors have received confirmation from the parent company, International Riding Company Limited, that it will continue to make available financial support as may be required for the 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements.

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Harry Hall International Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under Section 399(2A) of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirements to prepare consolidated financial statements.

Significant judgements and estimates

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have had to make the following judgements:

Determine whether there are indicators of impairment of the Company's tangible and intangible assets, including goodwill. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset and where it is a component of a larger cash-generating unit, the viability and expected future performance of that unit.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Turnover

Turnover represents sales to external customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax or local taxes on sales.

Income recognition

Income from the sale of goods is recognised on despatch of goods to the customer.

Broker income is recognised as commitments are fulfilled.

Insurance membership income is recognised as services are provided.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Computer software - 25% on cost

Product development - 25% on cost and 33% on cost

and intellectual property

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a subsidiary undertaking is the difference between the fair value of the consideration paid and the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Fixtures and fittings - 50% on cost, 25% on cost and 10% on cost Computer equipment - 50% on cost, 33% on cost and 25% on cost

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of average stock. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit and loss.

Financial instruments

Basic financial instruments are measured at amortised cost with changes recognised in profit or loss.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Research and development

In the research phase of an internal project it is not possible to demonstrate that the project will generate future economic benefits and hence all expenditure on research shall be recognised as an expense when it is occurred. Intangible assets are recognised from the development phase of a project if and only if certain specific criteria are met in order to demonstrate the asset will generate probable future economic benefits and that its cost can be reliably measured. The capitalised development costs are subsequently amortised on a straight line basis over their useful economic lives, which range from 3 to 6 years.

If it is not possible to distinguish between the research phase and the development phase of an internal project, the expenditure is treated as if it were all incurred in the research phase only.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of eash with insignificant risk of change in value.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 31 (2022 - 34).

4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

5.

INTANGIDEE FIXED ASSETS				
		Product		
		development		
		and		
		Intellectual		
		property	Computer	
	Goodwill			Tatala
		costs	software	Totals
	£	£	£	£
COST				
At 1 May 2022	35,462	484,229	677,506	1,197,197
Additions	-	-	120,787	120,787
At 30 April 2023	35,462	484,229	798,293	1,317,984
AMORTISATION		101,227	770,275	1,517,701
At 1 May 2022	25.462	201 410	200.012	706 900
	35,462	281,418	390,012	706,892
Amortisation for year		73,748	123,709	197,457
At 30 April 2023	35,462	355,166	513,721	904,349
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 30 April 2023	_	129,063	284,572	413,635
At 30 April 2022		202,811	287,494	490,305
711 30 71pm 2022				170,505
TANCIDI E EIVED ACCETO				
TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		T		
		Fixtures		
		a nd	Computer	
		fittings	equipment	Totals
		£	£	£
COST				
At 1 May 2022		97,566	43,902	141,468
Additions		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	5,893	5,893
Disposals		(69,113)	(1,840)	(70,953)
At 30 April 2023		28,453	<u>47,955</u>	76,408
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 May 2022		84,741	38,953	123,694
Charge for year		2,983	3,831	6,814
Eliminated on disposal		(66,361)	(1,840)	(68,201)
At 30 April 2023		21,363	40,944	62,307
NET BOOK VALUE				02,507
		7,000	7.011	14 101
At 30 April 2023		7,090	7,011	14,101
At 30 April 2022		12,825	4,949	<u>17,774</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

Shares in

6. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

					group
					undertakings £
	COST				r
	At 1 May 2022				
	and 30 April 2023				406
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 30 April 2023				<u>406</u>
	At 30 April 2022				406
	The following are subsidiary undertakings	of the company:			
		Country of	Class of		Principle
	Name	Incorporation	shares	Holding	activity
	The Riding Sock Company Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
	Matchmakers International Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
	Masta Rug Company Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
	Harry Hall Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
	Caldene Limited	England and Wales England and Wales	Ordinary	100% 100%	Dormant Dormant
	Cottage Craft Limited	Eligialid and wates	Ordinary	10076	Domani
7.	STOCKS				
				2023	2022
				£	£
	Finished goods			<u> 1,961</u>	<u>295</u>
8.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUI	E WITHIN ONE YEAR			
				2023	2022
				£	£
	Trade debtors			969,341	652,237
	Amounts owed by group undertakings			1,448,119	1,675,268
	Other debtors			159,081	256,133
	Deferred tax asset			200,000	200,000
	Prepayments and accrued income			<u>32,521</u> 2,809,062	41,384 2,825,022
				2,809,002	2,823,022
9.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING D	UE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
				2023	2022
				£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts			5,000	5,874
	Trade creditors			95,165	445,773
	Amounts owed to group undertakings			2,479,065	2,048,928
	Taxation and social security			116,447	145,719
	Other creditors Accruals and deferred income			550,124 344,223	295,893 383 394
	Accidate and deferred income			3,590,024	383,394 3,325,581
				<u> </u>	3,323,381

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2023	2022
	£	£
Bank loans - 1-2 years	5,000	5,956
Bank loans - 2-5 years	15,000	17,869
Bank loans more 5 yr by instal	17,917	18,365
	37,917	42,190

Amounts falling due in more than five years:

Repayable by instalments Bank loans more 5 yr by instal

<u> 17,917</u>

18,365

The bank loan is repayable over 10 years, with no repayment due for the first year. Interest is charged at a rate of 2.5% commencing after 1 year. The loan is due to mature in May 2030.

11. LEASING AGREEMENTS

Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall due as follows:

	2023	2022
	£	£
Within one year	116,379	92,677
Between one and five years	448,076	566,132
	564,455	658,809

12. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted,	issued	and	fully	paid:
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Number:	Class:	Nominal	2023	2022
		value:	£	£
1,501	Ordinary	£1	1,501	1,501
3,060,501	Ordinary B	£1	4,060,501	3,933,000
			4,062,002	3,934,501

127,501 Ordinary B shares of £1 each were allotted and fully paid for cash at par during the year.

13. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 444(5B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

The Report of the Auditors was unqualified.

Kevin Shotton BA BFP FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Clive Owen LLP

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There is a multilateral cross guarantee in place between the company, Stuncroft Limited, a fellow subsidiary, and International Riding Company Limited, the parent undertaking. At 30 April 2023 the bank borrowings of the other group companies amounted to £2,827,016 (2022: £2,992,349).

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

15. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions, including those on normal market terms, with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

16. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent undertaking is International Riding Company Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office of International Riding Company Limited is Hope Park Business Centre, 4 Coop Place, Rooley Lane, Bradford, England, BD5 8JX

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.