STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016 FOR HEDLEYS HUMPERS LIMITED

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COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

DIRECTOR:

S C Hedley

SECRETARY:

D C Hedley

REGISTERED OFFICE:

3 St Leonards Road

London NW10 6SX

REGISTERED NUMBER:

01360742 (England and Wales)

AUDÍTORS:

Nunn Hayward LLP Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Sterling House 20 Station Road Gerrards Cross Buckinghamshire

SL9 8EL

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

The director presents his strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2016.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The company's principal activity continues to be the business of International transport and export packaging though storage and warehousing is playing a larger part each year.

Turnover has increased only in line with inflation in our sector of operation but through a seasonal change in our normal business pattern we have managed to increase our Profit Before Tax from 0.8% to 5% though Gross profit only increased marginally from 44.5% to 45.7%

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company is very aware that its customers are becoming more price sensitive in an ever more challenging world economy and will make the necessary economies needed in order to fulfil those desires whilst still providing a quality service at a profit.

Stamp duty, Brexit, terrorism in France and Belgium, the American Presidency and the situation in the Middle East will be challenging for the next year at least.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

S C Hedley - Director

16 December 2016

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

The director presents his report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2016.

DIVIDENDS

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 31 March 2016 will be £35,000.

The profit for the year amounted to £ 508,552 (2015 - £78,212) and the Director recommends a dividend of £100,000.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The company is keen to develop the storage side of its business and has invested heavily with time in implementing a highly sophisticated IT system.

DIRECTOR

S M Hedley held office during the whole of the period from 1 April 2015 to the date of this report.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments comprises cash at bank, debtors and creditors that arise s directly from operations, Loan from bank and hire purchase and finance lease agreements. The financial risks affecting the company is closely monitored by the director on a regular basis.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

S C Hédle

The auditors, Nunn Hayward LLP, are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

16 December 2016

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF HEDLEYS HUMPERS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Hedleys Humpers Limited for the year ended 31 March 2016 on pages five to twenty two. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of director and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities set out on page three, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the director; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Director to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Director for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Nun Haward LLP

Daniel Palmer (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Nunn Haward LLP

for and on behalf of Nunn Hayward LLP Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Sterling House 20 Station Road Gerrards Cross Buckinghamshire SL9 8EL

Date: 22 December 2016

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

			2016		2015
	Notes	£	£	£	as restated £
TURNOVER	4		10,671,099		10,259,641
Cost of sales			5,798,198		5,695,128
GROSS PROFIT			4,872,901		4,564,513
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		565,410 3,761,778		560,775 3,897,119	
Administrative expenses			4,327,188	0,007,110	4,457,894
OPERATING PROFIT	6		545,713		106,619
Interest receivable and similar income		•	168		229
			545,881		106,848
Interest payable and similar charges	7		37,329		28,636
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES B	EFORE		508,552		78,212
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8		109,707		24,825
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR			398,845		53,387

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

	2016	2015
Notes	£	as restated £
Notes	~	~
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	398,845	53,387
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR		
THE YEAR	398,845	53,387

HEDLEYS HUMPERS LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 01360742)

BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2016

		2016		2015
Notes	£	£	£	£
		i		4 005 040
11		1,067,108		1,065,640
12	1,721,510		1,460,629	
	639,703		572,485	
	2.361.213		2.033.114	
	_,00.,0		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
13	1,807,384		_1,805,034	
		553,829		228,080
		1,620,937		1,293,720
14		(316,008)		(360,846)
19	• .	(8,210)		
		1,296,719		932,874
				20,000
21		1,276,719		912,874
		1,296,719		932,874
	11 12 13	11 12	Notes £ £ 11 1,067,108 12 1,721,510 639,703 2,361,213 13 1,807,384 553,829 1,620,937 14 (316,008) 19 (8,210) (8,210) 1,296,719 20 20,000 1,276,719 20 20,000 1,276,719	Notes £ £ £ 11 1,067,108 12 1,721,510 639,703 572,485 2,361,213 2,033,114 13 1,807,384 1,805,034

The financial statements were approved by the director on 16 December 2016 and were signed by:

S C Hedley - Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 April 2014	20,000	859,487	879,487
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 March 2015	20,000	53,387 912,874	53,387 932,874
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income		(35,000) 398,845	(35,000) 398,845
Balance at 31 March 2016	20,000	1,276,719	1,296,719

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

		2016	2015 as restated
N	lotes	£	as restated £
Cash flows from operating activities	oles	L	~
Cash generated from operations	1	452,901	454,610
Interest paid	•	(11,704)	(12,123)
Interest element of hire purchase payments		(11,701)	(,,
paid		(25,625)	(16,513)
Tax paid		`(9,959)	(59,714)
Net cash from operating activities		405,613	366,260
, ,			
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(58,309)	(40,545)
Sale of tangible fixed assets		8,286	11,365
Interest received		<u>168</u>	229
Net cash from investing activities		_(49,855)	(28,951)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Loan repayments in year		(353,160)	(64,364)
Loans advanced in year		342,821	(000,000)
Capital repayments in year		(222,730)	(263,630)
Equity dividends paid		_(35,000)	
Net cash from financing activities		(268,069)	(327,994)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		87,689	9,315
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2	552,014	542,699
o. year	_	302 ₁ 31 4	U42,000
			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	639,703	<u>552,014</u>

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

1.	RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS				
		2016	2015 as restated		
		£	£		
	Profit before taxation	508,552	78,212		
	Depreciation charges	216,528	211,214		
	Loss/(profit) on disposal of fixed assets	215	(11,365)		
	Finance costs	37,329	28,636		
	Finance income	(168)	(229)		
		762,456	306,468		
	(Increase)/decrease in trade and other debtors	(276,050)	623,430		
	Decrease in trade and other creditors	(33,505)	<u>(475,288</u>)		

2. **CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Cash generated from operations

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

454,610

452,901

Year ended 31 March 2016		
	31.3.16	1.4.15
Cash and cash equivalents Bank overdrafts	639,703 	£ 572,485 <u>(20,471</u>)
	639,703	552,014
Year ended 31 March 2015		
	31.3.15	1.4.14
Cash and cash equivalents Bank overdrafts	£ 572,485 (20,471)	£ 657,190 (114,491)
	552,014	542,699

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

1. FIRST TIME ADOPTION

The company transitioned to FRS 102 from the previous extant UK GAAP as at 1 April 2014. The last set of financial statements issued under previously extant UK GAAP were for the year ended 31 March 2015 and were issued on 14 December 2015. An explanation of how transition to FRS102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in the notes on pages 18 to 20. The director considers that the transition to FRS 102 did not result in any material changes to previously reported figures.

The following were changes in accounting policies arising from the transition to FRS 102:

Holiday pay accrual

Under FRS 102, the company is required to accrue for all short-term compensated absences as holiday entitlement earned but not taken at the balance sheet date. The company's holiday years in the UK runs in parallel with the financial year and therefore no material accrual was required to be entered on transition. Holiday pay accrual for the company's French branch has already been provided.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences under FRS 102. Items such as revaluations on investment properties will now require deferred tax to be recognised on the unrealised gains or losses. The company has no such items, and therefore, no material adjustment to deferred tax is required on transition.

2. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Hedleys Humpers Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number is 01360742 and the company's registered office is 3 St Leonards Road, London, NW10 6SX.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The company's functional and presentational currency is pound sterling, rounded to the nearest £1.

Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors considered to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about the carrying values of assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Significant areas of estimation and judgement in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is in respect of depreciation. Details of the accounting policies applied to these areas can be found in the accounting policies note.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Turnover is recognised when services have been provided to the customer.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Freehold property

2% on reducing balance

Fixtures and fittings

25% on reducing balance

Motor vehicles

- 25% on reducing balance

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Current tax is recognised for the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the current or past reporting periods using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date, except as otherwise indicated.

Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

The tax expense or income is presented either in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity, depending on the transaction that resulted in the tax expense or income.

Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset only if the company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority or which are intended to be realised and settled simultaneously.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the average rate of exchange during the year. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. They do not carry any interest.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and current balances with banks.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

4. TURNOVER

The company's turnover was wholly attributed to its principal activity of providing transportation and storage services.

In the opinion of the director, it would be seriously prejudicial to the company's interests to disclose an analysis of turnover by geographical market.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

5.	STAFF COSTS	2016	2015
		£	as restated £
	Wages and salaries	3,895,332	3,873,698
	Social security costs	650,469	647,704
	Other pension costs	4,334	4,334
		4,550,135	4,525,736
			
	The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:		
		2016	2015
	Administration	34	32
	Distribution	<u>66</u>	<u>64</u>
		100	96
6.	OPERATING PROFIT		
U .			
	The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
		2016	2015
		£	as restated £
	Other operating leases	391,10 5	389,237
	Depreciation - owned assets	84,204	73,978
	Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts	132,324	137,236
	Loss/(profit) on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration	215 8,000	(11,365) 5,000
	Auditors' remuneration for non-audit work	807	4,000
	Additional formation for the first additional for the first additional formation for t		
	Director's remuneration	373,935	385,329
	Director's remuneration	070,000	000,020
	The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as follow	ıe ·	
		·3.	
	Money purchase schemes	1	1
•	Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:	2040	2045
		2016	2015 as restated
		£	£
	Emoluments etc	<u>373,935</u>	385,329
7.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	2040	2015
		2016	2015 as restated
		£	£
	Bank interest	10,498 1,206	8,855
	Interest on overdue taxation Loan	1,400	3,268
	Hire purchase	25,625	16,513
		37,329	28,636
		37,323	20,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

8. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the year was as follows:		
The lax charge on the profit of chamery detailed to the year was as tenents.	2016 £	2015 £
Current tax: UK corporation tax Corporation tax adjustment re previous year	86,306 22	9,959 <u>436</u>
Total current tax	86,328	10,395
Deferred tax	23,379	14,430
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	109,707	24,825

UK corporation tax was charged at 20% in 2015.

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	2016 £	2015
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	508,552	78,212
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20%)	101,710	15,642
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods Deferred tax	5,045 (20,449) 22 	7,338 (13,021) 436 14,430
Total tax charge	109,707	24,825
DIVIDENDS	2016	2015
	2016 £	2015 £
Interim	35,000	-

10. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT

9.

The company has an office in France and transactions in the previous year, as reported in the profit and loss account, was translated at the year-end exchange rate. This treatment is inconsistent with the requirements of SSAP 20 or FRS102. The comparative amounts in the income statement have been re-stated to the average exchange rate for the year and the re-translation difference has been written off.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

11	TANCIDI E EIVED ACCETO				
11.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Freehold property £	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Totals £
	COST At 1 April 2015 Additions Disposals	530,003	542,752 19,437	1,693,101 207,060 (123,397)	2,765,856 226,497 (123,397)
	At 31 March 2016	530,003	562,189	1,776,764	2,868,956
	DEPRECIATION At 1 April 2015 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal	92,574 5,231	365,277 49,891	1,242,365 161,406 (114,896)	1,700,216 216,528 (114,896)
	At 31 March 2016	97,805	415,168	1,288,875	1,801,848
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2016	432,198	147,021	<u>487,889</u>	1,067,108
	At 31 March 2015	437,429	<u>177,475</u>	450,736	1,065,640
	Fixed assets, included in the above, which are	held under hire pu	irchase contrac	ts are as follows:	Motor vehicles £
	COST At 1 April 2015				
	Additions				170,221
	At 31 March 2016				864,523
	DEPRECIATION At 1 April 2015 Charge for year				335,270 132,324
	At 31 March 2016				467,594
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2016			•	396,929
	At 31 March 2015			·	359,032
12.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITH	IN ONE YEAR		2016	2015
	Trada dabásas			£	£
	Trade debtors Other debtors			1,124,768 499,164	1,020,692 291,969
	Deferred tax asset Prepayments and accrued income			97,578	15,169 132,799
					1,460,629
		and the second second		1,721,010	1,400,023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

40	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
13.	CREDITORS, AMOUNTS FALLING DOE WITHIN ONE TEAK	2016	2015
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 15)	85,203	90,041
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 16)	127,329	163,005
	Trade creditors	702,583	633,997
	Corporation tax	86,306	9,937
	Social security and other taxes	338,042	389,040
	Other creditors	320,052	423,031
•	Accruals and deferred income	147,869	95,983
		1,807,384	1,805,034
	Included in accruals is pension contributions of £4,290 (2015 - £ nil) unpaid at the	year end.	
14.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
17.	ONEDITORS. AMOUNTS I ALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE TEAR	2016	2015
		£	£
	Bank loans (see note 15)	209,776	235,748
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 16)	106,232	125,098
	(222.200.00)		
		316,008	360,846
15.	LOANS		
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		2016	2015
,			2015 £
(Amounts falling due within one year or an demand:	£	L
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand: Bank overdrafts		20,471
	Bank loans	85,203	69,570
	Dalik Idalis	05,205	09,570
		85,203	90,041
		00,200	
	Amounts folling due hot your one and two years:		
	Amounts falling due between one and two years: Bank loans - 1-2 years	00 222	54 474
	Dank loans - 1-2 years	<u>88,233</u>	<u>54,474</u>
	A second falling of the behavior has a self-Consumer.		
	Amounts falling due between two and five years: Bank loans - 2-5 years	121,543	117,900
	Dank loans - 2 o years	121,040	
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
	Amounts faming due in more than live years.		
	Repayable by instalments		
	Bank loans more 5 yr by instal	-	63,374
		=	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

LEASING AGREEMENTS 16.

17.

Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:		
Net obligations repayable: Within one year Between one and five years	Hire purcha 2016 £ 127,329 106,232 233,561	163,005 125,098 288,103
Within one year Between one and five years In more than five years		n-cancellable rating leases 2015 £ 227,916 670,005 42,769 940,690
SECURED DEBTS		
The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
Bank overdraft Bank loans Hire purchase contracts	2016 £ 294,979 233,561	2015 £ 20,471 305,318 288,103
	528,540	613,892

Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by a legal charge on the company's freehold properties, and a fixed and floating charge over all the company's assets present and future.

Amounts due under hire purchase and finance lease contracts are secured on the assets concerned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

18.	FINA	NCIAL	INSTR	UMENTS
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The carrying amount of the company's financial instruments are as follows:

	2016 £	2015 £
Financial assets		
Debt instruments measured at amortised cost: -Trade debtors (note 11)	1,124,768	1,020,692
-Other debtors (note 11)	499,164	291,969
-Prepayments and accrued income (note 11)	97,578	132,799
	1,721,510	1,445,460
Financial liabilities	•	
Measured at amortised cost:		
-Bank loans (note 16)	294,979	325,789
-Hire purchase contracts (note 12)	233,561	288,103
-Trade creditors (note 12)	702,583	633,997
-Social security and other taxes (note 12)	338,042	389,040
-Other creditors (note 12)	320,052	423,031
-Accruals and deferred income (note 12)	147,869	95,983
	2,037,086	2,155,943

The total interest income and interest expense for financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss was £168 (2015: £229) and £36,123 (2015: £28,636) respectively.

19 PROVISIO	MIC EOD	LIABII	ITIES

19.	PROVISIONS	FOR LIABILITIES		2016	
	Deferred tax			£ <u>8,210</u>	
					Deferred tax
	Balance at 1 A Provided durin				(15,169) 23,379
	Balance at 31	March 2016			8,210
20.	CALLED UP S	HARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issued Number:	d and fully paid: Class:	Nominal value:	2016	2015
	20,000	Ordinary	£1	£ 20,000	£ 20,000
21.	RESERVES				Retained earnings £
	At 1 April 2015 Profit for the ye Dividends		*		912,874 398,845 (35,000)
	At 31 March 20	016			1,276,719

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

22. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company is defending a claim by an ex-employee for unfair dismissal. The claim made is for €76,666 and the outcome is uncertain. As a result of initial legal advice, the director has made a provision of €50,000 (£39,600) in the current year.

At the year end, a legal charge on the company's freehold property was outstanding, to secure all amounts owed to Barclays Bank plc by Stephen Hedley and Rosario Hedley, as managing trustees of Hedleys Humpers Limited - Retirement Benefit Scheme.

23. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Hedleys Inc.

Company under common control

During the year, sales and expenses recharged to Hedleys Inc. was £544,413 (2015 - £136,142) and services purchased was £518,332 (2015 - £451,825).

	2016	2015
	£	£
Amount due from related party at the balance sheet date	554,906	390,157
Provisions for doubtful debt at the balance sheet date	(203,405)	(203,405)

Company pension scheme

S Hedley and Ms RCA Sun are trustees and beneficiaries

During the year, the company paid rent amounting to £110,000 (2015: £205,000) to the pension scheme.

S M Hedley

Director

During the year, dividends of £35,000 was paid to the director and his close family.

Key management

Key management personnel compensation during the year was £481,089 (2015 - £489,608).

24. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is under the control of the director and his close family.

RECONCILIATION OF EQUITY 1 APRIL 2014 (DATE OF TRANSITION TO FRS 102)

	Notes	UK GAAP £	Effect of transition to FRS 102 £	FRS 102 £
FIXED ASSETS				
Tangible assets		1,157,817		1,157,817
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors		2,098,489	-	2,098,489
Cash at bank		<u>657,190</u>		657,190
		2,755,679		2,755,679
CREDITORS	•			
Amounts falling due within one year		(2,495,291)		(2,495,291)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		260,388		260,388
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,418,205	-	1,418,205
CREDITORS				
Amounts falling due after more than one		(538,718)		(538,718)
year		(556,716)		(536,716)
NET ASSETS		<u>879,487</u>		879,487
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up share capital		20,000	_	20,000
Share premium		859,487		859,487
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		879,487		879,487

RECONCILIATION OF EQUITY - continued 31 MARCH 2015

	Notes	UK GAAP £	Effect of transition to FRS 102	FRS 102 £
FIXED ASSETS		4 005 040		4 005 640
Tangible assets		1,065,640	<u>-</u>	1,065,640
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors		1,460,629	-	1,460,629
Cash at bank		572,485	-	<u>572,485</u>
		2,033,114		2,033,114
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year		(1,805,034)		(1,805,034)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		228,080		228,080
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,293,720	-	1,293,720
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one				
year		(360,846)		(360,846)
NET ASSETS		932,874		932,874
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up share capital		20,000	-	20,000
Retained earnings		912,874	-	912,874
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		932,874		932,874

RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

TURNOVER Cost of sales	UK GAAP £ 10,156,007 (5,612,480)	Effect of transition to FRS 102 £ 103,634 (82,648)	FRS 102 £ 10,259,641 (5,695,128)
GROSS PROFIT Distribution costs Administrative expenses Other operating income	4,543,527 (560,775) (3,808,929) (67,204)	20,986 (88,190) 67,204	4,564,513 (560,775) (3,897,119)
OPERATING PROFIT Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	106,619 229 (28,636)	· ·	106,619 229 (28,636)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Tax on profit on ordinary activities	78,212 (24,825)		78,212 (24,825)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	53,387		53,387