International Hotels Limited

Directors' report and consolidated financial statements

31 December 1997 Registered number 1352019



Directors' report and consolidated financial statements

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Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1997.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the company are the operation of a luxury country house hotel, Alexander House, providing accommodation, restaurant and conference facilities, and property investment. The company's subsidiary, Stoke Park Limited, holds the leasehold of Stoke Poges golf club which it operates.

Business review

The consolidated results for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 5.

In April 1998 on the basis of a professional revaluation, the directors revalued the company's interest in its freehold property at Beaufort Gardens which is disclosed in note 9.

Proposed dividend

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (1996: £nil).

Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

The Right Honourable

Earl Alexander of Tunis (Chairman)

RM King

(Deputy Chairman)

GD King

HM King

TIME WINE

WM King

CM King

None of the directors who held office at the end of the year had any disclosable interest in the shares of the company.

Directors' report (continued)

Creditor payment policy

Supplier credit is an extremely important factor in the success of the business of the group. Whilst we do not follow any specified code or standard on payment practice, we endeavour to ensure that all payments are made within mutually agreed credit terms, subject to the terms and conditions being met by the supplier.

Auditors

In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By order of the boar

HG Menon Secretary

Hertford Place Denham Way Rickmansworth Hertfordshire WD3 2XB

23.1 Ochber 1998

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the preparation of financial statements

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and group and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



PO Box 695 8 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8BB

Auditors' report to the members of International Hotels Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 18.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and group as at 31 December 1997 and of the loss of the group for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPMG

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors 28 Octo3er 1998

Consolidated profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 1997

	Note	1997 £000	1996 £000
Turnover Cost of sales	2	3,677 (1,358)	3,202 (1,699)
Gross profit Administrative expenses		2,319 (3,662)	1,503 (2,094)
Operating loss Interest payable and similar charges Interest receivable	4 5	(1,343) (104) 2	(591) (177)
Loss on ordinary activities before and after tax	3	(1,445)	(768)

The above results were derived solely from continuing operations.

There is no difference between the results for the year and the historical cost or loss.

Consolidated statement of total recognised gains and losses

for the year ended 31 December 1997

	1997 £000	1996 £000
Loss for the year Property revaluation	(1,445) 686	(768) 2,414
Total recognised (losses)/gains	(759)	1,646

Consolidated balance sheet

at 31 December 1997

	Note		1997		1996
Fixed assets		£000	£000	£000	£000
Tangible assets	9		17,132		10,422
Current assets					
Stocks	11	289		199	
Debtors	12	771		302	
Cash in hand		3		4	
G 19		1,063		505	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	13	(4,783)		(2,650)	
Net current liabilities			(3,720)		(2,145)
					(2,143)
Total assets less current liabilities			13,412		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Creditors: amounts falling due after			10,412		8,277
more than one year	14		(14,557)		(8,663)
Net liabilities			(1,145)		(386)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	15		2,505	•	2,505
Revaluation reserve			3,100		2,414
Profit and loss account			(6,750)		(5,305)
					
Deficit on equity shareholders' funds	16		(1,145)		(386)
					

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 2300000 1998 and were signed on its behalf by:

WM King

Company balance sheet

at 31 December 1997

	Note		1997		1996
Fixed assets		£000	£000	£000	£000
Tangible assets	9		£ 660		
Investments	10		5,660 1		4,699
					1
			5,661		4,700
Current assets Stocks			•		
Debtors	11	101		78	
Cash in hand	12	9,212		5,024	
Cash in Hand		1		1	
		9,314		£ 102	
Creditors: amounts falling		>,514		5,103	
due within one year	13	(2,549)		(1,764)	
Net current assets					
recontent assets			6,765		3,339
Total assets less current liabilities					·
Creditors: amounts falling due after			12,426		8,039
more than one year	14		(12,401)		(8,651)
					(0,051)
Net assets/(liabilities)			25		(612)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	15		2,505	•• •	0.505
Profit and loss account			(3,166)		2,505
Revaluation reserve			686		(3,117)
Equity shareholders' funds/(deficit)	16		25		(612)
					

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 23 nd Dollas 1998 and were signed on its behalf by:

WM King Director

Consolidated cash flow statement

for the year ended 31 December 1997			
	Note	1997 £000	1996 £000
Net cash outflow from operating activities	18	(513)	(222)
Returns on investment and servicing of finance			
Interest paid Interest received		(107)	(183)
		(105)	(183)
Capital expenditure			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets		(6,457)	(1,137) 19
		(6,457)	(1,118)
Cash outflow before financing		(7,075)	(1,523)
Financing			
Increase in loans from related parties Increase in finance leases		3,744 8	2,371 14
(Decrease)/increase in cash		(3,323)	862
Reconciliation of net cash flow to mov	ement in net debt		
for the year ended 31 December 1997	200 000		
	Note	1997 £000	1996 £000
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the year (Increase)/decrease in lease financing		(3,323) (8)	862 (14)
Change in net debt Net debt at beginning of the year	19	(3,331) (1,588)	848 (2,436)
Net debt at end of the year		(4,919)	(1,588)

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules.

Certain creditors have undertaken not to seek repayment of amounts due to them, totalling £10,895,000 within 12 months of the date on which these financial statements are signed. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the company will be able to trade as a going concern.

If the group or company were unable to continue to trade, adjustments would have to be made to reduce the value of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities that might arise, and to reclassify fixed assets and long term liabilities as current assets and current liabilities.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the company and its subsidiary undertaking made up to 31 December 1997.

A separate profit and loss account dealing with the results of the company has not been presented as provided by S230(4) of the Companies Act 1985.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided by the company to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Motor vehicles - 33.3% Fixtures and fittings - 12.5% Plant and equipment - 20%

No depreciation is provided on freehold or long leasehold land and buildings or on fine art works included within fixtures and fittings as it is considered that the residual value of these items will be greater than cost. The costs of maintaining the condition of the freehold and leasehold properties are expensed through the profit and loss account.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the provision of goods and services to customers during the year.

2 Segmental information

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In the opinion of the directors, turnover and the loss on ordinary activities before tax arose in the same class of business and geographical market.

3 Loss on ordinary activities before and after tax

	1997	1996
	£000	£000
Loss on ordinary activities before and after tax		
is stated after charging		
Auditors' remuneration:		
- audit services	17	17
Depreciation	433	288
The parent company audit fee is £7,000 (1996: £7,000).		
Interest payable and similar charges		
	1997	1996
	£000	£000
On bank loans and overdrafts	104	177
		
Interest receivable		
	1997	1996
	£000	£000
		2000
Bank interest receivable	2	_

6 Remuneration of directors

None of the directors received any emoluments for their services to the company or the group (note 20a).

7 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the group (including directors) during the year, analysed by category, was as follows:

	Number of employees		
	1997	1996	
Administration	18	10	
Operational	81	18	
•	01	68	
	99	86	
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:			
	1997	1996	
	£000	£000	
Wages and salaries	1,314	1,085	
Social security costs	103	87	
Other pension costs	5	6	
	1,422	1,178	

8 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

No liability to United Kingdom Corporation Tax arose during the year ended 31 December 1997 due to the loss arising for tax purposes (1996: £nil).

The potential deferred tax liability following revaluation of the group's long leasehold property amounts to £776,000. The directors have not provided for this potential liability as they have no intention of disposing of the property. There are no other potential deferred tax liabilities and no assets which the directors expect to crystallise in the foreseeable future.

9 Tangible fixed assets

Group	Land and buildings	Long leasehold property and leasehold improvements	Motor vehicles	Fixtures fittings tools and equipment	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Cost or valuation					
At beginning of year	3,665	4,424	52	3,801	11,942
Additions	116	4,562	126	1,653	6,457
Disposals	•	-	-	(394)	(394)
Revaluation	686	-	-	· -	`686 [´]
At end of year	4,467	8,986	178	5,060	18,691
Depreciation					
At beginning of year	-	102	52	1,366	1,520
Charge for year	-	127	16	290	433
On disposals	-	-	-	(394)	(394)
At end of year		229	68	1,262	1,559
Net book value					
At 31 December 1997	4,467	8,757	110	3,798	17,132
At 31 December 1996	3,665	4,322	-	2,435	10,422

The cost of fixtures, fittings tools and equipment includes £2,250,000 (1996: £1,753,000) of assets not subject to depreciation.

On 11 October 1996, Strutt and Parker, Chartered Surveyors revalued the long leasehold property at Stoke Poges on the basis of open market value for existing use. The historical cost of the long leasehold property and leasehold improvements is £6,572,000.

Included above are assets held under finance leases with a cost of £18,000 (1996: £18,000), accumulated depreciation of £5,700 (1996: £2,100) and a net book value of £12,300 (1996: £15,900).

On 8 April 1998, Hampton International revalued the companies' freehold properties at Beaufort Garden on the basis of open market value for existing use. The directors have incorporated this valuation into these financial statements. The historical cost of freehold land and buildings is £3,781,000.

9 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Company	Land and buildings	Motor vehicles	Fixtures fittings tools and equipment	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Cost or valuation		2000	2000	2000
At beginning of year	3,665	52 ·	1,969	5,686
Additions	62	126	141	329
Disposals	-		(394)	(394)
Transfers to subsidiary	-	(52)	(3)4)	(52)
Revaluation	686	-	-	686
At end of year	4,413	126	1,716	6,255
Depreciation				
At beginning of year	_	52	935	987
Charge for year	_	16	38	967 54
On disposals	_	-	(394)	(394)
Transfer to subsidiary	-	(52)	(354)	(52)
				
At end of year	-	16	579	595
Net book value				
At 31 December 1997	4,413	110	1,137	5,660
				
At 31 December 1996	3,665	-	1,034	4,699
				

The cost of fixtures, fittings tools and equipment includes £890,000 (1996: £890,000) of assets not subject to depreciation.

On 8 April 1998, Hampton International revalued the companies' freehold properties at Beaufort Garden on the basis of open market value for existing use. The directors have incorporated this valuation into these financial statements. The historical cost of freehold land and buildings is £3,727,000.

10 Investments

11

12

Investments				
			s	Shares in subsidiary undertaking
Cost and net book value at				£000
beginning and end of year				1
		atry of	Principal	
	regist	ration	activity	
	incorpo	and ration		of shares held
Stoke Park Limited		nd and Wales	Management of golf course	
. •			9012 0001100	oldmary
Stocks				
		Group		Company
	1997	1996	1997	1996
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Finished goods for resale	289	199	101	78
Debtors: amounts falling due with	·•			
Debtors, amounts taining due will	ин оне уеаг			•
	1007	Group		Company
	1997 £000	1996 £000	1997 £000	1996
	2000	2000	£000	£000
Trade debtors Amounts owed by subsidiary	199	133	77	56
undertaking		-	9,086	4,944
Other debtors	492	133	21	7
Prepayments and accrued income	80	36	28	17
	771	302	9,212	5,024

13 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Group		Com	panv
	1997	1996	1997	1996
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Bank loans and overdrafts	2,752	1,577	2,245	1,567
Obligations under finance leases	8	3	5	1,507
Deferred income	556	473	-	-
Trade creditors	1,046	417	131	116
Other creditors including tax and social security: Other taxes and social	2,414	41,	131	116
security	81	50	30	31
Other creditors	298	99	96	19
Accruals and deferred income	42	31	42	31
	4,783	2,650	2,549	1,764
			·	

The bank overdraft is secured by a fixed and floating charge over assets.

14 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Group		Company	
	1997 £000	1996 £000	1997 £000	1996 £000
Bank loans Amounts owed to related parties Shareholders' loan Obligations under finance leases	2,147 10,895 1,500 15	7,151 1,500 12	10,895 1,500 6	7,151 1,500
	14,557	8,663	12,401	8,651

The bank loan is secured on the group's leasehold property. In addition, two related parties have each guaranteed the bank borrowings for £2.5 million. The bank loan is wholly repayable within five years. There are no repayment terms or interest charged on the amounts owed to related parties.

15 Called up share capital

	1997 £000	1996 £000
Authorised ordinary shares of £1 each	2,600	2,600
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares of £1 each	2,505	2,505

16 Reconciliation of movements in equity shareholders' funds

				1997	1996
Group	Share	Profit	Revaluation	Total	Total
	capital	and loss	reserve	shareholders'	shareholders'
		account		funds	funds
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
At beginning of year	2,505	(5,305)	2,414	(386)	(2,032)
Loss for the year	-	(1,445)	•	(1,445)	(768)
Property revaluation	*	-	686	686	2,414
At and of year					
At end of year	2,505	(6,750)	3,100	(1,145)	(386)
_				1997	1996
Company	Share	Profit	Revaluation	Total	Total
•	capital	and loss	reserve	shareholders'	shareholders'
		account		funds	funds
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
At beginning of year	2,505	(3,117)	_	(612)	(375)
Loss for the year	-	(49)	-	(49)	(237)
Revaluation	-	-	686	686	-
At end of year	2,505	(3,166)	686		
/		(3,100)	080	25	(612)

17 Capital commitments

At the year end the company had no capital commitments (1996: £nil).

18 Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities

	1997 £000	1996 £000
Operating loss Depreciation charge	(1,343) 433	(591) 289
Profit on sale of fixed assets Increase in stock Increase in debtors	(90)	(7) (16)
Increase in creditors	(469) 956	(78) 181
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(513)	(222)

19 Analysis of changes in net debt

	Finance	Bank loans/		
	leases	Cash	overdraft	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 January 1996	(1)	2	(2,437)	(2,436)
Cash inflows	(14)	2	860	848
				- ··
At 31 December 1996	(15)	4	(1,577)	(1,588)
Cash inflows	(8)	(1)	(3,322)	(3,331)
At 31 December 1997	(23)	3	(4,899)	(4,919)

20 Related party transactions

During the year the group had the following related party transactions and balances:

- a) The group paid £209,000 (1997: £155,000) for the services of the directors to Beeson Holdings Limited.
- b) The group paid £146,000 (1996: £51,000) in respect of consultancy fees to Beeson & Son Limited
- c) The group incurred £94,000 in advertising and printing costs payable to International Advertising Limited.
- d) The group incurred £124,000 (1996: £109,000) in respect of financial and legal support payable to International Hospitals Group Limited.
- e) The company had the following related party liabilities at 31 December 1997:
 - International Hospitals Group Limited £9,358,000 (1996: £6,312,000).
 - Beeson Holdings Limited £1,537,000 (1996: £839,000).

All the above companies are related parties by virtue of the fact that the board of directors of the companies include RM King, HM King, WM King and CM King.