Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

for

REDWOOD STUDIOS LIMITED

Contents of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

	Page
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3

REDWOOD STUDIOS LIMITED

Company Information for the year ended 30 June 2022

Director:	A Jacquemin
Registered office:	78 Court Farm Road Newhaven BN9 9DY
Registered number:	01320249 (England and Wales)
Accountants:	Haines Watts Chartered Accountants 3rd Floor Marlborough House 298 Regents Park Road Finchley London N3 2SZ

Balance Sheet 30 June 2022

			2022		2021
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		29,213		30,265
Current assets					
Cash at bank		87,625		95,255	
Creditors					
Amounts falling due within one year	5	17,509		14,248	
Net current assets			70,116		81,007
Total assets less current liabilities			99,329		111,272
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		200		200
Retained earnings			99,129		111,072
Shareholders' funds			99,329		111,272

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 June 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 10 October 2022 and were signed by:

A Jacquemin - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

1. Statutory information

Redwood Studios Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Key source of estimation, uncertainty and judgement

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting practice requires management to make estimates and judgement that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating depreciation. A full line by line review of fixed assets is carried out by management regularly. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the depreciation policy is as accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the policy does not match the useful life of the assets.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating deferred tax. A full line by line review of deferred tax is carried out by management regularly. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the deferred tax is as accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the provisions do not match the actual tax liability when asset is disposed of.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating bad debt provisions. A full line by line review of trade debtors is carried out at the end of each month. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the bad debt provisions are as accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the provisions do not match the level of debts which ultimately prove to be uncollectable.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Improvements to property - Straight line over 8 years Plant and machinery - 15% on reducing balance

Computer equipment - 33% on cost

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30 June 2022

2. Accounting policies - continued

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Trade and other debtors and creditors are classified as basic financial instruments and measured at initial recognition at transaction price. Debtors and creditors are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. A provision is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due.

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as basic financial instruments and comprise cash in hand and at bank and bank overdrafts.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the company are classified in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

3. Employees and directors

The average number of employees during the year was 1 (2021 - 1).

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30 June 2022

4.	Tangible fixed	d assets	Improvements to property £	Plant and machinery	Computer equipment £	Totals £
	Cost					
	At 1 July 2021	l	28,468	184,098	-	212,566
	Additions		-	-	2,184	2,184
	At 30 June 20	22	28,468	184,098	2,184	214,750
	Depreciation					
	At 1 July 2021	l	5,479	176,822	-	182,301
	Charge for year		1,424	1,091	721	3,236
	At 30 June 20		6,903	177,913	721	185,537
	Net book valu	ıe	<u></u>			<u> </u>
	At 30 June 20	22	21,565	6,185	1,463	29,213
	At 30 June 20	21	22,989	7,276		30,265
5.	Creditors: an	nounts falling due within one yea	r			
		J ,			2022 £	2021 £
	Trade creditor	s			600	600
	Taxation and s	social security			633	644
	Other creditor	S			16,276 17,509	$\frac{13,004}{14,248}$
					<u> </u>	
6.	Called up sha	re capital				
		ed and fully paid:		•		
	Number:	Class:		Nominal	2022	2021
				value:	£	£
	100	Ordinary		£1	100	100
	100	Deferred		£1	100	100

7. Related party disclosures

At the balance sheet date, included within other creditors is an amount of £14,476 (2021: £11,204) owed to the director. Directors loans to the company are interest free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

200

200

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.