Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 March 2002

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Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2002

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Directors

R Newell

L J Austen

Secretary and registered office

D Pennington, St Florian House, Milton Road, Wokingham, Berkshire, RG40 1EN

Company number

1290711

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward, Park House, 102-108 Above Bar, Southampton, SO14 7NH

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2002

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2002.

Results

The profit and loss account is set out on page 6 and shows the profit for the year.

Principal activities

The company's principal activity continued to be the provision of office cleaning services.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were:

R Newell

L J Austen

No director had any beneficial interest in the share capital of the company. L J Austen has an interest in 25,002 ordinary shares in the ultimate holding company.

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent and;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2002 (Continued)

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

By order of the board

D Pennington

Secretary

13 August 2002

To the shareholders of Arundel Office Cleaning Services Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Arundel Office Cleaning Services Limited for the year ended 31 March 2002 on pages 6 to 13 which have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective March 2000) and under the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Report of the independent auditors (Continued)

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2002 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

BDO STOY HAYWARD

Registered Auditors
Southampton

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Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2002

	Note	2002 £	2001 £
Turnover	2	786,951	871,154
Cost of sales		617,501	686,605
Gross profit		169,450	184,549
Administrative expenses		116,259	114,912
Operating profit	3	53,191	69,637
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges		2,941 (465)	4,887 (670)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		55,667	73,854
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	5	10,041	14,325
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation for the			
year		45,626	59,529
Dividends		10,000	10,000
Retained profit for the financial year		35,626	49,529
Retained profit brought forward		226,456	176,927
Retained profit carried forward		262,082	226,456

All recognised gains and losses in the current and prior year are included in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet at 31 March 2002

	Note	2002 £	2002 £	2001 £	2001 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7		38,424		41,298
Current assets					
Stocks		3,764		2,774	
Debtors	8	112,947		120,501	
Cash at bank and in hand		197,021		131,484	
					
		313,732		254,759	
Creditors: amounts falling due with					
one year	9	89,954		68,618	
Net current assets			223,778		186,141
Total assets less current liabilities			262,202		227,439
Provision for liabilities and charges	10		20		883
			262,182		226,556
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		100		100
Profit and loss account			262,082		226,456
					
Shareholders' funds			262,182		226,556
			======		

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective March 2000).

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 13/5/5

Director

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective March 2000) and under the historical cost convention. The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective March 2000) not to prepare a cash flow statement.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of cost of acquisition over the fair value of seperable net assets acquired. Goodwill is amortised through the profit and loss account in equal instalments over its estimated useful life.

Turnover

Turnover represents sales to external customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax or local taxes on sales.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual values, of all tangible fixed assets, except for investment properties and freehold land, evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates:

Other tangible fixed assets

- 15 % - 25 % on written down value

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less additional costs to completion and disposal.

Deferred taxation

Provision is made for timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2002 (Continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Leased assets

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership ('finance leases'), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the fair value of the asset. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as amounts payable to the lessor. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged to the profit and loss account.

Lease payments are analysed between capital and interest components so that the interest element of the payment is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. The capital part reduces the amounts payable to the lessor. All other leases are treated as operating leases. Their annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Pensions

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they become payable.

2 Turnover

None of the company's turnover in the current and prior year is attributable to markets outside the United Kingdom.

3 Operating profit

This is arrived at after charging:

		2002 £	2001 £
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	11,178	10,112
	Auditors' remuneration - audit services	2,500	2,400
	Pension costs	4,920	4,650
			
4	Directors' remuneration		
		2002	2001
		£	£
	Aggregate emoluments and pension contributions	46,594	43,996
			*

There was 1 director in the company's defined contribution pension scheme during the year (2001: 1).

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2002 (Continued)

5	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities		
		2002 £	2001 £
	Current year		~
	UK corporation tax Transfer (from)/to deferred taxation account	11,331 (863)	13,442 883
	Transfer (from)/to deferred taxation account	(803)	
		10.460	14205
	Prior years	10,468	14,325
	UK corporation tax	(427)	-
		10,041	14,325
			
6	Intangible assets		
			Purchased
			goodwill £
	Cost or valuation		
	At 1 April 2001 and 31 March 2002		32,335
			<u> </u>
	Amortisation		
	At 1 April 2001 and 31 March 2002		32,335
	Net book value		
	At 31 March 2001 and 31 March 2002		-
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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2002 (Continued)

Tangible fixed assets	
	Other tangible fixed assets £
Cost	_
At 1 April 2001 Additions Disposals	100,508 26,048 (37,791)
At 31 March 2002	88,765
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2001 Provided for the year Disposals	59,210 11,178 (20,047)
At 31 March 2002	50,341
Net book value	
At 31 March 2002	38,424
At 31 March 2001	41,298

The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes an amount of £NIL (2001 - £9,658) in respect of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts. The related depreciation charge on these assets for the year was £NIL (2001 - £3,219).

8 Debtors

	2002 £	2001 £
Trade debtors Other debtors	104,838 8,109	114,210 6,291
	112,947	120,501

All amounts shown under debtors fall due for payment within one year.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2002 (Continued)

9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	ar		2002	2001
			£	£
Trade creditors			7,378	11,300
Amounts owed to group undertakings			1,103	4,603
Taxation and social security			22,818	15,608
Corporation tax			11,289	13,442
	haas aantwaata	(conved)	11,209	
Obligations under finance lease and hire pure Other creditors	mase contracts	(securea)	47 266	2,222
Other creditors			47,366	21,443
			89,954	68,618
10 Provision for liabilities and charges				
<u> </u>				D.C. 1
				Deferred taxation
				£
At 1 April 2001				883
Utilised in year				(863)
ounsed in your				(002)
				
At 31 March 2002				20
Deferred taxation				
Dejerreu vaxanon				Provided
			2002	2001
The amount of deferred tax provided for is	as follows:		£	£
Accelerated capital allowances			20	883
receivated capital allowances				
There is no unprovided deferred tax.				
Thoro to the unprevious describes than				
11 Share capital		Authorised		ed, called up
	2002	3004		nd fully paid
	2002 £	2001 £	2002 £	2001 £
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2002 (Continued)

12 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund.

13 Related party disclosures

Controlling parties

The company is controlled by A A I Myers-MacLeod, who owns a majority of the ultimate holding company's shares.

Related party transactions and balances

The balance shown as "amounts owed to group undertakings" in note 9 is all payable to the company's parent, Courtyard Services Limited.

Loans and transactions concerning directors and officers of the company

At the year end, the company was owed £5,000 by R Newell, a director. The maximum amount outstanding during the year was £7,500. The balance has been repaid since the year end.

14 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group

The ultimate parent company is Juana Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The immediate parent company is Courtyard Services Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.