J.P. Colbridge Limited

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

for the year ended

31 October 2006

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J.P. Colbridge Limited

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 October 2006

	Notes	£	2006 £	£	2005 £
		-	-		
FIXED ASSETS	1		246 700		202 602
Tangible assets			345,788 570		382,602 570
Investments					
			346,358		383,172
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		1,077		1,929	
Debtors		239,914		154,361	
Cash at bank and in hand		261,627		411,422	
		502,618		567,712	
CREDITORS amounts falling due wi	thin one			222.425	
year		163,128		208,127	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			339,490		359,585
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			685,848		742,757
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES A	ND CHARGE	S	4,820		9,499
			681,028		733,258
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up equity share capital	3		40,000		40,000
Share premium account			32,000		32,000
Profit and loss account			609,028		661,258
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			681,028		733,258

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (1) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (11) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors on 144 2007 and are signed on their behalf by

C B Colbridge

J.P. Colbridge Limited ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005)

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement conferred by Financial Reporting Standard No 1 on the grounds that it is entitled to the exemptions available in Sections 246 and 247 of the Companies Act 1985 for small companies

TURNOVER

Turnover represents the invoiced value excluding value added tax, of goods sold arising from the principal activity of market gardening. All sales were within the United Kingdom

FIXED ASSETS

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Plant, machinery and office equipment

3 to 10 years

Motor vehicles

25% of written down value

STOCKS

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

HIRE PURCHASE AGREEMENTS

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payment is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account.

OPERATING LEASE AGREEMENTS

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise, based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial habilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its habilities.

J.P. Colbridge Limited

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 31 October 2006

3 SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

The ordinary "A" shares and the ordinary "B" shares shall constitute different classes of shares for the purposes of the Act but shall otherwise rank pari passu in all respects. The directors shall have the right to recommend, declare and pay dividends or make any other distribution in respect of one or more class of share but not the others and in such amounts as the directors shall decide