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SKAINO ATMOS LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 DECEMBER 2004

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2004

Company registration number:

1241033

Registered office:

New Creation Farm Nether Heyford Northampton NN7 3LB

Directors:

K Bartholomew J A Thomason I C Callard M J Farrant H J Oldham R Gunn

Secretary:

I C Callard

Bankers:

Barclays Bank Plc

Solicitors:

Shoosmiths
The Lakes
Northampton

Mason Bullock 4 Albion Place Northampton

Auditors:

Grant Thornton UK LLP Registered Auditors Chartered Accountants

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2004

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

For the year ended 31 December 2004

The directors present their report together with financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2004.

Principal activities

The company continues to trade as heating, plumbing and building contractors.

Business review

There was a loss for the year after taxation amounting to £27,803 (2003: £55,288). The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend leaving £27,803 transferred from reserves (2003: £55,288).

Directors

The present membership of the Board is set out below. All directors served throughout the year, except where indicated.

Mr K Bartholomew Mr J A Thomason Mr I C Callard Mr M J Farrant (Chairman) Miss H J Oldham Mr R Gunn

Mr N Stanton retired as director and Chairman on 1 January 2004 and Mr R Gunn was appointed to the Board on 1 January 2004. Mr M J Farrant was appointed Chairman on 1 January 2004.

Mr K Bartholomew, Miss H J Oldham, Mr J A Thomason and Mr M J Farrant are trustees of the Jesus Fellowship Community Trust which owns 100% of the share capital of the company's immediate holding company.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, Mr K Bartholomew and Mr I C Callard retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Directors' responsibilities for the financial statements

Company law in the United Kingdom requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, for safeguarding the assets of the company and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Auditors

Grant Thornton UK LLP offer themselves for reappointment as auditors in accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985. On 1 July 2004, the Grant Thornton partnership converted to a limited liability partnership called Grant Thornton UK LLP. Under section 26(5) of the Companies Act 1989, the directors consented to extend the audit appointment to Grant Thornton UK LLP from 1 July 2004.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

I C Callard

Company Secretary

26 July 2001

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF

SKAINO ATMOS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Skaino Atmos Limited for the year ended 31 December 2004 which comprise the principal accounting policies, the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and notes 1 to 16. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom accounting standards are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read other information contained in the directors' report and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the directors' report. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF

SKAINO ATMOS LIMITED

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 December 2004 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

GRANT THORNTON UK LLP REGISTERED AUDITORS

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

27 July 2001

Northampton

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards and under the historical cost convention.

The principal accounting policies of the company have remained unchanged from the previous year and are set out below.

TURNOVER

Turnover, which excludes value added tax, represents the invoiced value of completed contracts and a proportion of the total contract value of long term contracts where the outcome can be assessed with reasonable certainty.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost or valuation of all tangible fixed assets by equal annual instalments over their expected useful economic lives.

The rates generally applicable are:

Short leasehold land and buildings

Motor vehicles
Plant and equipment

Over the lease term

20 - 25% 20%

STOCKS AND WORK IN PROGRESS

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the price at which stocks can be sold in the normal course of business after allowing for the costs of realisation. Provision is made where necessary for obsolete, slow moving and damaged stocks.

Raw materials

The cost of raw materials consists of the purchase price, including transport and handling costs, calculated on a first in first out basis.

Work in progress

The cost of contract work in progress, the duration of which is less than 12 months and is therefore regarded as short term, consists of direct materials, labour and attributable production overheads.

Contract work in progress which extends over periods greater than 12 months is stated at cost, determined on the same basis as for short term contracts, less foreseeable losses and payments on account. Where the progress payments exceed the amounts matched with turnover and have been offset against long term contract balances the balance is included in creditors due within one year as payments on account.

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the company an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance date.

FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All other exchange differences are dealt with through the profit and loss account.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Research and development expenditure is charged to profits in the year in which it is incurred.

PROVISIONS

Provisions for dilapidations represent the professional estimation of the costs to be incurred in restoring property to its previous condition when the lease expires.

Provisions for warranty costs are based on the number of warrantable units sold in the year which have historically led to warranty repairs being carried out at the expense of the company.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended 31 December 2004

	Note	2004 £	2003 £
Turnover	1	1,484,688	1,183,183
Cost of sales		(1,190,415)	(883,421)
Gross profit		294,273	299,762
Net operating expenses		(332,414)	(372,492)
Operating loss		(38,141)	(72,730)
Charitable donations			(481)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(38,141)	(73,211)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	3	10,338	17,923
Loss transferred from reserves	11	(27,803)	(55,288)

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the loss for the financial year.

All operations are considered to be continuing.

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2004

		2004		2003
Note		£		£
4		84,825		85,587
5	409,027		313,350	
6	348,728		245,495	
	1,479		18,197	
	759,234		577,042	
7 .	(369,808)		(171,426)	
		389,426	-	405,616
		474,251		491,203
8		(70,179)		(59,328)
		404,072	-	431,875
10		5,000		5,000
11		399,072		426,875
12		404,072		431,875
	4 5 6 7 8	4 5 409,027 6 348,728 1,479 759,234 7 (369,808) 8	Note £ 4 84,825 5 409,027 6 348,728	Note £ 4 84,825 5 409,027 313,350 6 348,728 245,495 1,479 18,197 759,234 577,042 7 (369,808) (171,426)

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 26 huly 2001

Accausass I C Callard Director

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2004

TURNOVER AND LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION 1

The loss on ordinary activities is stated after:		
	2004	2003
	£	£
Auditors' remuneration:		
Audit services	10,700	10,250
Depreciation	49,789	47,568
Other operating lease rentals	33,500	33,500
(Profit)/loss on sale of fixed assets	(8,614)	1,742
DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES		
	2004	2003
	£	£
Wages and salaries	277,677	260,613
Social security costs	15,235	13,028
	292,912	273,641
The average number of employees of the company during the year was:		
	2004	2003
By category:		
Production	20	19
Administration	12	11
	32	30_
Remuneration in respect of directors was as follows:		
	2004	2003
	£	£
Emoluments	30,735	29,706

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2004

3 TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

The tax credit represents:

	2004 £	2003 £
Corporation tax at 30% (2003: 30%) - Group relief	(10,338)	(17,923)
Total current tax on loss on ordinary activities	(10,338)	(17,923)

Factors affecting tax credit for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2003: 30%). The differences are explained as follows:

	2004 £	2003 £
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(38,141)	(73,211)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2003: 30%)	(11,442)	(21,963)
Effect of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Difference between capital allowances and depreciation	27 1,077	967 3,073
Current tax credit for the year	(10,338)	(17,923)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2004

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

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	Short leasehold land and buildings £	Motor vehicles £	Plant and equipment £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 January 2004	35,643	140,127	130,566	306,336
Additions Disposals	-	31,448 (14,191)	17,977 (26,049)	49,425 (40,240)
Disposais		(11,171)	(20,017)	(10,210)
At 31 December 2004	35,643	157,384	122,494	315,521
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2004	31,429	92,662	96,658	220,749
Charge for the year	4,214	25,544	20,031	49,789
Eliminated on disposals	-	(14,191)	(25,651)	(39,842)
At 31 December 2004	35,643	104,015	91,038	230,696
Net book amount at 31 December 2004		53,369	31,456	84,825
Net book amount at 31 December 2003	4,214	47,465	33,908	85,587
STOCKS				
			2004 £	2003 £
Raw materials Contract work in progress			272,206 136,821	209,002 104,348
			409,027	313,350
DEBTORS				
			2004 £	2003 £
Trade debtors			220,314	173,323
Amounts owed by group undertakings			94,196	25,952
Prepayments and accrued income			34,218	46,220
			348,728	245,495

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2004

7 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2004 £	2003 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	71,723	_
Trade creditors	106,276	91,078
Amounts owed to group undertakings	112,516	11,472
Other taxation and social security	39,999	35,645
Accruals and deferred income	39,294	33,231
<u> </u>	369,808	171,426

The bank overdraft is secured by way of a composite guarantee with its parent and its fellow subsidiaries, Towcester Building Supplies Limited and White and Bishop Limited (note 14).

8 PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	Total provision £	Dilapidation provision £	Warranty provision £
At 1 January 2004	59,328	59,328	-
Provided in the year	15,204	-	15,204
Utilised in the year	(4,353)	(4,353)	-
At 31 December 2004	70,179	54,975	15,204

The dilapidation provision is based on the professional estimation of the costs to be incurred in restoring property to its previous condition when the lease expires at the end of 2010. The valuation was undertaken by Bidwells Drake Property Consultants in 2004.

The warranty provision is based on the number of warrantable units sold in the year which have historically led to warranty repairs being carried out at the expense of the company.

9 DEFERRED TAXATION

No deferred tax asset has been recognised in the accounts, as its recoverability is uncertain.

The full potential deferred taxation asset, calculated on the liability method at 30% (2003: 30%) is analysed as follows:

	2004 £	2003 £
Accelerated capital allowances	12,197	11,269

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2004

SHARE CAPITAL		
	2004	2003
	£	£
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
5,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	5,000	5,000
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT		
		2004 £
At 1 January 2004		426,875
Retained loss for the year		(27,803)
At 31 December 2004	- -	399,072
RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUN	DS	
	2004	2003
	£	£
Loss for the financial year and net decrease in shareholders funds	(27,803)	(55,288)
Shareholders' funds at 1 January 2004	431,875	487,163
Shareholders' funds at 31 December 2004	404,072	431,875

13 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The company had no capital commitments at 31 December 2004 or 31 December 2003.

14 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There is an unlimited interlocking guarantee given to Barclays Bank Plc by House of Goodness Limited, Skaino Services Limited, Towcester Building Supplies Limited and White & Bishop Limited. At 31 December 2004, the potential liability of Skaino Services Limited was £664,631 (2003: £1,621,741).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2004

15 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As a wholly-owned subsidiary of House of Goodness Limited, the company is exempt from the requirements of FRS 8 to disclose transactions with other members of the group headed by that company.

During the year the company made sales to its ultimate controlling party of £122,672 (2003: £240,482) with an amount due to be received of £42,425 at 31 December 2004 (2003: £29,940). These sales were made within the ordinary course of business of the company.

In 2003 the company made sales to the Jesus Fellowship Vehicles, which is a part of the ultimate controlling party, of £22,222 with an amount due to be received of £5,633 at 31 December 2003. There were no sales made in 2004 and the balance due at 31 December 2004 was nil. All sales were made within the ordinary course of the business of the company.

16 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The directors consider that House of Goodness Limited is the intermediate holding company and controlling related party by virtue of shareholding, with Jesus Fellowship Community Trust being the ultimate parent undertaking.

Copies of the intermediate parent's consolidated financial statements may be obtained from The Secretary, New Creation Farm, Nether Heyford, Northants, NN7 3LB.