Registered number: 01240821

# **KGJ INSURANCE SERVICES LIMITED**

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018



# KGJ INSURANCE SERVICES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 01240821

#### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note		2018 £		2017 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets Current assets	4		5,949	•	6,999
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	1,045,944		966,881	
Cash at bank and in hand		205,394		199,479	
		1,251,338	•	1,166,360	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(307,518)		(272,010)	
Net current assets			943,820	-	894,350
Total assets less current liabilities Provisions for liabilities		_	949,769		901,349
Deferred tax			(752)		(882)
Net assets		_	949,017	_	900,467
Capital and reserves		_		_	
Called up share capital			1,000		1,000
Other reserves			240		240
Profit and loss account			947,777		899,227
		_	949,017		900,467

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

22/08/2019

R J Cox Director

The notes on pages 2 to 4 form part of these financial statements.

#### KGJ INSURANCE SERVICES LIMITED

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 1. General information

KGJ Insurance Services Limited is a private limited company (registered number 01240821), which is incorporated and registered in England and Wales. The trading address and registered office is Three Charter Court, Broadlands, Wolverhampton, WV10 6TD.

The principal activity of the company is that of an insurance broker.

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

After reviewing the company's forecast and projections, the directors have reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised.

Commission revenue is recognised at the point that the policy amounts become due to the broker.

#### 2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures & fittings

- 15% reducing balance basis

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within 'other operating income' in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

#### **KGJ INSURANCE SERVICES LIMITED**

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

# 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.4 Financial Instruments

**Debtors** 

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price.

There are no complex financial instruments.

# 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 12 (2017 - 12).

# 4. Tangible fixed assets

	Fixtures & fittings £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 January 2018	188,738
At 31 December 2018	188,738
Depreciation	
At 1 January 2018	181,739
Charge for the year on owned assets	1,050
At 31 December 2018	182,789
Net book value	
At 31 December 2018	5,949
At 31 December 2017	6,999
31 December 2017	6,999

## **KGJ INSURANCE SERVICES LIMITED**

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

5.	Debtors		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Trade debtors	75,696	75,132
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	970,098	843,606
	Other debtors	150	48, 143
		1,045,944	966,881
6.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2018 £	2017
	Tree de le constitue	_	£
	Trade creditors	221,127	206,097
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	27,150
	Corporation tax	25,906	25,358
	Other taxation and social security	4,300	3,642
	Other creditors	47,181	0.760
	Accruals and deferred income	9,004	9,763
		307,518	272,010

## 7. Auditor's information

The auditor's report that was included in the annual accounts and reports delivered to members was unqualified. The audit report was issued by Crowe U.K. LLP and was signed by Mark Evans.