## Morris & Co. (Handlers) Limited

Strategic Report, Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

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# Contents of the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

	Page
Company Information	1
Strategic Report	2
Report of the Directors	3
Report of the Independent Auditors	5
Statement of Comprehensive Income	7
Balance Sheet	8
Statement of Changes in Equity	9
Cash Flow Statement	10
Notes to the Cash Flow Statement	11
Notes to the Financial Statements	13

# Morris & Co. (Handlers) Limited

## **Company Information** For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

**DIRECTORS:** 

A E Morris

S A Morris T E Morris D S Morris

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

The Water Tower J3 Business Park Carr Hill, Balby Doncaster South Yorkshire DN4 8DE

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

01240380 (England and Wales)

**AUDITORS:** 

Kingswood Allotts Limited, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants

Sidings Court Lakeside Doncaster South Yorkshire DN4 5NU

# Strategic Report For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 1 October 2022.

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

The 2022 profit before tax increased to £1,945,915 from £1,891,402 in the year to 1 October 2021.

The capital and reserves at the end of the year amounted to £5,230,893 (2021 £4,095,298 ).

The directors consider the level of activity and year end position to be satisfactory.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Within the commercial activities the main risk facing the company are the fluctuations in commodity prices which impacts on margins and liquidity risk.

#### **SECTION 172(1) STATEMENT**

Morris & Co (Handlers) Limited is strategically operated by the Board of Directors, we make strategic decisions to enable the business to grow and develop. We aim to develop the company to and ensure that the decision making process provides benefit to employees and stakeholders while fairness is maintained.

Engaging With Stakeholders;

Our key stakeholders and the ways in which we engage with them are as follows;

Employees - The company relies on staff to ensure production levels and production quality is maintained

- Staff are remunerated at the relevant level dependent on role, qualifications and experience
- Staff in key roles are involved in decision making processes to ensure they represent interests, increase communication and align expectations within the business.

Customers - We strive to maintain a high level of service and quality. We promote and pursue feedback from customers to ensure that levels are achieved and maintained.

Suppliers - Supply chain is vital to ensure service and quality. We maintain positive relationships with key suppliers to ensure this is retained.

Our Community - We take any community feedback very seriously and take action where any issues have been reported.

Our Planet - We always try to be environmentally friendly in how we operate. We engage with specialists, to monitor and understand our energy consumption. With more informed knowledge this allows the board to make more energy efficient decisions for both energy usage and emissions.

#### **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS**

During the year the company employed 60 people (61 in 2021) producing a turnover of £46,969,257 (2021 £50,079,183. The turnover shows an decrease of 6.2% compared with the previous year.

#### STREAMLINED ENERGY AND CARBON REPORTING

UK Greenhouse gas emissions and energy use data for the period 2 October 2021 to 1 October 2022

	Consumption	Conversion Factor	CO2 Emissions
Combustion of gas own use	•	-	-
Consumption of fuel for the purpose of transport (Litres)	381,952	272417	1,040.50
Consumption of electricity (kWh)	2,,985,468	0.19121	570.85
Consumption of fuel for the purpose of own use (Litres)	144,399	2.52	363.97
			1,975.32

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

D S Morris - Director

nate: 27/6/23

# Report of the Directors For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 1 October 2022.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of the sale of salvaged and reclaimed materials.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

The total distribution of interim dividends for the year ended 1 October 2022 was £1,000,000 (2021: £1,000,000)

The directors recommend that no final dividend be paid.

#### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

The directors constantly review opportunities to improve profitability and performance including production efficiencies.

During the year the company formed an overseas subsidiary incorporated in the Netherlands, with the intention to trade in the future

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 2 October 2021 to the date of this report.

A F Morris

S A Morris

T E Morris

D S Morris

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

# Report of the Directors For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

# **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Kingswood Allotts Limited, Statutory Auditor, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

D S Morris - Director

Date: 27/6/23

# Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Morris & Co. (Handlers) Limited

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Morris & Co. (Handlers) Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 1 October 2022 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 1 October 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

# Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Morris & Co. (Handlers) Limited

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- Enquiry of management, those charged with governance around actual and potential litigation and claims;
- Enquiry of entity staff in tax and compliance functions to identify any instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations;
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- Performing audit work over the risk of management override of controls, including testing of journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluating the business rationale of significant transactions outside the normal course of business and reviewing accounting estimates for bias;
- Reviewing stock valuations;

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Steven Pepper FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Kingswood Allotts Limited, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants

Sidings Court

Lakeside Doncaster South Yorkshire

DN4 5NU

Date: 27 Jun 2023

# Statement of Comprehensive Income For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

	Notes	2022 £	2021 £
TURNOVER	3	46,969,257	50,079,183
Cost of sales		41,645,622	44,931,782
GROSS PROFIT		5,323,635	5,147,401
Administrative expenses		3,022,080	3,011,115
OPERATING PROFIT	5	2,301,555	2,136,286
Interest receivable and similar income		10,799	10,968
		2,312,354	2,147,254
Interest payable and similar expenses	6	366,439	255,852
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		1,945,915	1,891,402
Tax on profit	7	(189,680)	528,291
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		2,135,595	1,363,111
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		<u> </u>	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	₹	2,135,595	1,363,111

## Balance Sheet 1 October 2022

		202	22	202	<u>!</u> 1
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	9		11,592,573		11,580,423
Investments	10		375		-
			11,592,948		11,580,423
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	11	5,170,238		4,244,476	
Debtors	12	9,370,499		7,114,395	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,263,191		612	
		<del></del>			
CREDITORS		15,803,928		11,359,483	
CREDITORS  Amounts falling due within one year	13	18,329,581		15,145,445	
Amounts faming due within one year	10				
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(2,525,653)		(3,785,962)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			9,067,295		7,794,461
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	14		(2,522,403)		(2,730,403)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	19		(1,313,999)	,	(968,760)
NET ASSETS			5,230,893		4,095,298
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	20		1,000		250
Revaluation reserve	21		274,365		400,612
Capital redemption reserve	21		250		250
Retained earnings	21		4,955,278		3,694,186
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			5,230,893		4,095,298
J					

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on ......2.7.1.6.1.2.3............. and were signed on its behalf by:

D S Morris - Director

# Statement of Changes in Equity For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Revaluation reserve £	Capital redemption reserve £	Total equity £
Balance at 2 October 2020	250	3,279,013	452,674	250	3,732,187
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 1 October 2021	250	(1,000,000) 1,415,173 3,694,186	(52,062) 400,612	250	(1,000,000) 1,363,111 4,095,298
Changes in equity Issue of share capital Dividends Total comprehensive income	750 - -	(1,000,000) 2,261,092	- - (126,247)	- - -	750 (1,000,000) 2,134,845
Balance at 1 October 2022	1,000	4,955,278	274,365	250	5,230,893

# <u>Cash Flow Statement</u> <u>For The Year Ended 1 October 2022</u>

		2022	2021
· No	otes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	1	(445,376)	6,644,419
Interest paid		(182,721)	(13,367)
Interest element of hire purchase payments			
paid		(183,718)	(242,485)
Tax paid		(181,844)	(432,230)
Net cash from operating activities		(993,659)	5,956,337
·			
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(1,133,472)	(2,678,243)
Purchase of fixed asset investments		(375)	<u>-</u>
Sale of tangible fixed assets		1,058,604	· 90,154
Interest received		10,799	10,968
Net cash from investing activities		(64,444)	(2,577,121)
Cash flows from financing activities		5 000 405	
New loans in year		5,009,465	(445,000)
Loan repayments in year		(990,225)	(115,609)
Invoice financing		742,410	(1,058,064)
Capital repayments in year		(1,601,151)	(1,590,358)
Amount introduced by directors		1,000	125,965
Amount withdrawn by directors		(823,462)	(975,577)
Net cash from financing activities		2,338,037	(3,613,643)
harman Mahaman Nimanah and anah amili	valanta	1 270 024	(224.427)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents at beginning	vaients	1,279,934	(234,427)
of year	2	(16,743)	217,684
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	1,263,191	(16,743)

# Notes to the Cash Flow Statement For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

# 1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	2022	2021
	£	£
Profit before taxation	1,945,915	1,891,402
Depreciation charges	1,508,281	1,435,110
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	66,103	257,623
Finance costs	366,439	255,852
Finance income	(10,799)	(10,968)
	3,875,939	3,829,019
Increase in stocks	(925,762)	(2,390,920)
Increase in trade and other debtors	(1,729,147)	(25,693)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other creditors	(1,666,406)	5,232,013
Cash generated from operations	(445,376)	6,644,419

### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year	ended	1 Oct	oher	2022

	1.10.22 £	2.10.21 £
Cash and cash equivalents Bank overdrafts	1,263,191	612 (17,355)
	1,263,191	(16,743)
Year ended 1 October 2021		
	1.10.21 £	2.10.20 £
Cash and cash equivalents	612	217,684
Bank overdrafts	(17,355)	
	(16,743)	217,684

### 3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

			Other non-cash	
	At 2.10.21 £	Cash flow £	changes £	At 1.10.22 £
Net cash Cash at bank				
and in hand Bank overdrafts	612 (17,355)	1,262,579 17,355		1,263,191 -
	(16,743)	1,279,934		1,263,191
Debt	(0.404.500)	4.004.454	(4.544.007)	(0.005.040)
Finance leases Debts falling due	(3,484,533)	1,601,151	(1,511,667)	(3,395,049)
within 1 year Debts falling due	(3,444,653)	(4,729,485)	-	(8,174,138)
after 1 year	(650,626)	(32,164)		(682,790)
	(7,579,812)	(3,160,498)	(1,511,667)	(12,251,977)
Total	(7,596,555)	(1,880,564) ————	(1,511,667)	(10,988,786)

The notes form part of these financial statements

# Notes to the Cash Flow Statement For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

#### 4. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

During the year the company entered into hire purchase and finance lease arrangements in respect of assets with a total capital value at the inception of the leases of £1,511,667 (2021: £817,442).

# Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Morris & Co. (Handlers) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

The directors are aware of the year end net current liabilities of the company and have taken steps to ensure the company has adequate financial resource to continue trading over the next twelve months. The directors have produced forecasts which show that the company can continue to operate within its financial resources for twelve months from the date of this report and management accounts indicate these projections should be achieved. Consequently the directors are confident that the financial statements are properly prepared on a going concern basis.

#### Changes in accounting policies

The company has taken advantage of the provisions in section 390 of the Companies Act 2006 which allow the company to make accounts up to a date within seven days of the accounting reference date and consequently these financial statements are made up to 30th September 2022 (2021: 30th September 2021).

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Turnover is recognised when the company has a right to the consideration.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Freehold property - 4% on cost

Short leasehold - at varying rates on cost

Plant and machinery - 10% on cost Fixtures and fittings - 25% on cost Motor vehicles - 25% on cost Computer equipment - 33% on cost

### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

During the year the company incorporated Morris & Co (Netherlands)  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{B.V}}$  .

Investments comprise a 100% shareholding in Morris & Co (Netherlands) B.V. a company incorporated in the Netherlands.

The company has been dormant through out the year and group accounts have not been prepared due to the immaterial amounts involved.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

The disposal cost of stock waste is accounted for when the cost is incurred.

Page 13 continued...

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Financial instruments

Financial instruments

The company holds basic financial instruments as defined by FRS102. The financial assets and financial liabilities of the company and their measurement basis are as follows:

Financial assets - trade and other debtors are basic financial instruments and are debt instruments measured at amortised cost. Prepayments are not financial instruments.

Cash at bank - is classified as a basic financial instrument and is measured at face value.

Financial liabilities - trade creditors, accruals and other creditors are financial instruments, and are measured at amortised cost. Taxation and social security are not included in the financial instruments disclosure definition. Deferred income is not deemed to be a financial liability, as the cash settlement has already taken place and there is an obligation to deliver services rather than cash or another financial instrument.

The company enters into foreign exchange forward contracts to manage its exposure to foreign currency risk. These derivatives are measured at fair value, net of transactions costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

#### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

## 3. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

		2022 £	2021 £
	United Kingdom Europe	40,509,099 6,460,158	41,679,597 8,399,586
	- -	46,969,257	50,079,183
	All turnover relates to the sale of goods.		
4.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS	2022	2021
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	£ 2,101,908 235,520 50,628	£ 2,051,581 225,114 46,160
	Otter pension costs	2,388,056	2,322,855
	The average number of employees during the year was as follows:	2022	2021
	Site operatives Administration	41 19	44 17
		60	61
		2022 £	2021 £
	Directors' remuneration Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes	204,012 12,481	200,472 10,000
	The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as follow	/s:	
	Money purchase schemes	1	1
	Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:	2022	2021
	Emoluments etc Pension contributions to money purchase schemes	£ 137,203 12,481	£ 133,664 10,000

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

#### **OPERATING PROFIT** 5.

The operating profit is stated after charging:

		2022	2021
		£	£
Hir	re of plant and machinery	365,640	356,426
	epreciation - owned assets	745,435	552,174
	epreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts	762,847	882,937
	oss on disposal of fixed assets	66,103	257,623
	uditors' remuneration	12,850	12,000
Ot	ther services relating to taxation	3,350	8,225
	I other services	3,700	3,630
Op	perating leases - rent	249,110 	179,758
6. IN	ITEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES		
0. 114	TENEST PATABLE AND SIMILAN EN ENGLO	2022	2021
		£	£
Ba	ank loan interest	182,721	13,367
	re purchase	183,718	242,485
		366,439	255,852
			200,002
7 <b>T</b>	AYATION		====
7. <b>T</b>	AXATION	====	
Aı	nalysis of the tax (credit)/charge		
Aı		2022	2021
Aı	nalysis of the tax (credit)/charge		
<b>A</b> r Th	nalysis of the tax (credit)/charge	2022	2021
<b>A</b> r Th	nalysis of the tax (credit)/charge ne tax (credit)/charge on the profit for the year was as follows:	2022 £ 35,666	2021 £ 273,341
Ar Th Cu UI	nalysis of the tax (credit)/charge ne tax (credit)/charge on the profit for the year was as follows: urrent tax:	2022 £	2021 £
Ar Th Cu Uh Ac	nalysis of the tax (credit)/charge ne tax (credit)/charge on the profit for the year was as follows:  urrent tax: K corporation tax	2022 £ 35,666	2021 £ 273,341
Ar Tr Cu Uł Ac	nalysis of the tax (credit)/charge ne tax (credit)/charge on the profit for the year was as follows:  urrent tax: K corporation tax djustment for earlier years	2022 £ 35,666 (570,585)	2021 £ 273,341 (77,917)

UK corporation tax has been charged at 19% (2021 - 19%).

## Reconciliation of total tax (credit)/charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	2022 £	2021 £
Profit before tax	1,945,915	1,891,402
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%)	369,724	359,366
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Change of tax rate Depreciation of ineligible assets Relief in relation to R&D claim	24,778 85,624 20,056 (574,737)	17,412 225,647 19,678 (77,917)
Enhanced capital allowance claim Adjustment in respect of prior periods	(94,293) (20,832)	(15,895)
Total tax (credit)/charge	(189,680) =====	528,291

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

8.	DIVIDENDS			2022	2021
	Interim			1,000,000 	1,000,000 ————
9.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		Freehold property £	Short leasehold £	Plant and machinery
	COST OR VALUATION At 2 October 2021 Additions Disposals Reclassification/transfer		2,110,516 - - (372,342)	586,496 257,772 (915,830) 372,342	13,234,996 1,860,273 (227,250)
	At 1 October 2022		1,738,174	300,780	14,868,019
	DEPRECIATION At 2 October 2021 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal		245,833 53,678	116,720 14,839 (30,302)	4,489,644 1,165,978 (54,319)
	At 1 October 2022		299,511	101,257	5,601,303
	NET BOOK VALUE At 1 October 2022		1,438,663	199,523	9,266,716
	At 1 October 2021		1,864,683 ———————	469,776	8,745,352 ——————
,		Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Computer equipment	Totals £
	COST OR VALUATION At 2 October 2021 Additions Disposals Reclassification/transfer	219,853 253,910 - -	1,118,403 258,418 (279,954)	128,422 14,766 - -	17,398,686 2,645,139 (1,423,034)
	At 1 October 2022	473,763	1,096,867	143,188	18,620,791
	<b>DEPRECIATION</b> At 2 October 2021 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal	60,211 73,790	803,113 183,733 (213,706)	102,742 16,264	5,818,263 1,508,282 (298,327)
	At 1 October 2022	134,001	773,140	119,006	7,028,218
	NET BOOK VALUE At 1 October 2022	339,762	323,727	24,182	11,592,573
	At 1 October 2021	159,642	315,290	25,680	11,580,423
	•				

Included in cost or valuation of land and buildings is freehold land of £396,230 (2021 - £396,230) which is not depreciated.

Freehold property includes £ Nil (2021 £441,307) and plant and machinery includes £1,553,825 (2021 £1,226,094) for assets in the course of construction. These assets have not yet been brought into use and have therefore not been depreciated.

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

#### 9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Cost or valuation at 1 October 2022 is represented by:

Valuation in 2015 Valuation in 2013 Valuation in 2011 Cost		Freehold property £ - 785,000 - 953,174 - 1,738,174	Short leasehold £ 300,780 300,780	Plant and machinery £ 800,000 - 460,000 13,608,019 14,868,019
	Fixtures and	Motor	Computer	
	fittings	vehicles	equipment	Totals
	£	£	£	£
Valuation in 2015	-	-	-	800,000
Valuation in 2013	-	•	-	785,000
Valuation in 2011	-	-	-	460,000
Cost	473,763	1,096,867	143,188	16,575,791
	473,763	1,096,867	143,188	18,620,791

The land and buildings were revalued on 16th December 2013 as it is the directors' belief that this provides a true and fair view of their value. Properties to the value of £700,000 were valued by Grice & Hunter (Chartered Surveyors) on an open market existing use basis. A further property to the value of £85,000 was valued by the directors at the same time. Furthermore the directors have taken advantage of the transitional provisions of FRS102 to retain the value of these at deemed cost at the transition date of 1 October 2016.

Plant and machinery includes static plant that have been revalued by the directors at depreciated replacement cost in prior year at £1,260,000

If property and static plant had not been revalued they would have been included at the following historical cost

Freehold Property	2022 £	<b>2021</b> £
Historical cost	1,354,672	1,727,014
Depreciation	99,773	88,778
Net book value	1,254,899	1,638,236
Plant and Machinery	<b>2022</b> £	<b>2021</b> £
Historical cost	14,452,682	12,,819,659
Depreciation	5,276,567	4,195,137
Net book value	9,176,115	8,624,522
•		

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

#### 9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

	Fixed assets	included in the above	which are held under hire	purchase contracts are as follows:
--	--------------	-----------------------	---------------------------	------------------------------------

	Short leasehold £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Totals £
COST OR VALUATION				
At 2 October 2021	356,100	7,816,244	724,023	8,896,367
Additions	-	1,696,065	254,428	1,950,493
Disposals	<del>.</del>	(90,000)	(271,147)	(361,147)
Transfer to ownership	(356,100)	(1,165,978) ————	(175,621)	(1,697,699)
At 1 October 2022	<u> </u>	8,256,331	531,683	8,788,014
DEPRECIATION				
At 2 October 2021	30,476	2,634,388	490,230	3,155,094
Charge for year	784	631,060	131,003	762,847
Eliminated on disposal	(30,302)	(12,000)	(204,899)	(247,201)
Transfer to ownership	(958)	(385,940)	(148,665)	(535,563) ———
At 1 October 2022	<u> </u>	2,867,508	267,669	3,135,177
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 1 October 2022	-	5,388,823	264,014	5,652,837
At 1 October 2021	325,624	5,181,856	233,793	5,741,273

#### 10. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Shares in group undertaking £
COST Additions	375
At 1 October 2022	375
NET BOOK VALUE At 1 October 2022	375

The company's investments at the Balance Sheet date in the share capital of companies include the following:

% holding

100.00

## Morris & Co (Netherlands) B.V.

Registered office: Singel 250 1016 AB Amsterdam

Nature of business: Dormant

Class of shares: Ordinary

During the year the company formed Morris & Co (Netherlands) B.V.

The company has remained dormant since incorporation.

In view of the immaterial amounts involved group accounts have not been prepared.

### 11. STOCKS

	2022	2021
	£	£
Stocks	5,170,238	4,244,476

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

12.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
12.	DESTORO. AMOUNTO I ALEMO DOL WITHIN ONE TERM	2022	2021
	Trade debtors Other debtors Directors' current accounts	£ 7,568,664 972,732	£ 5,284,414 1,600,808 30,047
	Tax Prepayments and accrued income	557,004 272,099	199,126
		9,370,499	7,114,395
13.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 15)	4,331,684	446,981
	Other loans (see note 15) Hire purchase contracts (see note 16)	3,842,454 1,555,436	3,015,027 1,404,756
	Trade creditors	8,066,189	9,862,026
	Taxation	35,666	195,425
	Social security and other taxes	286,763	64,840
	Other creditors Directors' current accounts	5,033 56,963	65,995 69,471
	Accruals and deferred income	149,393	20,924
		18,329,581	15,145,445
14.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	2022	2024
	•	2022 £	2021 £
	Bank loans (see note 15)	637,781	585,613
	Other loans (see note 15)	45,009	65,013
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 16)	1,839,613	2,079,777
		2,522,403	2,730,403
15.	LOANS		
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:		17,355
	Bank overdrafts Bank loans	4,331,684	429,626
	Other loans	3,842,454	3,015,027
	•	8,174,138	3,462,008
	Amounts falling due between one and two years:	50.000	077 440
	Bank loans Other loans - 1-2 years	53,333 20,004	377,113 20,004
	Other loans - 1-2 years		
		73,337	397,117
	Associate falling due hotizon too and five veget	•	
	Amounts falling due between two and five years: Bank loans	160,000	206,816
	Other loans - 2-5 years	25,005	45,009
		185,005	251,825
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:		

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

15.	LOANS - continued	2022	2021
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:	£	£
	Repayable by instalments	•	
	Bank loans	<u>424,448</u>	1,684 ======
	Other loans comprise an invoice discounting facility.		
16.	LEASING AGREEMENTS		
	Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:		
			se contracts
		2022 £	2021
	Net obligations repayable:	Ĺ	£
	Within one year	1,555,436	1,404,756
	Between one and five years	1,839,613	2,079,777
		3,395,049	3,484,533
		Non-cancell	able operating
			ases
		2022 £	2021 £
	Within one year	310,283	200,702
	Between one and five years	831,186	699,264
	In more than five years	<u>-</u>	14,236
		1.141.469	914.202

### 17. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

2022 £	2021 £
4,969,465	1,015,239
3,395,049	3,484,533
3,822,450	3,080,040
12,186,964	7,579,812
	£ 4,969,465 3,395,049 3,822,450

The bank loans are secured against the business property and additionally there is a charge over the other assets of the company. Further security over the bank loans is provided by personal guarantees from the directors amounting to £300,000.

The bank loan comprises:

- i) a 60 month £691,115 term loan at a variable interest rate of LIBOR plus margin at 2.75%. The bank loan is repayable by monthly instalments and is due to be repaid in full by October 2026
- ii) £4,278,350 of trade loans at a variable interest rate of LIBOR plus margin at 2.75%. The trade loans are repayable in full 90 days after drawdown.

Finance leases and hire purchase creditors are secured on the assets concerned.

The invoice discounting facility is secured by an all asset debenture.

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

## 18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at	-	-
amortised cost	9,804,583	6,504,739
	9,804,583	6,504,739
Financial liabilities		
	<b>2022</b> £	<b>2021</b> £
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	20,526,796	17,615,276
	20,526,796	17,615,276

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise contracts to purchase foreign currency at a future date

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade debtors, other debtors, and cash at bank and in hand.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other payables, and accruals

## 19. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

Deferred how	£ .	2021 £
Deferred tax Accelerated capital allowances	1,313,999	968,760
		Deferred tax £
Balance at 2 October 2021 Provided during year Change in rate		968,760 345,239
Balance at 1 October 2022		1,313,999

Deferred tax has been provided at 25% (2021: 25%). Approximately £95,000 (2021 £155,000) of the above is expected to reverse within one year.

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

## 20. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

The allotted, issued and fully paid share capital of the company is as follows

The shares have a nominal value of £1 each.

On 8 March 2022 750 Ordinary shares of £1 each were issued as a bonus issue out of reserves.

On 22 June 2022 the 1,000 ordinary shares were reclassified		
	2022	2021
	£	£
· 740 Ordinary A Shares of £1 each	740	-
75 Ordinary B Shares of £1 each	75	-
25 Ordinary C Shares of £1 each	25	-
160 ordinary D Shares of £1 each	160	-
250 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	· -	250
	1,000	250

#### 21. RESERVES

		Retained earnings £	Revaluation reserve £	Capital redemption reserve £	Totals £
	At 2 October 2021 Profit for the year Dividends	3,694,186 2,135,595 (1,000,000)	400,612	250	4,095,048 2,135,595 (1,000,000)
	Bonus share issue Transfer	(750) 126,247	(126,247)	- -	(750)
	At 1 October 2022	4,955,278	274,365 ———	<u>250</u>	5,229,893
22.	CAPITAL COMMITMENTS			2022	2021
				£	£
	Contracted but not provided for in the financial statements			412,638	68,199

## 23. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to a director subsisted during the years ended 1 October 2022 and 1 October 2021:

	2022	2021 £
	£	
A E Morris		
Balance outstanding at start of year	30,047	-
Amounts advanced	70,589	130,047
Amounts repaid	(100,636)	(100,000)
Amounts written off	<u>-</u>	-
Amounts waived	-	-
Balance outstanding at end of year	_ ·	30,047
,		

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 1 October 2022

#### 24. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Amounts totalling £56,963 were owed to directors of the company (2021: £69,471).

Amounts owing from other related parties were £1,006,988 (2021: £157,041).

Amounts due to other related parties were £5,033 (2021: £28,667).

Related parties have provided personal indemnities in respect of the invoice discounting facilities and bank loans.

Sales include £870,935 (2021 £Nil) to other related parties.

Expenditure includes £464,292 (2021 £468,270) from other related parties