LEWIS TYLER & SONS (FENCING) LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2001

LD7 16/10/02
COMPANIES HOUSE 16/10/02

Company No. 1238308

Tre

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

A J Tyler H E Tyler I J Russell

J L Tyler N C Tyler

Secretary

A J Tyler

Company Number

1238308

Registered Office

Estate Sawmill Mill Green Hatfield Herts AL9 5PG

Auditors

MacIntyre Hudson Greenwood House

4/7 Salisbury Court

London EC4Y 8BT

CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' Report	1 to 2
Auditors' Report	3
Profit and Loss Account	4
Balance Sheet	5
Notes to the Accounts	6 to 12
The following pages do not form part of the statutory accour	nts:
Management Profit and Loss Account	13 to 14

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2001

The directors present their report together with the audited accounts for the year ended 31st December 2001.

Principal Activities and Review of Business

The company's principal activity continued to be that of the manufacture, sale and erection of fencing.

Results and Dividends

The results for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 4.

The directors consider the state of the company's affairs to be satisfactory and envisage that the company will continue to trade profitably for the foreseeable future.

Dividends

The directors recommend dividends amounting to £3,487 (2000 £2,790).

Directors

The directors who served during the year and their beneficial interests in the company's issued share capital were:

	Ordinary Shares	
	31st	1st
	December	January
	2001	2001
Λ J Tyler	11,120	11,120
H E Tyler	1,120	1,120
I J Russell	1,120	1,120
J L Tyler	1,120	1,120
N C Tyler	1,120	1,120
J A Tyler	-	-

J A Tyler was appointed as a director on 28th February 2002.

Directors' Responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs and of the profit or loss for that year. In preparing these accounts the directors are required to:

Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;

Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

Prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2001

This report was approved by the board on

9/10/02

, and signed on its behalf.

A J Tyler Secretary

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF LEWIS TYLER & SONS (FENCING) LIMITED

We have audited the accounts on pages 4 to 12 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 6.

Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the accounts, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the other information contained in the Directors Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31st December 2001 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

MacIntyre Hullson

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Greenwood House

4/7 Salisbury Court

London

EC4Y 8BT

Date: 10 Oct 2002

Mac Tutine Hudson

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2001

	Notes	2001 £	2000 £
Turnover	2	3,326,555	3,194,671
Cost of Sales		2,482,988	2,400,095
Gross Profit	-	843,567	794,576
Administrative Expenses		642,775	613,956
Operating Profit	3	200,792	180,620
Interest Receivable Interest Payable and Similar Charges	4	6,340 (22,028)	3,346 (17,026)
Profit on Ordinary Activities before Taxation	-	185,104	166,940
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	33,096	27,837
Profit for the Financial Year	-	152,008	139,103
Dividends	7	3,487	2,790
Retained Profit for the Year	15	148,521	136,313
Retained Profit Brought Forward		655,324	519,011
Retained Profit Carried Forward	-	803,845	655,324

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

There were no recognised gains or losses for 2001 or 2000 other than those included in the profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 2001

	Notes	£	2001 £	£	2000 £
Fixed Assets Tangible assets	8		347,007		285,536
	J	-		-	
			347,007		285,536
Current Assets					
Stocks	9	370,821		326,931	
Debtors	10	443,935		428,014	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	279,820	_	222,372	
		1,094,576		977,317	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One					
Year	11	485,386	-	463,853	
Net Current Assets			609,190	_	513,464
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities			956,197		799,000
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More					
Than One Year	12		128,350	_	119,674
			827,847		679,326
				-	
Capital and Reserves					
Share capital	14		15,600		15,600
Share premium account	15		8,402		8,402
Profit and loss account	15		803,845	_	655,324
Shareholders' Funds	16		827,847	-	679,326

These accounts were approved by the board on

9/10/02

and signed on its behalf.

A J Tyler Director

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2001

Accounting Policies

1

Basis of Accounting

The Accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions in Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a small company.

Turnover

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the company for goods supplied and services provided, excluding VAT and trade discounts.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost or valuation less estimated residual value of all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land over their expected useful lives. The rates and periods generally applicable are:

Plant and machinery 20% reducing balance
Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings 20% reducing balance

Leasehold properties and improvements have been amortised over the remaining terms of the leases.

Stocks

Stock and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is provided for under the liability method using the average tax rates estimated to arise when the timing differences reverse and is accounted for in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date.

Foreign Currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Where exchange differences result from the translation of foreign currency borrowings raised to acquire foreign assets they are taken to reserves and offset against the differences arising from the translation of those assets. All other exchange differences are dealt with through the profit and loss account.

Contribution to Pension Funds

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2001

Leased Assets

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the Balance Sheet and depreciated over their expected useful lives. The interest element of leasing payments represents a constant proportion of the capital balance outstanding and is charged to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the lease.

All other leases are regarded as operating leases and the payments made under them are charged to the Profit and Loss Account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2 Turnover

The turnover was derived from the company's principal activity which was carried out wholly in the UK.

3 Operating Profit

	The operating profit is arrived at after charging or crediting:	2001	2000
		£	£
	Depreciation of owned assets	97,775	80,116
	Hire of equipment - operating leases	57,753	32,228
	Hire of equipment - operating leases - land and buildings	64,937	73,613
	Auditors' remuneration	9,500	9,500
4	Interest Payable and Similar Charges	2001 £	2000 £
	Bank overdrafts and loans	3,830	6,176
	Finance leases and hire purchase contracts	18,198	10,850
		22,028	17,026

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2001

5	Directors and Employees		
	Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:		
		2001	2000
	Wages and salaries	£ 676,676	£ 617,436
	Social security costs	67,298	56,161
	Other pension costs	5,801	5,394
	Other costs	96,394	86,073
		846,169	765,064
	The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was	ıs follows:	
		2001	2000
		Number	Number
	Average number of employees	32	30
		32	30
	Directors' emoluments	2001	2000
		2001 £	2000 £
	Emoluments	158,045	186,687
	Directors' pension contributions under defined contribution schemes	5,801	5,394
		163,846	192,081
		2001	2000
	Retirement benefits were accruing to directors under schemes as follows:-	***	X7 7
	Defined contribution schemes	Number	Number
	Defined contribution schemes	1	
6	Taxation		
		2001	2000
		£	£
	Based on the profit for the year UK corporation tax	33,096	27,837
		33,096	27,837
			27,007
7	Dividends	2001	2000
	Outineme dividends arranged	£	£
	Ordinary dividends - proposed	3,487	2,790
		3,487	2,790

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2001

8 Tangible Fixed Assets

Cost £ £ £ £	£
At 1st January 2001 104,956 265 382,954 147,076 22,614 6	57,865
Additions 969 - 130,915 28,549 - 1	60,433
Disposals (5,000) -	(5,000)
At 31st December 2001 105,925 265 513,869 170,625 22,614 8	13,298
Depreciation	
	72,329
Charge for the year 8,425 13 60,849 27,018 1,470	97,775
Disposals (3,813) -	(3,813)
At 31st December 2001 88,107 224 270,471 90,757 16,732 4	66,291
Net Book Value	
At 31st December 2001 17,818 41 243,398 79,868 5,882 3	47,007
At 31st December 2000 25,274 54 173,332 79,524 7,352 2	85,536

At 31 December 2001, assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts have a net book value of £211,812 (2000: £155,057), depreciation charged in the year was £59,247 (2000: £44,776).

9	Stocks	2001 £	2000 £
	Work in progress Finished goods	3,000 367,821	2,000 324,931
		370,821	326,931
10	Debtors	2001 £	2000 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	410,697 33,238	413,320 3,200 11,494
		443,935	428,014

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2001

11				
Bank loans and overdrafts	11	Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
Obligations under hire purchase and finance lease contracts (Note 13) 67,567 45,627 Trade creditors 250,271 223,696 Corporation tax 33,096 27,837 Other taxes and social security 50,627 38,765 Proposed dividends 3,139 2,790 Other creditors - 49,000 Directors loan accounts 10,000 17,200 Accruals and deferred income 11,665 13,077 485,386 463,853 Accruals and deferred income 11,665 13,077 Accruals and deferred income 11,665 13,077 Accruals and deferred income 15,300 11,900 Accruals and eferred income 15,300 Accruals and eferred income 15,000 Accruals and eferre		Poul loans and overdrafts		
Trade creditors 250,271 233,696 Corporation tax 33,096 27,837 Other taxes and social security 50,627 33,765 Proposed dividends 3,139 2,790 Other creditors - 40,000 17,200 Directors' loan accounts 10,000 17,200 Accruals and deferred income 11,665 13,077 485,386 463,853 The bank overdrafts are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company. 12 Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After One Year 2001 2000 £ £ £ £ £ £ 1,000 15,322 100,322 100,674 104,352 104,352 104,352 104,674 104,352 104,674 104,352 104,674 104,352 100,674 104,352 100,674 104,352 100,674 104,352 100,674 104,352 100,674 104,352 100,674 104,352 100,675 45,627 104,627 104,352 104,675 104,627 104,6352 104,6352				
Corporation tax		,	·	
Other taxes and social security Proposed dividends 3,139 2,790 Other creditors - 49,000 Directors' loan accounts 10,000 17,200 Accruals and deferred income 110,000 17,200 Accruals and deferred income 110,000 11,200 Accruals and deferred income 110,000 11,200 485,386 463,853 10,000 17,200 11,665 13,077 12 Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After One Year £ £ £ Bank loans Solitions under hire purchase and finance lease contracts (Note 13) 119,740 104,352 119,674 2001 2000 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £			•	
Proposed dividends Other creditors Other creditors Other creditors Other creditors I 0,000 Directors' loan accounts I 0,000 17,200 Accruals and deferred income III,665 13,077 485,386 453,853 The bank overdrafts are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company. 485,386 463,853 The bank overdrafts are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company. £ £ £ Bank loans £ £ £ £ £ £ Obligations under hire purchase and finance lease contracts (Note 13) 119,740 104,352 119,674 13 Obligations Under Hire Purchase and Finance Leases £ 2001 2000 £ £ £ 2001 2000 £ £ £ Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are analysed: Current obligations due between one and five years 119,740 104,352 119,740 104,352 119,740 104,352 119,740 1			•	
Other creditors Directors' loan accounts Accruals and deferred income 10,000 17,200 11,665 49,000 17,200 11,665 12,000 13,853 The bank overdrafts are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company. 12 Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After One Year 2001 £ 2000 £ 2000 £ <		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Directors' loan accounts			-	
The bank overdrafts are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company. 12 Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After One Year 2001 2000		Directors' loan accounts	10,000	
The bank overdrafts are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company. 2000 2000 2000 25,0000 25,0000 25,0000 25,0000 25,0000 25,0000 25,0000 2000 2000 2000 25,00		Accruals and deferred income	11,665	13,077
12 Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After One Year			485,386	463,853
Bank loans Section S		The bank overdrafts are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the c	ompany.	
Bank loans Section S	12	Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After One Vear	2001	2000
Bank loans 15,322 104,352 119,740 104,352 128,350 119,674 104,352 128,350 119,674 104,352 128,350 119,674 104,352 128,350 119,674 104,352 128,350 119,674 104,352 128,350 12		Creditors amounts aming Due inter One Year		
Obligations under hire purchase and finance lease contracts (Note 13) 119,740 104,352 128,350 119,674 13 Obligations Under Hire Purchase and Finance Leases 2001 £ £ £ Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are analysed: Current obligations Obligations due between one and five years 119,740 104,352 187,307 149,979 14 Share Capital 2000 £ £ £ Authorised Equity Shares 25,000 Ordinary shares of £1.00 each 25,000 25,000 Allotted Equity Shares		Bank loans		
128,350 119,674			•	
13 Obligations Under Hire Purchase and Finance Leases 2001 2000 £ £ £				
Share Capital Share Sequity Shares Share Share Sequity Shares Share Sequity Shares Share Share Sequity Shares Share Sha			128,350	119,674
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are analysed:	13	Obligations Under Hire Purchase and Finance Leases		
Current obligations 67,567 45,627 119,740 104,352 187,307 149,979 149,		·	~	æ
Obligations due between one and five years 119,740 104,352 187,307 149,979 14 Share Capital Authorised Equity Shares 25,000 Ordinary shares of £1.00 each 25,000 Allotted Equity Shares 21,000 Allotted Equity Shares			67.567	45 627
187,307 149,979				
14 Share Capital Authorised Equity Shares 25,000 Ordinary shares of £1.00 each Allotted Equity Shares 25,000 Allotted Equity Shares				
### Authorised Equity Shares 25,000 Ordinary shares of £1.00 each 25,000 25,000 Allotted Equity Shares			187,307	149,979
### Authorised Equity Shares 25,000 Ordinary shares of £1.00 each 25,000 25,000 Allotted Equity Shares			2001	2000
Authorised Equity Shares 25,000 Ordinary shares of £1.00 each 25,000 25,000 Allotted Equity Shares	[4	Snare Capitai	_	
Equity Shares 25,000 Ordinary shares of £1.00 each 25,000 25,000 Allotted Equity Shares		Authorized	æ.	L
25,000 Ordinary shares of £1.00 each 25,000 25,000 25,000 Allotted Equity Shares				
Allotted Equity Shares			25,000	25,000
Allotted Equity Shares			25,000	25,000
Equity Shares			23,000	23,000
15,600 Anotice, cance up and runy paid ordinary shares of £1.00 cacit 15,600 15,600			17 700	15 600
		10,000 / Motica, canca up and rany paid orantary shares of £1.00 cacit	15,600	13,000

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2001

15	Reserves	Share Premium Account	Profit and Loss Account
		£	£
	At 1st January 2000	8,402	519,011
	Profit for the year	-	136,313
	At 1st January 2001	8,402	655,324
	Profit for the year	-	148,521
	At 31st December 2001	8,402	803,845
16	Reconciliation of Shareholders' Funds	2001 £	2000 £
	Profit for the financial year		
	Dividends	152,008	139,103
	Dividentis	(3,487)	(2,790)
	Increase in the shareholders' funds	148,521	136,313
	Opening shareholders' funds	679,326	543,013
	Closing shareholders' funds	827,847	679,326

17 Operating Lease Commitments

At 31 December 2001 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

	Land and buildings		Other	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
Operating leases which expire:	£	£	£	£
Within one year	-	-	468	468
Between two and five years	80,000	80,000	3,264	3,264
	80,000	80,000	3,732	3,732

18 Related Parties

The company is controlled by its directors as disclosed in the directors report.

Included in creditors due within one year is a loan from a director, AJ Tyler of £10,000 (2000: £17,200). The company paid interest of £2,348 (2000: £4,026) on that loan.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2001

	2001	2000
	£	£
AJ Tyler	2,237	1,989
HE Tyler	225	201
NC Tyler	225	200
IL Tyler	226	200
IJ Russell	226	200
	3,139	2,790