Rule 4 223-CVL The Insolvency Act 1986 Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of the

To the Registrar of Companies

Insolvency Act 1986

!	Fo	r offic	cial u	ıse
				•= 1 1

Company Number

1214082

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of company

(a)	ABINGDON	(RINT	
			Limited

(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es)

1/We (b)

FRANCIS JOHN CARTER 11 WHITBURN CLOSE KIDDERMINISTER DY11 68H

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

Date 22 10, 12

Presenter's name address and reference (if any)



## Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

ABINGTON PRINT KD

Cornpany's registered number

1214082

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up CRE) TORS VOLUNTARY

Date of commencement of winding up

Date to which this statement is brought down

8TH SEFFEMAGE 2012

Name and address of liquidator F J CARTER

11 WHITBURN CLOSE, KIDDERMIN STEX DY 11 6 BH

#### **NOTES**

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

#### Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursments in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

#### Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount or each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc pavable to each creditor, or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules
- (6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate

# LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT

Of whom Received	Nature of Assets Realised	AMOUNT £
	Brought forward	335
		5 22
	2	
		r
1		
	•	
		**
	N;	
	•	
	·	
1		
' •	Carried forward	335

\*NOTE—No balance should be shown on this Account, but only the total Realisations and

NOTE -This margin is reserved for binding, and must not be written across

DISBURSEMENTS				
DATE	To whom Paid	Nature of Disbursements	AMOUNT £	
		Brought forward	80	
		3		
	•			
			•	
	4			
	• ,			
	•			
		-	<del></del>	
		Carried forward .	80	

isbursements, which should be carried forward to the next Account.

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### ANALYSIS OF BALANCE

	MINE TOTAL				
			,	£	1
	Total Realisations			332	-
	Total Disbursements			80	-
		Balance	<b></b> ٤	258	-
The	Balance is made up as follows:—  1. Cash in hands of Liquidator		• • • •	·	
	2. Balance at Bank	••	••	255	-
	3. Amount in Insolvency Services Account	£	••	*	
	•4. Amounts invested by Liquidator				
	Less The cost of investments realised				,
	Balance		٠.		
	Total Balance as shown above	••	€	255	-
*The any s Accor be ac	.—Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of the stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw such investments representing money held for six months or upward, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the case as sufficient compliance with the terms of the Regulation of the Regu	rit from the operat ards must be real a transfer of which	ion of C sed an	he insolvency neguia id paid into the incol	vency Serv
(1)	Liquidator should also state —  The amount of the estimated assets and liability	ies at the dat	e of t	he commencer	nent of
	winding up —				£
	Assets (after deducting amounts charged to seconditors—including the holders of floating charge Liabilities—Fixed charge creditors Floating charge holders	ges) ••••••	•	3	123 NL
121	Unsecured creditors	 ste of the con	smen	7	448

creditors—including the holders of floating charges)

Liabilities—Fixed charge creditors

Floating charge holders

Unsecured creditors

The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash
there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

No NE

The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed