Company Registration No. 1204931

SPENCER HOLDINGS LIMITED

Report and financial statements

31 March 2011



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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2011

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

J D Spencer (resigned 21 September 2010)
M A Johnson (resigned 21 December 2011)
K M Spencer (resigned 13 September 2010)

P Duckett

A J McFarlane (appointed 14 June 2011)

SECRETARY

P Duckett

REGISTERED OFFICE

Nexus House Nexus Randles Road Knowsley Business Park Knowsley Merseyside L34 9HX

BANKERS

Lloyds Banking Group Liverpool Corporate Centre 5 St Paul Square Old Hall Street Liverpool L3 9AE

SOLICITORS

DLA Piper LLP India Buildings Water Street Liverpool L2 0NH

AUDITOR

Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor Liverpool United Kingdom

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of the company, together with the financial statements and auditor's report, for the year ended 31 March 2011

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

During the year, the company acted as an intermediate holding company engaged in dealing in and the letting of industrial and other properties. The company has properties held for resale in stock. These properties are occupied and the rental income from tenants is turnover for the company.

BUSINESS REVIEW

As shown in the company's profit and loss account on page 7, turnover has decreased by 7% largely attributable to the reduction in the number of occupied offices in the company's properties. Operating profit has also decreased by 9% as a result of the fall in cost of sales. The decrease in cost of sales is due to a reduction in property maintenance costs.

As shown on page 8, the net liabilities position of £2 1 million at 31 March 2010 has increased during the year with the position at 31 March 2011 being £3 4 million net liabilities, attributable to the loss for the year of £1,295,063 (2010 profit £17,934)

The key performance indicators of Spencer Holdings Ltd are turnover, operating profit and liquidity. These are as follows for the year ended 31 March 2011

	2011 £	2010 £
Turnover	1,859,602	1,990,794
Operating profit	352,664	389,551
Cash	15,966	29,737
Bank loans and overdrafts	15,044,044	14,392,479

The directors do not consider there to be any appropriate non-financial KPI's given the nature of the business

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company's principal source of revenue consists of rental income from the property portfolio The company manages this risk by diversifying its portfolio in both product range and geographical location The company maintains sound property management systems to efficiently manage all occupied premises and effective marketing of vacant space

The property portfolio within the Group has been financed by bank loans and is therefore open to interest rate exposure

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Following the disposal on 21 December 2011 of the entire property portfolio of the Spencer Commercial Property Limited Group, a decision has been made to wind up the remaining subsidiaries of the Spencer Commercial Property Limited Group, and for Spencer Commercial Property Limited to be put into administration. This disposal included the disposal of the full stockholding of properties within Spencer Holdings Limited for £15,664,000.

Accordingly, as a result of the decision to wind up this company, the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than that of a going concern, as explained in Note 1 to the financial statements

The entire issued share capital of three of the trading subsidiaries of Spencer Holdings Limited, being Spencer Office Parks Limited, Spencer Trade Counters Limited and Omega Business Park Limited, was disposed of as part of this transaction

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

DIRECTORS

The directors who held office during the year and thereafter except as noted below are listed below

J D Spencer (resigned 21 September 2010)
M A Johnson (resigned 21 December 2011)
K M Spencer B A (Hons) (resigned 13 September 2010)
P Duckett BSc
A J McFarlane (appointed 14 June 2011)

AUDITOR

Each of the persons who are directors at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Deloitte LLP has expressed its willingness to continue in office as auditor A resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

Approved by order of the Board

P Duckett
Director

2012

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures
 disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SPENCER HOLDINGS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Spencer Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 March 2011 which comprise the profit and loss account, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 17 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2011 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Emphasis of matter - financial statements prepared other than on a going concern basis

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not modified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosure made in note 1 to the financial statements, which explains that the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than that of a going concern

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SPENCER **HOLDINGS LIMITED (continued)**

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Anthony Falmworth BA ACA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Liverpool, United Kingdom 2012

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PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT For the year ended 31 March 2011

Note	2011 £	2010 £
1,2	1,859,602	1,990,794
	(236,465)	(286,303)
	(1,270,473)	(1,314,940)
	352,664	389,551
	(225,972)	(206,291)
	38	(5,488)
	(19,527)	58,892
3	(1,402,266)	(218,730)
2	(1,295,063)	17,934
5	<u>-</u>	
13, 14	(1,295,063)	17,934
	1,2 3 2 5	Note 1,2 1,859,602 (236,465) (1,270,473) 352,664 (225,972) 38 (19,527) 3 (1,402,266) 2 (1,295,063) 5 -

All results arise from continuing operations

There are no recognised gains and losses in either year other than those stated in the profit and loss accounts above Consequently, no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

BALANCE SHEET As at 31 March 2011

	Notes	£	2011 £	£	2010 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	6 7		60,303		96,643
Investments	7		187,172		206,700
			247,475		303,343
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	8	11,920,423		11,436,395	
Debtors	9	1,273,168		1,211,430	
Cash at bank		15,966		29,737	
		13,209,557		12,677,562	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due	10	(16,834,180)		(15,062,788)	
within one year	10	(10,834,180)		(13,002,766)	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(3,624,623)		(2,385,226)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			(3,377,148)		(2,081,883)
CREDITORS: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	11		<u>-</u>		(202)
NET LIABILITIES			(3,377,148)		(2,082,085)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Carrial AND RESERVES Called up share capital	12		50,375		50,375
Share capital redemption reserve	13		12,500		12,500
Profit and loss account	13		(3,440,023)		(2,144,960)
SHAREHOLDER'S DEFICIT	14		(3,377,148)		(2,082,085)

The financial statements of Spencer Holdings Limited (registered number 1204931), were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 1% Feb. 2012 and are signed on its behalf by

P Duckett Director

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards

The principal accounting policies of the company have remained unchanged from the previous year and are set out below

Going concern

Following the disposal on 21 December 2011 of the entire property portfolio of the Spencer Commercial Property Limited Group, a decision has been made to wind up the remaining subsidiaries of the Spencer Commercial Property Limited Group, and for Spencer Commercial Property Limited to be put into administration. This disposal included the disposal of the full stockholding of properties within Spencer Holdings Limited for £15,664,000.

Accordingly, as a result of the decision to wind up this company, the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than that of a going concern, which includes, where appropriate, writing down the company's assets to net realisable value. The financial statements do not include any provision for the future costs of terminating the business of the company except to the extent that such were committed at the balance sheet date.

Basis of consolidation and cash flows

Both the Company and the Spencer Holdings Group meet the requirements of s382 and s383 of the Companies Act 2006 to be defined as small. As a result, consolidated financial statements have not been produced as permitted under FRS 2. The company is exempt under the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard 1, "Cash Flow Statements", from publishing a separate cash flow statement due to it being a small company

Turnover

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the group in the ordinary course of business for goods supplied as a principal and for services provided, excluding VAT and trade discounts

Turnover also includes rents receivable from property and is recognised on an accruals basis

Fixed asset investments

The investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost

Other investments consists of listed investments in shares and securities which are included at valuation Valuation for listed shares and securities is established by reference to the mid-market value of stock exchange quotations. Realised and unrealised gains and losses are shown separately in the profit and loss

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation aims to write down the cost or valuation less estimated residual value of all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land over their expected useful lives. The rates generally applicable are.

Motor vehicles

25% reducing balance

Fixtures and equipment

25% reducing balance

Computers

33% on cost

Leased assets

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the balance sheet and depreciated over their expected useful lives

The interest element of leasing payments represents a constant proportion of the capital balance outstanding and is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Stocks

Stocks consist of properties held for resale Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as in the financial statements that arise from the gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a discounted basis

Contributions to pension schemes

A self-administered pension scheme exists for the benefit of certain directors of the company. The contributions made by the company to the scheme are charged to the profit and loss account and made on the recommendation of the actuary.

Government grants

Grants receivable in respect of properties held in stock for resale are credited directly to the cost of the asset, once the conditions of the grant are fully achieved. This treatment is a departure from the Companies Act 2006 which requires the asset to be shown at cost and grants as deferred income. However, the directors consider that this departure from the statutory accounting rules is necessary for the financial statements to give a true and fair view. Such properties are not depreciated and accordingly no basis exists on which to recognise the release of deferred income to the profit and loss account. The total amount of the government grants credited directly to the cost of the asset is £440,092 (2010 £440,092)

Bank borrowings

Interest-bearing bank loans and overdrafts are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs Finance charges, including premiums payable on settlement or redemption and direct issue costs, are accounted for on accruals basis in the profit or loss account using the effective interest method and are added to the carrying amount of the instruments to the extent that they are not settled in the period in which they arise

2. TURNOVER AND (LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

The company's turnover and (loss)/profit before taxation were all derived from its principal activities and all arose in the United Kingdom

The (loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging

	2011	2010
	£	£
Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's		
annual financial statements	15,000	10,000
Fees payable to the company's auditor for other services		
- taxation services	40,650	3,500
- corporate finance services	24,250	
Depreciation	36,037	51,061
-		

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 March 2011

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3	NET	FINANCE	COSTS

3.	NET FINANCE COSTS	2011	2010
		£	£
	Interest receivable	620	4
	Interest payable - on bank loans and overdrafts PIK loan charge	(281,886) (1,121,000)	(218,734)
		(1,402,266)	(218,730)
4.	DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES		
	Staff costs during the year were as follows		
		2011 £	2010 £
	Wages and salaries	424,874	533,913
	Social security costs Pension costs	53,488 18,764	59,700 19,602
		497,126	613,215
	Average number of employees (including directors)	12	12
	Staff costs include remuneration in respect of directors, as follows		
		2011 £	2010 £
	Directors' remuneration	307,509	437,189
	Pension costs of £10,000 (2010 £14,220) are included in the directors' rem	uneration	

The emoluments of the highest paid director were £101,802 (2010 £103,156). Pension costs amounted to £10,000 (2010 £10,000) One director is accruing benefits under a money purchase pension scheme

TAX ON (LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES 5.

The tax charge is based on the (loss)/profit for the year and comprises

	2011 £	2010 £
200/ (2010, 200/)		
UK corporation tax rate at 28% (2010 28%)	•	-
Adjustment in respect of earlier years	•	-
	-	-
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	-
Adjustment in respect of earlier years	-	-
		
	-	-

5. TAX ON (LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (continued)

	2011 £	2010 £
Reconciliation of tax charge:		
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(1,295,063)	17,934
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at standard UK		
corporation tax rate of 28% (2010 28%)	(362,617)	5,022
Effects of		
Income not taxable	-	(16,490)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	7,407	65,363
Capital allowances less than depreciation	3,691	4,267
Group relief	-	(49,821)
Industrial building allowances	(4,119)	(8,341)
Losses carried forward	355,638	
Current tax charge for the year		-

Deferred tax assets totalling £1,236,429 in respect of accelerated capital allowances and tax losses were not recognised as at 31 March 2011 (2010 £972,221) as there was insufficient evidence that these assets would be recoverable in future years

There is no tax charge arising in relation to the exceptional items disclosed in the profit and loss account

6. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Fixtures and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Computers £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 April 2010	257,113	14,677	268,604	540,394
Disposals	(940)			(940)
At 31 March 2011	256,173	14,677	268,604	539,454
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2010	190,668	6,053	247,030	443,751
Charge in the year	16,551	2,671	16,815	36,037
Disposals	(637)	<u>-</u>		(637)
At 31 March 2011	206,582	8,724	263,845	479,151
Net book value				
31 March 2011	49,591	5,953	4,759	60,303
31 March 2010	66,445	8,624	21,574	96,643
				_

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 March 2011

7. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Other investments £	Subsidiary undertakings £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 April 2010 and 31 March 2011	547,960	303	548,263
Revaluation	(19,528)		(19,528)
At 31 March 2011	528,432	303	528,735
Provision for impairment			
At 1 April 2010 and 31 March 2011	341,563	<u> </u>	341,563
Net book value			
31 March 2011	186,869	303	187,172
31 March 2010	206,397	303	206,700

Other investments are held at market value as at 31 March 2011

At 31 March 2011 the subsidiaries were as follows

Subsidiary	Nature of business	Class	Number of shares	% owned by ultimate parent undertaking
Spencer Office Parks Limited	Investment property	Ord £1 shares	100	100%
Spencer Trade Counters Limited Spencer Commercial Developments	Property management	Ord £1 shares	100	100%
Limited	Property management	Ord £1 shares	100	100%
Omega Business Park Limited Spencer Warehousing & Storage	Investment property	Ord £1 shares	1	100%
Limited	Property Management	Ord £1 shares	2	100%

The above companies are registered in England and Wales

The entire share holding in Spencer Office Parks Limited, Spencer Trade Counters Limited and Omega Business Park Limited have been disposed of post year end, on 21 December 2011

8. STOCK

201	l 1 £	2010 £
Properties held for resale 11,920,42	23	11,436,395

The full property portfolio was disposed of for £15 7 million in December 2011

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 March 2011

		RS

у.	DEDIORS		
		2011	2010
		£	£
	Trade debtors	328,332	328,958
	Amount due from group undertakings	816,829	412,054
	Amount due from related companies	9,881	264,257
	Prepayments and accrued income	118,126	206,161
		1,273,168	1,211,430
10.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2011	2010
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdraft	15,044,044	14,392,479
	Trade creditors	160,283	145,899
	Other taxes and social security costs	68,064	76,501
	Accruals and deferred income	1,541,065	431,331
	Directors' current accounts	557	16,578
	Amounts due to subsidiary undertakings	19,328	-
	Amounts due to related companies	839	
		16,834,180	15,062,788
			

The loans from Lloyds Banking Group were on an interest only basis and were repayable in December 2010. The loans were subsequently extended and replaced with a new group loan facility in June 2011. Interest was payable at 0.95% over LIBOR. The loans were part of a group facility with Spencer Commercial Property Limited and were repaid in December 2011, following the disposal of the entire property portfolio of the Spencer Commercial Property Limited Group.

11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

		2011	2010
		£	£
	Amounts due to subsidiary undertakings		202
	Borrowings are repayable as follows:		
		2011	2010
		£	£
	Within one year		
	Bank loans and overdraft	15,044,044	14,392,479
12.	SHARE CAPITAL		
		2011	2010
		£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	50,375 (2010 50,375) ordinary shares of £1 each	50,375	50,375

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 March 2011

13.	RESERVES
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13.	RESERVES			
		Capital redemption reserve	Profit and loss £	Total £
	At 1 April 2010 Loss for the year	12,500	(2,144,960) (1,295,063)	(2,132,460) (1,295,063)
	At 31 March 2011	12,500	(3,440,023)	(3,427,523)
14.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDE	R'S DEFICIT		
			2011 £	2010 £
	(Loss)/profit for the year		(1,295,063)	17,934
	Net change in shareholder's deficit Opening shareholder's deficit		(1,295,063) (2,082,085)	17,934 (2,100,019)
	Closing shareholder's deficit		(3,377,148)	(2,082,085)
15.	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS			
	During the year the company had the following transactions wit	h group and relate	ed parties	
			2011 £	2010 £
	Recharges to Spencer Business Parks Limited		501,405 53,405	-
	Recharges to Spencer Office Parks Limited Recharges to Omega Business Park Limited		10,105	-
	Recharges to Spencer Trade Counters Limited		23,715	_
	Recharges to Spencer Property Asset Management Limited		-	66,145
	Recharges to Greenbrook Construction Limited		-	198,112
	Purchases from Spencer Industrial Estates Limited		(19,226)	, <u>-</u>
	Purchases from Spencer Property Asset Management Limited		-	(57,178)
	Purchases from Greenbrook Construction Limited		(839)	
	Amounts due from group undertakings in note 9 comprise.			
			2011	2010
			£	£
	Spencer Business Parks Limited		501,405	3,879
	Spencer Industrial Estates Limited		- -	182,675
	Spencer Office Parks Limited		53,405	-
	Omega Business Park Limited		13,104	300
	Spencer Trade Counters Limited		23,715	_
	Spencer Commercial Property Limited		225,200	225,200
			816,829	412,054

15. RELATD PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Amounts due from related companies in note 9 comprise 2011 2010 £ £ 198,112 Greenbrook Construction Limited Spencer Property Asset Management Limited 9,881 66,145 9,881 264,257 Amounts due to subsidiary undertakings in notes 10/11 comprise 2010 2011 £ £ Spencer Trade Counters Limited 100 Spencer Warehousing & Storage Limited 2 2 Spencer Industrial Estates Limited 19,226 100 Spencer Commercial Developments Limited 100 19,328 202 Amounts due to related companies in note 10 comprise 2011 2010 £ £ 839 Greenbrook Construction Limited

16. GROUP BORROWING FACILITY

The company was party to the cross guarantee of the Group's debt facility At 31 March 2011 the total debt amounted to £182,755,955 (2010 £187,954,329) The loans have since been repaid

17. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The directors consider that the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party of this company is Spencer Commercial Property Limited which is registered in England and Wales.

Copies of the financial statements of Spencer Commercial Property Limited can be obtained from the company's registered office

