DOWNLAND DEBT RECOVERY LIMITED REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEKS ENDED 1 FEBRUARY 1997



(Registered Number 1192575)

Report of the Directors

for the 52 weeks ended 1 February 1997

The directors submit their report and financial statements for the 52 weeks ended 1 February 1997.

1. Directors

J J Pearmund

I C Percival

G Phillips

(Resigned 29 November 1996)

2. Directors' interests

The directors of the Company are shown above. During the year, liability insurance was maintained for the Company's directors and officers.

Mr J J Pearmund, and Mr I Percival are directors of the immediate parent Company and their interests are shown in the report of that Company.

3. Principal activities

The Company is engaged in the collection of debts owed originally to the immediate parent Company, Freemans PLC, and other undertakings of Sears plc.

4. Results and dividends

The full results of the company's operations are set out on page 4. No dividend is proposed. The profit for the year has been transferred to reserves as shown in note 8 to the financial statements.

5. Business Review and Prospects

The Company traded satisfactorily during the year in a tough economic climate. It is anticipated that the Company will continue to operate satisfactorily in the coming year.

6. Supplier Payments

It is the policy of the Company to pay its suppliers without undue delay once receipt of the supply or service has been confirmed.

7. Auditors

The auditors, Price Waterhouse, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their appointment will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

by order of the board S T Weeks, Secretary

21 March 1997

Directors' Responsibility Statement

The Directors are required by the Companies Act 1985 to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss for the financial year.

The Directors consider that in preparing the financial statements on pages 4 to 10, the Company has used appropriate accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, and that all accounting standards which they consider to be applicable have been followed.

The Directors have responsibility for ensuring that the Company keeps accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the Company and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985.

The Directors have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors' Report to the members of Downland Debt Recovery Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 10 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 7.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2 the Company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 1 February 1997 and of its profit for the period then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

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Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors Southwark Towers 32 London Bridge Street London SE1 9SY

21 March 1997

Profit and loss account 52 weeks ended 1 February 1997

52 weeks ended I February 1997	Notes	1997 52 weeks £000s	1996 53 weeks £000s
Turnover	1 (b)	9,965	1,363
Cost of sales		(8,308)	(773)
Gross profit		1,657	590
Debt collection costs		(1,130)	(402)
Administrative expenses		(119)	(21)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	408	167
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	3	(136)	(55)
		<u></u>	
Profit retained for the year	8	272 ====	112 ====

The Company has no recognised gains or losses other than those included in the profit above and therefore no separate statement of recognised gains and losses has been prepared.

1 February 1997	Notes	1997	1996
	110163	£000s	£000s
Fixed Assets			_
Tangible assets	4	<u> </u>	7
Current assets	1 (-)	2 790	654
Stock of debts	1 (c)	3,780 128	-
Prepayments Current account with parent company		-	1,254
Cash at bank and in hand		94	12
		4,002	1,920
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
Accruals		22	149
Current account with parent company		1,851	-
Taxation on profits		136	56
		2,009	205
Net current assets		1,993	1,715
			
Total assets less current liabilities		1,994	1,722
			
		1,994 ====	1,722
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	6	10	10
Profit and loss account	8	1,984	1,712
			<u></u> -
		1,994	1,722
		====	====

The accounts were approved by the Board on 21 March 1997.

I C Percival, Director

52 weeks to 1 February 1997

Note of historical cost profits and losses

There were no unrealised gains or losses, or adjustments for revalued assets during the financial year.

	1997 £000s	1996 £000s
Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		
Profit for the financial period	272	112
Increase in shareholders' funds	272	112
Shareholders' funds at 3 February 1996	1,722	1,610
Shareholders' funds at 1 February 1997	1,994 =====	1,722 =====

Notes on the financial statements

1. Accounting policies

(a) Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards under the historical cost convention.

(b) Turnover

Turnover is the amount received from the realisation of debts purchased and court fees recovered.

(c) Stock of debts

Stock of debts is valued at the lower of invoiced cost and net realisable value.

(d) Fixed assets

Fixed assets are fully depreciated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives, varying between 3 and 10 years.

(e) Deferred Taxation

Deferred taxation in respect of the excess of capital allowances over depreciation charged and other timing differences is provided for at the appropriate future rate of corporation tax, to the extent that a liability is expected to crystallise in the forseeable future.

2. Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

The profit on ordinary activities before taxation relates wholly to continuing businesses.

The profit on ordinary decreases the same	1997 £000s	1996 £000s
The profit on ordinary activities before taxation is arrived at after charging:		
Depreciation Audit fee	6 4	6 4

Employees

All employees are employees of Freemans PLC and details of their remuneration and pension arrangements are disclosed in the report of that Company.

Notes on the financial statements (continued)

Directors' emoluments

The directors are directors of Freemans PLC and are remunerated as such. The directors receive no payments in respect of services provided as directors of Downland Debt Recovery Limited.

3. Taxation on profit on ordinary activities

The taxation charge based on profit for the year is made up as follows:

			1997 £000s	1996 £000s
	UK corporation tax @ 33% (1995: 33%) Deferred taxation		136 -	56 (1)
			<u> 136</u>	55
4.	Tangible asset	Furniture & Fixtures £000s	Plant & Machinery £000s	Total £000s
	Cost At 1 February 1997 and 3 February 1996	44	67	111
	Depreciation At 3 February 1996 Charge for the period	42 2	62 4	104 6
	At 1 February 1997	44	66	110
	Net book value At 1 February 1997	-	1	1
	At 3 February 1996	2	5	7

Notes on the financial statements (continued)

5. Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation, all of which relates to the excess of capital allowances over depreciation charged, has been provided for in full in accordance with the policy stated in note 1(e).

6. Called up share capital

Authorised, allotted and fully paid 10,000 ordinary shares of £1 each.

7. Cash flow statement

A cash flow statement has not been prepared by Downland Debt Recovery Limited.

A group cash flow statement is prepared by the ultimate parent undertaking.

Notes on the financial statements (continued)

8. Profit and loss account

•	1997 £000s	1996 £000s
Balance at 3 February 1996	1,712	1,600
Profit for the financial year	272	112
		
Balance at 1 February 1997	1,984 ====	1,712 ====

9 Contingent liability

The Company has a contingent liability in respect of a Group banking arrangement whereby it guarantees the overdrafts of other Group companies under a group pooling arrangement.

10. Ultimate parent undertaking

The ultimate parent undertaking is Sears plc which is registered in England. The immediate parent Company is Freemans PLC which is also registered in England.

Sears plc is the parent undertaking of the only group of undertakings for which group accounts are prepared and of which the Company is a member. The Sears plc annual report is available from Sears plc, 40 Duke Street, London W1A 2HP.

Exemption has been taken under Financial Reporting Standard No. 8 from the requirement to disclose transactions with other Sears plc Group Companies.