### REGISTERED NUMBER: 01179302 (England and Wales)

### STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021 **FOR A&B ENGINEERING**

(ELECTRICAL SERVICE DIVISION) LIMITED

### Malthouse & Company

### Chartered Accountants & Business Advisers

Malthouse & Company is the trading name of Malthouse & Company Limited registered in England no. 3576518, VAT registration no. 926 7203 23 Registered office: America House, Rumford Court, Rumford Place, Liverpool L3 9DD

Registered to carry on audit work in the UK and Ireland, regulated for a range of investment business activities, and licensed to carry out the reserved legal activity of non-contentious probate in England and Wales by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.

www.malthouse.com

24/06/2021

**COMPANIES HOUSE** 

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## COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

**DIRECTORS:** 

A Stanley I Cooper

N Kennedy M Borlase

**SECRETARY:** 

Mrs K Pilkington

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

11 Derby Lane Liverpool Merseyside L13 6QA

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

01179302 (England and Wales)

SENIOR STATUTORY

**AUDITOR:** 

Samuel Evans BSc (Hons) FCA

**AUDITORS:** 

Malthouse & Company Chartered Accountants

and Statutory Auditors

America House, Rumford Court

Rumford Place Liverpool Merseyside L3 9DD

**BANKERS:** 

Barclays Bank

265/267 Lord Street

Southport Merseyside PR8 1PD

### STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 28 February 2021.

### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

A & B Engineering (Electrical Services Division) Limited provides design and installation of electrical services predominantly throughout the North West of England.

A large proportion of the Company's contract work is alongside A & B Engineering (Mechanical Services Division) Limited, and we have continued to successfully work in association on projects throughout the area and further afield with select clients.

Key financial and other performance indicators for the company are as follows:

	2021	2020
Turnover	£16,103,466	£20,139,830
Gross margin	17.97%	16.07%

The year ended February 2021 was considered by the directors to be an exceptionally good year. There was a reduction in turnover, albeit with an increase in the gross profit margin. The level of business was in line with the directors' expectations given the nature of the long term contracts secured in each financial year. The Company remains committed to the investment in the infrastructure and in the training and development of the team, both of which are considered vital to the continuing success of the Company.

Many exciting projects were secured during the year, which continue to be closely monitored and managed, the results of which have helped the Company to achieve record results. Our stringent internal monitoring controls work well across all financial aspects of the business and ensure costs are tightly controlled to improve margins wherever possible.

Market conditions continue to be as competitive as ever; however, we have maintained our close relationships with local and national clients and suppliers. We are confident that this puts us in a healthy position to ensure our opportunities within the industry continue to increase.

Along with the normal trading issues involved with our business this year, we have had to address and deal with the added restriction and effect of continuing operations with the presence of the COVID-19 outbreak. Although a small number of sites did make the decision to cease works, this only remained in place for a matter of days and all other projects continued with additional measures implemented, so as a result we have continued to service all of our sites throughout this period of the virus being prevalent, and continue to do so.

We have made the necessary changes to the operating procedures of the business to alleviate the on going effect of the COVID-19 situation to minimise any loss of the productivity of the installation works and therefore profit, and on the whole we have maintained our business extremely well and expect the forthcoming year to be another good one..

### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

The directors continue to be optimistic for the future and there are already numerous beneficial contracts secured, and in progress, which we conservatively expect to result in a turnover level of circa £15m for our February 2022 trading year. Our forecasts indicate the return and Gross Profit margin will remain healthy, and by maintaining our excellent relationships with customers and suppliers we will ensure profitable contracts continue for the forthcoming periods.

### STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS (CONT...)**

Growth in the Company's reputation and expertise has persisted over recent years and it has established itself as a leading contractor in the North West and surrounding areas. The Directors aim to continue building upon this, and its trading success, to achieve steady growth for the benefit of its shareholders.

### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

### Going Concern:

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the Business Review above. The company has adequate financial resources together with long term contracts with a number of suppliers and customers across different geographic areas and industries. The company aims to continue building upon its already successful reputation with a view to a longer term objective of increasing the company's overall value for the benefit of its shareholders. As a consequence the directors believe that the company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully. The directors have a very strong expectation that the company will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

### Commercial Relationships:

The company benefits from close commercial relationships with a number of key clients and suppliers. The loss of any of these clients or suppliers, or a significant worsening in commercial terms could have a detrimental effect on the company's results. To minimise this risk, the company recognises the need to use significant resources in supporting these relationships to ensure that they continue to operate satisfactorily.

### Competitor Risk:

The company operates in a highly competitive market. Significant price competition could adversely affect the operating results. To mitigate this risk the company has a policy of continually monitoring and reviewing its cost base to ensure that it does remain competitive.

### Litigation and Investigations:

The company is subject to a broad range of laws, regulations and standards. Non Compliance with any of these laws, regulations and standards could significantly damage the reputation and performance of the company. Rigorous quality control procedures are implemented and performed by the company on each contract in order to ensure that any such risks are minimised.

### Credit Risk:

The company derives a significant proportion of its revenue from sales to large multi-national companies. The failure of any such company to honour its debts could materially impact on the company's own working capital. Credit control procedures are in place that constantly monitor debtor balances and the company's cashflow position in order to flag up any likely problems before they arise.

APPROVED BY THE BOARD AND SIGNED ON ITS BEHALF:

A Stanley - Director

11 June 2021

### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 28 February 2021.

### **DIVIDENDS**

Based on the results for the year, interim dividends totalling £1,177,400 have been paid after 28 February 2021.

### **DIRECTORS**

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 March 2020 to the date of this report.

A Stanley I Cooper N Kennedy

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

P Kennils - resigned 7 May 2020 M Borlase - appointed 9 April 2020

### DISCLOSURE IN THE STRATEGIC REPORT

Information concerning the likely future developments and principal risks and uncertainties of the company are contained within the Strategic Report.

### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Malthouse & Company Chartered Accountants, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

APPROVED BY THE BOARD AND SIGNED ON ITS BEHALF:

Stanley - Director

11 June 2021

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of A & B Engineering (Electrical Service Division) Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 28 February 2021 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 28 February 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page four, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the company through discussions with directors and other management, and from our commercial knowledge and experience of the company's sector;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the company;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence.

We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud;
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions and investigated the rationale behind them;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;

- reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims;

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

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Samuel Evans BSc (Hons) FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Malthouse & Company Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
America House, Rumford Court
Rumford Place
Liverpool
Merseyside

Date: 16-06-2021

L3 9DD

## STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

		28.2.21	29.2.20 as restated
	Notes	£	£
TURNOVER		16,103,466	20,139,830
Cost of sales		13,210,383	16,902,789
GROSS PROFIT		2,893,083	3,237,041
Administrative expenses		834,056	854,919
2		2,059,027	2,382,122
Other operating income		127,154	
OPERATING PROFIT	4	2,186,181	2,382,122
Interest receivable and similar income		1,594	10,247
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		2,187,775	2,392,369
Tax on profit	5	412,831	468,654
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		1,774,944	1,923,715
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCO	OME	<u> </u>	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR			1,923,715
Prior year adjustment	7	275,025	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME SINCE LAST ANNUAL REPORT		2,049,969	,

## A & B ENGINEERING (ELECTRICAL SERVICE DIVISION) LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 01179302)

### BALANCE SHEET 28 FEBRUARY 2021

	28.2.21	29.2.20 as restated	1.3.19
Notes	£		£
110005	~	~	~
8	79,715	101.286	84,693
		•	
			53,529
10			2,918,397
	4,291,051	4,377,929	3,033,571
	0 220 515	9 594 502	6 005 407
	8,338,313	8,384,393	6,005,497
11	(5.007.510)	(5,244,210)	(2,986,878)
	<del>\(\frac{\sqrt{2}-1-\s</del>	<u></u> /	
	3,331,005	3,340,383	3,018,619
1			
	3,410,720	3,441,669	3,103,312
12	(10.612)	(14.021)	(10,443)
13	(10,012)	(14,021)	(10,443)
	3,400,108	3,427,648	3,092,869
14	8,045	8,045	8,045
15	405,205	405,205	405,205
15	41,748	41,748	41,748
15	2,945,110	2,972,650	2,637,871
	2 400 100	2 427 642	2 002 862
	3,400,108	3,427,048	3,092,869
-	13 14 15 15	Notes £  8	Notes  £  8  79,715  101,286  9  232,334  46,625  10  3,815,130  4,160,039  4,291,051  4,377,929  8,338,515  8,584,593  11  (5,007,510)  (5,244,210)  3,331,005  3,340,383  3,410,720  3,441,669  13  (10,612)  (14,021)  3,400,108  3,427,648  14  8,045  405,205  405,205  15  41,748  41,748  15  2,945,110  2,972,650

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 11 June 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

I Cooper - Director

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Share premium £	Other reserves £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 March 2019	8,045	2,637,871	405,205	41,748	3,092,869
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income  Balance at 29 February 2020  Prior year adjustment		(1,588,936) 1,648,690 2,697,625 275,025	405,205	41,748	(1,588,936) 1,648,690 3,152,623 275,025
As restated	8,045	2,972,650	405,205	41,748	3,427,648
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income		(1,802,484) 1,774,944	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u> .	(1,802,484) 1,774,944
Balance at 28 February 2021	8,045	2,945,110	405,205	41,748	3,400,108

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

		28.2.21	29.2.20
	Notes	£	as restated £
Cash flaws from anaroting activity		£	£
Cash flows from operating activit Cash generated from operations	lies 1	1,703,920	3,577,371
Tax paid	1		
Tax paid		(359,143)	(431,014)
Net cash from operating activities		_1,344,777	3,146,357
Cash flows from investing activiti	ies		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(22,950)	(43,310)
Sale of tangible fixed assets		2,000	-
Interest received		1,594	10,247
Net cash from investing activities		(19,356)	(33,063)
Cash flows from financing activit	ies		
Amount introduced by directors		390,185	-
Amount withdrawn by directors		-	(180,000)
Equity dividends paid		(1,802,484)	(1,588,936)
Net cash from financing activities		(1,412,299)	(1,768,936)
		<u> </u>	<del></del>
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash	ash equivalents	(86,878)	1,344,358
Cash and cash equivalents at	-		
beginning of year	2	4,377,929	3,033,571
		. ———	<del></del>
Cash and cash equivalents at end	of		
year	2	4,291,051	4,377,929
-			

## NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM

OPERATIONS		
	28.2.21	29.2.20
	£	as restated £
Profit before taxation	2,187,775	2,392,369
Depreciation charges	25,440	25,120
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	17,081	1,596
Finance income	(1,594)	(10,247)
	2,228,702	2,408,838
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(185,709)	6,904
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other debtors	164,909	(1,061,642)

### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash generated from operations

(Decrease)/increase in trade and other creditors

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year ended 28 February 2021	28.2.21	1.3.20
Cash and cash equivalents	£ 4,291,051	£ 4,377,929
Year ended 29 February 2020	29.2.20	1.3.19
	as res	tated
Cash and cash equivalents	£ 4,377,929	£ 3,033,571

### 3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS

N	At 1.3.20 £	Cash flow £	At 28.2.21
Net cash Cash at bank	4,377,929	(86,878)	4,291,051
	4,377,929	(86,878)	4,291,051
Total	4,377,929	(86,878)	4,291,051

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

A & B Engineering (Electrical Service Division) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### BASIS OF PREPARING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The presentation currency is £ sterling.

### TURNOVER AND LONG TERM CONTRACTS

Turnover is the amount derived from the provision of electrical building services, excluding VAT, and is recognised by reference to the percentage stage of completion on construction contracts.

The stage of completion is estimated by the directors, based on individual project financial forecasts for each contract, and results from detailed analysis work on each element of a contract.

Turnover is then recognised by the percentage stage of completion, as compared to the total agreed contract value (including any variations).

Operating profit attributable to each contract is calculated by applying the percentage stage of completion to the expected final contract profit, based on the forecasted project costings.

Cost of sales represents the difference between the turnover and operating profit for each contract. Actual contract costs in excess of cost of sales are included in the financial statements as work in progress, and where actual contract costs are below cost of sales, the difference is accrued into creditors.

Where it is considered probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is immediately recognised as an expense in the income statement.

### TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery - 25% on reducing balance and 20% on cost

Fixtures and fittings - 20% on cost

Motor vehicles - 25% on reducing balance

Tangible fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

### STOCKS AND WORK IN PROGRESS

Stocks of raw materials are valued at current cost. Work in progress is valued at the lower of cost and estimated net realisable value. The cost of work in progress and finished goods comprises materials, direct and sub-contract labour and attributable production overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less further costs to completion and distribution.

#### TAXATION

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

### **DEFERRED TAX**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

### PENSION COSTS AND OTHER POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable in the year are charged in the profit and loss. The pension contributions provided at the year end was £55,547 (2020: £75,553).

### **OPERATING LEASES**

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

3.	EMPLOTEES AND DIRECTORS

Aggregate remuneration and related costs including directors was as follows:		
	28.2.21 £	29.2.20
Wages and salaries	4,000,879	£ 3,905,629
Other pension costs	211,566	262,062
Employer's national insurance	388,658	362,018
	4,601,103	4,529,709
The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follow	/s:	
	28.02.21	29.2.20
Employees	105	106
Directors	4	4
	109	110

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

		· · · · · ·	•
	DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS		
		28.2.21	29.2.20
		£	£
	Directors' remuneration	314,460	242,897
	Directors' pension contributions	33,477	96,588
	Taxable benefits	8,291	4,236
		356,228	343,721
	The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruin pension scheme was 4 (2020: 4).	g under a define	ed contribution
	Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:		
	·	28.2.21	29.2.20
		£	£
	Remuneration and benefits	91,137	83,381
	Pension contributions to money purchase pension schemes	6,440	9,131
		97,577	92,512
4.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		,
		28.2.21 £	29.2.20 £
	Staff and subcontractor costs	5,526,806	5,675,864
	Depreciation - owned assets	25,440	25,120
	(Profit)/Loss on disposal of fixed assets	17,081	1,596
	Auditors' remuneration	10,000	10,000
	Auditors' remuneration for non audit services	14,785	11,507
	Operating lease rentals- land and buildings	17,000	17,000
	- other	12,095	9,330

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

5.

6.

TAXATION		
Analysis of the tax charge		
The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:	20 2 21	20.2.20
	28.2.21	29.2.20
	•	as restate
	£	£
Current tax:	44.6040	46505
UK corporation tax	416,240	465,076
Deferred tax	_(3,409)	3,578
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Tax on profit	412,831	468,654
	<u> </u>	•
RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL TAX CHARGE INCLUDED IN	PROFIT AND	220.1
The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporati		
is explained below:	on tax in the OK.	The differen
is explained below.		
	28.2.21	29.2.20
	20.2.21	as restate
	£	as restate £
	ž.	ı.
Profit before tax	2 187 775	2 302 360
Profit before tax	2,187,775	2,392,369
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK	2,187,775	2,392,369
	<u>2,187,775</u> 415,677	2,392,369 454,550
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)		
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)  Effects of:	415,677	454,550
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)  Effects of: Depreciation	415,677	454,550 4,773
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)  Effects of: Depreciation Loss on disposal of assets	415,677 4,834 3,245	454,550 4,773 303
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)  Effects of: Depreciation Loss on disposal of assets Disallowable expenditure	415,677 4,834 3,245 1,873	454,550 4,773 303 11,843
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)  Effects of: Depreciation Loss on disposal of assets Disallowable expenditure Timing differences	4,834 3,245 1,873 (3,801)	454,550 4,773 303 11,843 3,578
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)  Effects of: Depreciation Loss on disposal of assets Disallowable expenditure Timing differences Capital Allowances	4,834 3,245 1,873 (3,801) (4,669)	454,550 4,773 303 11,843 3,578 (8,654
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)  Effects of: Depreciation Loss on disposal of assets Disallowable expenditure	4,834 3,245 1,873 (3,801)	454,550 4,773 303 11,843 3,578 (8,654
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)  Effects of: Depreciation Loss on disposal of assets Disallowable expenditure Timing differences Capital Allowances	4,834 3,245 1,873 (3,801) (4,669)	4,773 303 11,843 3,578 (8,654 2,261
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)  Effects of: Depreciation Loss on disposal of assets Disallowable expenditure Timing differences Capital Allowances Other adjustments	4,834 3,245 1,873 (3,801) (4,669) (4,328)	4,773 303 11,843 3,578 (8,654 2,261
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)  Effects of: Depreciation Loss on disposal of assets Disallowable expenditure Timing differences Capital Allowances Other adjustments	4,834 3,245 1,873 (3,801) (4,669) (4,328)	4,773 303 11,843 3,578 (8,654 2,261
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)  Effects of: Depreciation Loss on disposal of assets Disallowable expenditure Timing differences Capital Allowances Other adjustments  Total tax charge	4,834 3,245 1,873 (3,801) (4,669) (4,328)	454,550 4,773 303 11,843 3,578 (8,654 2,260 468,654
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)  Effects of: Depreciation Loss on disposal of assets Disallowable expenditure Timing differences Capital Allowances Other adjustments  Total tax charge	4,834 3,245 1,873 (3,801) (4,669) (4,328) 412,831	454,550 4,773 303 11,843 3,578 (8,654 2,261 468,654
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)  Effects of: Depreciation Loss on disposal of assets Disallowable expenditure Timing differences Capital Allowances Other adjustments  Total tax charge	4,834 3,245 1,873 (3,801) (4,669) (4,328) 412,831	454,550 4,773 303 11,843 3,578 (8,654 2,261 468,654 29.2.20 as restate
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)  Effects of: Depreciation Loss on disposal of assets Disallowable expenditure Timing differences Capital Allowances Other adjustments  Total tax charge	4,834 3,245 1,873 (3,801) (4,669) (4,328) 412,831	454,550 4,773 303 11,843 3,578 (8,654 2,261 468,654

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

### 7. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT

A prior year adjustment has been made to correct an accounting error in respect of long term contracts.

### 8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

			Fixtures		
		Plant and machinery £	and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Totals £
	COST	~	~	~	~
	At 1 March 2020	78,885	108,189	61,151	248,225
	Additions	4,266	18,684	-	22,950
	Disposals	(18,235)	(39,619)	(42,641)	(100,495)
	At 28 February 2021	64,916	87,254	18,510	170,680
	DEPRECIATION				
	At 1 March 2020	66,093	42,061	38,785	146,939
	Charge for year	3,629	18,750	3,061	25,440
	Eliminated on disposal	(18,187)	(33,153)	(30,074)	<u>(81,414</u> )
	At 28 February 2021	_ 51,535	27,658	11,772	90,965
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 28 February 2021	13,381	59,596	6,738	<u>79,715</u>
	At 29 February 2020	12,792	66,128	22,366	101,286
9.	STOCKS				
				28.2.21	29.2.20
				£	as restated £
	Raw materials			47,854	44,553
	Work in progress			184,480	2,072
				232,334	46,625

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

10.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		28.2.21	29.2.20
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year:	1 202 502	1.056.022
	Trade debtors Amounts recoverable on long-term contracts	1,383,583 2,289,175	1,056,833 2,773,938
	Other debtors	142,372	329,268
	-		
	<u>-</u>	3,815,130	4,160,039
11.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR  Trade creditors Tax Social security and other taxes VAT Other creditors and accruals Long-term contract costs accrued Directors' current accounts	28.2.21 £ 2,108,212 329,171 171,717 513,992 219,544 1,454,689 210,185 5,007,510	29.2.20 as restated £ 1,905,733 272,074 181,606 746,778 177,434 1,960,585
12.	LEASING AGREEMENTS		
	Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall du	e as follows: 28.2.21	29.2.20 as restated
		£	£
	Within one year	10,727	5,747
	Between one and five years	17,502	<u>4,552</u>
		28,229	10,299

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

### 13. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

Deferred Tax	28.2.21 £ 10,612	29.2.20 £ 14,021
	10,612	14,021
Balance at 1 March 2020 Movement	Deferred Tax £ 14,021 (3,409)	
Balance at 28 February 2021	10,612	

### 14. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

,	sued and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal	28.2.21	29.2.20
		value:		as restated
			£	£
8,045	Ordinary	£1	8,045	8,045

Ordinary shares particulars:

One vote per share (full voting rights);

Right to a dividend if declared for this class of share;

Right to participate in a distribution in a winding up;

Shares are not redeemable at the option of either the company or the shareholder.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

15.	RESERVES	Retained earnings £	Share premium £	Other reserves £	Totals £
	At 1 March 2020 Prior year adjustment	2,697,625 	405,205	41,748	3,144,578 275,025
	Profit for the year Dividends	2,972,650 1,774,944 (1,802,484)			3,419,603 1,774,944 (1,802,484)
	At 28 February 2021	2,945,110	405,205	41,748	3,392,063

### 16. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

During the year ended 29 February 2020, I Cooper was provided with an interest free loan by the company. The loan was repaid during the year ended 28 February 2021. The maximum amount outstanding at any one time was £180,000.

### 17. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Dividends paid in the year of £1,802,484 (2020: £1,588,936) have been distributed to the shareholders who are also directors or key management of the company, in accordance with their shareholding.

Based on the results for the current year, interim dividends totalling £1,177,400 have been paid after 28 February 2021.

### 18. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

It was considered that the company has no ultimate controlling party.