Registration number: 01126871

S Spavin Limited

Filleted Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 1 July 2018 to 30 September 2019

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Directors' Report for the Period from 1 July 2018 to 30 September 2019

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the period from 1 July 2018 to 30 September 2019.

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the period were as follows:

Mrs C B Spavin

Mr R I Spavin

Mrs K Scrivener

Mr S A Spavin

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is that of hauliers

Small companies provision statement

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board on 30 June 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr S A Spavin Director

(Registration number: 01126871) Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	4	23,083	26,833
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	505,048	444,797
	_	528,131	471,630
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	19,806	13,294
Debtors	<u>6</u> <u>7</u>	885,896	654,195
Cash at bank and in hand		<u> </u>	6,692
		905,702	674,181
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>8</u>	(1,023,792)	(813,259)
Net current liabilities	_	(118,090)	(139,078)
Total assets less current liabilities		410,041	332,552
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>8</u>	(141,073)	(89,850)
Provisions for liabilities	_	(82,843)	(70,047)
Net assets	_	186,125	172,655
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>9</u>	100	100
Profit and loss account		186,025	172,555
Shareholders' funds	_	186,125	172,655

The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{11}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 01126871) Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2019

For the financial period ending 30 September 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the period in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 30 June 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr S A Spavin Director

The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{11}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 1 July 2018 to 30 September 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 30 June 2020

The address of its registered office is: Scotter Road South South Park Industrial Estate Scunthorpe North Lincolnshire DN17 2BW

The principal place of business is: South Park Industrial Estate Scotter Road South Scunthorpe North Lincolnshire DN17 2BU

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 1 July 2018 to 30 September 2019

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Plant and machinery Motor vehicles Property improvements Depreciation method and rate

15% Reducing Balance25% Reducing Balance10% Straight Line

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
Over 10 years

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 1 July 2018 to 30 September 2019

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 1 July 2018 to 30 September 2019

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the period was 28 (2018 - 29).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 1 July 2018 to 30 September 2019

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 July 2018	30,000	30,000
At 30 September 2019	30,000	30,000
Amortisation At 1 July 2018 Amortisation charge	3,167 3,750	3,167 3,750
At 30 September 2019	6,917	6,917
Carrying amount		
At 30 September 2019	23,083	23,083
At 30 June 2018	26,833	26,833

5 Tangible assets

	Property improvements £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 July 2018	26,672	218,525	966,800	1,211,997
Additions	-	30,660	266,240	296,900
Disposals		(1,602)	(361,000)	(362,602)
At 30 September 2019	26,672	247,583	872,040	1,146,295
Depreciation				
At 1 July 2018	13,522	146,819	606,859	767,200
Charge for the period	2,696	17,546	134,395	154,637
Eliminated on disposal		(1,602)	(278,988)	(280,590)
At 30 September 2019	16,218	162,763	462,266	641,247
Carrying amount				
At 30 September 2019	10,454	84,820	409,774	505,048
At 30 June 2018	13,150	71,706	359,941	444,797

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 1 July 2018 to 30 September 2019

6 Sto	ocks
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	2019 £	2018 £
Other inventories	19,806	13,294
7 Debtors		
	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	572,305	532,223
Other debtors	313,591	121,972
Total current trade and other debtors	885,896	654,195

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 1 July 2018 to 30 September 2019

8 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within	n one year			
			2019	2018
		Note	£	£
Due within one year				
Loans and borrowings		<u>10</u>	749,025	518,759
Trade creditors			188,284	194,336
Amounts due to related parties		<u>11</u>	4,887	28,606
Taxation and social security			70,434	65,213
Other creditors		_	11,162	6,345
		=	1,023,792	813,259
Creditors: amounts falling due after	more than one year			
			2019	2018
		Note	£	£
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings		<u>10</u>	141,073	89,850
9 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid sha	res			
	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
10 Loans and borrowings				
			2019 £	2018 £
Non-current loans and borrowings			£	L
Hire purchase contracts		=	141,073	89,850

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 1 July 2018 to 30 September 2019

			2019 £	2018 £
Current loans and borrowings			~	~
Bank borrowings			595,958	389,649
Bank overdrafts			17,231	-
Hire purchase contracts			135,836	129,110
			749,025	518,759
11 Related party transactions Transactions with directors				
2019	At 1 July 2018 £	Advances to directors £	Repayments by director £	At 30 September 2019 £
Mr R I Spavin	(3,855)	24,981	(12,000)	9,126
	At 1 July 2017	Advances to directors	Repayments by director	At 30 June 2018
2018 Mr R I Spavin	£ (9,270)	£ 11,415	(6,000)	£ (3,855)

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