Report and Financial Statements

31 December 1999

Deloitte & Touche PO Box 500 201 Deansgate Manchester M60 2AT

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## OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

## DIRECTORS

Y Miyakita

K Katakura

N Nii

S Robinson

C Simpson

K Iijima

K Terada

## **SECRETARY**

N Nii

## REGISTERED OFFICE

Barton Dock Road Urmston Manchester M41 7TB

## **BANKERS**

Barclays Bank plc 54 Lombard Street London EC3V 9EX

Fuji Bank Limited River Plate House 7-11 Finsbury Circus London EC2M 7DH

## **AUDITORS**

Deloitte & Touche Chartered Accountants 201 Deansgate Manchester M60 2AT

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1999.

#### **ACTIVITIES**

The company is involved in the manufacture for sale of tobacco products.

#### REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

The company's profit for the year is shown in the profit and loss account on page 6.

See note 22 to the accounts for future prospects of the company.

#### DIVIDENDS AND TRANSFERS TO RESERVES

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (1998 - £Nil). The profit for the year of £2,809,503 has been transferred to reserves (1998 - £1,322,204).

#### FIXED ASSETS

Movements in fixed assets are shown in note 7.

#### **YEAR 2000**

The directors had developed plans and implemented necessary counter measures so that the Year 2000 would not create any impact on significant critical systems for financial information, operating systems, date dependent systems.

Following their initial review, the directors continue to be alert to the potential risks and uncertainties surrounding the Year 2000 issue. As at the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any significant factors which have arisen, or that may arise, which will affect the activities of the business; however, the situation is still being monitored. Any future costs associated with this issue cannot be quantified but are not expected to be significant.

## DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The following served as directors during the year:

Y Miyakita

N Nii

S Robinson

K Katakura

C Simpson

K Iijima

K Terada

None of the directors at the year end had any interests in the shares of the company (1998 - same).

Any interests held by the directors in the shares of the immediate or ultimate parent company are dealt with in the accounts of those companies (see note 21).

#### DISABLED PERSONS

It is the Company's policy to give full and fair consideration to applications from disabled persons, having due regard to their particular aptitudes and abilities, and to provide opportunities for the continued employment and suitable retraining of employees who become disabled whilst employed by the Company.

In all other respects equal opportunities exist for the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

## INFORMATION TO EMPLOYEES

Regular Communications Meetings are held with representatives of the employees to inform them of any developments in the Company or of any changes which are likely to affect their interests.

The Company operates a Profit Related Payment scheme and employees are given regular updates on the company's financial performance.

## **AUDITORS**

A resolution for the reappointment of Deloitte & Touche as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

Secretary

## STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Deloitte & Touche (P.O. Box 500) 201 Deansgate Manchester M60 2AT



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Deloitte & Touche

# THE MANCHESTER TOBACCO COMPANY LIMITED AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the financial statements on pages 6 to 16 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on page 9.

## Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 4 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

## Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

## Uncertainties relating to future prospects of the company

In forming our opinion, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosure made in note 22 to the accounts concerning the future prospects for the business of The Manchester Tobacco Company Limited, the ability of the company to continue as a going concern, the valuation of fixed assets and any provisions that may be necessary for financial commitments, such as those relating to employees or onerous contracts. In view of the significance of the matters disclosed we consider that it should be drawn to your attention but our opinion is not qualified in this respect.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 1999 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Selvette Flanche

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

13 June 2000

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 December 1999

	Note	1999 £'000	1998 £'000
TURNOVER	2	15,502	14,301
Cost of sales		(10,388)	(10,657)
GROSS PROFIT		5,114	3,644
Administrative expenses		(2,103)	(2,491)
OPERATING PROFIT	4	3,011	1,153
Interest payable and similar charges Interest receivable	5	(4) 71	(111)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	3,078 (269)	1,042 280
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	16	2,809	1,322
Deficit brought forward		(24,937)	(26,259)
Deficit carried forward		(22,128)	(24,937)

All the above results derive from continuing operations. There are no recognised gains and losses for the current financial year and preceding financial year other than as stated in the profit and loss account.

## BALANCE SHEET 31 December 1999

	Note	£'000	1999 £'000	£'000	1998 £'000
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	7		19,238		20,079
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	8	375		894	
Debtors	9	4,375		4,772	
Cash at bank and in hand	•	2,626		3	
		7,376		5,669	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due					
within one year	10	(10,042)		(4,411)	
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			(2,666)	<del>.</del>	1,258
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			16,572		21,337
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	11		-		(7,466)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
AND CHARGES	13		(232)		(340)
			16,340		13,531
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	14	•	4,077		4,077
Share premium account	16		34,391		34,391
Profit and loss account	16		(22,128)		(24,937)
Equity shareholders' funds			16,340		13,531

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 12 Joine 2000 Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

J. Commando - Director

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT Year ended 31 December 1999

	Note	£'000	1999 £'000	£'000	1998 £'000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	18		4,552		3,177
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest paid Interest received		(4) 71		(111)	
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from returns on investments and servicing of finance			67		(111)
Taxation UK corporation tax paid			-	,	
Capital expenditure and financial investment		(1.625)		(02.1)	
Purchase of tangible fixed assets Disposal of tangible fixed assets		(1,627) 1,090		(824) 89	
Net cash outflow from investing activities			(537)		(735)
Net cash inflow before financing			4,082		2,331
Financing Issue of ordinary share capital Decrease in group loans	15	(1,189)		6,150 (6,974)	
Net cash outflow from financing			(1,189)		(824)
Increase in cash	19		2,893		1,507

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below.

#### Basis of preparation of the financial statements.

See note 22 to the accounts.

#### Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided on cost over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The rates of depreciation are as follows:

Land nil

Buildings 4% per annum

Plant and machinery 25% per annum on a reducing balance basis

Motor vehicles 25% per annum

Computers 33% per annum

Furniture and fittings 25% per annum

#### Stocks

Stocks and work-in-progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes materials, direct labour and production overheads appropriate to the relevant stage of production. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less all further costs to completion and all relevant marketing, selling and distribution costs.

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Amounts payable in foreign currencies have been translated to sterling at the rate ruling at the accounting date. Gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided at the anticipated tax rates on timing differences arising from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise in the future.

#### Leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to income in equal annual amounts over the lease term.

## Pension costs

The expected cost of providing pensions, as calculated periodically by professionally qualified actuaries, is charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost over the service lives of employees in the scheme in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and expected future pensionable payroll.

#### 2. **TURNOVER**

Turnover represents amounts derived from the provision of goods and services which fall within the company's ordinary activities after deduction of trade discounts and value added tax. The turnover, is attributable to one activity, the manufacture, selling and distribution of tobacco products.

#### INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES 3.

		1999 £'000	1998 £'000
÷	Directors' emoluments	298	258
		No	No
	Number of directors who are members of the		
	defined benefit pension scheme	2	2
		£'000	£'000
	Highest paid director	67	
	Emoluments	67	63
	Accrued pension attributable to the highest paid director	5	6
		No No	No
	Average number of persons employed		
	Production	318	305
	Administration	15	15
		333	320
		£'000	£'000
	Staff costs during the year (including directors)	2000	
	Wages and salaries	6,396	6,780
	Social security costs	493	490
	Pension costs	347	386
		7,236	7,656
4.	OPERATING PROFIT		
		1999	1998
		£,000	£'000
	Operating profit is after charging/(crediting):	:	
	Depreciation	1,011	1,069
	Loss/(profit) on disposal of fixed assets	67	(4)
	Rentals under operating leases:		` ,
	Hire of plant and machinery	109	135
	Other operating leases	46	26
	Auditors' remuneration:		
	Audit fees	17	17
	Other services	22	9
			10
			10

## 5. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

		1999 £'000	1998 £'000
	Bank loans, overdrafts and other loans repayable within five years	4	111
_	TAY ON PROPIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		<del>-</del>
6.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
		1999	1998
		£,000	£'000
	United Kingdom corporation tax at 30% (1998 – 31%)		
	based on the profit for the year	(269)	-
	Group relief receivable	<u>-</u>	280
	•		
		(269)	280

The taxation charge is disproportionate to the profit for the year because of the effect of deferred tax timing differences and the utilisation of losses brought forward.

## 7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Furniture and fittings	Assets in con- struction	Total
	£,000	£'000	£'000	£,000	£'000	£'000
Cost						
At 1 January 1999	20,599	3,772	280	904	487	26,042
Additions	464	118	84	64	897	1,627
Disposals	-	(275)	(33)	-	-	(308)
Transfers	1,010	117	<del>-</del>	~	(1,127)	. <b>-</b>
Transfers to fellow subsidiary	-	(1,723)			(211)	(1,934)
At 31 December 1999	22,073	2,009	331	968	46	25,427
Accumulated depreciation						
At 1 January 1999	2,695	2,443	154	671	-	5,963
Charge for the year	707	113	64	127	-	1,011
Disposals	-	(110)	(27)	-	-	(137)
Transfers to fellow subsidiary	-	(648)	<u>-</u>		<b></b>	(648)
At 31 December 1999	3,402	1,798	191	798	-	6,189
Net book value		<del></del>		<del></del>		
At 31 December 1999	18,671	211	140	170	46	19,238
At 31 December 1998	17,904	1,329	126	233	487	20,079

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 1999

8.	STOCKS		
		1999 £'000	1998 £'000
	Consumables	375	894
9.	DEBTORS		
		1999 £'000	1998 £'000
	Trade debtors	· -	10
	Amounts owed by group undertakings:		
	Ultimate parent company	25	26
	Fellow subsidiary undertakings	4,145	4,461
	Prepayments and accrued income	205	275
		4,375	4,772
10.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	R 1999 £'000	1998 £'000
	Bank overdraft	-	270
	Trade creditors	282	596
	Amounts owed to group undertakings:		
	Ultimate parent company	1,073	706
	Fellow subsidiary	7,314	518
	Other creditors	36	38
•	Taxation and social security	447	174
	Accruals and deferred income	890	2,109
		10,042	4,411
11.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THA	AN ONE YEAR	
		1999	1998
		£'000	£,000
	Amounts owed to group undertakings: Fellow subsidiary undertaking	_	7,466
			,,+00

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 1999

12.	<b>BORRO</b>	WINGS

			1999 £'000	1998 £'000
	Loan from fellow subsidiary undertaking		6,066	7,466
	Due within one year Due within 1-2 years Due within 2-5 years		6,066	7,466
			6,066	7,466
13.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES			
		Vacant property provision £'000	Fixed asset provision £'000	Total provisions £'000
	Balance at 1 January 1999 Utilised during the year	250 (18)	90 (90)	340 (108)
	Balance at 31 December 1999	232	-	232

The amounts of deferred taxation provided in the accounts and the amounts not provided are as follows:

		Provided 1999 £'000	Provided 1998 £'000	Not Provided 1999 £'000	Not Provided 1998 £'000
	Capital allowances in advance of depreciation Other timing differences	-		(374)	(1,310) (713)
		<del>-</del>	-	(386)	(2,023)
14.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL				
				1999 £'000	1998 £'000
	Authorised				
	10,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each			10,000	10,000
	Allotted and fully paid 4,077,000 ordinary shares of £1 each			4,077	4,077

## 15. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

			1999 £'000	1998 £'000
	t/(loss) attributable to members of the company of shares		2,809	1,322 6,150
	addition to shareholders' funds sing shareholders' funds		2,809 13,531	7,472 6,059
Closi	ng shareholders' funds		16,340	13,531
16. MOV	VEMENTS ON RESERVES		•	
		Profit and loss account £'000	Share premium account £'000	Total reserves £'000
	nce at 1 January 1999 t for the year	(24,937) 2,809	34,391	9,454 2,809
Balar	nce at 31 December 1999	(22,128)	34,391	12,263
17. FINA	ANCIAL COMMITMENTS			
			1999 £'000	1998 £'000
Capi	tal commitments			
	acted for but not provided		278	673
Oper	ating lease commitments			
			Land and buildings £'000	Other £'000
W	es which expire: Vithin 1 year		-	105 94
	Vithin 2 to 5 years ver 5 years		6	-

## **Pension commitments**

The company operates a pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company, being invested with insurance companies. Contributions to the scheme are charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the company. The contributions are determined by a qualified actuary on the basis of triennial valuations using the projected unit method.

The most recent actuarial valuation, carried out as at 6 April 1997, showed that the market value of the scheme's assets was £1,812,703 which would be sufficient to secure the members entitlements based upon the latest available salaries. The contributions of the company and employees are 8.6% and 5% of earnings respectively.

## Pension commitments (continued)

The pension charge for the year was £347,000 (1998 - £386,000).

The assumptions which have the most significant effect on the results of the valuation are those relating to the rate of return on investments and the rates of increase in salaries and pensions. It was assumed that the investment returns would be 9% per annum and that salary increases would average 8% per annum.

## 18. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

				1999 £'000	1998 £'000
	Operating profit			3,011	1,153
	Depreciation			1,011	1,069
	Loss/(profit) on sale of fixed assets			67	(4)
	Decrease in stock			519	615
	Decrease in debtors			80	562
	(Decrease)/increase in creditors and provisions			(1,550)	·
	Movement in group balances			1,414	(2,435)
	Net cash inflow from operating activities			4,552	3,177
19.	RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT				
				1999	1998
				£'000	£'000
	Increase in cash in the year			2,893	1,507
	Cash outflow from decrease in group loans			1,189	6,874
	Non cash outflow from decrease in group loans			211	15,860
	Change in net debt			4,293	24,241
	Net debt at 1 January			(7,833)	(32,074)
	Net debt at 31 December			(3,540)	(7,833)
20	ANIAI VEIS OF MET DEDT			_	
20.	ANALYSIS OF NET DEBT				
		At 1 January 1999 £'000	Cash flow £'000	Non-cash flows £'000	At 31 December 1999 £'000
	Cash at bank and in hand	3	2,623	· -	2,626
	Overdrafts	(270)	270	-	-,
		(267)	2,893	-	2,626
	Debt due after 1 year	(7,466)	1,189	6,277	-
	Debt due within 1 year	(100)		(6,066)	(6,166)
	Total	(7,833)	4,082	211	(3,540)

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 1999

#### 21. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The immediate parent company is J T (UK) Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales, and the ultimate parent company is Japan Tobacco Inc., a company incorporated and registered in Japan.

Copies of the financial statements of J T (UK) Limited are filed at Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF4 3UZ. Copies of the financial statements of Japan Tobacco Inc. are available from 2-1, Toranomon 2-chome, Minato-Ku, Tokyo 105, Japan.

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions included in Financial Reporting Standard No.8 "Related Party Disclosures" (para 3) for wholly owned subsidiaries not to disclose transactions with entities that are part of the group qualifying as related parties.

#### 22. FUTURE PROSPECTS OF THE COMPANY

Since Japan Tobacco Inc., the ultimate parent company, and its subsidiaries (collectively "JTI") acquired RJR International ("RJRI"), the non-U.S. tobacco operations of RJR Nabisco in May 1999, JTI has been developing the integration process of the international tobacco business of the JTI and RJRI groups.

In the process of this global integration, JTI carefully reviewed its current operations and decided to cease its sales operation in the UK domestic market in the first half of the year 2000.

JTI also decided to transfer a part of its international operations to the other companies in both JTI and RJRI group during the year 2000.

On 14 April 2000, JTI announced its proposal to close The Manchester Tobacco Company Limited, another subsidiary of JT (UK) Limited, at the end of December 2000. This proposal is currently subject to consultation with trade unions and employees' representatives. The financial effect of the closure of the plant cannot currently be quantified.

However, the ultimate parent company has indicated its continued financial support for the company for the period of 12 months from the approval of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1999 to enable them to meet any liabilities as they fall due.

Accordingly, the directors have not sought to make provision for such liabilities or diminution in value of assets in these financial statements, which reflect only foreseeable liabilities and existing asset values on a going concern basis.