Directors' Report and Financial Statements

02 December 2007

Company Registration Number 1072921

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PIZZA HUT (UK) LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the 52 weeks ended 2nd December 2007

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The principal activity during the period was trading as a restaurant and delivery operator. During the period 12 new units were opened and 17 were closed, resulting in a total Equity estate of 539 at 2nd December 2007 (2006) 544)

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The company will continue its expansion plan in 2008 throughout the United Kingdom and Ireland through both Equity, Franchising and Re-Franchising developments

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The loss on ordinary activities for the period, after taxation, amounted to £7,316,000 (2006 £1,821,000 profit) During the year the company paid an interim dividend of £10,000,000 (2006 £10,000,000) The directors do not recommend a payment of a final dividend The loss of £7,316,000 (2006 £1,821,000 profit) has been taken to reserves

SUPPLIER PAYMENT POLICY

The company adheres to the payment terms which have been agreed with a supplier. Where payment terms have not been specifically agreed, it is the company's policy to settle invoices within 30 days of receipt. Adherence to these terms is dependent upon suppliers sending accurate and adequately detailed invoices to the correct address on a timely basis. The number of days' purchases outstanding for payment by the company at the period end was 27 (2006–31).

FIXED ASSETS

The Directors consider that the current market value of land and buildings exceed their carrying amount, but are unable to quantify the excess

DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS INTEREST

The directors of the company during the period ended 02 December 2007 and since the period end are listed below

P J Grismer

J C Little

A Murdoch

N Barsegiyan

Appointed 20 February 2008

None of the directors who held office at the end of the period had any disclosable interest in the shares of the company

PIZZA HUT (UK) LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT

POLITICAL AND CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

During the period the group made various charitable contributions totalling £11,075 (2006 £10,625) The group made no political contributions during the period (2006 nil)

ENHANCED BUSINESS REVIEW

Trading conditions on the high street have continued to be tough because of declining consumer confidence, which has also been reflected in increasing competitor pressure. The decline in consumer confidence is as a result from several interest rate increases, increasing utility costs and the knock on effects from the financial difficulties in the US and UK banking sectors.

In response to this challenging environment the business has invested in new products, advertising and restaurant refurbishments, which have contributed to sales from Equity and Franchise restaurants of £443,700,000 (2006 £436,800,000)

Higher food costs have increased cost of sales by 2 1% to 60 4% (2006 58 3%) and labour cost has increased by 0 9% to 34 4% (2006 33 5%)

In terms of the total system stores (Equity and Franchise) 22 stores opened and 29 stores were closed during the year At year end, the total number of stores in the system was 694 (2006 701)

In addition to monitoring the financial performance of the business, Pizza Hut uses a balanced scorecard to monitor performance in two key areas employee and customer satisfaction

In the light of the difficult trading conditions Pizza Hut remains cautious about the retail environment for the coming year. The company continues to reinvest in new products, advertising and restaurant refurbishments and is optimistic that it will see improved performance in the forthcoming year.

PIZZA HUT (UK) LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

EMPLOYEES

The policy of providing team members with information has continued during the period by means of leaflets, through which they are encouraged to give their views and suggestions relating to the performance of the company. In addition, all team members' views are canvassed via annual employee satisfaction surveys.

Frequent meetings and focus groups between management and team members are held at which such views and suggestions may be considered. More formally, team members are represented at the European Employee Forum

The company gives every consideration to applications for employment from disabled persons where the requirements of the job may be adequately covered by a disabled person

With regards to those employees who become disabled during the period, the company will continue to examine ways and means of providing continuing employment under normal terms and conditions and to provide training and career development and promotion wherever appropriate

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he/ she ought to have taken as a director to make himself/ herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

AUDITORS

The company has passed elective resolutions whereby the company has dispensed with the requirements to hold an annual general meeting in each year, to lay the accounts in general meeting and to reappoint the auditors on an annual basis. Accordingly the auditors shall be deemed to be reappointed in accordance with the provisions of Section 385A of the Companies Act 1985.

By order of the board

A Murdoch Company Secretary

1st September 2008

Registered Office One, Imperial Place Elstree Way Borehamwood Hertfordshire WD6 1JN

PIZZA HUT (UK) LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

The group and parent company financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and the parent company and of the profit or loss for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group and the parent company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the parent company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have a general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PIZZA HUT (UK) LTD

We have audited the financial statements of Pizza Hut (UK) Limited for the year ended 2 December 2007 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses and the related notes These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 4

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 2 December 2007 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

LPMC LL

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE 52 WEEKS ENDED 2nd DECEMBER 2007

		2007		2006	
	Notes	£`000	£,000	£,000	£`000
Turnover Other operating income	2	375,948		374,904	
Rental income Franchise income		1,401 1,912	_	1,394 2,293	
			379,261		378,591
Raw materials and consumables Other external charges		84,150 143,150	_	82,962 135,787	
			(227,300)		(218,749)
Staff costs Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible	5	129,549	151,961	125,445	159,842
and intangible fixed assets		21,868		23,160	
			(151,417)		(148,605)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	-	544	_	11,237
Exceptional items	6		(5,044)		(2,976)
Other finance costs			(223)		(259)
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	7	38 (1,681)	(1.642)	44 (1,167)	(1.122)
		_	(1,643)	_	(1,123)
(LOSS) / PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			(6,366)		6,879
Tax charge on (loss) / profit on ordinary activities	8		(950)		(5,058)
(LOSS) / PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	18	- -	(7,316)	_	1,821

All turnover and operating profit arises from continuing operations

The notes on pages 9 to 22 form part of these financial statements

A statement of movement on reserves is given in note 17

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 2nd DECEMBER 2007

		2	007	20	06
	Notes	£`000	£`000	£,000	£`000
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	9	2,343		2,410	
Tangible assets	10	120,432		124,138	
Shares in subsidiary undertakings	11	2,453_		2,453	
CLEDDENIA ACCIDIO			125,228		129,001
CURRENT ASSETS	13	2.012		2.000	
Stocks Debtors	12 13	2,012 10,145		2,088 11,759	
Cash at bank and in hand	13	2,796		4,008	
Cash at bank and in hand	-	14,953		17,855	
		11,200		17,000	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	14	(97,010)		(86,033)	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(82,057)		(68,178)
TOTAL ACCOUNT FOR CURRENT					
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			43,171		60,823
LIABILITIES			45,171		00,823
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY	15		(8,717)		(9,646)
PENSION LIABILITY	20		(0.284)		(11,884)
PENSION LIABILITY	20		(9,284)		(11,004)
NET ASSETS			25,170		39,293
NEI AGGETG			23,170		
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	16		805		805
Profit and loss account	17		24,189		38,488
Other Reserves	17		176		-
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	18		25,170		39,293

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on and were signed on its behalf by

N Barsegiyan Director

1st September 2008

The notes on pages 9 to 22 form part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 02 DECEMBER 2007

	2007	2006
	£`000	£,000
(Loss) / profit for the financial year after taxation	(7,316)	1,821
Dividend	(10,000)	(10,000)
Actuarial gain / (loss) recognised in the pension scheme	4,638	(2,560)
Deferred tax arising on other gains / (losses) recognised in this statement	(1,621)	768
Total gains and losses recognised since last annual report	(14,299)	(9,971)

PIZZA HUT (UK) LIMITED NOTES (forming part of the financial statements)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The particular accounting policies adopted are described below. These accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the current financial period and previous financial year.

The presentation requirements of the Financial Reporting Standard 25 – Financial Instruments Disclosure and Presentation (FRS 25) have been adopted for the first time in these financial statements. The adoption of FRS 25 had no impact on these financial statements

Cash Flow Statement

Under FRS 1, the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the Company in its own published consolidated accounts

Consolidation

The Company is exempt by virtue of \$228 of the Companies Act 1985 from the requirement to prepare group accounts

As 100% of the company's voting rights are controlled within the group headed by Yum' Brands Inc, the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group. The consolidated financial statements of Yum' Brands Inc within which this company is included, can be obtained from the address in note 21.

(b) Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at their purchase cost, together with any incidental cost of acquisition, less accumulated depreciation and when appropriate, provision for impairment

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life as follows

Freehold buildings - 40 year

Leasehold land and buildings, including lease acquisition premiums - effective life of the lease

Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment - 3 years to 10 years

Motor vehicles - 3 years

(c) Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value on a first in, first out basis

(d) Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19

NOTES (continued)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction All differences are taken to the profit and loss account

(f) Operating rights

Operating rights, representing initial franchise fees for new restaurants, are amortised over a fixed period of 20 years. Initial fees receivable on franchise restaurants are recognised in the period of opening

(g) Restaurants in course of construction

Capital costs are included in tangible fixed assets, and depreciated from the time that they are recognised as an asset on the fixed asset register. Revenue costs are expensed as incurred

(h) Marketing costs

All marketing costs are written off as incurred, with the exception of advance media payments which are written off when the commercials are aired

(1) Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to income on a straight line basis over the lease term

(1) Research and development expenditure

All research and development expenditure is written off as incurred

(k) Rent Free Periods

Where a rent free period is granted to the company, the accounting policy adopted is to charge the profit and loss account with a constant periodic rental over the period to the date of the next rent review

(l) Share based payments

The share option programme allows employees to acquire shares of the ultimate parent company, Yum! Brands Inc. The fair value of options granted after 7 November 2002 and those not yet vested as at 1 January 2006 is recognised as an employee expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The total expense related to such plans is based on the fair value of the options and other share based incentives on grant date, calculated using a valuation model and spread over the expected vesting period. The amounts recognised are adjusted to reflect the actual number of options and other share based incentives that are expected to vest

NOTES (continued)

(l) Pension scheme

For the company's defined benefit pension scheme the amounts charged to operating profit are the current service costs and gains and losses on settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs. Past service costs are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account if the benefits have vested. If the benefits have not vested immediately, the costs are recognised over the period until vesting occurs. The interest cost and the expected return on assets are shown as a net pension funding cost in the interest receivable and payable. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the statement of total recognised gains and losses.

The defined benefit scheme is funded, with the assets of the scheme held separately from those of the company, in separate administered funds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on high quality corporate bonds of equivalent currency and term to the scheme liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained on a triennial basis and are updated at each balance sheet date. The resulting defined benefit scheme assets or liabilities, net of the related deferred tax, are represented separately after other net assets on the face of the balance sheet.

The company also participates in a multi employer scheme run by Kentucky Fried Chicken (Great Britain)

Limited Because the company is unable to identify its share of the scheme assets and liabilities on a consistent and reasonable basis, as permitted by FRS 17 "Retirement benefits", the scheme has been accounted for in these financial statements as if it was a defined contribution scheme

The number of employees included within this scheme is not significant. As such, no further information is disclosed

2. TURNOVER

4.

Turnover represents the amount of sales in the United Kingdom, stated net of value added tax. The company operates in only one geographical area and business and therefore a segmental report has not been prepared

3. OPERATING PROFIT

	2007 £`000	2006 £`000
This is stated after charging/(crediting)		
Auditors' remuneration		
Fees for the audit of the companies annual accounts	51	52
Fees payable for other services - Sarbanes Oxley Audit	27	-
Tax Services	9	9
Other	4	3
Rental on operating leases – land and buildings	37,268	36,229
Exchange differences	(28)	(48)
Depreciation of fixed assets	21,674	22,957
Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	194	203
REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS		
	2007	2006
	£,000	£,000
Directors' emoluments	849	212

The emoluments, excluding pension contributions, of the highest paid director were £367,669 (2006 £89,942) and the company paid pension contributions of £46,550 (2006 £13,058)

NOTES (continued)

5. STAFF COSTS

	2007 £`000	2006 £`000
Wages and salaries	119,721	116,286
Share based payments (see note 21)	176	-
Social security costs	7,722	7,442
Other pension costs	1,930	1,717
	129,549	125,445

The average weekly number of employees during the period was made up as follows

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	2007	2006
Office and management	1,220	1,237
Restaurants	18,012	18,368
	19,232	19,605

6. EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

	2007 £'000	2006 £`000
Exceptional (loss) / profit on disposal of fixed assets	(2,032)	694
Impairments	(3,012)	(3,670)
	(5,044)	(2,976)

7. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	2007 £`000	2006 £`000
Bank overdraft	859	1,066
Interest on Intercompany Loan	781	49
Other	41	52
	1,681	1,167

NOTES (continued)

8. TAXATION

Analysis of charge in period				
	2007		2006	
	£,000	£`000	£`000	
UK corporation tax				
Current tax on income for the period	2,026		5,225	
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	1		1	
J				
Total current tax		2,027		5,226
		·		
Deferred tax (see note 15)				
Origination/reversal of timing differences	(498)		(168)	
Effect of increased/decreased tax rate	(579)		-	
Adjustment in respect of previous years				-
		(* 0 7 *)		(4.50)
Total deferred tax		(1,077)		(168)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities		950		5,058
ran on prome on ordinary activities		750		

Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period

The effective tax charge for 2007 is (66 7%) (2006 59 8%) The differences are explained below

	2007 £`000	2006 £`000
Current tax reconciliation (Loss)/Profit on ordinary activities before tax	(6,366)	6,879
Current tax at 30% (2006 30%)	(1,910)	2,064
Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes (primarily depreciation of ineligible assets)	3,608	3,118
Differences between capital allowances and depreciation of eligible assets	328	43
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	1	1
Total current tax charge (see above)	2,027	5,226

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Based on current capital investment plans, the company expects to be able to claim capital allowances in excess of depreciation in future years. No provision has been made for deferred tax on the sale of properties when gains have been rolled over into replacement assets. The total amount unprovided for is estimated at £865,215 (2006 £704,160)

NOTES (continued)

9. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Operating Rights £`000
Cost At 3 rd December 2006 Additions Disposals	4,905 144 (26)
At 2 nd December 2007	5,023
Amortisation At 3 rd December 2006 Charge for the period Disposals At 2 nd December 2007	2,495 194 (9) 2,680
Net book value	
At 2 nd December 2007	2,343
At 3 rd December 2006	2,410

NOTES (continued)

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Land and Buildings £`000	Fixtures, Fittings, Tools and Equipment £`000	Motor Vehicles £`000	Assets In course of Construction £`000	Total £`000
Cost					
At 3 rd December 2006 Additions Disposals Transfer of assets	178,043 6,398 (8,049) 3,892	103,550 3,158 (10,261) 10,437	110 (70)	2,965 15,090 - (14,329)	284,668 24,646 (18,380)
At 2 nd December 2007	180,284	106,884	40	3,726	290,934
Deprectation					
At 3 rd December 2006 Provided during the period	86,930 10,899	73,490 10,775	110	-	160,530 21,674
Impairment charge Disposals	1,807 (5,238)	1,205 (9,406)	- (70)	-	3,012 (14,714)
At 2 nd December 2007	94,398	76,064	40		170,502
Net book value					
At 2 nd December 2007	85,886	30,820	-	3,726	120,432
At 3 rd December 2006	91,113	30,060		2,965	124,138
		2007	2006		
Land and building The net book valued and buildings can as follows	lue of land	£`000	£,000		
Freehold Long leasehold Short leasehold		1,750 245 83,891	1,887 275 88,951		
	-	85,886	91,113		

The gross amount of non-depreciable assets that are included in Land and Buildings is £0 3m (2006 £1 1m)

NOTES (continued)

11. SHARES IN SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS

	2007	2006
	£`000	£,000
Cost	2,453	2,453

The group holds more than 10% of the equity of the following companies

Name of Company	<u>Holding</u>	Proportion Held	Nature of Business
DH Gorman (Leicester) Limited	Ordinary shares	100%	Dormant Company
West End Restaurants (Holdings) Limited	Ordinary shares	100%	Holding Company
West End Restaurants (Investments) Limited	Ordinary shares	100%	Holding Company
West End Restaurants Limited	Ordinary shares	100%	Dormant Company
Pizza Hut (UK) Pension Trust Limited	Ordinary shares	100%	Dormant Company
Pizza Hut Services Limited	Ordinary shares	100%	Dormant Company

All the above subsidiary undertakings are incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales

12. STOCKS

	2007 £`000	2006 £`000
Ingredients	1,862	1,893
Merchandising	42	80
Bike stock	108	115
	2,012	2,088

The estimated replacement cost of stocks is not materially different from the above existing values

NOTES (continued)

13. DEBTORS

	2007	2006
	£ 000	£,000
Trade debtors	5,104	4,740
Other debtors	4	12
Prepayments and accrued income	5,037	7,007
	10,145	11,759

All debtors fall due within one year

14. CREDITORS – amounts falling due within one year

	2007	2006
	£'000	£`000
Short term loan	-	14,300
Trade creditors	13,476	13,936
Amounts owed to		
Parent and fellow subsidiary		
undertakings	37,696	11,492
Amounts owed to		
Subsidiary undertakings	12,533	12,533
Taxation and Social	8,376	9,608
Security		
Other creditors	3,626	2,723
Accruals	20,465	19,302
Corporation tax	838	2,139
	97,010	86,033

15. DEFERRED TAXATION

Provisions for liabilities and charges	£`000
At 03 December 2006	9,646
Profit and loss credit	(1,077)
Adjustment to pension under FRS 17	148_
At 02 December 2007	<u>8,717</u>

The overall deferred tax position is as follows

	2007	2006
	£,000	£,000
Fixed asset timing differences Other timing differences	8,717 -	9,675 (29)
	8,717	9,646

NOTES (continued)

16. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

		2007 £`000	2006 £`000
	Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
Equity	Ordinary shares of £1 each	805	805
		805	805

17. CAPITAL AND RESERVES

	Share Capital £`000	Profit and loss £`000	Other Reserves £`000
	2 000	2 000	2 000
At 3 rd December 2006	805	38,488	-
Actuarial gain recognised in STRGL	-	4,638	-
Deferred tax recognised in STRGL	-	(1,621)	-
Loss on ordinary activities after taxation	-	(7,316)	-
Dividend	-	(10,000)	-
FRS 20 charge for the year	-	-	176
At 2 nd December 2007	805	24,189	176

18. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2007 £`000	2006 £`000
Opening shareholders' funds	39,293	49,264
Dividend	(10,000)	(10,000)
Actuarial gain recognised in STRGL Deferred tax recognised in STRGL	4,638 (1,621)	(2,560) 768
(Loss) / profit after taxation	(7,316)	1,821
FRS 20 charge for the year	176	-
Closing shareholders' funds	25,170	39,293

NOTES (continued)

19. COMMITMENTS

At 2nd December 2007 the annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases were as follows

	2007 Land and Buildings £`000	2006 Land and Buildings £`000
Operating leases which expire		
Within one year	1,314	643
In second to fifth years inclusive	6,888	6,532
Over five years	30,208	28,611
	38,410	35,786

20. PENSION

The company operates a defined benefit scheme in the UK $\,$ A full actuarial valuation was carried out at 31/3/2007 and updated to 02 December 2007 by a qualified independent actuary. The major assumptions used by the actuary were

		At year end 02/12/2007		At year end 03/12/2006
Rate of increase in salaries		4 00%		3 55%
Rate of increase of pensions in payment		3 25%		2 80%
Discount rate		5 50%		5 00%
Inflation assumption		3 25%		2 80%
	At year-end	At year-end	At year-end	At year end
	02/12/2007	02/12/2007	03/12/2006	03/12/2006
		£ 000		£ 000
Equities	8 40%	21,324	7 75%	18,876
Bonds	5 00%	4,502	4 40%	3,755
Property	3 50%_	30	3 50%_	94
Total market value of assets		25,856		22,725
Actuarial value of liability	_	(38,760)	_	(39,702)
Recoverable deficit in the				
schemes		(12,904)		(16,977)
Related deferred tax asset	_	3,620		5,093
Net pension liability	-	(9,284)	-	(11,884)

NOTES (continued)

20. PENSION (continued)

Analysis of the amount charged to operating pro	ofit
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	Year to	Year to
	02/12/2007	03/12/2006
	£`000	£'000
Service cost	1,509	1,513
Past service cost	_	
Total operating charge	1,509	1,513
Analysis of net return on pension scheme		
	Year to	Year to
	02/12/2007	03/12/2006
	£`000	£`000
Expected return on pension scheme assets	1,681	1,467
Interest on pension liabilities	(1,904)	(1,726)
	(223)	(259)

	Year to	Year to	
	02/12/2007 £`000	03/12/2006	
		£'000	
Actual return less expected return on assets	75	(85)	
Experience gains and (losses) on liabilities	5,129	0	
Changes in assumptions	(565)	(2,475)	
Actuarial gain/(loss) recognised in STRGL	4,638	(2,560)	
Net (loss) / gain recognised	4,638	(2,560)	

NOTES (continued)

20. PENSION (continued)

Movement in deficit during the year

5 •	Year to	Year to
	2/12/2007	2/12/2006
	£`000	£,000
Deficit in scheme at beginning of year	(16,977)	(14,008)
Movement in year		
Current service cost	(1,509)	(1,513)
Contributions	1,166	1,363
Past service costs	-	-
Net interest cost	(223)	(259)
Actuarial (loss) / gain	4,638	(2,560)
Deficit in scheme at end of year	(12,904)	(16,977)

History of experience gains and losses

	Financial year ending in		
	2007	2006	2005
Difference between expected and actual return on scheme	e assets		
amount (£000)	75	(85)	2,282
percentage of scheme assets	0%	0%	12%
Experience gains and losses on scheme liabilities			
amount (£000)	5,129	0	59
percentage of scheme liabilities	13%	0%	0%
Total amount recognised in statement of total recognised	gains and losses		
amount (£000)	4,638	(2,560)	(3,535)
percentage of scheme liabilities	12%	-6%	-11%

21. EMPLOYEE SHARE SCHEMES – SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

Employees of the company are eligible to participate in various share plans as operated by the ultimate parent company, Yum¹ Brands, Inc Full details of these plans, and the valuations methodologies applied, are set out in the Annual Report and Accounts of Yum¹ Brands, Inc These are available free of charge from the address in Note 22, and are also available on the company's website at www yum com

The charge for the year relating to the share option plans amounted to £176,000 (2006 £0)

NOTES (continued)

22. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY AND PARENT UNDERTAKING OF LARGER GROUP OF WHICH THE COMPANY IS A MEMBER

The company is a subsidiary undertaking of Yum¹ Restaurant Holdings, a company registered in England and Wales

The smallest and largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Yum' Brands Inc, a company incorporated in the United States of America The consolidated accounts of this group are available to the public and may be obtained from

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