Annual Report

for the year ended 31 December 2005

Registered number: 1056410



Annual report for the year ended 31 December 2005

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Directors and advisers

T Stenebring S Rubin M Beerkens

Secretary

Mrs R Barker

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 9 Greyfriars Road Reading RG1 1JG

Bankers

National Westminster Bank plc 45 Park Street Camberley Surrey GU15 3PA

Solicitors

Stevens & Bolton LLP The Billings Guildford Surrey GU1 4YD

Registered office

Rutherford Road Basingstoke Hampshire RG24 8PD

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2005

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of the company, together with the financial statements and auditors' report for the year ended 31 December 2005.

Activities

The principal activity of the company comprises the selling of plastic bindings, equipment for punching, binding and laminating, and office equipment.

Business review and future developments

Turnover for the year was £17,013,602 (2004: £14,679,884). The profit for the year before taxation amounted to £491,920 (2004: loss of £1,097 restated).

GBC Group has been working on projects to centralise certain functions of the business. In 2004 the credit control function was centralised in Europe and ownership of stock has been centralised in Europe in 2005. The directors are confident that these changes together with other business opportunities will help the company to become more profitable in the future.

During the year the company sold to its stock to GCC Nederland, a fellow group undertaking, at book value as part of the centralisation of inventory management.

Post balance sheet event

GBC Basingstoke was liquidated on 11th April 2006.

Results and dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2004: £nil). A preference dividend was declared of £700 (2004: £700) and then adjusted as non payable. Accordingly, the profit for the financial year of £491,220 (2004: loss of £1,797 as restated) will be transferred to reserves.

Directors and their interests

The directors who served during the year are shown on page 1. Subsequent to the year end on 7 July 2006 R H Guest and E J Mugridge were appointed as directors and M Beerkens resigned as a director.

No director, had, at any time during the year, any beneficial interest in the shares of the company that requires disclosure under Schedule 7 of the Companies Act 1985.

Under Statutory Instrument 802/1985, the interests of the directors in the share capital of the ultimate holding company or any of its subsidiaries incorporated overseas are not required to be disclosed.

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2005 (continued)

Financial risk management

The company's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of changes in foreign exchange risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

Foreign exchange risk

The company is exposed to movements in foreign exchange rates as a result of transactions with a number of foreign suppliers and customers. The company holds a number of accounts in different currencies to minimise this risk.

Credit risk

The company has no significant concentrations of exposure to credit risk. The company has implemented policies that require appropriate credit checks on potential new customers before sales commence and the amount of any individual counterparty is subject to a limit which is reassessed regularly by the company's management.

Liquidity risk

The company manages a liquidity position with the objective of maintaining the ability to fund commitments and repay liabilities in accordance with their required terms. The financing of operations is primarily achieved through cash balances.

Interest rate risk

The company does not have significant borrowings and therefore is not exposed to interest rate risk.

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2005 (continued)

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. The directors are required to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors confirm that suitable accounting policies have been used and applied consistently, with the exception of changes arising on the adoption of new accounting standards in the year as explained on page 8 under note 1 'Accounting Policies'. They also confirm that reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates have been made in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 and that applicable accounting standards have been followed.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the system of internal control, for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their reappointment will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board

E J Mugridge Director

31 05 06

Independent auditors' report to the members of GBC (United Kingdom) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of GBC (United Kingdom) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2005 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements:

 give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended; and

have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

PricewaterhouseCoopers ILP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Reading

31 October 2006

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2005

		2005	2004
	Note	£	As restated £
Turnover	2	17,013,602	14,679,884
Cost of sales		(11,378,772)	(9,060,826)
Gross profit		5,634,830	5,619,058
Other operating expenses	3	(6,011,385)	(5,365,445)
Other income	4	142,660	
Operating (loss)/profit	4	(233,895)	253,613
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(218,197)	(254,710)
Income from shares in group undertakings		944,012	<u>-</u>
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		491,920	(1,097)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	8	-	
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities after taxation		491,920	(1,097)
Preference share appropriation	17	(700)	(700)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	16	491,220	(1,797)

All the above activities are derived from continuing activities.

There is no difference between the profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained profit/(loss) as stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

The accompanying notes on pages 8 to 24 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 December 2005

	2005	2004 Restated
	£	£
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	491,220	(1,097)
Actuarial gain/(loss) on pension scheme	172,000	(285,000)
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year	663,220	(286,097)
Prior year adjustment FRS 17(note 18)	(5,567,527)	
Total gains and losses recognised since last annual report	(4,904,307)	

Balance sheet at 31 December 2005

		2005	2004
	Note	c	As restated
		£	£
Fixed assets	0	359,364	668,441
Tangible assets	9	· ·	•
Investments	10	50,400	157,000
		409,764	825,441
Current assets		20	4 074 400
Stocks	11	39	1,274,409
Debtors	12	4,316,153	5,010,454
Cash at bank and in hand		514,899	61,960
		4,831,091	6,346,823
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(4,117,834)	(6,080,615)
Net current assets		713,257	266,208
Total assets less current liabilities		1,123,021	1,091,649
Provisions for liabilities and charges	14	(390,929)	(371,477)
Net assets/(liabilities) excluding pension deficit		732,092	720,172
Pension deficit	18	(5,496,000)	(6,148,000)
Net liabilities including pension deficit		(4,763,908)	(5,427,828)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	15	177,001	177,001
Share premium	16	15,889,999	15,889,999
Capital contribution	16	669,863	669,863
Profit and loss account deficit	16	(21,500,771)	(22,164,691)
Total shareholders' deficit	17	(4,763,908)	(5,427,828)
Analysis of shareholders' funds			
Equity	17	(4,779,508)	(5,442,728)
Non-equity		15,600	14,900
		(4,763,908)	(5,427,828)

The financial statements on pages 6 to 24 were approved by the board of directors and were signed on its behalf by:

E J Mugridge Director

20 20 16

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005

1 Statement of accounting policies

These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and applicable accounting standards. The principal accounting standards are set out below.

Changes in accounting policy

The company has adopted FRS 17 "Retirement benefits". This represents a change in accountancy policy and the comparative figures have been restated accordingly.

The effect of the change in accounting policy to adopt FRS17 on the 2004 results was to decrease operating expenses and increase other finance expense by £765,725 and £211,000 respectively to decrease loss for the year by £554,725 and to increase total recognised gains and losses by £172,000. The impact on the balance sheet was to decrease provisions by £580,473 and decrease net assets by £5,577,527.

The company has adopted FRS 21 "Post Balance Sheet Events". The effect of the change in accounting policy to adopt FRS 21 was £nil as all of the dividends were proposed and paid by the balance sheet date, in the relevant period.

The company has also adopted FRS25 'Financial Instruments Disclosure and Presentation' in these financial statements. There is no impact on the preference share classification as the payment of dividends is at the discretion of the directors and there is no fixed date of redemption.

Going concern

At 31 December 2005 the company had net liabilities of £4,773,908 (2004: £5,437,828 restated). The directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. Acco Brands Corporation has given an undertaking to the company to support it financially, ensuring that it has adequate resources to meet its commitments as they fall due for at least the next 12 months from the date of signing these accounts.

Basis of consolidation

The financial statements include the results for the year ended 31 December 2005 of GBC (United Kingdom) Limited only. The Company is itself a subsidiary company and is exempt from the requirement to prepare group accounts by virtue of section 228a of the Companies Act 1985. These financial statements therefore present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group

Foreign currencies

Normal trading activities denominated in foreign currencies are recorded in sterling at exchange rates as of the date of the transaction or, where appropriate, at the rate of exchange in a related forward exchange contract. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the year end are reported at the rates of exchange prevailing at the year end or, where appropriate, at the rate of exchange in a related forward exchange contract. Exchange adjustments are charged or credited to the profit and loss account as they arise.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 (continued)

Turnover

The turnover represents the invoiced value of goods despatched or services rendered to third parties net of rebates and other sales related discounts and sales related taxes.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred. Deferred tax is recognized on all timing differences, on a non-discounted basis, where the transaction or events that give rise to an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occurred by the balance sheet date.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognized only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits in the foreseeable future from which the reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

Leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.

Provision for dilapidation

The company recognises the anticipated cost of significant re-instatement of leasehold properties at the end of the lease term in accordance with FRS 12. This anticipated cost is recognised as a provision over the life of the lease on a straight-line basis.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined benefit scheme contracted out of the state scheme. Contributions are charged against profit so as to spread the pension cost over the anticipated years of service of the pension scheme members.

The funds of the defined benefit schemes are valued every three years by a professionally qualified independent actuary, the rates of contribution payable being determined by the actuary. In the intervening years, the actuary reviews the continuing appropriateness of the rates.

ii) The company operates a defined contribution scheme for certain qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held independently of the company. The amount charged to the profit and loss account for all defined contribution schemes is the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown in the balance sheet as either accruals or prepayments.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 (continued)

Onerous lease provision

When leasehold properties become redundant or excess space arises in those properties, the company provides for all costs to the end of the lease or the anticipated date of surrender of the lease, net of anticipated income. Such provisions are then discounted using the UK government zero-coupon bond yield applicable to the term of the cashflows.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are shown at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Cost comprises the purchase price of the asset together with any incidental costs of acquisition.

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a straight line basis over its expected useful life as follows:

Leasehold and leasehold improvements

Over the term of the lease

Plant, equipment, fixtures and fittings

4 - 10 years

Computer equipment

3 – 5 years

A review for the potential impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of a fixed asset may not be recoverable. Such impairment reviews are performed in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 11. Impairments thus arising are recorded in the profit and loss account.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost or valuation, less provision for any impairment in accordance with FRS 11.

Cash flow statement

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of ACCO Brands Corporation and is included in the consolidated financial statements of ACCO Brands Corporation, which are publicly available. Consequently the company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of FRS1 (Revised 1996) paragraph 5a.

2 Segment information

The turnover and profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation is predominantly attributable to the sole principal activity, which is conducted entirely in the United Kingdom

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005

3 Other operating expenses

	2005	2004 Restated
	£	£
Selling and distribution costs	4,317,707	4,398,740
Administrative expenses	1,693,678	966,705
•	6,011,385	5,365,445

4 Operating (loss)/profit

Operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2005 £	2004 £
Investment impairment	106,600	-
Depreciation	339,577	359,043
Rentals payable under operating leases:		
- plant and machinery	119,218	111,724
- other	345,774	547,000
Foreign exchange differences	130,248	(28,255)
Auditors' remuneration:		
- Audit services	33,500	33,500
- Non-audit services	-	15,000

5 Staff numbers and costs

The average monthly number of employees (including executive directors) during the year was:

	2005 Number	2004 Number
Administration	10	16
Logistics	12	18
Sales	44	50
	66	84

Their aggregate remuneration comprised:

	2005	2004 As restated
	<u>£</u>	<u> </u>
Wages and salaries	2,122,755	2,324,744
Social security costs	225,927	256,111
Other pension costs	209,123	230,818
	2,557,805	2,811,673

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 (continued)

6 Director emoluments

Directors' emoluments in respect of three directors (2004: three) have been borne by another group company. Their services are considered to be incidental to their other activities within the group.

7 Interest payable and similar charges

	2005	2004 Restated
	£	£
Bank loans and overdraft	12,220	20,157
Interest payable to fellow group companies	9,655	23,553
Unwinding of discount rate	17,322	-
Other finance expense (note 18)	179,000	211,000
, , ,	218,197	254,710

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 (continued)

8 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

	2005 £	2004 £
Current tax:		
UK corporation tax on profits for the period		
Total current tax	-	

The tax assessed for the year of £nil (2004: £nil) differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 30% (2004: 30%). The differences are explained below:

	2005	2004 Restated
	£	£
Profit /(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	491,920	(1,097)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30%	147,576	(329)
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(212,996)	9,431
Accelerated capital allowances	(304,628)	116,290
Other short term timing differences	(126,635)	(132,062)
Excess losses carried forward not utilised	496,683	6,670
Current tax charge	•	-

The company has no deferred tax liability and does not expect this position to change in the foreseeable future. Further information regarding deferred tax is included in note 14.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 (continued)

9 Tangible fixed assets

	Leasehold improvements £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 January 2005	420,910	435,012	6,207,688	7,063,610
Additions	15,626	-	20,529	36,155
Disposals	-	-	(257,367)	(257,367)
At 31 December 2005	436,536	435,012	5,970,850	6,842,398
Accumulated depreciation		<u>.</u>		
At 1 January 2005	236,332	382,519	5,776,318	6,395,169
Charge for the year	30,370	21,421	287,687	339,478
Disposals	-	-	(251,613)	(251,613)
At 31 December 2005	266,702	403,940	5,812,392	6,483,034
Net book amount				
At 1 January 2005	184,578	52,493	431,370	668,441
At 31 December 2005	169,834	31,072	158,458	359,364

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 (continued)

10 Fixed asset investments

	2005 £	2004 £
Cost		
At 1 January 2005	157,000	157,000
Provision for impairment	(106,600)	-
At 31 December 2005	50,400	157,000

Principal company investments

The company's principal subsidiaries, together with their activities, are listed below. These companies are wholly owned, registered in England and Wales, and the shareholdings are in ordinary shares of £1.

	Principal 2005 Activities		
Subsidiary undertakings:		Share Capital	Reserves
•		£	£
GBC Basingstoke Limited	Dormant	50,400	706,319

11 Stocks

	2005	2004
	£	£
Finished goods and goods for resale	39	1,274,409

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 (continued)

12 Debtors

	2005 £	2004 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	2,914,708	3,065,037
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,073,068	1,455,850
Other debtors	51,000	-
Prepayments and accrued income	277,377	489,567
	4,316,153	5,010,454

Amounts owed by group undertaking are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed date of repayment.

13 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2005	2004
	£	Restated £
Bank loans and overdrafts		473,735
Trade creditors	62,936	202,845
Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,239,743	3,028,985
Taxation and social security	78,812	80,974
Other creditors	52,000	320,765
Accruals and deferred income	1,684,343	1,973,311
	4,117,834	6,080,615

Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by a guarantee provided by the ultimate parent company and a fixed and floating charge over the company's assets. Amounts owed to parent undertaking bear interest at 3.5% above LIBOR. There is no fixed repayment date.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 (continued)

14 Provisions for liabilities and charges

i)	Onerous lease			
	Dilapidation £	provision £	Total £	
At 1 January 2005		371,477	371,477	
Charge/(credit) to the profit and loss account	100,000	(51,250)	48,750	
Unwinding of discount	-	17,322	17,322	
Utilised during the year	-	(46,620)	(46,620)	
At 31 December 2005	100,000	290,929	390,929	

Onerous lease

As at 31 December 2005, a provision of £290,929 (2004: £371,477) has been recognised in respect of non-utilised space which is being sublet at a rate lower than the rental due under the head lease. The provision is expected to be utilised over a period of 7 years. The provision is discounted at a rate of 4.54%.

Dilapidation

The provision represents the estimated cost of re-instatement of leasehold properties at the end of the lease term in accordance with FRS 12.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 (continued)

ii) Deferred tax

There are no deferred tax liabilities. However, the company has the following potential deferred tax assets, none of which have been recognised in the financial statements.

	2005	2004 Restated
	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	1,144,346	1,448,975
Pension scheme deficit	1,648,800	1,844,400
Other short term timing differences	640,099	622,734
Trading losses	2,897,257	2,400,574
	6,330,502	6,316,683

A deferred tax asset has not been recognised in respect of the above timing differences on the grounds that there is insufficient evidence that the asset will be recoverable.

Movement in the year consists of prior year and current year movements.

15 Called-up share capital

	2005 £	2004 £
Authorised		•
187,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	187,000	187,000
	2005	2004
	£	£
Allotted, called-up and fully paid		
167,001 Ordinary shares of £1 each	167,001	167,001
Preference share capital	2005	2004
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid	£	£
10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000

Preference shareholders have the right to a 7% per annum dividend on the par value of each share if, in the opinion of the Directors, the profits of the company justify such payments, the right in a winding up to repayment of the capital and dividends (including any dividends not declared), and the right to attend and vote at any general meeting of the company.

The dividends payable on the 7% cumulative preference shares have not been paid since 1997. The total arrears at 31 December 2005 are £5,600 (2004: £4,900). In accordance with the requirements of FRS 4, the company has appropriated through the profit and loss account preference share dividends due in respect of all periods to date. However, as the company does not have sufficient distributable reserves in order to pay such preference share dividends, these dividends have been credited back within the profit and loss account reserves (note 17).

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 (continued)

16 Reserves

	Share premium £	Capital contribution £_	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 January 2005 as originally presented	15,889,999	669,863	(16,597,164)	(37,302)
Prior year adjustment – FRS17	-	-	(5,567,527)	(5,567,527)
At 1 January 2005 (as restated)	15,889,999	669,863	(22,164,691)	(5,604,829)
Retained profit for the financial year	-	-	491,220	491,220
Actuarial gain on the pension scheme	-	-	172,000	172,000
Appropriation in respect of non-equity shares	-	-	700	700
At 31 December 2005	15,889,999	669,863	(21,500,771)	(4,940,909)

17 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	0005	0004
	2005	2004 Restated
	£	£
Profit/(loss) for the year	491,220	(1,797)
Actuarial gain/(loss) on pension scheme	172,000	(285,000)
Appropriation in respect of non-equity shares	700	700
Net addition/(reduction) to shareholders' funds	663,920	(286,097)
Opening shareholders' funds as previously reported	139,699	695,521
Prior year adjustment – FRS 17	(5,567,527)	(5,837,252)
Opening shareholders' funds as restated	(5,427,828)	(5,141,731)
Closing shareholders' funds	(4,763,908)	(5,427,828)
	2005 £	2004 £
Shareholders' funds allocated to non-equity	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Non-equity share capital	10,000	10,000
Cumulative dividend not yet declared	5,600	4,900
	15,600	14,900

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 (continued)

18 Financial commitments

a) Annual lease commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

At 31 December 2005 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases for assets other than land and buildings expiring as follows:

	2005		2004	1
	Land and		Land and	
	buildings	Other	buildings	Other
	£	£	£	£
Within 1 year		4,739		12,712
Within 2-5 years	-	89,527	-	84,890
After 5 years	547,000	-	547,000	-
	547,000	94,266	547,000	97,602

b) Pension schemes

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for a small number of employees. In 2005 the amount charged to the profit and loss account in respect of the scheme was £41,123 (2004 £77,818). No amounts are outstanding at the year end (2004: £nil).

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 (continued)

18 Financial commitments (continued)

b) Pension schemes (continued)

FRS 17 disclosures

Additional disclosures regarding the group's defined benefit pension scheme are required under the transitional provisions of FRS 17 "Retirement benefits" and these are set out below. The disclosures relate to the third year of the transitional provisions. They provide information which will be necessary for full implementation of FRS 17.

The actuarial valuation described above has been updated at 31 December 2004 by a qualified actuary using revised assumptions that are consistent with the requirements of FRS 17. Investments have been valued, for this purpose, at fair value.

No improvements in benefits were made in the financial year. Company contributions increased to 17.1% of Pensionable salary from 1st January 2004.

The scheme was closed to new entrants with effect from 1st January 1997.

The defined benefits section of the Plan is closed to new entrants. As such, the service cost as a percentage of pensionable salaries will increase as members near retirement.

	2005	2004	2003
Rate of increase in salaries	3.9%	4.1%	4.0%
Rate of increase in pensions in payment on benefits earned prior to 1 January 2002 on benefits earned on or after 1 January 2002	3.0% 2.6%	3.0.% 2.9%	3.0% 2.8%
Discount rate	4.7%	5.3%	5.4%
Inflation assumption	2.6%	2.9%	2.8%

The fair value of the assets in the scheme, the present value of the liabilities in the scheme and the expected rate of return at the balance sheet date were:

	2005 %	2005 £	2004 %	2004 £	2003 %	2003 £
Equities	7.5	6,202,000	7.0	8,039,000	7.0	7,579,000
Bonds - Government	4.0	3,227,000	5.0	955,000	5.0	988,000
 Corporate 	4.7	3,172,000				
Other - Cash	4.0	97,000	4.75	1,286,000	4.0	455,000
Total fair value of assets	5.9	12,698,000	6.5	10,280,000	6.6	9,022,000
Present value of scheme liabilities		(18,194,000)		(16,428,000)		(15,382,000)
Deficit in the scheme		(5,496,000)		(6,148,000)		(6,360,000)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 (continued)

18 Financial commitments (continued)

- b) Pension schemes (continued)
- a. Analysis of the amount charged to operating profit

	2005	2004
	£	£_
Service cost	168,000	153,000
Total operating charge	168,000	153,000

b. Analysis of amount charged to other finance income

	2005 £	2004 £
Expected return on pension scheme assets	686,000	612,000
Interest on pension liabilities	(865,000)	(823,000)
Net charge	(179,000)	(211,000)

c. Analysis of amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses (STRGL)

	2005 £	2004 £
Actual return less expected return on pension scheme assets	1,292,000	208,000
Experience gains and losses arising on the scheme liabilities	(144,000)	-
Changes in assumptions underlying the scheme liabilities	(976,000)	(493,000)
Actuarial gain/(loss) that would have been recognised in the STRGL	172,000	(285,000)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 (continued)

b) Pension schemes (continued)

d. Movement in deficit during the year

	2005 £	2004 £
Deficit in scheme at beginning of the		(0.000.000)
year	(6,148,000)	(6,360,000)
Current service cost	(168,000)	(153,000)
Contributions	827,000	861,000
Interest cost	(179,000)	(211,000)
Actuarial (loss)/gain	172,000	(285,000)
Deficit in scheme at end of the year	(5,496,000)	(6,148,000)

History of experience gains and losses

	2005	2004	2003
Difference between expected and actual return on scheme assets:			
amount (£'000)	1,292	208	844
percentage of scheme assets	10.2%	2.0%	9.4%
Experience gains and losses on scheme liabilities:			
amount (£'000)	(144)	-	837
percentage of scheme liabilities	(0.8%)	0.0%	5.4%
Total amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses:			
amount (£'000)	172	(285)	866
percentage of scheme liabilities	0.9%	(1.7%)	5.6%

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 (continued)

19 Post balance sheet event

GBC Basingstoke was liquidated on 11th April 2006.

20 Ultimate parent company

The ultimate parent undertaking until 16 August 2005 was General Binding Corporation which the largest group in which the results of GBC (United Kingdom) Limited are consolidated General Binding Corporation is incorporated in the State of Delaware, USA. The consolidated financial statements of this group are available to the public at 1 GBC Plaza, Northbrook, Illinois, 60062, USA.

At 31 December 2005, the results of the Company are consolidated into the financial statements of ACCO Brands Corporation, a company incorporated in the United States of America. Copies of the ACCO Brands Corporation Group financial statements can be obtained from:

Company Secretary, 300 Tower Parkway Lincolnshire Illinois 60069 United States of America

Under the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard No 8, the company is not required to disclose details of intergroup related party transactions as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of General Binding Corporation Inc, and the consolidated financial statements in which the company's results are included are available to the public.

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2005

		2005	2004
	Note	£	As restated £
Turnover	2	17,013,602	14,679,884
Cost of sales		(11,378,772)	(9,060,826)
Gross profit		5,634,830	5,619,058
Other operating expenses	3	(6,011,385)	(5,365,445)
Other income	4	142,660	-
Operating (loss)/profit	4	(233,895)	253,613
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(218,197)	(254,710)
Income from shares in group undertakings		944,012	-
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		491,920	(1,097)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	8 _	-	_
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities after taxation		491,920	(1,097)
Preference share appropriation	17	(700)	(700)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	16	491,220	(1,797)

All the above activities are derived from continuing activities.

There is no difference between the profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained profit/(loss) as stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

The accompanying notes on pages 8 to 24 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 December 2005

	2005	2004 Restated
	£	£
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	491,220	(1,097)
Actuarial gain/(loss) on pension scheme	172,000	(285,000)
Total recognised gains and losses relating to		
the year	663,220	(286,097)
Prior year adjustment FRS 17(note 18)	(5,567,527)	
Total gains and losses recognised since last		
annual report	(4,904,307)	