Form 4 68

Rule 4 223-CVL The Insolvency Act 1986 Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For	off	icial	use
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Company Number

1040087

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of company Developments

Limitea

(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es)

AXIS IS, AXIS COLLET MALLARD WAY RUGRSIDE BUSINESS PARK

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/owr statement of Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

Date 13 06 67

Presenter s name address and reference (if any)

JAMES & WIZERLE
AXIS IS, AXIS COURT MARLARD UAJ RIVERSIDE BUSINESS PARK SWANSKY VALL SWANSER SAT OAT

For Official Use

Liquidation Section

Post Room

15/06/2007

COMPANIES HOUSE

RHZ DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED

ZIST MAY

MR A EJAMES, JAMES+UZZEII

104008J

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of company

Company's registered number

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

Date of commencement of winding up

Date to which this statement is brought down

Name and address of liquidator

NOTES

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part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet, and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor, or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules
 - (6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate

Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations					
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount		
12.3.CA	me Insolvency Service	Brought forward Carcoss Interest	30,547		
		Carried forward	80,701		

Note No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and

Disbursements					
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount		
1.1.07	The Insolvency Service	Brought forward Standard QtV Charge	24, \$16 20		
12.3.07	14 11	Taxon Interest	31		
21.3.07	Jones+ Uzzell	LIQUIDATORS FEES	1175		
21.3.07	The Insolvency Service	Chaque fee	1		
14.07	R O	Standard Oth Charge	20		
18.1.07	In and Revenue	Corporation tax	42		
13 3 CA	je te	ri tt	32		
11 05 07	Insolvency Service	Cheque tee	l		
	<u></u>	Carried forward	26,037		

disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

3 months

Analysis of balance	
Total realisations Total disbursements Balance £ U. Wol	
The balance is made up as follows— 1 Cash in hands of liquidator 2 Balance at bank 3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account	
4 * Amounts invested by liquidator Less the cost of investments realised	
Balance	
Total balance as shown above £	<u> </u>
[NOTE—Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be statement]	<u>.</u>]
* The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operate Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwand paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Gover transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient composite Regulations The liquidator should also state—	ards must be realised nment securities, the
(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of	the winding up-
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors—including the holders of floating charges) Liabilities—Fixed charge creditors Floating charge holders Unsecured creditors (2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding	£ 20,520 &,134,252
up— Paid up in cash Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	98
(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)	
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(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed