Registered number: 01020999

STADE DEVELOPMENTS (HASTINGS) LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2010

TUESDAY

A42 02/08/2011 COMPANIES HOUSE

219

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

Mr H C Moreton Mr M Hopson

Company number

01020999

Registered office

3 Centro Place Pride Park Derby DE24 8RF

Auditors

Cooper Parry LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

3 Centro Place Pride Park Derby **DE24 8RF**

Bankers

Lloyds Banking PLC 125 Colmore Row Birmingham B3 3AE

CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' report	1 - 3
Independent auditors' report	4 - 5
Profit and loss account	6
Note of historical cost profits and losses	7
Balance sheet	8
Notes to the financial statements	9 - 20

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2010

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2010. The company changed its accounting period in 2009 and therefore the comparative information is only for a nine month period.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally. Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company in the period under review was that of amusement caterers and providers of leisure services

Business review

During the year turnover has increased by approximately 5% on an annual basis, which was largely due to the acquisition of the Coney Island arcade which was purchased in December 2009

The gross profit margin has fallen slightly by approximately 3% when compared on an annual basis. This is due to a conscious effort to increase the volume of prizes per machine to attract a greater number of customers.

Overheads include a number of expenses in the year totalling approximately £593,000 relating to the sale of freehold property. The main charge relates to an impairment provision on goodwill of £463,000.

Despite the loss for the year the balance sheet remains strong with net assets of over £3.8 million. The combined balance sheet, including the parent company Cornshire Limited, shows net assets in excess of £7 million.

Since the year end the directors have sold part of the company's freehold and leasehold property for a total consideration of £6.1 million. The proceeds have enabled the directors to reduce the bank loans by approx £6.1 million and the directors now believe the company is in a position to return to profitability in 2011. The directors continue to modernise the other sites by investing in new machines whilst also trying to increase the present margins.

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2010

Results

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £907,208 (2009 profit £194,150)

Directors

The directors who served during the year were

Mr H C Moreton Mr M Hopson

Principal risks and uncertainties

Overview

The execution of the company's strategy and the management of the business are subject to a number of potential risks, the occurrence of any one of which, may adversely impact on the company's performance. Such risks, and the actions in place to mitigate their potential adverse impact on the company are detailed below.

The legislative and regulatory environment

The betting and gaming industry has, in recent years, undergone significant legislative and regulatory change in the UK including for example, the introduction of the Gambling Act 2005 and the implementation of bans on smoking in public places. Future changes to the legislative and regulatory regimes may impact the company's operations.

Competition

The company operates in a competitive market from both -

- independent AGC and other gaming and betting operators, and
- leisure activities/product offerings from other businesses in the leisure sector

To mitigate this risk, staff are trained to provide excellent customer service and managers trained to ensure the highest levels of efficiency, professionalism and cleanliness are maintained at all sites, at all times

Interest rate risk

The company's trading income and operating cash flows are independent of any changes or movements in interest rates. The company's exposure to interest rate risk arises primarily from its bank borrowings, the quantum of which is relatively low and the interest rate charged is closely linked to LIBOR. The company has also hedged some of its exposure to interest rate changes by obtaining bank finance with a collar rate applied to it, this ensures that interest suffered cannot exceed certain parameters.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that cash may not be available to pay obligations when they fall due. Cash flow forecasts identifying the liquidity requirements of the company are produced and reviewed regularly to ensure the company has sufficient financial resources for at least the forthcoming twelve month period, where any shortfalls are identified measures are taken to attempt to prevent the situation from arising

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when they fall due. As the trading business operates on a cash basis with its customers, the company's exposure to credit risk is limited. Major sales of old equipment are made on a part exchange basis to businesses that are also suppliers of the company, this way trade debtors can be offset against trade creditors, once again ensuring credit risk is limited.

General economic environment

The disposable income of customers and their confidence and willingness to spend money on their leisure activity preferences are, and will, be affected by the general economic environment. The company strives to ensure its facilities, and activities on offer, provide value for money and meet its customers' needs.

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2010

Provision of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of
 any information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report and to
 establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

This report was approved by the board on 26 July 2011

and signed on its behalf

Mr M Hopson

Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF STADE DEVELOPMENTS (HASTINGS) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Stade Developments (Hastings) Limited for the year ended 30 November 2010, set out on pages 6 to 20. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 November 2010 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF STADE DEVELOPMENTS (HASTINGS) LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Adrian Cheatham (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of Cooper Parry LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

3 Centro Place Pride Park Derby DE24 8RF

Date 26 July 2011

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2010

			9 month period ended
	Note	30 November 2010 £	30 November 2009 £
Turnover	1,2	6,212,213	5,140,577
Cost of sales		(2,588,693)	(1,845,023)
Gross profit		3,623,520	3,295,554
Administrative expenses		(4,323,665)	(2,635,914)
Other operating income	3	320,102	250,295
Exceptional items			(316,898)
Operating (loss)/profit	5	(380,043)	593,037
Interest receivable		376	441
Interest payable	8	(563,965)	(399,328)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(943,632)	194,150
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	9	36,424	
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	18	(907,208)	194,150
-		·	

All amounts relate to continuing operations

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2010 or 2009 other than those included in the Profit and loss account

The notes on pages 9 to 20 form part of these financial statements

NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2010

	30 November 2010 £	9 month period ended 30 November 2009 £
Reported (loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(943,632)	194,150
Difference between a historical cost depreciation charge and the actual depreciation charge for the year calculated on the revalued amount	242,804	169,468
Historical cost (loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(700,828)	363,618
Historical (loss)/profit for the year after taxation	(664,404)	363,618

The notes on pages 9 to 20 form part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2010

	Note	£	2010 £	£	2009 £
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	10		2,673,825		2,568,242
Tangible assets	11		16,341,493		16,033,042
			19,015,318		18,601,284
Current assets					
Stocks	12	125,020		126,518	
Debtors	13	851,715		988,287	
Cash at bank and in hand		933,996		1,181,780	
		1,910,731		2,296,585	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	14	(1,702,580)		(1,666,024)	
Net current assets			208,151		630,561
Total assets less current liabilities			19,223,469		19,231,845
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	15		(15,393,154)		(14,494,322)
Net assets			3,830,315		4,737,523
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	17		180,999		180,999
Revaluation reserve	18		4,644,256		4,887,060
Profit and loss account	18		(994,940)		(330,536)
Shareholders' funds	19		3,830,315		4,737,523

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 26534201

Mr M Hopson Director

The notes on pages 9 to 20 form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2010

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of land and buildings and in accordance with applicable accounting standards. Throughout these financial statements comparative figures relate to the nine months period ended 30 November 2009.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes the company will continue in operational existence for the forseeable future and is based on the continued support of the directors and the company's bankers

1.2 Cash flow

The company, being a subsidiary undertaking where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available, is exempt from the requirement to draw up a cash flow statement in accordance with FRS 1

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents net takings from machines, exclusive of Value Added Tax

1.4 Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities. It is amortised to the profit and loss account over its estimated economic life of 20 years.

1.5 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases

Freehold property

2% straight line

L/Term leasehold property S/Term leasehold property Over the period of the lease
 Over the period of the lease

Plant & machinery
Motor vehicles

20% reducing balance25% reducing balance

Fixtures & fittings
Office equipment

10% reducing balance25% reducing balance

1.6 Revaluation of tangible fixed assets

Individual freehold and leasehold properties are carried at current year value at the balance sheet date. A full valuation is obtained from a qualified valuer for each property every five years, with an interim valuation three years after the previous full valuation, and in any year where it is likely that there has been a material change in value

Revaluation gains and losses are recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses unless losses exceed the previously recognised gains or reflect a clear consumption of economic benefits, in which case the losses are recognised in the profit and loss account

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2010

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.7 Leasing and hire purchase

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the Profit and Loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

1.8 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the Profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term

1.9 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks

1.10 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation

Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets in the financial statements

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted

2 Turnover

The whole of the turnover is attributable to net takings from machines

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom

3. Other operating income

9 month period ended 30 November 2010 2009 £ \$250,295

Rental and other operating income

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2010

4. Exceptional items

During the year the company incurred costs of £Nil (2009 £316,898) relating to the renovation of the leasehold site acquired in 2008. This expenditure was deemed exceptional by virtue of it's size and effect on the company's results for the prior year.

5. Operating (loss)/profit

The operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging

	30 November 2010 £	9 month period ended 30 November 2009 £
Amortisation of goodwill	181,364	107,896
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		
- owned by the company	1,250,622	903,495
 held under finance leases 	11,156	9,272
Auditors' remuneration	12,000	12,000
Operating lease rentals		·
- other operating leases	189,558	136,400
Loss on sale of tangible assets	173,134	70,741
Impairment of goodwill	463,153	, -
		

6. Staff costs

Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows

	30 November 2010 £	9 month period ended 30 November 2009 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs	1,350,900 106,514	984,833 75,097
	1,457,414	1,059,930

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was as follows

	30 November 2010 No.	9 month period ended 30 November 2009 No.
Directors Operational	2	2
Operational	88	82
	90	84

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2010

7. Directors' remuneration

••			
	Emoluments	30 November 2010 £ 45,710	9 month period ended 30 November 2009 £ 34,190
8.	Interest payable		9 month period
		30 November 2010 £	ended 30 November 2009 £
	On bank loans and overdrafts On other loans	521,640 42,325	376,461 22,867
		563,965	399,328
9	Taxation		
		30 November 2010 £	9 month period ended 30 November 2009 £
	Analysis of tax charge in the year/9 month period	~	~
	Deferred tax		
	Accelerated capital allowances Movement in tax losses	(18,113) (18,311)	- -
	Total deferred tax (see note 16)	(36,424)	
	Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	(36,424)	<u> </u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2010

9. Taxation (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year/9 month period

The tax assessed for the year/9 month period is higher than (2009 lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21% (2009 21%) The differences are explained below

	30 November 2010 £	9 month period ended 30 November 2009 £
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(943,632)	194,150
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21% (2009 21%)	(198,163)	40,772
Effects of:		
Non-tax deductible amortisation of goodwill and impairment Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill	123,949	22,658
amortisation and impairment Capital allowances for year/9 month period in excess of	115,688	89,866
depreciation	(11,887)	(76,562)
Utilisation of tax losses	(29,587)	(76,734)
Current tax charge for the year/9 month period (see note above)	•	-

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The company have tax losses of £590,000 to carry forward against future trading profits

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2010

10. Intangible fixed assets

	Goodwill £
Cost	
At 1 December 2009 Additions	2,877,186 750,100
At 30 November 2010	3,627,286
Amortisation	
At 1 December 2009	308,944
Charge for the year	181,364
Impairment charge	463,153
At 30 November 2010	953,461
Net book value	
At 30 November 2010	2,673,825
At 30 November 2009	2,568,242

Since the year end the directors have sold part of the company's freehold and leasehold property which has resulted in an impairment charge in these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2010

11. Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings £	Plant & machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures & fittings	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation						
At 1 December 2009 Additions Disposals	13,438,249 1,149,005 (415,218)	5,154,714 1,575,651 (1,284,900)	108,687 24,039 (12,000)	2,286,292 22,907 (828)	84,604 6,218 -	21,072,546 2,777,820 (1,712,946)
At 30 November 2010	14,172,036	5,445,465	120,726	2,308,371	90,822	22,137,420
Depreciation					,	
At 1 December 2009 Charge for the year On disposals	1,341,043 369,499 (39,290)	2,396,805 715,641 (453,237)	54,058 13,655 (12,000)	1,190,805 153,051 (828)	56,793 9,932	5,039,504 1,261,778 (505,355)
At 30 November 2010	1,671,252	2,659,209	55,713	1,343,028	66,725	5,795,927
Net book value						
At 30 November 2010	12,500,784	2,786,256	65,013	965,343	24,097	16,341,493
At 30 November 2009	12,097,206	2,757,909	54,629	1,095,487	27,811	16,033,042

At 30 November 2010, included within the net book value of land and buildings is £5,990,971 (2009 £5,347,449) relating to freehold land and buildings, £4,349,381 (2009 £4,393,282) relating to long term leasehold land and buildings and £2,160,432 (2009 £2,356,475) relating to short term leasehold land and buildings

The net book value of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts, included above, are as follows

	2010	2009
	£	£
Motor vehicles	57,507	44,624
		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2010

Cost or valuation at 30 November 2010 is as follows

	Land and buildings £
At cost	8,358,171
At valuation:	
Professional valuation January 2008	5,813,865
	14,172,036
	

Freehold and leasehold property has been valued, taking into consideration the professional valuations, on the basis that the properties are fully equipped operational entities having regard to their potential, carried out by Edward Symmons (MRICS) in September 2002, March 2006, April 2007 and January 2008

If the land and buildings had not been included at valuation they would have been included under the historical cost convention as follows

		2010 £	2009 £
	Cost	8,358,171	7,624,384
	Accumulated depreciation	(501,643)	(414,238)
	Net book value	7,856,528	7,210,146
12.	Stocks		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Stocks	125,020	126,518
13.	Debtors		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Trade debtors	480,033	334,586
	Other debtors	-	356,656
	Prepayments and accrued income Deferred tax asset (see note 16)	254,091 117,591	215,878 81,167
		851,715	988,287
			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2010

14 Creditors:

Amounts falling due within one year

		2010 £	2009 £
	Bank loans and overdraft	100,000	350,000
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	11,516	6,552
	Trade creditors	1,143,494	860,628
	Social security and other taxes	114,095	156,638
	Other creditors	173,476	165,509
	Accruals and deferred income	159,999	126,697
		1,702,580	1,666,024
		1,1 02,000	1,000,024
15	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
15		2010	2009
15		2010 £	2009 £
15			£
15	Amounts falling due after more than one year	£	£ 9,870,000
15	Amounts falling due after more than one year Bank loans	£ 11,034,000	£
15	Amounts falling due after more than one year Bank loans Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	£ 11,034,000 46,695	9,870,000 38,305

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2010

15. Creditors:

Amounts falling due after more than one year (continued)

Creditors include amounts not wholly repayable within 5 years as follows

2010	2009
£	£
8,764,385	7,930,959
	£

The bank holds the following securities in respect of overdrafts and loans -

Cross Corporate Guarantee between Stade Developments (Hastings) Limited and third parties dated 31 October 2003

First Legal Charge over Pett Level Road, Winchelsea granted by Stade Developments (Hastings) Limited dated 21 March 2006

First Legal Charge over 7-9 Pelham Place, Hastings granted by Stade Developments (Hastings) Limited dated 28 February 2005

First Legal Charge over The Stade, Hastings granted by Stade Developments (Hastings) Limited dated 28 February 2005

First Legal Charge over George Street, Hastings granted by Stade Developments (Hastings) Limited dated 1 June 2005

First Legal Charge over Fantasy Forest, Scarborough granted by Stade Developments (Hastings) Limited dated 17 March 2008

First Legal Charge over the leasehold property demised under the Overhang Lease (title number NK 295979), granted by Stade Developments (Hastings) Limited dated 29 February 2008

First Legal Charge over 5-7 Foreshore Road, Scarborough granted by Stade Developments (Hastings) Limited dated 9th December 2009

All monies Debenture granted by Stade Developments (Hastings) Limited over the whole assets of the company dated 31 October 2003, registered 6 November 2003

A personal guarantee of £3,950,000 given by the director Mr H C Moreton

Hire purchase liabilities are secured by the asset which has been financed

Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, included above, are payable as follows

	2010 £	2009 £
Between one and five years	46,695	38,305

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2010

16.	Deferred tax asset		
		2010 £	2009 £
	At beginning of year/9 month period Released during year/9 month period	81,167 36,424	81,167 -
	At end of year/9 month period	117,591	81,167
	The deferred tax asset is made up as follows		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Accelerated capital allowances Tax losses carried forward	(72,703) 190,294	(90,816) 171,983
		117,591	81,167
17.	Share capital		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	180,999 Ordinary shares of £1 each	180,999 ————	180,999
18.	Reserves		
		Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account £
	At 1 December 2009 Loss for the year	4,887,060 -	(330,536) (907,208)
	Transfer between Revaluation reserve and P/L account	(242,804)	`242,804´ ————
	At 30 November 2010	4,644,256	(994,940)
19	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Opening shareholders' funds (Loss)/profit for the year/9 month period	4,737,523 (907,208)	4,543,373 194,150
	Closing shareholders' funds	3,830,315	4,737,523

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2010

20. Operating lease commitments

At 30 November 2010 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows

	Land a	Land and buildings	
	2010 £	2009 £	
Expiry date.			
Within 1 year	32,927	21,000	
Between 2 and 5 years	375	375	
After more than 5 years	145,802	145,802	

21. Directors' benefits: advances, credit and guarantees

During the period Mr H C Moreton loaned the company £63,344 (2009 £363,175) Interest is payable on the loan at 2% above the base rate value. There is no formal repayment date on the loan however £114,000 (2009 £114,000) is assumed to be repaid within one year. The amount owed to Mr H C Moreton at the period end was

	2010 £	2009 £
Amount owed to Mr H C Moreton	671,450	864,448

22 Related party transactions

In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard No 8 'Related Party Disclosures', transactions with other group undertakings of The Cornshire Group Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales, have not been disclosed in these financial statements as the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of a parent entity publishing group financial statements

During the period rental income and a recharge of rates and licence fees amounting to £130,295 (2009 £94,626) was received from Flamingo Park Limited At 30 November 2010 the company was owed £3,405 (2009 £23,792) by Flamingo Park Limited The companies are related through family connections of Mr H C Moreton

During the period various overheads amounting to £41,000 (2009 £35,363) were charged by Property Investments. The director Mr H C Moreton is a partner in Property Investments.

23. Post balance sheet events

Since the year end the directors have sold part of the company's freehold and leasehold property for a total consideration of £6.1 million. As a result it has enabled the company to reduce its bank borrowings by approximately £6.1 million.

24. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The parent company and controlling related party is Cornshire Limited. The ultimate controlling party is Mr H C Moreton by virtue of his controlling interest in the parent company.