RYDER LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

Registered number 01019474

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Directors' report Year ended 31 December 2011

The directors present their annual report and audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

Activities

The principal activity of the Group and the Company continued to be the provision of industry third party integrated transportation services. These activities include commercial vehicle rental, contract leasing hire, fleet management and dedicated contract carriage. The Company continues to operate in the UK and the Republic of Ireland (through a local branch), with Group operations covering the rest of Europe.

Business review

On 8th June 2011 Ryder Limited acquired 100% of the share capital of Hill Hire Limited (formerly Hill Hire plc) for a nominal fee of £1 In addition, as part of the transaction, Ryder Limited also refinanced the debt of Hill Hire Limited (formerly Hill Hire plc) of £154m which was funded via a revolving credit facility from our ultimate parent Ryder System Inc

The Group's performance remained solid during the year Turnover, excluding the acquisition was ahead that of the prior year at £147 7m (an increase of 1%) The Group also benefited from the increased revenue generated by Hill Hire Limited (formerly Hill Hire plc) of £56 9m The overall impact on pre-tax profit is an increase to £19 4m (2010 £11 5m)

The used-vehicle market improved substantially during the year in advance of the London Low Emissions restrictions enforced from January 2012. This factor, in addition to a higher volume of used vehicles sold in the year attributed to an increased profit on disposal of fixed assets of £2.5m (2010 £1.4m).

The pre-tax profit is stated after exceptional costs of £1 4m which were incurred in connection with the integration of the newly acquired Hill Hire Limited (formerly Hill Hire plc) business. Other provisions of £0 4m created in 2009 in connection with the closure of the Supply Chains Solutions Division were released.

The Group's business is made up of elements that are both transactional (i.e. rental) and longer term in their contractual nature (contract hire, logistics and fleet management). Ryder's key business strategy is to leverage its people, processes and systems with continued support from our ultimate parent Ryder. System Inc, to provide innovative cost effective solutions for the pan-European transportation market.

Future developments

The Group has a wide customer base, all of whom will be subject to current economic trends Ryder continues to monitor and review the actual and potential impact and adjust its operations accordingly Ryder is committed to continuing to maintain and develop its range of products and services

Subsequent events

On 28 March 2012, the recently acquired subsidiary, Hill Hire Limited (formerly Hill Hire plc) was reregistered as a private limited company in order to facilitate the subsequent transfer of its trade and assets at book value to the Company on 31 March 2012 as part of the continuing integration of the business

Also, on 1 August 2012, Ryder Limited acquired control of 100% of the share capital of the following companies trading as the Euroway Group of Companies

- Euroway Vehicle Management Limited,
- Euroway Vehicle Contracts Limited,
- Euroway Vehicle Engineering Limited,
- Euroway Vehicle Rental Limited,
- Euroway Group Holdings Limited, and
- Euroway Group Limited

Directors' report Year ended 31 December 2011

Subsequent events (continued)

Initial consideration for the acquisition was £1 25m. In addition as part of the transaction Ryder. Limited also refinanced debt of the companies of £12 5m. This was funded via an existing revolving credit facility.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Group's operational risks include maintenance, health and safety and disaster recovery specifically around technology

Ryder Limited invests in the policies, procedures and people to ensure that its customers' vehicles are maintained to the highest standards, which are reviewed by an independent internal audit group. This control is reflected in the fact that Ryder Limited consistently out performs the national average for, and is in the upper quartile for the Vehicle & Operator Services Agency's (VOSA) national MOT first rate passes. The management of health and safety risk includes a dedicated health and safety team, risk assessments and operational standard procedures.

In addition Ryder has developed proactive safety systems, which are monitored by online reporting systems and site audits, to ensure that it achieves the highest standard of safety for its employees and customers Ryder Limited's proactive management of health and safety issues continues to develop within the global business

The Group's key commercial risks include unprofitable contracts, bad debt and asset utilisation. These risks are mitigated by strong internal controls. Potential new business undergoes a comprehensive profit study with senior management review, while credit assessment is independently co-ordinated. The quality of existing credit has been constantly monitored during 2011 however, days receivable outstanding (DRO) has increased to 36 days following the acquisition of Hill Hire Limited (formerly Hill Hire plc) (2010–32 days)

Asset management is monitored centrally with utilisation being a key measure. Decision-making is supported via an integrated operating system with timely management reporting.

Financial risk management

From a financial risk perspective the Group's management of debt finance and hence interest rate risk is co-ordinated via the treasury department of the Group's ultimate parent undertaking, Ryder System Inc (incorporated in Florida, USA, and whose financial statements are publicly available), who are able to utilise debt markets available to the larger group. The two relevant risks are liquidity and interest rate risk.

The Company actively maintains a mixture of long-term and short-term debt finance that is designed to ensure the Company has sufficient available funds for operations and planned expansions. Credit lines are available via a global revolving credit facility provided via the parent company and other group financing arrangements. The revolving credit facility was renewed on 9 June 2011 for a 5 year period.

The Group has both interest bearing assets and interest bearing liabilities. Interest bearing assets include only bank account balances, which earn interest at variable rates. The Group reviews the debt mixture of fixed rate and variable rate regularly. The current profile is deemed appropriate given the Group's relatively low gearing for the nature of its operation.

Directors' report Year ended 31 December 2011

Key performance indicators

KPI's used to monitor the performance of the business include the following

- Turnover,
- Contract Contribution,
- Costs Per unit.
- Revenue Per Unit,
- Return On Capital,
- Project Return (IRR & NPV),
- Asset Utilisation,
- Bad Debt Provision,
- Health & Safety statistics,
- Employee headcount, turnover and absence,
- Service Levels with customers, and
- Service Levels with suppliers

Financial performance measures are compared to plan and prior year on a regular basis

Dividend

No interim dividend was declared (2010 Enil) The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend

Directors

The directors of the company who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows

Calene Candela

David Hunt

Sanford Hodes

Braden Moll - re-appointed 31 May 2011

Directors' indemnities

The Company maintains liability insurance for its directors and officers

Supplier payment policy

It is the Group's policy to make payments to suppliers of goods and services in line with their stated terms and conditions, provided that the supplier has also complied with all the relevant terms and conditions

Creditor days were an average of 29 days as at 31 December 2011 (2010 25 days)

Charitable and political contributions

Charitable donations of £16,016 were made during the year (2010 £5,098) £15,000 was donated to the Red Cross and the balance represents donations to small local charities. No political contributions were made during the year under review (2010 ml)

Pensions

The Company operates a defined benefit pension plan (closed to new members and then closed to all at March 2010) whose assets are independent of the Company finances. This scheme is funded by contributions from the employees (until March 2010) and the Company at rates determined by independent actuaries. Full actuarial valuations are made at three yearly intervals and contribution rates are set accordingly. A new defined contribution plan was opened in April 2010 to replace the defined benefit pension plan with all defined pension plan members being transferred across.

A second defined contribution pension plan is available for all new starters and existing employees who are not already members of the defined benefit pension scheme

Directors' report Year ended 31 December 2011

Employment policy

The Group endeavours to keep its employees fully informed on matters of concern to them as employees and encourages their involvement in initiatives to improve the Group's services and performance. This is achieved through a structured communication programme for the whole organisation including the publication of a semi-annual corporate magazine entitled Ryder 360, and six-weekly updates via a Company newsletter.

Annual management conference and bi-monthly management conference calls reinforce this communication programme, and participating managers are provided with briefing material for their teams on the core messages, results and news affecting the business. Managers are encouraged to participate and raise questions or items for consideration to the Leadership Team.

During 2012, a programme of Employee Surveys (questionnaires) and Focus Group session (face to face meetings) were held with a representative sample of employees to engage with them regarding their experience of the cultural integration process following the acquisition of Hill Hire Limited (formerly Hill Hire plc) in 2011. This was managed by an independent consultancy who shared the results with the Leadership Team. These results have been incorporated into many aspects of the Company's integration approach.

The Group continues to encourage the involvement of employees in the its performance by operating a ShareSave scheme, which all employees who have attained 3 months service are invited to join

Disabled persons

Applications for employment by disabled persons are fully considered, bearing in mind the abilities of the applicant concerned. Health and safety matters are given special attention by the directors and wherever possible continued employment will be offered to members of staff who become disabled. It is the policy of the Group that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be identical with that of other employees.

Disclosure of information to Auditors

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Group's auditors
 are unaware, and
- each director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Group's auditors are aware of that information

Independent Auditors

The company is not obliged to reappoint auditors annually, and PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP will therefore continue in office

On behalf of the board on 26 September 2012

David Hunt Director

Ryder Limited - registered number 01019474

Unit 1-3, Prince Maurice Court

Hambleton Avenue

Devizes, Wiltshire SN10 2RT

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Year ended 31 December 2011

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and the Company and of the profit or loss of the Group for that period In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company and Group will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Group and the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Group and the Company and to enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board on 26 September 2012

David Hunt Director

Ryder Limited - registered number 01019474

Independent auditors' report to the members of Ryder Limited

Year ended 31 December 2011

We have audited the Group and Parent Company financial statements (the "financial statements") of Ryder Limited for the year ended 31 December 2011 which comprise the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Consolidated Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Note of Consolidated Historical Profits and Losses, the Consolidated and Company Balance Sheets, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and related notes The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities set out on page 7, the directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and parent company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed,
- the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and the Parent Company's affairs as at 31 December 2011 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Independent auditors' report to the members of Ryder Limited (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Parent Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the Parent Company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records or returns, or
- · certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all of the information and explanations we require for our audit

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Nicholas Gower (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Manchester

Date 26 Sylforde 2012

Ryder Limited

Consolidated profit and loss account

Year ended 31 December 2011

				2011 £'000			2010 £'000
		Conti opera	nuing Itions	Acquisitions	; T	otal	Total
	Note	-					
Turnover	2		147,714	56,929		204,643	146,744
Cost of sales			(127,389)	(38,820)		(166,209)	(125,621)
Gross profit		•	20,325	18,109		38,434	21,123
Administrative expenses		(9,690)		(2,622)	(12,312)		(8,274)
Administrative expenses - exceptional items	5	(941)		-	(941)		-
	•		(10,631)			(13,253)	
Operating profit			9,694			25,181	12,849
Net interest payable and similar charges	6					(8,228)	(3,438)
Other finance income	26					2,420	2,110
Profit on ordinary activities	_						
before taxation	7					19,373	11,521
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8					(6,660)	(3,362)
Profit for the financial year	19					12,713	8,159

The notes on pages 16 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements

Ryder Limited Statement of consolidated total recognised gains & losses

	Note	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Profit for the financial year		12,713	8,159
Actuarial (loss)/gain on defined benefit pension schemes	26	(27,438)	2,251
Movement on deferred tax arising on loss/(gain) in the pension schemes	19	6,859	(608)
Currency translation differences on foreign currency net investments	19	(628)	(454)
Total gains and losses recognised for the year		(8,494)	9,348

Note of consolidated historical cost profits and losses

Note	2011	2010 £'000
Note	1.000	£ 000
	19,373	11,521
19	17	17
_	19,390	11,538
_		
=	12,730	8,176
	Note 19 _	Note £'000 19,373 19 17 19,390

Consolidated balance sheet

Year ended 31 December 2011

			
		2011	2010
	Note	£'000	£'000
Fixed assets			
Goodwill	10	•	-
Negative Goodwill	10	(1,028)	
Intangible assets		(1,028)	
Tangible assets	11	309,558	142,693
		308,530	142,693
Current assets			
Stocks	13	692	366
Debtors (including £44,965,000 (2010 £34,264,000) due after one year)	14	96,913	61,212
Cash at bank and in hand		10,674	14,021
		108,279	75,599
Current liabilities			
Borrowings	15	(6,332)	(69,745)
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	16	(45,377)	(26,835)
		(51,709)	(96,580)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		56,570	(20,981)
Total assets less current liabilities		365,100	121,712
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	15	(236,122)	(214)
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	16	(2,170)	(933)
		(238,292)	(1,147)
Provisions for liabilities	17	(6,969)	(6,885)
Net assets excluding pension (habilities)/assets		119,839	113,680
Pension (liabilities)/assets	26	(6,332)	8,321
Net assets including pension (liabilities)/assets		113,507	122,001
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	18	3,063	3,063
Share premium account	19	76,161	76,161
Revaluation reserve	19	1,174	1,191
Other reserve	19	299	299
Profit and loss account	19	32,810	41,287
Total shareholders' funds	20	113,507	122,001
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The notes on pages 16 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements

The financial statements on pages 10 to 45 were approved by the board of directors on 26 September 2012

David Hunt Director

Ryder Limited - registered number 01019474

Company balance sheet

Year ended 31 December 2011

		2011	2010
	Note	£'000	£'000
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	10	-	-
Tangible assets	11	166,473	139,025
Investments	12	16,047	16,048
		182,520	155,073
Current assets			
Stocks	13	309	295
Debtors (including £38,521,000 (2010 £34,264,000) due after one year)	14	216,261	58,905
Cash at bank and in hand		97	3,859
		216,667	63,059
Current habilities			
Borrowings	15	(6,332)	(69,745)
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	16	(26,917)	_(26,092)
		(33,249)	(95,837)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		183,418	(32,778)
Total assets less current liabilities		365,938	122,295
Non-current liabilities			
Воггоwings	15	(236,122)	(214)
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	16	(2,170)	(933)
		(238,292)	(1,147)
Provisions for liabilities	17	(8,638)	(6,947)
Net assets excluding pension (liabilities) /assets		119,008	114,201
Pension (liabilities)/assets	26	(6,332)	8,321
Net assets including pension (liabilities)/assets		112,676	122,522
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	18	3,063	3,063
Share premium account	19	76,161	76,161
Revaluation reserve	19	1,174	1,191
Profit and loss account	19	32,278	42,107
Total shareholders' funds	20	112,676	122,522

The notes on pages 16 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements

The financial statements on pages 10 to 45 were approved by the board of directors on 26 September 2012

David Hunt Director

Ryder Limited - registered number 01019474

Consolidated cash flow statement

			
	Note	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Cash flow statement			
Cash flow from operating activities	21(a)	76,101	52,580
Return on investments and servicing of finance	21(b)	(7,967)	(3,646)
Taxation		(4,973)	(1,232)
Capital expenditure and financial investment	21(b)	(85,511)	(38,968)
Acquisitions	21(b)	962	-
Cash (outflow)/inflow before financing		(21,388)	8,734
Financing	21(b)	18,154	(121)
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the year		(3,234)	8,613
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt			
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the year		(3,234)	8,613
Cash (inflow)/outflow from (increase)/decrease			
in net debt and lease financing	21(b)	(18,154)	121
Change in net debt resulting from cash flows		(21,388)	8,734
Translation difference	21(c)	(113)	(181)
Debt acquired with subsidiary	27	(154,341)	-
Net debt at 1 January		(55,938)	(64,491)
Net debt at 31 December	15/21(c)	(231,780)	(55,938)

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

1. Principal accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the year in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Group financial statements

Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain freehold and long leasehold land and buildings, and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom. The principal accounting policies, which have been applied consistently throughout the year are set out below.

Consolidation

These Group financial statements include the financial statements of Ryder Limited and its subsidiary undertakings, each made up to 31 December 2011. All subsidiary undertakings except Ryder. Deutschland GmbH have been consolidated using the acquisition method of accounting. Ryder. Deutschland GmbH has been consolidated using merger accounting.

The subsidiaries are those companies controlled, directly or indirectly, by Ryder Limited, where control is defined as the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an enterprise so as to obtain benefits from its activities. This control is normally evidenced when Ryder Limited owns, either directly or indirectly, more than 50% of the voting rights or potential voting rights of a company's share capital. Inter-company balances, transactions and resulting unrealised income are eliminated in full

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts net of trade discounts and rebates derived from the provision of transportation services (including commercial vehicle rental, contract hire, fleet management and supply chain solutions) and goods supplied in the UK & Ireland and the rest of Europe during the year, excluding Value Added Tax Turnover is recognised as contractual services are provided or goods sold, and when the amount of turnover can be measured reliably, and receipt of payment is probable

Leasing of equipment

(1) Lessee accounting - Lease agreements for revenue earning vehicles, service vehicles and office equipment under finance leases that confer rights and obligations similar to those of owned assets are included in the amounts shown in fixed assets in the balance sheet under their respective headings. The assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or their useful economic lives. The interest element of the leasing cost is amortised so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligation for each accounting period. The rental costs of other leased assets are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Future instalments under finance leases, net of finance charges are included within creditors Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account, and the capital element, which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments

(2) Lessor accounting - The rentals receivable under full service operating lease agreements with customers are taken to profit as they fall due over the term of the leases. Assets used in full service operating lease agreements are recorded in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and depreciated over their expected useful economic lives or the term of the lease, whichever is shorter. The cost of assets hired out under finance leases are excluded from the balance sheet and an appropriate debtor is recognised instead. Rentals from finance leases are split between capital repayments and interest so as to produce a constant periodic rate of return on the remaining balance of the receivable amount for each accounting period.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

1. Principal accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling and recorded at the average rate of denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date, and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account. The Company operates an overseas branch in the Republic of Ireland. The results of this branch are translated at the prevailing rate at the end of each month in which transactions take place. Assets and liabilities of the overseas branch are translated at the rate ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising are recognised within reserves.

Pension cost - defined benefit

The Company operates a funded pension scheme providing defined benefits The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund

Pension scheme assets are measured using market value. Pension scheme liabilities are measured using the projected unit actuarial method and are discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent terms and currency to the liability. The increase in the present value of the liabilities of the Group's defined benefit pension schemes expected to arise from employee service in the period is charged to operating profit. The expected return on the schemes' assets and the increase during the year in the present value of the schemes' liabilities arising from the passage of time are included in other finance income. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the consolidated statement of total recognised gains and losses. Pension scheme surpluses, to the extent that they are considered recoverable, or deficits are recognised in full and presented on the face of the balance sheet net of the related deferred tax.

Pension cost - defined contribution

The Group operates defined contribution pension schemes. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds. The amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to the schemes in respect of the accounting period.

Exceptional items

Items that are material which derive from events or transactions that fall within the ordinary activities of the Group and which individually or, if of a similar type, in aggregate, need to be disclosed by virtue of their size or incidence if the financial statements are to give a true and fair view. The directors are of the opinion that the separate recording of exceptional items provides helpful information about the Group's underlying business performance. Events, which may give rise to, the classification of items as exceptional include, but are not restricted to, restructuring of the business, and profits or losses on disposals of fixed assets.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

1. Principal accounting policies (continued)

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost Cost comprises purchase price and, in the case of property, professional fees incurred on acquisition. No depreciation is provided on freehold land. Depreciation of revenue earning vehicles is calculated to write down the vehicles to their estimated residual value over the length of the lease term ranging from three to ten years on a straight line basis.

Depreciation of other fixed assets, excluding freehold land, is calculated to write off the cost or valuation to residual value by equal annual instalments over their expected useful economic lives, also on a straight-line basis

The estimated useful lives are Freehold and long leasehold buildings Short leasehold property Service vehicles and cars Other equipment

- thirty to forty years
- period of the lease
- two to four years
- two to ten years

The useful lives of the assets and their residual values are periodically reviewed and adjusted when appropriate

Goodwill and Negative Goodwill

Purchased goodwill (representing the excess of the fair value of the consideration given over the fair value of the separable net assets acquired) arising on business combinations in respect of acquisitions before 1 January 2001, has in the past been treated as follows

- Prior to 1994, goodwill was capitalised and amortised over its estimated useful life, which was deemed to be forty years
- After 1994, but prior to the adoption of FRS 10, "Goodwill and intangible assets", the Group's
 accounting policy was to write goodwill off to reserves in the year of acquisition. When a
 subsequent disposal occurs any related goodwill previously written off to reserves is written back
 through the profit and loss account as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

FRS 10 was adopted on 1 January 1998 Purchased goodwill arising on business combinations in respect of acquisitions since 1 January 1998 is capitalised. Positive goodwill is amortised to nil by equal annual instalments over its estimated useful life.

The company evaluates the carrying value of goodwill in each financial year to determine if there has been an impairment in value, which would result in the inability to recover the carrying amount. If it is determined that the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the excess is written off to the profit and loss account.

Negative goodwill arising on business acquisitions is capitalised. Negative goodwill is amortised to nil by equal annual instalments over its estimated useful life. The estimated useful life is determined by reference to the period over which non-monetary assets acquired are recovered. This has been determined to be a period of 4 years.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

1. Principal accounting policies (continued)

Investments

Investments in subsidiary undertakings in the Company's balance sheet and all current asset investments are stated at cost less provision for any impairment. Impairment reviews are performed by the directors when there has been an indication of potential impairment.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value and consist of fuel, parts and finished goods for resale. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete, slow moving and defective stocks.

Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost, any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the profit and loss account over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date

A net deferred tax asset is recognised as recoverable only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits against which to recover carried forward tax losses and from which the future reversal of underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable or a binding agreement to distribute past earnings in future periods has been entered into by the subsidiary

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

2. Turnover by origin		
	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
UK and Ireland	191,800	133,550
Rest of Europe	12,843	13,194
	204,643	146,744

The directors consider the Group to have only a single class of business

There is no material difference between the origin and destination of turnover

3. Employee numbers and costs

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the Group during the year was

		2011 Number	2010 Number
Management, administration and sales		190	162
Drivers, warehouse and maintenance	_	960	822
		1,150	984
	-		
		2011	2010
	Note	£'000	£'000
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows			
Wages and salaries		38,450	29,461
Social security costs		3,740	2,649
Defined benefit pension costs	26	36	554
Defined contribution pension costs	26	2,509	1,998
	_		
	_	44,735	34,662
4. Directors' remuneration			
22		2011	2010
		£'000	£'000
A gazagata amaluments		200	221
Aggregate emoluments	=	290	221

The remuneration of the highest paid director (excluding pension contributions) was £289,866 (2010 £220,918) The other directors did not receive any emoluments in respect of their services to the company (2010 nil)

During the year payments of £26,110 (2010 £21,800) were made to the Company's defined contribution scheme in respect of the highest paid director. At the end of the year the highest paid director had an accrued pension under the Company's defined benefit scheme of £30,636 (2010 £29,155)

During the year one (2010 one) director was accruing pension benefits under the Company's defined benefit scheme

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

э.	Exceptional items	

Following the acquisition of Hill Hire Limited (formerly Hill Hire plc) by the Group during the year, the following exceptional costs have been incurred in order to integrate the newly acquired business into the Group, and to provide a harmonised flexible service across the wider range of products and vehicles

	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Employee severance costs	1,306	-
Legal and sundry costs	73	
	1,379	
The commercial decision to exit the Supply Chain Solutions mark 2009. Certain costs were lower than anticipated, therefore the follower than anticipated.	ket was taken in 2008 and effected	

The commercial decision to exit the Supply Chain Solutions market was taken in 2008 and effected in 2009. Certain costs were lower than anticipated, therefore the following amounts have been released to profit in the year.

Employee severance costs Facilities closure costs	(42) (396) (438)	-
	941	-
6. Net interest payable and similar charges	2011 £'000	2010 £'000

	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Interest payable		
Short term borrowings and bank overdraft	336	730
Interest element of finance lease rental payments	-	8
Interest payable to fellow subsidiary undertaking	7,687	2,806
Interest payable to parent undertaking	289	-
Other interest payable	2	5
	8,314	3,549
Interest receivable		
Bank deposit interest	(86)	(106)
Other interest receivable	<u>-</u>	(5)
	(86)	(111)
	8,228	3,438

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

7. Profit on ordinary activ	vities before taxation		
		2011	2010
		£'000	£'000
This is stated after charging/(crediting)		
Depreciation of tangible fixed	d assets - owned assets	52,657	35,755
	- leased assets	189	312
Amortisation of negative goo	dwill	(170)	-
Operating leases	- Plant & machinery	5,033	5,018
	- Other operating leases	1,883	1,886
Aggregate rentals receivable	from operating leases	(150,429)	(98,592)
Aggregate rentals receivable	from finance leases	(20,274)	(13,804)
Profit on sale of fixed assets		(2,475)	(1,409)
Fees payable to company aud consolidated financial statem	itors for the audit of parent company and ents	295	180
Fees payable to the company services	s auditors and its associates for other		
The audit of the company's su	ibsidiary pursuant to legislation	62	26
Other services pursuant to leg	gislation	-	-
Tax services		54	18

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

8. Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
	2011	2010
(a) Toy shares heard on the most for the season of the sea	£'000	£'000
(a) Tax charge based on the profit for the year on ordinary activities UK Current tax		
UK Corporation tax on profit for the year	64	1,945
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(20)	113
	44	2,058
Foreign tax		
Corporation tax on profit for the year	939	1,049
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(195)	
	744	1,049
Total current tax	788	3,107
Deferred tax		
Origination/reversal of timing differences	4,201	(1,348)
Adjustments in respect of prior years		26
Total non-pension deferred tax credit (see note 17)	4,201	(1,322)
Deferred tax charge relating to pension asset / liability	1,671	1,577
Total deferred tax charge	5,872	255
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6,660	3,362
(b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year The tax assessed for the year is lower (2010 lower) than the standard rate of corp The differences are explained below	oration tax in the	: UK
	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Current tax reconciliation		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	19,373	11,521
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26 5% (2010 28%)	5,134	3,226
Effects of		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	381	116
Depreciation and lease depletion in excess of capital allowances for the year	(2,018)	1,885
Other timing differences -pension related	(1,453)	(2,259)
-other	(1,064)	7
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(215)	113
Foreign tax charged at different rates	23	19
Total current tax charge	788	3,107

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

8. Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

(c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

The Finance Bill of 2012 ("the Bill") was given Royal Assent on 17 July 2012 and became Finance Act 2012 ("the Act") The Act includes legislation to reduce the main rate of Corporation Tax in the UK from 26% to 24% for 1 April 2012 The Budget (21 March 2012) also proposed further reductions in the main rate of corporation tax to 23% in 2013-14 This legislation had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, therefore the effect is not included in these financial statements, and the deferred tax continues to be recognised at 25%

9. Profit of the company

s. Trouver and company	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
The amount of the financial profit for the year dealt within the financial statements of the Company is	10,842	5,707

Included within profit of the Parent Company are dividends receivable of £9,592,000 (2010 £nil) from subsidiary companies

As permitted by section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, no profit and loss account is presented for Ryder Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

10 Intangible fixed assets		
Group		
·	Goodwill	Negative Goodwill
	£'000	£'000
Cost		
Balance at 1 January 2011	3,962	-
Additions (see note 27)		(1,198)
Balance at 31 December 2011	3,962	(1,198)
Accumulated amortisation		
Balance at 1 January 2011	3,962	-
Charge for the year		(170)
Balance at 31 December 2011	3,962	(170)
Net book value at 31 December 2011		(1.039)
Net book value at 31 December 2011	<u>-</u>	(1,028)
Net book value at 31 December 2010	-	_
Company		
Company	Good	lwill
	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Cost		
Balance at 1 January and 31 December	3,962	3,962
Accumulated amortisation		
Balance at 1 January and 31 December	3,962	3,962
Net book value at 31 December		
net book value at 31 December		<u>-</u>

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

Net book value at 31 December 2010

Balance at 31 December 2011	7,651	1,673	162,447	2,572	13,872	188,215
Transfers Exchange difference	-	-	(320) (628)	320 (10)	(8)	(646)
Disposals	(439)	(40)	(35,993)	(56)	(896)	(37,424)
Depreciation charges	595	170	50,762	174	1,145	52,846
Balance at 1 January 2011	7,495	1,543	148,626	2,144	13,631	173,439
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance at 31 December 2011	26,157	2,194	450,635	2,723	16,064	497,773
Exchange difference		-	(715)	(11)	(12)	(738)
Transfers	(51)	-	489	40	51	529
Disposals	(512)	-	(49,182)	(75)	(887)	(50,656)
Acquisitions	10,551	-	133,406	420	494	144,871
Additions	232	49	86,539	-	815	87,635
Cost Balance at 1 January 2011	15,937	2,145	280,098	2,349	15,603	316,132
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	leasehold le buildings		earning vehicles	vehicles & cars e	Other quipment	Total
	freehold & long		Revenue	Service	04	
Group		Short	Revenue	Service		

Included in freehold and long leasehold land and buildings are depreciable assets with net book value of £8,652,000 (2010 £5,787,000) and freehold land with net book value of £9,854,000 (2010 £2,655,000) The comparable amounts for freehold and long leasehold land and buildings determined according to the historical cost accounting rules are £17,240,000 (2010 £7,158,000)

602

131,472

205

1,972

142,693

8,442

Freehold and long leasehold land and buildings consists of freehold land and buildings with net book value of £17,359,000 (2010 £7,216,000) and leasehold land and buildings with net book value of £1,147,000 (2010 £1,226,000)

Certain freehold and long leasehold land and buildings were revalued between 1987 and 1989 on the basis of open market value for existing use. The valuation cost of those assets was £3,975,000, which has been taken as deemed cost on adoption of FRS 15. The historic cost was £1,531,000.

The net book value of revenue vehicles at 31 December 2011 includes vehicles in the course of construction amounting to £5,319,000 (2010 £4,236,000). The net book value of vehicles held under finance leases was £212,000 (2010 £661,000), and the related depreciation charge for the year was £189,000 (2010 £312,000). The gross amount of vehicles held for use in operating leases was £450,635,000 (2010 £280,098,000) and the related accumulated depreciation charge was £162,447,000 (2010 £148,626,000).

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

11. Tangible fixed assets (continued)						
Company						
	Land &					
	freehold	Chart	D	C		
	& long leasehold	Short leasehold	Revenue earning	Service vehicles		
	buildings	property	vehicles		equipment	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000		£'000
Cost						
Balance at 1 January 2011	15,937	2,118	259,949	1,947	15,138	295,089
Additions	228	54	69,032	-	807	70,121
Disposals	(512)	-	(41,774)	(75)	(868)	(43,229)
Other Transfers	(55)	-	111	351	55	462
Exchange difference		-	(168)	-	_	(168)
Balance at 31 December 2011	15,598	2,172	287,150	2,223	15,132	322,275
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance at 1 January 2011	7,495	1,521	132,065	1,757	13,226	156,064
Depreciation charges	445	171	33,878	92	836	35,422
Disposals	(442)	(39)	(34,085)	(55)	(881)	(35,502)
Transfers	-	-	(260)	260	•	-
Exchange difference	-	-	(182)	-		(182)
Balance at 31 December 2011	7,498	1,653	131,416	2,054	13,181	155,802
Net book value at 31 December 2011	8,100	519	155,734	169	1,951	166,473
Net book value at 31 December 2010	8,442	597	127,884	190	1,912	139,025

Included in freehold and long leasehold land and buildings are depreciable assets with net book value of £5,445,000 (2010 £5,787,000) and freehold land with net book value of £2,655,000 (2010 £2,655,000). The comparable amounts for freehold and long leasehold land and buildings determined according to the historical cost accounting rules are £6,833,000 (2010 £7,158,000).

Freehold and long leasehold land and buildings consists of freehold land and buildings with net book value of £6,953,000 (2010 £7,216,000) and leasehold land and buildings with net book value of £1,147,000 (2010 £1,226,000)

Certain freehold and long leasehold land and buildings were revalued between 1987 and 1989 on the basis of open market value for existing use. The valuation cost of those assets was £3,975,000, which has been taken as deemed cost on adoption of FRS 15. The historic cost was £1,531,000.

The net book value of revenue vehicles at 31 December 2011 includes vehicles in the course of construction amounting to £5,319,000 (2010 £4,236,000). The net book value of vehicles held under finance leases was £212,000 (2010 £661,000), and the related depreciation charge for the year was £189,000 (2010 £312,000). The gross amount of vehicles held for use in operating leases was £287,150,000 (2010 £259,949,000) and the related accumulated depreciation charge was £131,416,000 (2010 £132,065,000).

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

12. Fixed asset investments	
The Group has no fixed asset investments	
	Company
	000'£
Shares in Group undertakings	
Balance at 1 January 2011	16,048
Additions	-
Disposals	(1)
Balance at 31 December 2011	16.047

The subsidiary undertakings shown below are all registered in England and Wales except Ryder Deutschland GmbH, which is incorporated in Germany. The investment in the share capital of these Companies is stated at cost less any impairment. There has been no impairment in the investment to date.

The directors believe that the book value of investments is supported by their underlying net assets, and future cash flows

	Principal activity	Ownership of ordinary shares 2011 2010		
			%	%
Subsidiaries directly held				
Hill Hire Limited (formerly Hill Hire plc)	Transportation services		100%	-
Ryder Deutschland GmbH	Transportation services		100%	100%
Dormant subsidiaries directly held				
Ryder Pension Fund Limited	Dormant Corporate Truste	ee	100%	100%
Ryder System Limited	Struck off 21 June 2011		-	100%
13. Stocks				
	Group		Compa	ny
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Consumables	692	366	309	295

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

14. Debtors					
	Grou	p	Compa	ompany	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	
	000°£	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Amounts falling due within one year					
Trade debtors	32,143	15,242	15,032	13,968	
Net investment in finance leases	11,827	6,908	9,170	6,908	
Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings	-	-	148,414	-	
Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings	8	24	8	59	
Corporation tax	726	839	726	-	
Other debtors	19	-	-	-	
Prepayments and accrued income	7,225	3,935	4,390	3,706	
	51,948	26,948	177,740	24,641	
Amounts falling due after one year					
Net investment in finance leases	44,965	34,264	38,521	34,264	
	96,913	61,212	216,261	58,905	

Amounts due from parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings are unsecured and repayable on demand No interest is charged on these amounts

The cost of assets held for the purpose of letting under finance leases by the Group is £78,025,000 (2010 £53,844,000) The cost of assets acquired in the year for the purpose of letting under finance leases by the Group was £25,276,000 (2010 £9,923,000)

The cost of assets held for the purpose of letting under finance leases by the Company is £67,657,000 (2010 £53,844,000) The cost of assets acquired in the year for the purpose of letting under finance leases by the Company was £14,793,000 (2010 £9,923,000)

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

15. Borrowings					
	Gro	uр	Compa	any	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Amounts falling due within one year					
Bank overdraft	5,014	3,160	5,014	3,160	
Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings, 4 04% to 7 00% interest (2010 2 90% to 3 60%)	1,236	66,270	1,236	66,270	
Obligations under finance leases	-,200	54	-,200	54	
·		•		•	
Obligations under finance leases owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings	82	261	82	261	
	6,332	69,745	6,332	69,745	
Amounts falling due after more than one year Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings, 4 04% to 7 00% interest Obligations under finance leases owed to fellow subsidiary	236,000	-	236,000	-	
undertakings	122	214	122	214	
	236,122	214	236,122	214	
Total borrowings	242,454	69,959	242,454	69,959	
Less cash at bank and in hand	(10,674)	(14,021)	(97)	(3,859)	
Net debt	231,780	55,938	242,357	66,100	
Obligations under loans are analysed as follows					
Within one year	6,250	69,430	6,250	69,430	
In the second to fifth year	71,000	-	71,000	-	
After more than five years	165,000		165,000	-	
	242,250	69,430	242,250	69,430	

The loan amount owed to a fellow subsidiary undertaking of £165,000,000 (2010 £nil) is not repayable by instalments

Obligations under finance leases relate to fixed rate leases repayable both monthly and semi-annually and secured on the asset Interest rates vary from lease to lease and were fixed at the market rate existing when the leases were undertaken Obligations under finance leases are analysed as follows

	Group		Company	Company	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Within one year	82	315	82	315	
In the second to fifth year	122	214	122	214	
		529	204	529	

The ultimate parent undertaking is committed to providing finance on an on-going basis

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

Grou	p	Compa	any
2011	2010	2011	2010
£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
13,610	8,522	8,324	7,866
-	-	58	59
11	47	-	-
446	322	446	322
1,851	63	-	63
1,406	868	973	853
2,879	2,887	1,919	2,887
25,174	14,126	15,197	14,042
45,377	26,835	26,917	26,092
2,170	933	2,170	933
47,547	27,768	29,087	27,025
	2011 £'000 13,610 - 11 446 1,851 1,406 2,879 	£'000 £'000 13,610 8,522 11 47 446 322 1,851 63 1,406 868 2,879 2,887 25,174 14,126 45,377 26,835 2,170 933	2011 2010 2011 £'000 £'000 £'000 13,610 8,522 8,324 - - 58 11 47 - 446 322 446 1,851 63 - 1,406 868 973 2,879 2,887 1,919 25,174 14,126 15,197 45,377 26,835 26,917 2,170 933 2,170

Amounts owed to parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings are unsecured and repayable on demand No interest is charged on these amounts

Accruals and deferred income falling due after more than one year includes £286,000 (2010 £56,000) falling due after more than five years, not repayable by instalments

17. Provisions for liabilities Group

	Deferred taxation £'000	Other provisions £'000	Total £'000
At 1 January 2011	3,345	3,540	6,885
Charge for year in the profit and loss account	4,201	1,172	5,373
On acquisition	(4,693)	626	(4,067)
Utilised in the year	-	(1,221)	(1,221)
Exchange difference	(3)	2	(1)
At 31 December 2011	2,850	4,119	6,969

Provisions for deferred tax exclude amounts relating to the defined benefit pension scheme (see note 26)

Other provisions relate to future rental payments on vacant leased premises, dilapidation costs and exceptional severance and facility closure costs. They are due to be settled over a period of one to nineteen years.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

		•	
17. Provisions for liabilities (continued) The deferred tax provided consists of the following			
The deterred and provided consists of the following		2011	2010
		£'000	£'000
Difference between accumulated depreciation and capital allowances		3,602	4,892
Other timing differences	_	(752)	(1,547)
Total provision for deferred tax	_	2,850	3,345
Company			
	Deferred	Other	
	taxation	provisions	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 1 January 2011	3,486	3,461	6,947
Charge for year in the profit and loss account	1,659	1,214	2,873
Utilised in the year	-	(1,182)	(1,182)
Exchange difference			
At 31 December 2011	5,145	3,493	8,638
Other provisions relate to future rental payments on vacant leased premise exceptional severance and facility closure costs. They are due to be settle years			re
The elements of deferred tax are as follows			
		2011	2010
		£'000	£'000
Difference between accumulated depreciation and capital allowances		5,882	4,750
Other timing differences	_	(737)	(1,264)
	_	5,145	3,486
18. Called up share capital			
To. Cance up share capital		2011	2010
		£'000	£'000
Authorised			
5,900,000 (2010 5,900,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	=	5,900	5,900
Issued, called up and fully paid			
3,063,168 (2010 3,063,168) ordinary shares of £1 each	_	3,063	3,063

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

19. Reserves				
	Share premium £'000	Revaluation reserve £'000	Other - Merger reserve £'000	Profit and loss account £'000
Group				
At 1 January 2011	76,161	1,191	299	41,287
Profit for the year	-	-	-	12,713
Actuarial loss on defined benefit pension plan	-	-	-	(27,438)
Deferred tax arising on movements in the pension plan	-	-	-	6,859
Currency translation differences on foreign currency net				
investments	-	-	-	(628)
Transfers		(17)		17
Balance at 31 December 2011	76,161	1,174	299	32,810

The cumulative amount of goodwill previously written off to reserves in the years to 31 December 1998 amounts to £28,905,000 There have been no additional write offs to reserves post 1998

In accordance with FRS 19, deferred tax has not been recognised in respect of the revaluation reserve as no agreements to sell the revalued assets were in place at 31 December 2011

			Profit and
	Share	Revaluation	loss
	premium	reserve	account
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Company			
At beginning of the year	76,161	1,191	42,107
Profit for the year	-	-	10,842
Actuarial loss on defined benefit pension plan	-	-	(27,438)
Deferred tax arising on movements in the pension plan	-	-	6,859
Currency translation differences on foreign currency net			
investments	-	-	(109)
Transfers		(17)	17
Balance at 31 December 2011	76,161	1,174	32,278

The cumulative amount of goodwill previously written off to reserves in the years to 31 December 1998 amounts to £28,905,000

In accordance with FRS 19, deferred tax has not been recognised in respect of the revaluation reserve as no agreements to sell the revalued assets were in place at 31 December 2011

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	••	
20 Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds		
	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Group		
Profit for the financial year	12,713	8,159
Retained profit	12,713	8,159
Actuarial (loss)/gain on defined benefit pension plan	(27,438)	2,251
Deferred tax arising on movement in the pension plan	6,859	(608)
Currency translation differences on foreign currency net investments	(628)	(454)
Net (decrease)/increase in equity shareholders' funds	(8,494)	9,348
Total shareholders' funds at 1 January 2011	122,001	112,653
Total shareholders' funds at 31 December 2011	113,507	122,001
	2011	2010
Company	£'000	£'000
Profit for the year	10,842	5,707
Retained profit	10,842	5,707
Actuarial (loss)/gain on defined benefit pension plan	(27,438)	2,251
Deferred tax arising on movement in the pension plan	6,859	(608)
Currency translation differences on foreign currency net investments	(109)	(371)
Net increase in shareholders' funds	(9,846)	6,979
Total shareholders' funds at 1 January 2011	122,522	115,543
Total shareholders' funds at 31 December 2011	112,676	122,522

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

21 Cash flow		
	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
(a) Reconciliation of operating profit to operating cash flows		
Operating profit	25,181	12,849
Depreciation and amortisation charge	52,676	36,233
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(2,477)	(1,409)
Decrease/(increase) in stocks	289	(28)
Decrease in debtors	9,299	8,656
Decrease in creditors	(3,744)	(98)
(Decrease)/increase in other provisions	(49)	55
Movements in balances with fellow subsidiary undertakings	(20)	36
Movements in balances with parent undertaking	123	133
Movement relating to defined benefit pension liability	(5,177)	(3,847)
Net cash flow from operating activities	76,101	52,580

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

21. Cash flow (continued)					
(b) Analysis of cash flows					
				2011	2010
				£'000	£'000
Returns on investment and service	ng of finance				
Interest received				83	87
Interest paid	_			(7,987)	(3,586)
Interest element of finance lease r	ental payments		_	(63)	(147)
			=	(7,967)	(3,646)
Capital expenditure and financial	investment				
Purchase of tangible fixed assets				(86,413)	(37,913)
Sale of tangible fixed assets				15,728	8,868
Movement in finance lease debtor	-			(14,826)	(9,923)
			=	(85,511)	(38,968)
Acquisitions (See note 27)					
Purchase of subsidiary undertaking	-			-	-
Cash acquired with subsidiary und	dertakıng			962	
			-	962	
Financing					
(Decrease)/increase in short term	borrowing			(217,521)	722
Increase in long term borrowings	-	liary		236,000	-
Capital element of finance lease p	ayments			(325)	(843)
			_	18,154	(121)
(c) Analysis of net debt					
	A 4 1 Tanasana		Acquisition	Fushausa	At 31
	At 1 January 2011	Cash flow	(excluding cash)	Exchange movement	December 2011
	£,000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cook as book and on board	14.021	(2.224)		(112)	10 674
Cash at bank and in hand	14,021	(3,234)	•	(113)	10,674
Debt due within one year	(69,430)	217,521	(154,341)	-	(6,250)
Debt due after one year	-	(236,000)	-	-	(236,000)
Finance leases	(529)	325	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(204)
	(69,959)	(18,154)	(154,341)	(113)	(242,454)

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

22	Commitment	

Capital commitments for the Group at 31 December 2011 for which no provision has been made in these financial statements were as follows

	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Contracted and authorised		
Vehicle purchases	31,153	31,303
Other capital expenditure	94	165

Capital commitments for the Company at 31 December 2011 for which no provision has been made in these financial statements were as follows

	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Contracted and authorised		
Vehicle purchases	22,488	31,303
Other capital expenditure	94	165

The Group's annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases were as follows

	2011				2010	
	Land and buildings £'000	Other £'000	Total	Land and buildings £'000	Other £'000	Total £'000
Operating leases which expire						
Within one year	441	226	667	353	143	496
Between one and five years	1,094	1,168	2,262	882	219	1,102
After five years	769	2	771	567	1	568
	2,304	1,396	3,700	1,802	363	2,165

The Company's annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases were as follows

	2011					
	Land and buildings	Other	Total	Land and buildings	Other	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Operating leases which expire						
Within one year	169	85	254	145	100	245
Between one and five years	643	744	1,387	686	185	871
After five years	588	2	590	567	1	568
	1,400	831	2,231	1,398	286	1,684

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

23. Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities for both the Group and the Company at 31 December 2011 relating to performance guarantees of £2,400,000 (2010 £2,400,000) have not been provided in these financial statements. The possibility of transfer of these amounts is remote.

24. Related party disclosure

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Ryder System Inc , the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in paragraph 3 (c) FRS 8 'Related Party Disclosures' and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group (or investees of the group qualifying as related parties) The consolidated financial statements of Ryder System Inc , within which this Company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 25

25. Parent undertaking

The immediate parent undertaking is Ryder System Holdings (UK) Limited

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Ryder System Inc., a company incorporated in the State of Florida, U.S.A., Ryder System Inc. is the parent undertaking of both the largest and smallest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 31 December 201 and the consolidated financial statements of Ryder System Inc. are available from Group Director Investor Relations, Ryder System Inc., 11690 NW 105th Street, Miami, Florida, 33178, U.S.A.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

26. Pension scheme

(a) Defined benefit schemes

The Group operates funded pension schemes providing defined benefits. The Ryder Pension Fund was closed to all as of March 2010. The pension cost charged to operating profit under FRS 17 for the year amounts to £36,000 (2010 £554,000).

The 31 December 2011 valuations for the Ryder Pension Fund and the Trojan Pension Fund were carried out by a qualified independent actuary based on membership data and assets as at 31 December 2011 These are interim valuations not formal triennial valuations, also they are not approximate valuations which have been rolled forward from previous formal funding valuations

The most recent triennial valuations were carried out as at

- Ryder pension plan 31st December 2008 in a report dated 31st March 2010
- Trojan pension plan 5th April 2010 in a reported dated 4th July 2011

The next full valuations are due as follows

- Ryder pension plan 31st December 2011
- Trojan pension plan 5th April 2013

The next full valuation of the Ryder Pension Fund will be undertaken for 31 December 2011 but is yet to be finalised

The principal assumptions used by the actuary were (in absolute terms)

		2011	2010
		%ра	% p a
Inflation assumptions			
 retail prices index (RPI) 		3.20	3 55
 consumer Prices Index (CPI) 		2.20	3 05
Future LPI pension increases, where			
 referenced to RPI 		2.95	3 30
 referenced to CPI 		2.20	2 80
Revaluation in deferment, where			
 referenced to RPI 		3.20	3 55
 referenced to CPI 		2.20	3 05
Discount rate		4.80	5 60
Assumed life expectancies on retireme	ent at age 65 are		
Retiring today	Males	21.6	21 5
	Females	24.0	23 9
Returing in 20 years time	Males	23.5	23 4
	Females	25 8	25 7

The assumptions used by the actuary are best estimates chosen from a range of possible actuarial assumptions, which due to the timescale covered, may not necessarily be borne out in practice

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

26. Pension scheme (continued)

The assumptions used in determining the overall expected return of the assets of the Funds have been set having regard to yields available on government bonds, corporate bonds, bank base rates and incorporating appropriate risk margins where appropriate. The fair value of the Funds' assets, which are not intended to be realised in the short term and may be subject to significant change before they are realised, and the present value of the Funds' liabilities, which are derived from cash flow projections over long periods and thus inherently uncertain, were

	2011		2010	
	Fair value		Fair value	
	£'000		£'000	
Equities and property	133,402	70 3%	132,796	71 5%
Fixed Interest	55,260	29 1%	52,358	28 2%
Index Linked Gilts	125	0 1%	101	0 1%
Insured Annuities	157	0 1%	142	0 1%
Cash & Other	768	0 4%	379	0 1%
	189,712	_	185,776	

Overall long-term rate of return expected on Fund assets is 6 00% (2010 6 75%), this can be broken down as follows

	2011	2010
	Assumed return	Assumed return
	(p.a)	(p a)
	%	%
Equities and property	7.00	7 50
Fixed Interest	3.80	4 90
Index Linked Gilts	3.00	4 00
Insured Annuities	4 80	5 60
Cash & Other	0.50	0 50

None of the assets of the Funds are invested in the Company's own financial instruments and none of the assets are properties or other assets used by the Company

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows

	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Total fair value of Fund assets	189,712	185,776
Present value of funded obligations	(198,154)	(174,377)
Net (deficit)/surplus	(8,442)	11,399
Related deferred tax asset/(liability) at 25% (2010 27%)	2,110	(3,078)
Net (liability)/asset in the balance sheet	(6,332)	8,321

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

26. Pension scheme (continued)		
Analysis of the amount charged to operating profit		
	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Current service cost	36	554
Analysis of the amount credited to other finance income		
•	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Expected return on Fund assets	12,086	11,510
Interest on obligations	(9,666)	(9,400)
Net return	2,420	2,110
Total credit to the profit and loss account	2,384	1,556
Actual return on Fund assets	2,355	21,321
Changes in present value of the Funds' liabilities		
	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Liabilities at beginning of year	174,377	161,229
Service cost (net of employee contributions)	36	554
Contributions by employees	2	203
Interest cost	9,666	9,400
Actuarial losses	17,707	7,560
Benefits paid and expenses	(3,634)	(4,569)
Liabilities at end of year	198,154	174,377

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

26. Pension scheme (continued)					
Changes in the fair value of assets are	as follows				
				2011	2010
				£'000	£'000
Fair value of the Fund assets at beginn	ing of year			185,776	164,420
Expected return on Fund assets				12,086	11,510
Actuarial (losses)/gains				(9,731)	9,811
Contributions by employer				5,213	4,401
Contributions by employees				2	203
Benefits paid and expenses				(3,634)	(4,569)
Fair value of Fund assets at end of yea	г			189,712	185,776
2012 is £5,331,000 Amounts for the current and previous:	four periods are	as follows			
•	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Present value of Fund liabilities	(198,154)	(174,377)	(161,229)	(127,405)	(146,726)
Fund assets	189,712	185,776	164,420	129,134	157,316
(Deficit)/surplus	(8,442)	11,399	3,191	1,729	10,589
Experience adjustments on Fund					
liabilities	(1,491)	(865)	4,186	(1,409)	(381)
As a percentage of Fund liabilities	-0.8%	-0 5%	2 6%	-1 1%	-0 3%
Experience adjustments on Fund					
assets	(9,731)	9,811	14,684	(43,883)	(2,232)
As a percentage of Fund assets	-5.1%	5 3%	8 9%	-34 0%	-1 4%
Cumulative actuarial losses shown in the Statement of consolidated					
total recognised gains and losses	(68,467)	(41,030)	(43,281)	(25,760)	(11,007)
Analysis of amount recognised in the s	tatement of tota	l recognised ga	ains & losses		
				2011	2010
				£'000	£'000
Actuarial (losses)/gains				(27,438)	2,251

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

26. Pension scheme (continued)		
Reconciliation of movements in deferred tax associated with the Defined Ber	nefit Pension Funds	
	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Liability as at 1 January	(3,078)	(893)
Charge for year in the profit and loss account	(1,671)	(1,577)
Movement on deferred tax arising on loss in the pension funds	6,859	(608)
Asset /(liability) at 31 December	2,110	(3,078)
(b) Defined contribution scheme The pension cost charge for the year, representing contributions payable by t amounted to	he Group to the schen	nes,
	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Contributions payable	2,509	1,998

At the end of the year a balance of £260,000 (2010 £269,000) was due to the pension schemes

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

27. Acquisition

The Group purchased Hill Hire Limited (formerly Hill Hire plc) for a total consideration of £1 The total adjustments required to the book values of the assets and liabilities of the company acquired in order to present the net assets of that company at fair value in accordance with group accounting principles were £16,501,000, details of which are set out together with the resultant amount of goodwill arising. This purchase has been accounted for as an acquisition

Hill Hire Limited contributed £32,092,000 to the Group's net operating cash flows, paid £4,195,000 in respect of interest, £5,095,000 in respect of taxation and utilised £12,426,000 for capital expenditure

In its last financial year to 31 December 2010, Hill Hire Limited made a loss after tax (reported under IFRS) of £15,008,000 For the period since that date, to the date of acquisition, Hill Hire Limited management accounts show the following

Turnover	44,895
Operating Profit	7,623
Profit before taxation	5,651
Taxation	655
Profit attributable to shareholders	6,306

£'000

(1,198)

The acquisition of Hill Hire Limited has been recorded as follows

	Book Value	Revaluations	Consistency of accounting policies	Other	Fair Value
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Tangible fixed assets	148,105	(3,234)	-	-	144,871
Stocks	2,425	-	(1,809)	-	616
Debtors	41,184	(13,729)	3,086	-	30,541
Creditors	(16,122)	(3,197)	2,121	(2,202)	(19,400)
Provisions – property dilapidations	-	-		(626)	(626)
Taxation					
- Current	(1,357)	-	-	(4,761)	(6,118)
- Deferred	(3,349)	-	-	8,042	4,693
Cash	962	-	-	-	962
Borrowings	(154,149)	-	-	(192)	(154,341)
Net assets acquired	17,699	(20,160)	3,398	261	1,198

Consideration for the acquisition was cash of £1

Negative goodwill

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

27. Acquisition (continued)

Revaluation adjustments in respect of tangible fixed assets comprise the valuations of the vehicle fleet, and certain freehold and leasehold properties. The revaluation of creditors includes a corresponding adjustment in respect of liabilities in connection with vehicles under the course of construction.

Revaluations of debtors include adjustments in respect of the valuation and classification of net investments in finance leases, and a reassessment of the bad debt provision

The fair value adjustment for alignment of accounting policies reflects the restatement of assets and liabilities in accordance with the Group's policies the removal of stocks of fuel held in vehicles, the removal of prepaid MOT costs, the reclassification of deferred revenue, and alignment of the recognition of maintenance cost accruals

Other adjustments to creditors and provisions relate to liabilities that were not fully reflected in the balance sheet of Hill Hire Limited at the date of acquisition. These include the creditor amounts for deposits and advance rentals in connection with customer operating and finance leases, and provision for dilapidation liabilities in connection with certain leasehold property.

The current taxation liability has been adjusted to reflect the charge payable upon the sale of a leasing company pursuant to the Corporation Tax Act 2010 Part 9. The book value of deferred taxation has also been adjusted to reflect the corresponding credit pursuant to the same legislation, and deferred taxation has also been reflected in respect of various fair value adjustments on the acquisition in accordance with FRS 19.

28. Subsequent events

On 28 March 2012, the subsidiary, Hill Hire Limited (formerly Hill Hire plc), was re-registered as a private limited company in order to facilitate the subsequent transfer of the trade and assets to the Company at book value on 31 March 2012 as part of the continuing integration of the business acquired during 2011

On 1 August 2012, Ryder Limited acquired control of 100% of the share capital of the following companies trading as the Euroway Group of Companies

- Euroway Vehicle Management Limited,
- Euroway Vehicle Contracts Limited,
- Euroway Vehicle Engineering Limited,
- Euroway Vehicle Rental Limited,
- Euroway Group Holdings Limited, and
- Euroway Group Limited

Initial consideration for the acquisition was £1 25m. In addition as part of the transaction Ryder. Limited also refinanced debt of the companies of £12 5m. This was funded via an existing revolving credit facility.