Report and Accounts

Year Ended 30 April 2001

Company Reg no:1013185

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COMPANIES HOUSE 18/12/01

Report and Accounts

Year Ended 30 April 2001

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Report of the Directors

Year Ended 30 April 2001

The Directors present herewith the audited accounts for the year ended 30 April 2001.

1 Results and Dividends

The net profit for the year was £16950. The Directors recommended that no dividend be paid.

2 Principal Activities

The company's principal activity during the year was that of an investment holding company.

The Directors consider both the level of business and the financial position of the company at 30 April 2001 to be satisfactory and expect the present level of activity to continue in the current financial year.

3 Directors and their Interests

The Directors who served during the year were as follows:

P.E. Jones

(Chairman)

Mrs A. Jones

M.E. Jones

A.E. Jones

The shares are held by trustees of a Jones family settlement.

4 Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are required by United Kingdom company law to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss for that year. For this purpose it is necessary to make both judgements and estimates and this is done on a reasonable and prudent basis.

In preparing the accounts the going concern basis has been applied, suitable accounting policies have been used and applied consistently, and applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained.

The Directors are also responsible for maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company, and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the Directors

Year Ended 30 April 2001

5 Auditors

On 28 June 2001, Ernst & Young, the Company's auditor, transferred its entire business to Ernst & Young LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated under the Limited Liability Partnerships Act 2000. The Directors consented to treating the appointment of Ernst & Young as extending to Ernst & Young LLP with effect from 28 June 2001. A resolution to re-appoint Ernst & Young LLP as the Company's auditor will be put to the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board

donne

G. Brooke

Secretary

28 November 2001

Profit and Loss Account

Year Ended 30 April 2001

	Notes	2001 £	2000 £
Turnover	1	27,250	27,025
Net operating expenses	2	1,070	1,017
Operating profit		26,180	26,008
Interest payable / (receivable)	3	2,303	(55)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		23,877	26,063
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	6,927	7,637
Profit for the financial year after taxation		16,950	18,426
Dividends on equity shares	5	0	0
Retained profit brought forward		173,887	155,461
Prior year adjustment to retained profit	14	0	0
Retained profit carried forward		190,837	173,887

The above figures relate exclusively to continuing operations.

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the year.

Balance Sheet

As at 30 April 2001

	Notes	<u>2001</u>	£	2000 £	£
Fixed Assets		*	₽	~	~
Tangible assets Investments	7 8	_	224,738 50,250		179,288 50,250
			274,988		229,538
Current Assets					
Debtors Cash	9	53,384 21,575		13 105,010	·
		74,959		105,023	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	159,010		84,574	
Net Current (Liabilities)/Assets			(84,051)		20,449
Total assets less current liabilities			190,937		249,987
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	11		0		76,000
Net Assets		=	190.937	=	173,987
Capital and Reserves					
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	12 13	_	100 190,837	_	100 173,887
Equity Shareholders' Funds	14	=	190,937	=	173,987

Approved by the Board on 28 November 2001

P.E. Jones Director

Statement of Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items considered material to the company's affairs:

Basis of accounting

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Turnover

Turnover, which excludes value added tax, comprises amounts invoiced during the year for the rent of commercial property.

Cash Flow Statement

The company qualifies as a small company under the terms of Section 247 of the Companies Act 1985. As a consequence it is exempt from the requirement to publish a cash flow statement.

Tangible Fixed Assets

The cost of tangible fixed assets is their purchase cost, together with any incidental costs of acquisition.

Investment properties

The company's property is held for long-term investment. Investment properties are accounted for in accordance with SSAP 19, as follows:

- i) investment properties are revalued annually. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is transferred to the revaluation reserve unless a deficit below original cost, or its reversal, on an individual investment property is expected to be permanent, in which case it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year, and
- ii) no depreciation is provided in respect of leasehold investment properties where the lease has over 20 years to run.

Although the Companies Act would normally require the systematic annual depreciation of fixed assets, the Directors believe that the policy of not providing depreciation is necessary in order for the accounts to give a true and fair view, since the current value of investment properties, and changes to that current value, are of prime importance rather than a calculation of systematic annual depreciation. Depreciation is only one of the many factors reflected in the annual valuation, and the amount which might otherwise have been included cannot be separately identified or quantified.

Deferred taxation

No liability for UK deferred taxation to date is likely to arise in the next three years or thereafter so far as can reasonably be foreseen and accordingly no provision has been made in the accounts.

Notes to the Accounts

1 Turnover

The turnover consists entirely of rental income derived in the United Kingdom.

·	0001	•000
	<u>2001</u> £	2000 £
2 Not amounting summanas		
2 Net operating expenses		
Audit fees	1,000	1,000
Bank charges Sundry	70 0	17 0
2		
	1,070	1,017
3 Interest payable / (receivable)		
Bank interest payable/ (receivable)	2,303	(55)
	2,303	(55)
4 Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
Corporation tax for the year at 30%	6,927	7,637
		
	6,927	7,637
At the balance sheet date the potential liability to defe	rred taxation using the liability m	ethod was:
Accelerated capital allowances	0	53,726
Expenditure allowable in future years	0	0
	0	<u>53,726</u>
5 <u>Dividends</u>		
Equity dividends on ordinary shares;		
Final proposed	0	0
	0	0
	 	

6 Directors' emoluments

During the year the Directors neither received nor were due to receive any emoluments from the company. No other persons were employed by the company in the financial year.

Notes to the Accounts

7 Tangible fixed assets Land	2001 £ 148,738	2000 £ 103,288
Long Leasehold property at cost	76,000	76,000
	224,738_	179,288_
In the opinion of the directors, the open market value of th from the stated amount.	e property is not significantly	different
8 Investments		
Unquoted shares at cost	50,250_	50,250
Directors' valuation of investments	0	336,112
The company holds 500 £1 ordinary shares representing 5 Woodblane Developments (Holdings) Limited, a company not quoted and are shown at cost in the balance sheet. As influence over Woodblane, its result has not been include	y incorporated in Scotland. The company does not exert a	he shares are
9 <u>Debtors</u>		
Amounts falling due within one year		
Amounts due from related parties	53,384	13
	53,384	13
10 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
Bank Loans and overdrafts Amounts due to related parties Other creditors Corporation tax payable Accruals Proposed dividend	76,000 67,591 2,088 6,927 6,405 0	0 68,794 2,063 7,637 6,080 0
	159,010_	84,574

Notes to the Accounts

	2001 £	2 <u>000</u> £
11 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year		
being long term loan secured on commercial properties:		
Repayable within five years	0	76,000
The interest rate is 1.5% over base.		
12 Called up share capital		
	Authorised	
	Allotted an	
	fully paid	
	£	-
Ordinary shares of £1 each		100
There was no change in share capital during the year.		

13 Profit and Loss Account

The movement in the profit and loss account is shown on Page 3.

14 Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds

	2000 £	1999 £
Opening shareholders' funds	173,987	155,561
Prior year adjustment	0	0
Dividend	0	0
Profit for the financial year	16,950	18,426
Shareholders' funds at 30 April 2001	190,937	173,987

The adoption in 2000 of Financial Reporting Standard 12 (Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingen has necessitated an adjustment to certain provisions made in prior years.

15 Related Parties

The company is related to Emerson Developments (Holdings) Limited and PE Jones (Properties) Ltd, companies which are subject to common influence. Amounts outstanding with these companies are disclose in notes 9 and 10.

During the year the company has received rental collection and administration services from companies within the Emerson Developments (Holdings) Limited Group, for which no fee was charged.

Auditors' Report to the Shareholders of

Emerson Commercial Developments Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 3 to 8, which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and on the basis of the accounting policies on page 5.

Respective responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As described on page 1 the company's Directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those accounts and to report our opinion to you. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by Statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 30 April 2001 and of the profit of the company for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Ernst & Young LLP Registered Auditor

Manchester M2 3EY

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28 November 2001