(Registered in England and Wales No 1005360)

ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS 2000

Board of Directors:-

J H Bartlett

J C Skipper

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 31 December 2000.



Principal activity and review of the business

The company's principal activity during the year continued to be the exploration for oil and gas reserves in the United Kingdom and the surrounding area of the Continental Shelf.

It is the intention of the directors that the above business of the company will continue for the foreseeable future.

Results and dividends

The company made a loss of £1,697,166 due to the write off of exploration expenditure. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Directors

The present directors of the company are listed above. There have been no changes since 1 January 2000.

Directors' interests

The interests of the directors holding office at 31 December 2000, other than directors of the ultimate parent undertaking, and their families, in the US \$0.25 ordinary shares of BP p.l.c. (formerly BP Amoco p.l.c.), were as set out below:

	<u>31 December 2000</u>	1 January 2000
J H Bartlett	39,008	25,782
J C Skipper	6,971	4,516

In addition, rights to subscribe for US \$0.25 ordinary shares in BP p.l.c. were granted to, or exercised by, those directors between 1 January and 31 December 2000 as follows:

	<u>Granted</u>	Exercised
J H Bartlett J C Skipper	1,084 11,445	14,982 3,372

No director had any interest in the shares or debentures of subsidiary undertakings of BP p.l.c at 31 December 2000.

GN

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Policy and practice with respect to payment of suppliers

It is the company's policy to follow the CBI's prompt payment code of practice for all suppliers to the company. A copy of the code of practice may be obtained from the CBI.

The number of days' purchases represented by trade creditors at the year end was 30.

Auditors

On 28 June 2001, Ernst & Young, the Company's auditor, transferred its entire business to Ernst & Young LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated under the Limited Liability Partnerships Act 2000. The Directors consented to treating the appointment of Ernst & Young as extending to Ernst & Young LLP with effect from 28 June 2001.

In accordance with Section 386 of the Companies Act 1985, the company has elected to dispense with the obligation to appoint auditors annually and Ernst & Young LLP continue in office.

By order of the Board

Reform

R C Cumming, Secretary

30 August 2001

Registered Office: Britannic House 1 Finsbury Circus London EC2M 7BA

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will
 continue in business.

The directors are also responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and which enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors confirm that they have complied with these requirements and having a reasonable expectation that the company has, or has access within the BP group to, adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF AMOCO (FIDDICH) LIMITED

We have audited the accounts on pages 5 to 10, which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and on the basis of the accounting policies set out on page 5.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

Encr & Tony Lil

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those accounts and to report our opinion to you. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by Statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 2000 and of the loss of the company for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Ernst & Young LLP
Registered Auditor

ABERDEEN

30 August 2001

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities of foreign currency branches are translated into sterling at closing rates of exchange. Income statements are translated at average rates of exchange.

Exchange differences resulting from the retranslation of net investments in foreign currency branches at closing rates, together with differences between income statements translated at average rates and at closing rates of exchange and differences on long term monetary items, are dealt with in reserves.

All other exchange gains or losses on settlement or translation at closing rates of exchange of monetary assets and liabilities are included in the determination of the profit/loss for the year.

Exploration expenditure

Exploration expenditure is accounted for in accordance with the successful efforts method. Exploration and appraisal drilling expenditure is initially classified as an intangible fixed asset. When proved reserves of oil and gas are determined and development is sanctioned, the relevant expenditure is transferred to tangible production assets. All exploration expenditure determined as unsuccessful is charged against income. Exploration licence acquisition costs are amortised over the estimated period of exploration. Geological and geophysical exploration costs are charged against income as incurred.

and

PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2000

		2000 <u>£</u>	<u>1999</u> <u>£</u>
Exploration expenditure written off Administrative expenses Exchange gain		(1,697,390) - 347	(206,451) 18,252
Other income		(1,697,043) 161	(188,199) 4,937
Operating loss		(1,696,882)	(183,262)
Loss on ordinary activities before interest and tax Interest (payable) / receivable		(1,696,882) (284)	(183,262) 102
Loss before taxation Taxation	1	(1,697,166)	(183,160) (1,892)
Loss for the year		(1,697,166)	(185,052)
Retained loss for the year		(1,697,166)	(185,052)

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2000

There are no recognised gains or losses attributable to the shareholders of the company other than the loss of £1,697,166 for the year ended 31 December 2000 (1999 loss of £185,052).

BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2000

	Note	2000 <u>£</u>	<u>1999</u> <u>£</u>
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	3	3,549,122	-
Current assets			
Debtors	4	221,839	2,229
Cash at bank and in hand		· -	253,628
		221,839	255,857
Creditors - amounts falling due within one year			
Other creditors	5	(126,713)	(571,579)
Bank overdraft	ū	(5,657,136)	-
Net current liabilities		(5,562,010)	(315,722)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		(2,012,888)	(315,722)
SHAREHOLDERS' INTEREST		(2,012,888)	(315,722)
Represented by			
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	6	8,691,157	
Reserves	7	(10,704,045)	(9,006,879)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS - EQUITY INTEREST	rs .	(2,012,888)	(315,722)
			

By order of the Board

J H Bartlett, Director

30 August 2001

Hun ext

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1. Taxation

The company is a member of a group for the purposes of group relief under section 402 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988.

Provision for deferred taxation is not required.

2. Directors and auditors

None of the directors received any fees or remuneration for services as a director of the company during the financial year (1999 nil).

Auditors' remuneration is dealt with in the accounts of the ultimate parent undertaking.

3. Intangible assets

	Exploration expenditure £'000
Cost	
At 1 January 2000	16,180
Additions	-
Transfers	17,240,567
At 31 December 2000	17,256,747
At 31 December 2000	17,230,747
Depreciation	
At 1 January 2000	16,180
Charge for the year	1,562,500
Transfers	12,128,945
At 31 December 2000	13,707,625
2000	=======================================
Net book amount	
At 31 December 2000	3,549,122
	
At 31 December 1999	-

Transfers relate to the movement of assets between subsidiary undertakings.

951

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

4.	Debtors		
		<u>2000</u>	<u> 1999</u>
		Within	Within
		1 year	1 year
		$\mathbf{\underline{t}}$	£
	Parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	221,839	-
	Prepayments and deferred income	-	2,229

		221,839	2,229
			===
5.	Other creditors		
		<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
		Within	Within
		1 year	1 year
		<u>£</u>	£
	Parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	-	362,827
	Accruals	119,194	71,930
	Other creditors	1,463	130,766
	Corporation tax	6,056	6,056
		126,713	571,579
		 	== -
6.	Called up share capital	2000	1000
		<u>2000</u> £	1999 £
	Authorised:	<u>.</u>	<u>*</u>
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000,000	10,000,000
	Orthony blaces of 21 capa	=======================================	
	Issued, called up and fully paid:		
	0.11 1 0.01 1	0.601.157	0.701.157

7. Reconciliation of shareholders' funds and movements on reserves

Ordinary shares of £1 each

	Share capital $\underline{\underline{\mathfrak{t}}}$	Profit & loss account £	Total <u>£</u>
At 1 January 1999	8,691,157	(8,821,827)	(130,670)
Loss for the year	•	(185,052)	(185,052)
At 1 January 2000	8,691,157	(9,006,879)	(315,722)
Loss for the year	-	(1,697,166)	(1,697,166)
At 31 December 2000	8,691,157	(10,704,045)	(2,012,888)
	=====		

Included within reserves is an amount of £13,715,095 which represents loans from a group undertaking which have been capitalised.

8,691,157

8,691,157

6.84

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

8. Contingent liabilities

There were contingent liabilities at 31 December 2000 in respect of guarantees and indemnities entered into as part of, and claims arising from, the ordinary course of the company's business, upon which no material losses are likely to arise.

9. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions contained within FRS 8, and does not disclose transactions with group companies.

10. Pensions

The company does not directly employ any staff and therefore does not directly bear any pension charge.

11. Financial support

The company's parent undertaking has certified that it will continue to provide financial support to the company in it's financial operations.

12. Ultimate parent undertaking

The ultimate parent undertaking of the group of undertakings for which group accounts are drawn up, and of which the company is a member, is BP p.l.c. (formerly BP Amoco p.l.c.), a company registered in England and Wales. Copies of BP p.l.c.'s accounts can be obtained from Britannic House, 1 Finsbury Circus, London EC2M 7BA.

6×1