Abbreviated Financial Statements

31st March 1999

Registered number: 1005239

A2Q4×N9Z Q244
COMPANIES HOUSE 19/01/00

Wenn Townsend

Chartered Accountants

Oxford

Auditors' report to New Internationalist Publications under section 247B to the Companies Act 1985

We have examined the abbreviated financial statements set out on pages 2 to 4, together with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31st March 1999 prepared under section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated financial statements in accordance with section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated financial statements prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the registrar of companies and whether the financial statements to be delivered are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We have carried out the procedures we considered necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated financial statements and that the abbreviated financial statements to be delivered are properly prepared. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report does not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the full financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated financial statements prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated financial statements on pages 2 to 4 are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

Wenn Townsend

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Oxford

8th December 1999

Abbreviated Balance Sheet

31st March 1999

	<u>Note</u>		<u>1998</u>
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2	357,655	354,603
Current assets			
Stocks Debtors Investments Cash at bank and in hand		135,584 246,992 51,100 362,641	70,227 216,383 51,100 453,468
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		796,317 (676,755)	791,178 (663,879)
Net current assets		119,562	127,299
Total assets less current liabilities		£ 477,217	£ 481,902
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	3	477,207	10 481,892
Total shareholders' funds		£ 477,217	£ 481,902

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

The abbreviated financial statements on pages 2 to 4 were approved by the board of directors on 8th December 1999 and signed on its behalf by:

17 beus

T M Wells

Notes on Abbreviated Financial Statements

31st March 1999

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost accounting rules except for freehold property which is stated at valuation.

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1, on the grounds that it qualifies as a small company under the Companies Act 1985.

Turnover

Turnover represents the amount derived from the provision of goods and services falling within the company's activities after deduction of trade discounts and value added tax.

Depreciation

Depreciation of fixed assets is calculated to write off their cost or valuation less any residual value over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Freehold land

Nil

Freehold buildings

Over 50 years

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

Over 4 to 5 years

Profits or losses arising on the disposal of fixed assets are adjusted in the depreciation charge for the year.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after providing for obsolete and slow moving items.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided on the liability method in respect of the taxation effect of all timing differences to the extent that tax liabilities are likely to crystallise in the foreseeable future.

Group accounts

The company and its subsidiary comprise a small group. The company has taken advantage of the exemption provided by Section 248 of the Companies Act 1985 not to prepare group accounts.

Investments

Investments are shown in the balance sheet at cost. Income is included (together with the related tax credit) in the accounts of the year in which it is receivable.

Subscriptions

Subscriptions are credited to the profit and loss account over the period to which they relate. Amounts received in advance are shown in creditors due within one year.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the average rate for the year. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Pensions

Defined contribution scheme

Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

Notes on Abbreviated Financial Statements

31st March 1999

2	Fixed assets		Tangible fixed assets
	Cost or valuation		nxeu assets
	At 1 st April 1998 Additions Disposals		535,802 25,921 (24,604)
	At 31st March 1999		£ 537,119
	Depreciation		
	At 1 st April 1998 Charge for year Disposals		181,199 22,869 (24,604)
	At 31st March 1999		£ 179,464
	Net book value		***************************************
	At 31st March 1999		£ 357,655
	At 1 st April 1998		£ 354,603
3	Called up share capital		
	Authorised:		<u>1998</u>
	100 ordinary shares of £1 each	£ 100	£ 100
	Allotted called up and fully paid:		
	10 ordinary shares of £1 each	£ 10	£ 10

4 Transactions with directors

Loans to directors	Liability at the beginning of the year	Maximum balance during the year	Liability at the end of the year
A D Hughes	-	£ 1,000	£ 875
V M Szerauc	•	£ 1,200	£ 900

Interest is charged at a rate similar to that which the company can earn on its cash deposits on a monthly basis.

5 Ultimate parent undertaking

The company's ultimate parent undertaking at the balance sheet date was New Internationalist Trust Limited, a company incorporated in England.