COMPANY NUMBER: 985998

MILO PLC REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000



HORWATH CLARK WHITEHILL

Chartered Accountants

A member of Horwath International

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MILO PLC

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MILO PLC DIRECTORS AND ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

E A Oldham (Chairman)

K Oldham

J D Ackroyd (Managing Director)

I C Harrison

SECRETARY

K Oldham

REGISTERED OFFICE

Irwell Vale Works

Irwell Vale Ramsbottom

Bury Lancs BL0 0QG

BANKERS

National Westminster Bank Plc

Warrington Street Ashton-under-Lyne

Lancashire OL6 6JL

AUDITORS

Horwath Clark Whitehill

Arkwright House Parsonage Gardens

Manchester M3 2LF

MILO PLC DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the group accounts for the year ended 31 March 2000.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the group is the manufacture and distribution of soap, toiletries and gift products.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

As shown on page 6, the group loss for the year after taxation was £970,000 (1999 - loss £530,000). The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The directors are disappointed with the results for the year. The anticipated growth in turnover did not materialise. The planned program of overhead reduction was put in place, however the full benefit of this will only become effective in the current financial year. The directors anticipate that the current year results will show a significant improvement as compared to the prior year.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year were as follows:

E A Oldham

K Oldham

I C Harrison

J D Ackroyd

B Parnell (resigned 31 January 2000)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The directors who held office at 31 March 2000 had the following interests in shares of the company at the beginning and end of the financial year:

	£1 Ordinary shares fully paid		
	2000	1999	
E A Oldham	423,648	423,648	
K Oldham	282,852	282,852	
I C Harrison	4,500	4,500	
J D Ackroyd	•	-	

None of the directors had interests in the shares of any of the subsidiary companies during the year.

There are no share options.

MILO PLC DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

CREDITOR PAYMENT POLICY

Creditor days for the group at 31 March 2000 was 41 days.

The company's policy concerning the payment of all of its suppliers is to:

- a) settle the terms of payment when agreeing the terms of each transaction;
- b) ensure that payment terms are included in the relevant terms of contract; and
- c) pay in accordance with its contractual and other legal obligations.

The payment policy applies to all suppliers of revenue and capital goods and services and whenever possible subsidiaries follow the same policy.

AUDITORS

A resolution proposing the reappointment of Horwath Clark Whitehill as auditors to the company will be put to the members at the annual general meeting.

By order of the board

Oldhal

K Oldham Secretary

to August

2000

MILO PLC STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

The purpose of this statement is to distinguish the directors' responsibilities for the accounts from those of the auditors as stated in their report.

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group at the end of the year and of the profit or loss for the group for the period. In preparing those accounts the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud or other irregularities.

HORWATH CLARK WHITEHILL

Chartered Accountants

A member of Horwath International

Arkwright House Parsonage Gardens Manchester M3 2LF

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AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF

MILO PLC



We have audited the accounts on pages 6 to 20 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on pages 11 to 13.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 4 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of accounts. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those accounts and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of the information in the accounts.

Unqualified opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group at 31 March 2000 and of the loss of the group for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

HORWATH CLARK WHITEHILL

Hungeth Clark Whitehold

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Manchester

2000

MILO PLC GROUP PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	Notes	2000 £000	2000 £000	1999 £000	1999 £000
TURNOVER Continuing operations	2		8,063		9,498
Cost of sales	3		(6,247)		<u>(7,527</u>)
GROSS PROFIT			1,816		1,971
Selling and distribution costs Administrative expenses	3 3		(645) (<u>2,186</u>)		(552) (2,022)
OPERATING LOSS Continuing operations Discontinued operations			(1,015)		(737) <u>134</u>
	4		(1,015)		(603)
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	6	35 <u>(5</u>)	30	206 <u>(88</u>)	<u>118</u>
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAX			(985)		(485)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	7		<u>15</u>		<u>(45</u>)
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	16		<u>(970</u>)		<u>(530</u>)

The profit and loss account contains all the gains and losses recognised in the current and preceding year.

MILO PLC GROUP BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2000

	Notes	2000 £000	1999 restated £000
FIXED ASSETS		2000	2000
Intangible assets	. 8	1	1
Tangible assets Investments	9 10	3,370 50	3,255 50
TVOGUTIO. NO	10		
CURRENT AGGETO		<u>3,421</u>	<u>3,306</u>
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks	11	2,063	2,133
Debtors	12	1,120	1,301
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>1,218</u>	<u>2,518</u>
		4,401	5,952
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	13	<u>(1,994</u>)	<u>(2,445</u>)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>2,407</u>	<u>3,507</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		5,828	6,813
PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES Deferred taxation	14		<u>(15</u>)
NET ASSETS		<u>5,828</u>	<u>6,798</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Share premium account Revaluation reserve Capital redemption reserve Other reserves Profit and loss account	15 16 16 16 16	906 40 728 174 856 <u>3,124</u>	906 40 728 174 856 4,094
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>5,828</u>	<u>6,798</u>

Approved by the board on 18 August 2000 and signed on its behalf:

F A Oldham

MILO PLC BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2000

	Notes	2000	1999
FIXED ASSETS		£000	£000
Intangible assets	. 8	1	. 1
Tangible assets	9	2,221	2,247
Investments	10	<u>1,285</u>	<u>2,315</u>
		<u>3,507</u>	<u>4,563</u>
CURRENT ASSETS	40		
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	12	3,289	1,288
Subtract Bullication In Figure		<u>_408</u>	<u>2,375</u>
		3,697	3,663
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	13	<u>(1,376</u>)	<u>(1,500</u>)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>2,321</u>	<u>2,163</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>5,828</u>	<u>6,726</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	15	906	906
Share premium account	16	40	40
Revaluation reserve Capital redemption reserve	16 16	725 174	725 174
Profit and loss account	16	<u>3,983</u>	<u>4,881</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>5,828</u>	<u>6,726</u>

Approved by the board on and signed on its behalf:

18 August

2000

E A Oldham

MILO PLC RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN GROUP SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	2000 £000	1999 £000
Total recognised gains and losses	(970)	(530)
Purchase of own shares	-	<u>(750</u>)
Movement in the year	(970)	(1,280)
Shareholders' funds at 1 April 1999	<u>6,798</u>	<u>8,078</u>
Shareholders' funds at 31 March 2000	<u>5,828</u>	<u>6,798</u>

MILO PLC GROUP CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	Notes	2000 £000	1,999 £000		
Cash flow from operating activities Returns on investments and servicing of finance Taxation	17 18	(521) 30	(1,514) 118		
Capital expenditure	18	(2) <u>(337</u>)	(337) <u>(280</u>)		
Cash outflow before financing		(830)	(2,013)		
Financing	18		<u>(750</u>)		
Decrease in cash in the year		<u>(830</u>)	<u>(2,763</u>)		
RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET FUNDS					
	Notes	2000 £000	1999 £000		
Decrease in cash in the year and change in net funds resulting from cash flows		(830)	(2,763)		
Net funds at 1 April 1999	19	<u>1,239</u>	4,002		
Net funds at 31 March 2000	19	<u>409</u>	1,239		

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain freehold land and buildings. The accounts are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated accounts incorporate the accounts of Milo Plc and its subsidiary undertakings. For the current year all accounts have been drawn up to 1 April 2000. For the comparative year the accounts were made up to 27 March 1999. The year ended 31 March 2000 is a 53 week period and the year ended 31 March 1999 was a 52 week period. No profit and loss account is presented for Milo Plc as provided by Section 230 of the Companies Act 1985.

Goodwill

Positive and negative goodwill arising on acquisition and consolidation is capitalised and amortised through the profit and loss account over the director's estimate of its useful life.

The company's previous accounting policy was to eliminate purchased or consolidated positive goodwill directly against reserves, or to credit other reserves with negative goodwill. In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard No. 10 the company is leaving £856,000 of negative goodwill in other reserves. Such negative goodwill will be credited to the profit and loss account upon disposal of the relevant businesses.

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts invoiced to customers in respect of sales of goods and services, excluding value added tax and sales of fixed assets.

Revaluation of properties

As permitted by the transitional provisions of Financial Reporting Standard No. 15 the company has elected not to adopt a policy of revaluation of tangible fixed assets. The company will retain the book value of land and buildings previously revalued in 1989, and will not update that valuation.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets in use, other than freehold land and buildings, at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value, of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery - 15% p.a. reducing balance Fixtures and fittings - 10 - 25% p.a. reducing balance Motor vehicles - 25 - 33% p.a. reducing balance Dies - 25% p.a. reducing balance

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation (Continued)

The group does not provide depreciation on land and buildings in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard No. 15 because in the opinion of the directors, the group's buildings have long remaining useful economic lives and high residual values and therefore no depreciation charge is made on the grounds that it would be immaterial.

The directors carry out an impairment review in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard No. 11 to ensure that this policy is appropriate.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost, unless, in the opinion of the directors, there has been a permanent diminution in value, in which case an appropriate adjustment is made.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis and includes all direct expenditure incurred in bringing products to their present location and condition.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred taxation is accounted for using the liability method on all material timing differences to the extent that it is probable that liabilities or assets will crystallise. Advance corporation tax is carried forward to the extent that it is expected to be recovered. Timing differences arise from certain items being included in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they appear in the accounts.

Foreign Currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currency are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. All exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Leased Assets

Assets acquired under finance lease and hire purchase agreements are included in tangible fixed assets and depreciated in accordance with the company's depreciation policy. The capital element of future lease payments is included in creditors.

The rentals payable under operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Pension Costs

The group operates two defined contribution pension schemes, both of which require contributions to be made to separately administered funds. Contributions to these funds are charged to the profit and loss account as they accrue.

Deferred Government Grants

Government grants on capital expenditure are credited to a deferred account and are released to revenue over the expected useful life of the relevant asset on a reducing balance basis.

Comparatives

The comparative amounts for stock and accruals have been restated to remove a provision for unrealised profit on unsold finished goods at the year end from accruals to stock provisions.

2. TURNOVER AND SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

Milo Plc competes internationally, with only one class of business. The directors are of the opinion that to comply fully with the requirements of SSAP25 'Segmental Reporting' would be seriously prejudicial to the interests of the group.

The discontinued operations comprise Soap Company of Ireland Limited.

3. COST OF SALES AND OPERATING COSTS

		2000 Continuing £000	2000 Discontinued £000	2000 Total £000	1999 Continuing £000	1999 Discontinued £000	1999 Total £000
	Cost of sales	6,247	-	6,247	7,527	-	7,527
	Selling and distribution costs	645	-	645	552	-	552
	Administrative expenses	<u>2,186</u>		<u>2,186</u>	<u>2,156</u>	<u>(134</u>)	<u>2,022</u>
4.	OPERATING	LOSS					
	This is stated	after charging/	(crediting):		2000 £000	1999 £000	
	Loss on dispos	neration f tangible fixed a al of tangible fix nge (profits)/loss	ed assets		27 221 1 (18)	35 215 6 _13	

Auditors' remuneration paid by the company was £10,000 (1999 - £10,000).

5.	STAFF COSTS		
a)	Employee information	2000 £000	1999 £000
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	2,295 178 <u>90</u>	2,527 198 <u>83</u>
		<u>2,563</u>	<u>2,808</u>
	The average number of employees during the year was made up as follows:	No	No
	Production Selling and distribution Finance and administration	143 14 <u>28</u>	182 14 <u>31</u>
		<u>185</u>	<u>227</u>
b)	Directors' emoluments:	£000	£000
	Aggregate emoluments	346	427
	Company pension contributions to money purchase schemes	_18	_18
	Highest noid director	<u>364</u>	<u>445</u>
	Highest paid director Aggregate emoluments	<u>119</u>	120

The directors emoluments shown above amounting to £119,000 were all paid by the holding company. The directors do not believe that it is practicable to apportion this amount between their services as directors of the holding company and their services as directors of the subsidiary companies.

6.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	2000 £000	1999 £000
	On bank loans and overdrafts wholly repayable within five years	5	<u>88</u>
7.	TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES Taxation is based on the (loss)/profit for the year and co	omprises :	
	Corporation tax at 30% (1999 - 30%) Deferred taxation release Irrecoverable ACT written off	- (15) 	36 (21) <u>30</u>
		<u>(15</u>)	<u>45</u>

8. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				2000 £000		1999 £000
Trade marks 1 April 1999 a		n 2000		<u>_1</u>	•	· _ <u>1</u>
9. TANGIBLE F	IXED ASSE	rs				
GROUP	Freehold land and buildings £000	Plant and machinery £000	Fixtures and fittings £000	Motor vehicles £000	Dies £000	Total £000
Cost or valuation 1 April 1999 Additions Disposals	2,090	3,224 311 —	294 17	227 9 (8)	98 - 	5,933 337 <u>(8</u>)
31 March 2000	2,090	<u>3,535</u>	<u>311</u>	228	<u>98</u>	<u>6,262</u>
Depreciation 1 April 1999 Provisions for year Disposals	-	2,316 161	166 28 ————	109 30 (7)	87 2 —-	2,678 221 (7)
31 March 2000		<u>2,477</u>	<u>194</u>	<u>132</u>	<u>89</u>	<u>2,892</u>
Net book value 31 March 2000	<u>2,090</u>	<u>1,058</u>	<u>117</u>	<u>96</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>3,370</u>
31 March 1999	<u>2,090</u>	<u>908</u>	<u>128</u>	<u>118</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>3,255</u>
COMPANY		Freehold land and buildings £000	Fixtures and fittings £000	Mot vehick £00	es	Total £000
Cost or valuation 1 April 1999 Additions		2,090	250 _10		27 _ -	2,467 10
31 March 2000		2,090	<u>260</u>	<u>1</u> ;	<u>27</u>	2,477
Depreciation 1 April 1999 Provisions for year		<u>-</u>	156 <u>20</u>		64 1 <u>6</u>	220 36
31 March 2000		<u> </u>	<u>176</u>	<u> </u>	<u>80</u>	<u>256</u>
Net book value 31 March 2000		<u>2,090</u>	<u>84</u>	:	<u>47</u>	<u>2,221</u>
31 March 1999		<u>2,090</u>	94	<u></u>	<u>63</u>	<u>2,247</u>

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Freehold land and buildings were externally revalued on an open market basis in 1989. The historical cost of the freehold land and buildings included at valuation is as follows:

	Group and Company £000
31 March 2000	<u>1,239</u>
31 March 1999	<u>1,239</u>

If the land and buildings were sold at their valuation, the resultant tax liability is estimated to be approximately £150,000 (1999 - £155,000). This has not been reserved for within the deferred tax provision as in the opinion of the directors no disposals are envisaged in the foreseeable future.

10. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Group		Other investments £000	
Unlisted investments at cost At 1 April 1999 and 31 March 2000		<u>50</u>	
Company	Subsidiary undertakings £000	Other investments £000	Total £000
Cost At 1 April 1999 and 31 March 2000	<u>2,265</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>2,315</u>
Amounts provided At 1 April 1999 Provision for year	- <u>(1,030</u>)	- 	<u>(1,030</u>)
31 March 2000	<u>(1,030</u>)		(1,030)
Net book value 31 March 2000	<u>1,235</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>1,285</u>
31 March 1999	<u>2,265</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>2,315</u>

10. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

At 31 March 2000 the parent company had the following subsidiary undertakings, which are registered and operate in England and Wales with the exception of the Soap Company of Ireland Limited which is incorporated and operated in Eire:

	Name of Subsidiary	Main trading activity	1		6 of ordinary s and voting rights held	
	ICAL Limited	Manufacture of toiletries and cosmetics			100	
	Edenfield Soap and Toiletries Limited	Manufacture toiletries	of soap and		100	
	Milo Cosmetics Limited	Sale and dist	tribution of toile	tries	100	
	Soap Company of Ireland Limited	Non trading of	company		100	
11.	STOCKS	0000				
		2000 Group Company		199 Group	Company	
		£000	£000	restated £000	£000	
	Raw materials Finished goods	1,190 <u>873</u>	<u> </u>	967 <u>1,166</u>	-	
		<u>2,063</u>		<u>2,133</u>		
12.	DEBTORS	2000		199	1999	
		Group £000	Company £000	Group £000	Company £000	
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	780	-	1,033	-	
		110	3,170 110	- 64	1,207 64	
		230	9	204	17	
		<u>1,120</u>	<u>3,289</u>	<u>1,301</u>	<u>1,288</u>	

13. CREDITORS

amounts falling due within one year :		2000	10	99
one year .	Group	Company	Group	Company
	£000	£000	restated £000	£000
Bank loans and overdrafts				
(secured)	809	499	1,279	-
Trade creditors	906	17	878	18
Amounts owed to group				
undertakings	-	754		1,364
Corporation tax	-	-	2	-
Other taxes and social				
security costs	93	51	96	53
Other creditors	48	31	79	47
Accruals and deferred income	<u>138</u>	24	_ 111	<u> 18</u>
	<u>1,994</u>	<u>1,376</u>	<u>2,445</u>	<u>1,500</u>

The bank loans and overdrafts are secured on the assets of the group.

14. DEFERRED TAXATION

The amount provided and the full potential liability for deferred taxation at a rate of 20% (1999 - 21%) are as follows:

20,0 (1000 21,0) and as is notice.	2000		199	1999	
Amount provided : Timing differences arising from:	Group £000	Company £000	Group £000	Company £000	
Capital allowances Relief for losses	117 <u>(117</u>)		99 <u>(84</u>)		
Full potential liability: Timing differences arising from:		===	<u>15</u>	<u></u>	
Capital allowances Relief for losses Revaluation surplus	117 (117) <u>150</u>	<u>-</u> 150	99 (84) <u>155</u>	<u>155</u>	
	<u>150</u>	<u>150</u>	<u>170</u>	<u>155</u>	
Movement in the provision			2000 £000		
Provision at 1 April 1999 Transferred to Profit and			15		
Loss Account			<u>(15</u>)		
Provision at 31 March 2000					

15.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL					999
	Authorised: 2,000,000 Ordinary shares	s of £1 each		£00 <u>2,00</u>	•	000 000
	Allotted, issued and fully p 906,300 (1999: 906,300) (90	<u>06 </u>	<u>906</u>		
16.	RESERVES	Capital redemption reserve £000	Share premium account £000	Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account £000	Other reserves
	At 1 April 1999	174	40	728	4,094	856
	Loss for the financial year		_ 		_ <u>(970</u>)	=
	At 31 March 2000	<u>174</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>728</u>	<u>3,124</u>	<u>856</u>
	COMPANY	Capital redemption reserve £000	Share premium account £000	Revaluation reserve £000	Profit and loss account £000	
	At 1 April 1999	174	40	725	4,881	
	Loss for the financial year				(898)	
	At 31 March 2000	<u>174</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>725</u>	<u>3,983</u>	

In accordance with Section 230 of the Companies Act 1985 the holding company has not published a separate profit and loss account. The loss for the financial year dealt with in the accounts of the company amounted to £898,196 (1999 - profit £5,516,566).

17.	RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH (OUTFLOW)/INFLOW FROM	2000	1999 restated
	OPERATING ACTIVITIES	£000	£000
	Operating loss	(1,015)	(603)
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	221	215
	Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	1	6
	Decrease/(increase) in stock	70	(58)
	Decrease in debtors	181	425
	Increase/(decrease) in creditors	21_	<u>(1,499</u>)
	Net cash outflow from operating activities	<u>(521</u>)	<u>(1,514</u>)

18.	ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOW FOR NETTED IN THE CASH FLOW STA	2000 £000	1999 £000	
	Returns on investments and serv Interest received Interest paid	icing of finance	35 <u>(5</u>)	206 <u>(88</u>)
	Net cash inflow from returns on investments and servicing of t	<u>30</u>	<u>118</u>	
	Capital expenditure Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets	(337)	(288) 8	
	Net cash outflow from capital exp	<u>(337</u>)	<u>(280</u>)	
	Financing Purchase of own shares			<u>(750</u>)
19.	ANALYSIS OF NET FUNDS	At 1 April 1999 £000	Cash flow £000	At 31 March 2000 £000
	Cash at bank and in hand	2,518	(1,300)	1,218
	Bank overdraft and short term bank loan	(1,279)	<u>470</u>	<u>(809</u>)
	Total	<u>1,239</u>	<u>(830</u>)	<u>409</u>

20. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

- (i) The company is party to an unlimited multi-lateral guarantee in respect of the bank borrowings of the companies within the group. The group was not indebted to the bank at 31 March 2000 or 31 March 1999.
- (ii) Pursuant to the provisions of Section 17(1) of the Companies (Amendment) Act 1986, the holding company has guaranteed the liabilities of its Irish Subsidiary, the result of which is to exempt that company from the provisions of Section 7 of the Companies (Amendment) Act 1986. At 31 March 2000 the liabilities of the Irish Subsidiary amounted to £10,000 (1999 £15,000).

21. RELATED PARTIES

The company is controlled by the Chairman, Mr E A Oldham, who holds a majority of the issued share capital with his wife Mrs K Oldham, who is a also a director.