Kentucky Fried Chicken (Great Britain) Limited

Directors' report and financial statements Registered number 967403 28 November 1999



Kentucky Fried Chicken (Great Britain) Limited Directors' report and financial statements 28 November 1999

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Company information

Registered in England on 2 December 1969 Number 967403 VAT 414 0215 13

Registered Office

Kentucky Fried Chicken (Great Britain) Limited

32 Goldsworth Road

Woking Surrey GU21 1JT

Directors

TJ Ashby

(resigned 4 June1999)

GD Allan

GP Broad

(resigned 31 July 1999)

KP Higgins

MRF Shuker

(resigned 13 September 1999) (appointed 31 July 1999)

I Schofield S Gehin

(appointed 12 May 1999)

IP Govier

(appointed 12 May 1999; resigned 17 August 2000)

A Graff

(appointed 12 May 1999)

EMM Hodding

(appointed 24 September 1999)

G Koser

(appointed 12 May 1999)

K-H Ruether

(appointed 24 September 1999)

P Maslen

(appointed 12 May 1999, resigned 20 July 1999)

Company Secretary

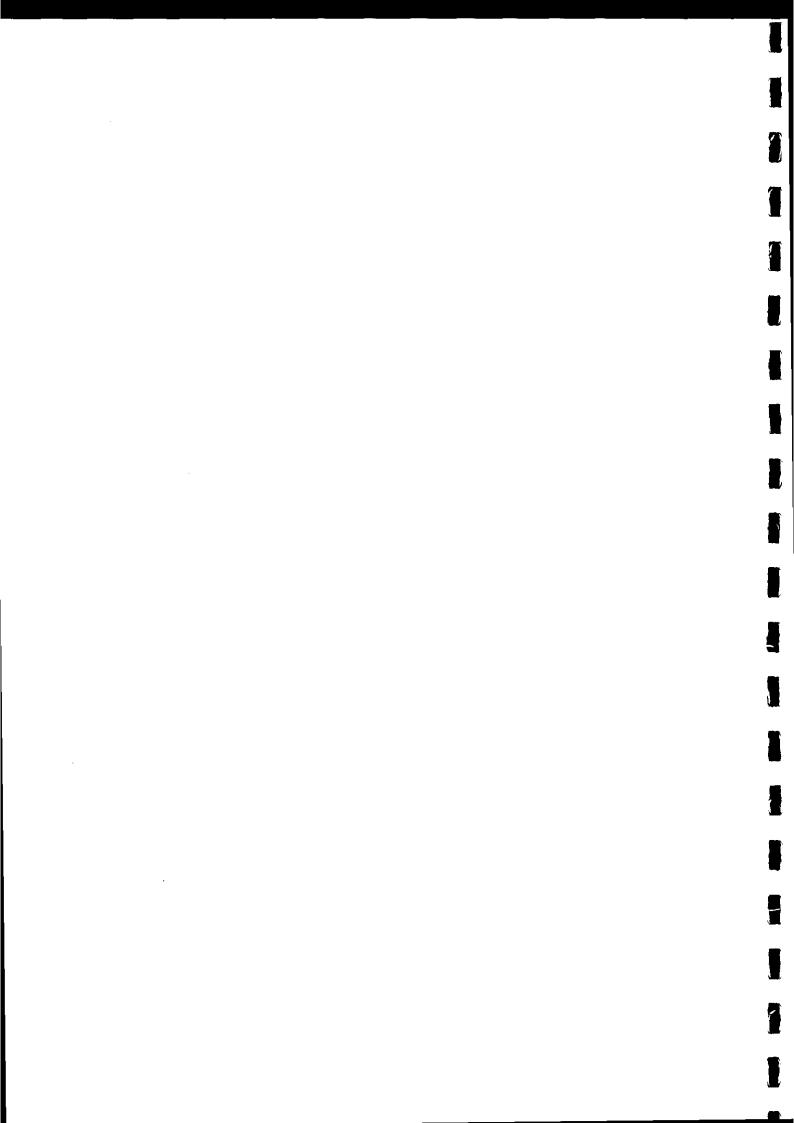
DG Dixon

Auditors

KPMG

8 Salisbury Square

London EC4Y 8BB



Directors' report

The directors present their report and audited financial statements for the 52 weeks ended 28 November 1999.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the period continued to be the sale of KFC through company-owned stores and the receipt of income from franchisees of the KFC trade marks and processes.

Results and dividends

The profit on ordinary activities after taxation of the company for the period ended 28 November 1999 amounted to £10,993,000 (1998: £9,806,000).

The directors do not propose to pay a dividend (1998: £Nil).

Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the period are as follows:

TJ Ashby (resigned 4 June 1999)

GD Allan

GP Broad (resigned 31 July 1999)

KP Higgins

MRF Shuker (resigned 13 September 1999)
I Schofield (appointed 31 July 1999)
S Gehin (appointed 12 May 1999)

IP Govier (appointed 12 May 1999; resigned 17 August 2000)

A Graff (appointed 12 May 1999)

EMM Hodding (appointed 24 September 1999)

G Koser (appointed 12 May 1999)

K-H Ruether (appointed 24 September 1999)

P Maslen (appointed 12 May 1999, resigned 20 July 1999)

None of the directors who held office at the end of the period had any disclosable interest in the shares of the company.

Directors' report (continued)

Directors and directors' interests (continued)

GD Allan and IP Govier are also a directors of Restaurant Holdings Limited of which the company is a wholly owned subsidiary and their interests are stated in the directors' report of that company. The other directors who held office at the end of the period who had the following outstanding options to acquire ordinary shares of Tricon Global Restaurants Inc were:

	Date of grant	Number granted	Exercise price	Date from which exercisable	Expiry date
			US\$		
KP Higgins	20 January 1998	4,129	27.2500	20 January 2002	20 January 2008
	21 January 1999	2,236	46.9688	21 January 2003	21 January 2009
MRF Shuker	20 January 1998	11,010	27.2500	20 January 2002	20 January 2008
	21 January 1999	4,471	46.9688	21 January 2003	21 January 2009
I Schofield	2 August 1999	3,870	41.3438	2 August 2003	2 August 2009
S Gehin	25 July 1996	3,016	24.8738	1 August 1997	25 July 2006
	20 January 1998	5,505	27.2500	20 January 2002	20 January 2008
	21 January 1999	3,407	46.9688	21 January 2003	21 January 2009
A Graff	20 January 1998	8,257	27.2500	20 January 2002	20 January 2008
	21 January 1999	3,407	46.9688	21 January 2003	21 January 2009
EMM Hodding	25 July 1996	5,026	24.8738	1 August 1997	25 July 2006
-	20 January 1998	8,257	27.2500	20 January 2002	20 January 2008
	21 January 1999	4,471	46.9688	21 January 2003	21 January 2009
G Koser	3 August 1998	2,136	31.1250	3 August 2002	3 August 2008
	21 January 1999	1,704	46.9688	21 January 2003	21 January 2009

Disabled employees

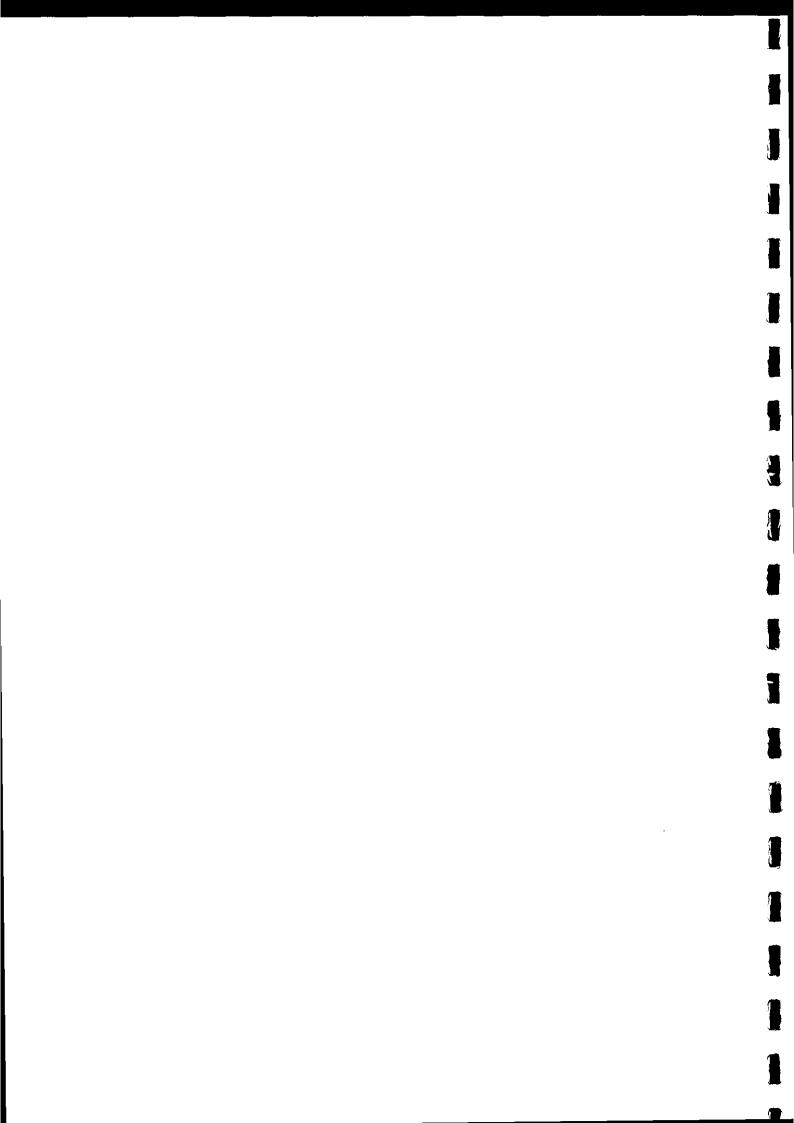
As an equal opportunity employer, it is the company's policy to give full and fair consideration to every application for employment from disabled persons, bearing in mind the abilities and aptitudes of the applicants in relation to available vacancies. Where existing employees become disabled their services will be retained wherever practicable.

Employee involvement in decision making

The directors consider that the involvement of employees is important to the success of the company. Employees are regularly informed of the company's performance and progress at both formal and informal meetings together with the regular publication of an in-house magazine.

Health and safety at work

The company has a proactive approach to health and safety at work, regarding compliance with statutory requirements as a minimum standard. The company's formal health and safety statement is available at all company locations.



Directors' report (continued)

Payments to creditors

It is the company's policy to make payment to creditors in accordance with their standard terms of supply. At the year end, creditors days on the company's principal business activities amounted to 12 days (1998: 12 days).

Charitable and political donations

Donations to UK charities amounted to £1,000 (1998: £16,250). The company made no political contributions during the period.

Auditors

In accordance with Section 384 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By order of the board

DG Dixon

Secretary

32 Goldsworth Road Woking Surrey GU21 1JT

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



PO Box 695 8 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8BB

Auditors' report to the members of Kentucky Fried Chicken (Great Britain) Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 6 to 18.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 4 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 28 November 1999 and of its profit for the 52 weeks then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPMG

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors 29t Setur 200

Profit and loss account

for the 52 weeks ended 28 November 1999

vember 1998
£000
07,023
6,630)
50,393
8,295)
1,756
13,854
1,221
(399)
14,676
(4,870)
0.006
9,806
13 14 (4,

The turnover and operating profit relate wholly to continuing activities.

A statement of movements on reserves is given in note 18.

The group had no recognised gains or losses during the period other than those reflected in the above profit and loss account.

Balance sheet

at 28 November 1999

Note				
	£000	£000	£000	£000
10		14.022		1.4.400
				14,499
		•		38,507
12		933		933
		55,842		53,939
13	598		540	
14	25,349.		6,171	
	1,974		14,586	
	27.921		21.297	
	,		,	
15	(22,895)		(25,186)	
		5,026		(3,889)
		60.868		50,050
		00,000		50,050
15		(1,368)		(1,543)
		59,500		48,507
				
17		18,000		18,000
18		16,283		16,283
18		25,217		14,224
19		59,500		48,507
	10 11 12 13 14	£000 10 11 12 13	£000 £000 10	£000 £000 £000 10

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 285 pt 2000 and were signed on its behalf by:

I Schofield Director

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting reference date

Since it is part of a retail group, the company operates a 52 week accounting year rather than a full calendar year.

2 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules.

The company is exempt by virtue of s228 of the Companies Act 1985 from the requirement to prepare group accounts.

The company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement since it is a wholly owned subsidiary. The ultimate parent company, Tricon Global Restaurants Inc. prepares consolidated financial statements including the company's results, which are publicly available.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets represents goodwill arising on the merger with Roberts Restaurants Limited and key money paid on leases entered into, which are written off to the profit and loss account over the expected useful lives of the assets as follows:

Goodwill - 20 years

Key money - Lesser of 20 years or the life of the lease

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

The costs of tangible fixed assets are depreciated by equal annual instalments over the expected useful lives of the assets as follows:

Freehold and long leasehold buildings - 20 years
Machinery and equipment - 3-15 years

All buildings held on leases of less than twenty years are amortised over the unexpired term. No depreciation is provided in respect of land.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction.

On 21 December 1998, KFC (GB) Ltd advanced the sum of \$3.5 million to KFC Worldwide. A further \$1 million was transferred on 22 February 1999. This loan is denominated in US\$. Interest is calculated on a period by period basis at the exchange rate ruling at each period end. Foreign exchange gains and losses are calculated by revaluing the principal at the exchange rate ruling at each period end.

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Leases

In accordance with SSAP 21 rental charges on all operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred over the term of the lease.

Pension costs

The company operates a pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company.

Contributions to the scheme are assessed by a qualified actuary using the projected unit method. The expected cost of pensions in respect of the scheme is charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over the service lives of employees in the scheme.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the period and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Provision is made for deferred tax only to the extent that it is probable that an actual liability will crystallise.

Turnover

Turnover comprises sales of KFC food and drinks at company owned stores and royalties and fees from franchise licences.

3 Analysis of turnover

	52 weeks	52 weeks
	ended	ended
	28 November	29 November
	1999	1998
	£000	£000
By activity		
Company stores sales	113,076	99,633
Franchise royalties and fees	9,590	7,390
	122,666	107,023
		·

The directors state that it is not possible to analyse profit before taxation or net assets by activity as the information is not readily available.

5

4 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

	52 weeks	52 weeks
	ended	ended
	28 November	29 November
	1999	1998
	£000	£000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is		
stated after charging		
Foreign exchange gain	(122)	-
Auditors' remuneration:		
Audit	45	44
Other services	32	21
Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	806	906
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	5,945	5,640
Hire of plant and machinery - rentals payable under		
operating leases	145	279
Hire of other assets - operating leases	358	298
Leasehold property rents	7,174	5,469
Remuneration of directors		
	52 weeks	52 weeks
	ended	ended
	28 November	29 November
	1999	1998
	£000	£000
Directors' emoluments excluding pension contributions:		
As directors	1,295	617

The emoluments, excluding pension contributions, of the highest paid director were £347,000 (1998: £301,000).

	Number o	f directors
	52 weeks ended 28 November 1999	52 weeks ended 29 November 1998
Retirement benefits are accruing to the following number of directors under: Defined benefit schemes	10	3
		-

6 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the period was as follows:

	Number of employees	
	52 weeks	52 weeks
	ended	ended
	28 November	29 November
	1999	1998
Total	1,701	1,524
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:		
	52 weeks	52 weeks
	ended	ended
	28 November	29 November
	1999	1998
	£000	£000
Wages and salaries	8,759	7,528
Social security costs	644	215
Other pension costs (see note 21)	602	707
	10,005	8,450

Kentucky Fried Chicken (Great Britain) Limited uses its subsidiary KFC Services Limited as employer for the majority of staff employed in the group.

7 Other interest receivable and similar income

	52 weeks	52 weeks
	ended 28 November	ended 29 November
	28 November 1999	1998
	£000	£000
Interest on short-term deposits	328	1,221
Other interest receivable	670	-
	· .	
	998	1,221
•	·.	

8	Interest payable and similar charges			
Ü			52 weeks	52 weeks
			ended	ended
			28 November	29 November
			1999	1998
			£000	£000
	Amounts payable on bank overdrafts		29	204
	Other interest		175	195
				·
			204	399
9	Taxation			
9	1 axation		52 weeks	52 weeks
			ended	ended
			28 November	29 November
			1999	1998
			£000	£000
	UK corporation tax		5,992	4,692
	Adjustment in respect of prior periods		(6)	178
			5,986	4,870
				7. 2.
10	Intangible assets			
		Key money	Goodwill	Total
		£000	£000	£000
	Cost At beginning of period		16,111	16,111
	Additions	330	10,111	330
	Additions		-	
	At end of period	330	16,111	16,441
	•			
	Amortisation			
	At beginning of period	-	1,612	1,612
	Charge for period	-	806	806
	At end of period	-	2,418	2,418
	Net book value			 -
	At 28 November 1999	330	13,693	14,023
	At 20 NOVEMBER 1777	330	13,073	14,023
	At 29 November 1998	-	14,499	14,499
	110100000000000000000000000000000000000			

makkala yang termining di kanalang di kanalan salah mengang pengang pengan

10 Intangible assets (continued)

On 1 December 1996, the company merged with Roberts Restaurants Limited. The book value of the investment in Roberts Restaurants Limited was less than the fair value of that company. The company's cost of investment in Roberts Restaurants Limited has been re-allocated so as to recognise the goodwill inherent in the business. This is not in accordance with Schedule 4 to the Companies Act 1985 which requires the purchase price of an asset to be based on the actual price paid. Had the requirements of the Act been followed, the diminution in value of the investment arising from the transfer of the business at less than fair value would have had to be recognised as a loss. The directors consider that, as there had been no overall loss to the company, it would fail to give a true and fair view to charge that diminution to the profit and loss account for the year and it should instead be reallocated to goodwill.

Key money represents amounts paid to a lessor on the inception of a lease.

11 Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold land and buildings	Leasehold improvements	Machinery and equipment	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Cost or valuation	2000	2000	2000	2000
At beginning of period	12,540	37,741	38,648	88,929
Additions	548	4,824	3,736	9,108
Disposals	-	(643)	(1,115)	(1,758)
At end of period	13,088	41,922	41,269	96,279
Depreciation and diminution in value At beginning of period Charge for period Disposals	4,418 413	23,220 2,136 (77)	22,784 3,396 (897)	50,422 5,945 (974)
At end of period	4,831	25,279	25,283	55,393
Net book value At 28 November 1999	8,257	16,643	15,986	40,886
At 29 November 1998	8,122	14,521	15,864	38,507

12 Fixed asset investments

00 £000	£000
53 2,430	933
	63 2,430

On 1 December 1996, the company issued 17 million £1 ordinary shares in consideration for the acquisition of Roberts Restaurants Limited as part of a share for share exchange with PepsiCo Holdings Limited.

The subsidiary undertakings of the group at 28 November 1999 were as follows:

	Principal activity	Class and percentage of shares held
Kentucky Fried Chicken Limited	Non-trading	100% ordinary shares
KFC Advertising Limited	Advertising Co-operative	100% ordinary shares
Valleythorn Limited	Non-trading	100% ordinary shares
Finger Lickin' Chicken Limited	Non-trading	100% ordinary shares
Roberts Restaurants Limited	Non-trading	100% ordinary shares
Southern Fast Foods Limited	Non-trading	100% ordinary shares
KFC Services Limited	Services Company	100% ordinary shares

All companies are registered in England and Wales and operate in the United Kingdom.

13 Stocks

	28 November 1999	29 November 1998
	£000	£000
Food and packaging	598	540

14	Debtors			
			28 November	29 November
			1999	1998
	Amounts due within one year:		£000	£000
	Trade debtors		1,360	000
	Other debtors		1,020	980
	Amounts owed by parent company		9,680	1,035 3,073
	Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings		12,200	
	Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings		314	117
	Prepayments and accrued income		775	311 655
	repayments and accrued medine			033
			25,349	6,171
				
15	Creditors			
		28 November 1999	29 November 1	998
		£000 £000	£000	£000
	Amounts falling due within one year:			
	Trade creditors	4,045		3,957
	Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary			
	undertakings			3,925
	Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings Other creditors including taxation	2,433		1,241
	and social security:			
	Corporation tax	3,329	4,692	
	Other taxes and social security	2,440	1,817	
		5,769		6,509
	Accruals and deferred income	10,648		9,554
		22,895		25 196
				25,186
	Amounts falling due after one year:			
	Accruals and deferred income	1,368		1,543

16 Provisions for liabilities and charges

Balances in respect of deferred taxation are set out below:

	28 November 1999		29 November 1998	
	Provided	Unprovided	Provided	Unprovided
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Accelerated capital allowances	_	3,546	-	3,550
Short term timing differences	•	(681)	•	(512)
Net chargeable gains	-	713	-	624
	-	3,578	-	3,662
			.v.:	

17 Called up share capital

	28 November 1999 £000	29 November 1998 £000
Authorised		
Ordinary shares of £1 each	25,000	25,000
	-	
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
Ordinary shares of £1 each	18,000	18,000

18 Reserves

,	Share premium account £000	Profit and loss account £000
At beginning of period Retained profit for the period	16,283	14,224 10,993
At end of period	16,283	25,217

19 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	28 November 1999 £000	29 November 1998 £000
Opening shareholders' funds Profit for the financial period	48,507 10,993	38,701 9,806
Closing shareholders' funds	59,500	48,507

All shareholders' funds relate to equity interests.

20 Commitments

(i) Capital commitments at the end of the financial period for which no provision has been made are as follows:

been made are as ronowe.	28 November 1999 £000	29 November 1998 £000
Authorised but not contracted	170	669

(ii) Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

28 November 1999		29 November 1998	
Land and		Land and	
buildings	Other	buildings	Other
£000	£000	£000	£000
64	-	278	-
1,417	503	1,189	577
5,120	-	4,134	-
6,601	503	5,601	577
	Land and buildings £000 64 1,417 5,120	Land and buildings	Land and buildings Other £000 Land and buildings £000 64 - 278 1,417 503 1,189 5,120 - 4,134

21 Pension scheme

The company participates in the Kentucky Fried Chicken Pension Fund. This scheme is of the defined benefit type providing benefits to certain employees of Kentucky Fried Chicken (Great Britain) Limited and KFC Services Limited and the assets are held separately from the company's assets.

The liabilities of the scheme are valued regularly by independent actuaries using the projected unit method. The latest actuarial assessment of the scheme was carried out as at 1 April 1999. It is assumed for the purposes of this valuation that the rate of return on the fund's assets would be 7.5% and the rate of increase in salaries would be 5.5% per annum, the rate of increase in pensions would be 3.0% and the rate of growth in dividends would be 4.25%.

The market value of the fund's assets at 1 April 1999 was £8,155,000. The benefits which had accrued to members, after allowing for expected future increases in earnings, exceeded the actuarial value of assets at that date by £820,000. The actuarial value of assets was sufficient to cover 89% of the value of liabilities at that date.

The net pension cost for the company was £602,000 (1998: £707,000).

The next actuarial valuation falls due on 1 April 2001.

22 Parent companies

The entity is a subsidiary undertaking of Restaurant Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

The largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Tricon Global Restaurants Inc., a company incorporated in North Carolina, USA. The consolidated accounts of this group are available to the public and may be obtained from:

Tricon Global Restaurants Inc. 1441 Gardiner Lane Louisville Kentucky 40213 United States of America