#### **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 00957457**

# Geoffrey Watling (Norwich) Limited Financial Statements 30 September 2021



#### **Financial Statements**

# Year ended 30 September 2021

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#### Officers and Professional Advisers

Mr A C Watling Director

Mrs Y Johnston Company secretary

Registered office 8a Ber Street Norwich

Norfolk NR1 3EJ

Lovewell Blake LLP **Auditor** 

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor Bankside 300

Peachman Way

Broadland Business Park Norwich

NR7 0LB

#### **Director's Report**

#### Year ended 30 September 2021

The director presents his report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 September 2021.

#### Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be the development and letting of property. Profits generated are transferred to the company's parent, The Geoffrey Watling Charity by gift aid.

#### Director

The director who served the company during the year was as follows:

Mr A C Watling

At 30 September 2021, all the shares in the company were held by The Geoffrey Watling Charity, of which Mr A C Watling is a trustee.

#### Director's responsibilities statement

The director is responsible for preparing the director's report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any
  relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

#### Small company provisions

This report has been prepared taking advantage of the small companies' exemption of section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Director's Report (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2021

This report was approved by the board of directors on !! MARCIT 2012 and signed on behalf of the board

Mr A C Watting

Director

Registered office: 8a Ber Street Norwich Norfolk NR1 3EJ

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Geoffrey Watling (Norwich) Limited

#### Year ended 30 September 2021

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Geoffrey Watling (Norwich) Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 30 September 2021 which comprise the statement of income and retained earnings, statement of financial position and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the director with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Geoffrey Watling (Norwich) Limited (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2021

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The director is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the director's report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the director's report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the director's report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the director was not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the director's report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Geoffrey Watling (Norwich) Limited (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2021

#### Responsibilities of the director

As explained more fully in the director's responsibilities statement, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the director determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- · Enquiry of management and those charged with governance;
- Enquiry of entity staff compliance functions to identify any instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations;
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- Performing audit work over the risk of management override of controls, including testing of journal
  entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluating the business rationale of significant
  transactions outside the normal course of business and reviewing accounting estimates for bias.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, Including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Geoffrey Watling (Norwich) Limited (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2021

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with chapter 3 of part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mark Proctor FCA DChA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Lovewell Blake LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor Bankside 300 Peachman Way Broadland Business Park Norwich NR7 0LB

Lovewell Blake LLP

12/04/2022

## Statement of Income and Retained Earnings

## Year ended 30 September 2021

Turnover	Note 4	2021 £ 288,039	2020 £ 290,870
Cost of sales		(68,886)	(92,492)
Gross profit		219,153	198,378
Administrative expenses		(56,145)	(50,800)
Operating profit		163,008	147,578
Other interest receivable and similar income		560,888	153,089
Profit before taxation		723,896	300,667
Tax on profit		_	_
Profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income		723,896	300,667
Gift aid payable to The Geoffrey Watling Charity		(184,243)	(193,193)
Retained earnings at the start of the year		3,891,431	3,783,957
Retained earnings at the end of the year		4,431,084	3,891,431

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

#### **Statement of Financial Position**

#### 30 September 2021

		2021		2020	1
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets		_			
Tangible assets	6		13,854		14,201
Investments	7		2,800,000		2,260,000
			2,813,854		2,274,201
Current assets					
Debtors	8	1,512,548		1,580,594	
Cash at bank and in hand		482,120		289,020	
		1,994,668		1,869,614	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	9	(274,526)		(149,472)	
Net current assets			1,720,142		1,720,142
Total assets less current liabilities			4,533,996		3,994,343
Net assets			4,533,996		3,994,343
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1,000		1,000
Share premium account			98,914		98,914
Capital redemption reserve			2,998		2,998
Profit and loss account			4,431,084		3,891,431
Shareholders funds			4,533,996		3,994,343

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on the board by:

Mr A C Watling Director

Company registration number: 00957457

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Year ended 30 September 2021

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is 8a Ber Street, Norwich, NR1 3EJ, Norfolk.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

Revenue from rental properties is recognised when the rent falls due in accordance with rental agreements; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Office equipment

25% reducing balance

Car park machines

25% reducing balance

#### Investment property

Investment property is initially recorded at cost, which includes purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure.

Investment property is revalued to its fair value at each reporting date and any changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2021

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Financial instruments

The Company only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value with the exception of bank loans which are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

#### Gift aid payable to The Geoffrey Watling Charity

Gift aid payments to the parent charity are recognised where it is probable they will be paid within nine months of the year end.

#### 4. Turnover

Turnover arises from:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Subsidies	1,795	1,792
Rental income	286,244	289,078
	288,039	290,870

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the company wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

#### 5. Employee numbers

The average number of employees during the year was 2 (2020: 2).

The total amount of employee benefits received by key management personnel is £33,520 (2020: £31,170). The company considers all of its staff to be key management personnel.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2021

6.	Tangible assets			
		Office Equipment £	Car Park Machines £	Total £
	Cost At 1 October 2020 Additions	10,354	28,444 4,271	38,798 <b>4,</b> 271
	At 30 September 2021	10,354	32,715	43,069
	<b>Depreciation</b> At 1 October 2020 Charge for the year	3,330 1,756	21,267 2,862	24,597 4,618
	At 30 September 2021	5,086	24,129	29,215
	Carrying amount At 30 September 2021	5,268	8,586	13,854
	At 30 September 2020	7,024	7,177	14,201
7.	Investments			
				Investment property
	Cost At 1 October 2020 Revaluations	•		2,260,000 540,000
	At 30 September 2021			2,800,000
	Impairment			

At 1 October 2020 and 30 September 2021 ——

Carrying amount
At 30 September 2021 2,800,000

At 30 September 2020 2,260,000

Investment properties owned by the company are included at open market value. Current values are based on a valuation undertaken by John Weston of Brown and Co - Property and Business Consultants LLP on 30 September 2021.

The historical cost of the investment property is £1,308,156 (2020: £1,308,156).

#### 8. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	55,448	45,650
Amounts owed by group undertakings	950,962	948,563
Other debtors	506,138	586,381
	1,512,548	1,580,594

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2021

#### 8. Debtors (continued)

The debtors above include the following amounts falling due after more than one year:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Other debtors	418,154	506,976

Other debtors include an amount of £950,962 (2020: £948,563) due from The Geoffrey Watling Charity.

Other debtors also includes £499,206 (2020: £567,934) representing five long-term loans, four of which total £325,887 (2020: £340,789) are unsecured, and one £173,319 (2020: £227,144) of which is secured against property at 2, 4 & 6 Ber St, Norwich, Norfolk.

#### 9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	ZUZ3	2020
	£	£
Accruals and deferred income	73,592	67,846
Social security and other taxes	4,569	475
Other creditors	196,365	81,151
	274,526	149,472

2020

Other creditors includes £184,243 (2020: £68,193) representing a Gift Aid payment.

#### 10. Operating lease commitments

The company has the following long term lease commitments in place in relation to its owned properties:

·	Term of lease	Annual rent £
The Dinosaur Park, Hemsby	31/12/2040	10,000
Olleys Shop, Hemsby	31/12/2100	2,841
Hollywood Diner, Hemsby	31/12/2025	20,000
Former Supermarket, Hemsby	02/05/2025	12,500
Lifeboat Station, Hemsby	31/12/2030	nil

#### 11. Ultimate holding undertaking and controlling party

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is The Geoffrey Watling Charity, which is a registered charity. This is the only entity that consolidates the Geoffrey Watling (Norwich) Limited's financial statements. Consolidated financial statements are available from 8a Ber Street, Norwich, NR1 3EJ.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2021

#### 12. Related party transactions

The company owed £184,243 (2020: £68,193) to The Geoffrey Watling Charity, the parent undertaking, relating to gift aid for the year and was owed £950,962 (2020: £948,563).