COMPANY NUMBER 00941891

ABBEY MANOR HOMES LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

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ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

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COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

NRSTIMMIS

J A S TIMMIS

SECRETARY

G R TIMMIS

REGISTERED NUMBER

00941891

AUDITORS

BDO LLP

KINGS WHARF

20-30 KINGS ROAD

READING BERKSHIRE RG1 3EX

REGISTERED OFFICE

THE ABBEY

PRESTON ROAD

YEOVIL SOMERSET BA20 2EN

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

The Directors submit their Annual Report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The company is based in the United Kingdom and its principal activity is that of Residential Developer and promoters of strategic development land. There has been no significant change in the company's activities during the year.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The company sold two plots of its' remaining mixed use land at Wincanton during the year having secured a change of use to a care home and anticipates the completion of a contract to build a single residential property in Devon during the forthcoming year. The company has acquired further development land in Wincanton. The directors continue to fulfil the company's off-site planning obligations relating to the land at Wincanton and to promote an option in respect of a residential site near Yeovil as well as its' other holdings.

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

Detailed results for the year are as shown in the financial statements on pages 6 to 17. No dividend has been paid during the year (2014: £nil).

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company who served during the year were:

N R S Timmis

J A S Timmis

IP Bowker (resigned 30 September 2015)

N R S Timmis, J A S Timmis are and I P Bowker was also a director of the holding company Abbey Manor Group Limited.

AUDITORS

The auditors, BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

In so far as the directors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware;
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

N R S Timmis DIRECTOR

DATED: 06/09/2016

4.5-6

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

We have audited the financial statements of Abbey Manor Homes Limited for the year ended 31 December 2015 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of financial position, the statement of changes in equity and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2015 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 (Continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
 - we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Do ul.

SIMON BROOKER (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of BDO LLP, Statutory Auditor, Reading, United Kingdom

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	<u>Note</u>	<u>.</u>	<u>2015</u>	2	014
		£000	£000	£000	£000
TURNOVER	3		1,694		1,089
Changes in Stock and Work-in-Progress			1,053 2,747	-	1,008
Other Operating Income	4		<u>147</u> 2,894	-	136
Materials, Sub-Contractors Charges, Land and Consumables Other External Charges		2,349 164	_	644 91	
			(2,513)		(735)
			381		409
Other operating charges		67	- (67)	78	(78)
OPERATING PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	6	,	<u>14</u> 279	-	331
Interest receivable		165	- 145	0	-
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			165 479		331
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7		(47)	·	(71) 0
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR			432		331 260
Other comprehensive income			-		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR			432		260

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

Company number 00941891 <u>STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION</u> <u>YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015</u>

	<u>Note</u>	£000	0 <u>15</u> £000	£000	014 £000
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks and Work-in-Progress Debtors Cash at Bank and In Hand	8 9 10	. 2,656 17,447 0 20,103		1,602 18,004 186 19,792	
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	11	403	-	532	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			19,700		19,260
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			19,700		19,260
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	12		72		64
			19,628	•	19,196
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called Up Share Capital Retained earnings	13		5 19,623		5 19,191
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			19,628		19,196

APPROVED AND AUTHORISED FOR ISSUE BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

N R S TIMMIS DIRECTOR

DATED:

06/09/2016

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Share capital £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total equity £'000
1 January 2015	5	19,191	19,196
Comprehensive income for the year	-	432	432
Taxation in respect of other comprehensive income	<u>-</u>		
Total comprehensive income for the year	-		
Contributions by and distributions to owners Dividends	- - -	- -	-
Total contributions by and distributions to owners	-	-	
31 December 2015	5	19,623	19,628

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

Share capital £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total equity £'000
5	18,931	18,936
	260	260
-	-	-
-	260	260
 	- -	-
-	-	_
5	19,191	19,196
	5 5	Share capital £'000 and loss account £'000 5 18,931 260

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a **ACCOUNTING CONVENTION**

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with FRS 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland.

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the company's accounting policies (see note 2).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

b FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARD 102 - REDUCED DISCLOSURE EXEMPTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.39 to 11.48A;
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.26 to 12.29;
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Abbey Manor Group Limited as at 31 December 2015 and these financial statements may be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

c GOING CONCERN

In considering the ability of the company to continue to trade as a going concern, the directors prepare rolling 12 month profit and cash flow forecasts that take account of all major inflows and outflows and any reasonably foreseeable impacts of the current economic situation. At the year-end the group, of which this company is a member, held £16m on deposit with banks, and its projections show growing cash reserves over the next 12 months. In addition, the company has access to committed bank facilities of £2.5m which will enable it to take advantage of investment and development opportunities as they arise. As a result the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will continue to meet its obligations as they fall due and accordingly have continued to prepare the accounts on the going concern basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

d <u>TURNOVER</u>

Turnover represents the amount of sales and work invoiced, including rents collected on properties held for re-sale, excluding Value Added Tax and work in progress. Sales of development property and properties held for re-sale are accounted for at completion. Rent and other income received in respect of properties held for re-sale is included in turnover on a straight line basis over rent review periods.

Contract work in progress is recorded in turnover by reference to the stage of completion based on the value of work carried out to date. No profit is recognised until the contract has advanced to a stage where the total profit can be assessed with reasonable certainty.

e STOCKS AND WORK-IN-PROGRESS

Stocks

- i) Undeveloped land and buildings, where no planning application has been made, are valued at the lower of cost and the estimated net realisable value of each individual holding.
- ii) Completed houses are valued at the lower of cost and valuation on the basis of net realisable value.

Work-in-Progress

- i) Work-in-progress in respect of buildings under construction for speculative trading is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises the costs attributable to the land, including expenditure on buildings and houses under construction.
- ii) Long-term contracts in respect of buildings under construction are assessed on a contract-by-contract basis. These represent costs incurred, net of amounts transferred to cost of sales in respect of work recorded as turnover, less foreseeable losses and payments on account not matched with turnover.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

f <u>DEBTORS</u>

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

g CASH AND EQUIVALENTS

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

h CREDITORS

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

i <u>DEFERRED TAXATION</u>

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date except that:

- deferred tax is not recognised on timing differences arising on re-valued properties unless the company has entered into a binding sale agreement and is not proposing to take advantage of rollover relief; and
- the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates to make sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences.

Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

j <u>PENSIONS</u>

The Group operates a Defined Contribution Pension Scheme. The assets of the Scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. Contributions are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

k HOLIDAY PAY ACCRUAL

A liability is recognised to the extent of any unused holiday pay entitlement which is accrued at the Statement of Financial Position date and carried forward to future periods. This is measured at the undiscounted salary cost of the future holiday entitlement so accrued at the Statement of Financial Position date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

1

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received. However if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate, which is an approximation of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

m Reserves

The company's reserves are as follows:

- Called up share capital reserve represents the nominal value of the shares issued.
- Profit and loss account represents cumulative profits or losses, net of dividends paid and other adjustments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

2. <u>JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY</u>

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have made the following judgements:

- The assessment of the carrying value of work in progress relies upon calculations of the cost of sales of each development which are based on detailed forecasts of expected remaining revenues and scheme costs. Such forecasts require judgements to be made, on a development by development basis, about the anticipated revenues on unreserved plots. These judgements are based upon sales experience to sate combined with an assessment of market conditions as at the measurement date. Judgements are also required of remaining expenditure on each development. These are based upon an expert knowledge of the current state of completion of each development together with a detailed understanding of the specific outstanding costs to be expended. These judgements together may have a material impact on the carrying value of work in progress balances in the Statement of Financial Position and the amount charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in each accounting period.
- The group holds inventories which are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. To assess the net realisable value of the land held for development and housing work in progress, the Group completes a financial appraisal of the likely revenue which will be generated when these inventories are sold. Where the financial appraisal demonstrates that revenues will exceed the costs of the inventories and other associated costs of constructing the residential properties, the inventories are stated at cost. Where the assessed revenue is lower, the extent to which the shortfall is written off through the income statement leaving the inventories stated at a realisable value. To the extent that the revenues which can be generated change, or the final cost to complete for the site varies from estimates, the net realisable value of the inventories may be different. A review taking into account estimated achievable net revenues, actual inventory and costs to complete as at 31 December 2015 has been carried out, which has identified no material net movement in the carrying value of the provision. These estimates were made by local management having regard to actual sales prices, together with competitor and marketplace evidence. Should there be a future significant decline in the UK house pricing, then further write-downs of land and work in progress may be necessary.

3. <u>TURNOVER</u>

The Directors are of the opinion that the company carries on one class of business, all of which is performed in the United Kingdom and therefore no further analysis is provided.

4.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	<u>2015</u> £000	<u>2014</u> £000
	Rental Income	111	108
	Sundry Income	36	28
		147	136

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

5. STAFF COSTS AND DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The employees were employed by one Group company, with related payroll costs for the year being recharged to the company by way of a management charge.

During the year the Directors received remuneration amounting to £Nil (2014 - £Nil) in relation to services performed for this company.

6.	OPERATING PROFIT	<u>2015</u> £000	2014 £000
	The operating profit is stated after charging: Auditors' Remuneration	. 4	4
		<u></u>	
7.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	<u>2015</u> £000	<u>2014</u> £000
	The taxation charge is made up as follows: Based on profit for the Year: Corporation Tax at 20.25% (2014: 21.5%)	64	71
	Under/(Over) provision in respect of prior years	(16) 47	71 <u>0</u> 71
		 .	
8.	STOCKS AND WORK-IN-PROGRESS	<u>2015</u> £000	<u>2014</u> £000
	Work-in-Progress	0.041	1.011
	Work-in-Progress Less Cash Received on Account	2,261 0	1,211
	Stocks Land and Buildings	2,261 391	1,211
	Earla and Polianigs	2,655	1,602
			
9.	<u>DEBTORS</u>	<u>2015</u> £000	<u>2014</u> £000
	Trade Debtors	110	124
	Amounts due from Group Undertakings Other Debtors	17,320 16	17,856 24
	Prepayments	<u> </u>	0 18,004

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

10.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2015 £000	2014 £000
	Cash at bank and in hand Less: bank overdrafts	0 0	186
11.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2015 £000	2014 £000
	Bank overdraft Trade creditors Corporation tax Accruals and deferred income	22 238 47 96	0 247 71 <u>· 214</u>
		403	532

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

12.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	<u>2015</u> £000		<u>2014</u> £000
	Sinking Funds	72	_	64
			•	
13.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL	2015 £000		2014 £000
	Authorised, Allotted , Called Up and Fully Paid Equity			
	5,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 Each	5		5
14.	CONTINGENT LIABILITIES	·		
	There are contingent liabilities as follows:			
	a) There is a cross-corporate guarantee for all Natv the company and fellow subsidiaries. At 31 Dece the group under the terms of the guarantee was	ember 2015, th	ne amount	
15.	ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY AND CONTROLLING PAI	RTIES		
	The company's immediate and ultimate holding conclimated, which is registered in England and is the small group accounts are prepared. This is deemed to be Copies of the financial statements of the ultimate hold from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3U.	allest and larg be the ultima ding compar	est group t te controlli	for which
16.	RELATED PARTIES			
	The following Companies which have had material themes Limited are related parties by virtue of N R majority shareholder of those Companies.	transactions v S Timmis beir	vith Abbey ng a Direc	Manor tor and
	Trading during the year and balances at the year-end	were as follov	vs:-	
	Purchases of goods and services by the Company in from:-	the ordinary	course of b	ousiness
		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	
		£000	£000	
	Abbey Manor Group Ltd	10	7	
		10	7	
	Sales of goods and services by the Company in the orc	linary course o	of business	to:-
	NRS Timmis	794	598	
	At 31 December 2015 balances outstanding with the Debtors and Amounts due from Group Undertakings (n.			
	Amount due from Abbey Manor Group Ltd	17,127	17,856	

DETAILED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

		2015		014
	£	£	£	£
Work Done and Materials Supplied	1,694,353			1,088,915
Work-in-Progress at 31 December	2,264,273	0.050.404	_	1,210,943
		3,958,626	-	2,299,858
Work-in-Progress at 1 January		(1,210,943)		(1,284,740)
Land Stock at 31 December	391,231		391,231	
Land Stock at 1 January	(391,231)	_ 0	(398,231)	(7,000)
		U		(7,000)
Land and Materials	1,600,331		31,063	,
Sub-Contractor charges	748,267		613,197	
Legal costs Professional Fees	75,914		12,422	
Planning Fees	82,654 5,550		104,451 (25,528)	
		(2,512,716)	(20,020)	(735,605)
GROSS PROFIT		234,967	4	272,513
Rent Received	110,374		107,980	
Bank Interest Receivable	7		0	
Loan Interest Receivable	165,428		0	
Other Interest Receivable Sundry Income	156 36,103		429 27,766	:
Sorially income	36,103	— 312,068		— 136,175
		0.2,000		100,170
Establishment Expenses	13,522		17,352	
Administration Expenses Financial Expenses	52,482 37		59,151 14	
General Expenses	1,268		1,069	
		(67,309)		 (77,586)
PROFIT FOR THE VEAR DEFORE				
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR BEFORE TAXATION		479,726		331,102
Taxation		477,726 (47,411)		(71,292)
				(1,2/2)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR AFTER		.==		
TAXATION Dividends		432,315		259,810
Dividends Retained Profit Brought Forward		0 19,191,100		0 18,931,290
			•	
RETAINED PROFIT CARRIED				
FORWARD		19,623,415		19,191,100

REVENUE EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

£ £ £	£
<u>ESTABLISHMENT_EXPENSES</u>	
Rent Payable 2,980 2,980	
Rates 329 158	
Insurance 1,330 1,421	
Heat, Light and Power 1,091 997	
Property Maintenance and Upkeep 7,792 11,796	
13,522	352
ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES	
Stationery, Printing and Office Expenses 10 11	
Audit and Accountancy 4,175 4,150	
Legal and Other Professional Fees 2,984 9,479	
Subscriptions and Donations 445 437	
Management Charges 44,868 45,074	
52,482 59,	151
EINIANICIAI EVDENICEC	
FINANCIAL EXPENSES Other Interest 14 14	
Bank Charges 23 0	
37	14
Ç,	17
GENERAL EXPENSES	
Advertising 0 19	
Sundry Expenses 1,268 1,050	
	069
<u>67,309</u> <u>77,</u>	586