Oxford Scientific Films Limited
Annual report
for the year ended 31 December 1994

Registered no: 935140



Oxford Scientific Films Limited

Annual report for the year ended 31 December 1994

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Directors and advisers

Executive directors

K F Goldie-Morrison S R Morris R Brown (Resigned 1 March 1995)

Secretary and registered office

D Cameron Lower Road Long Hanborough Oxon

Registered Auditors

Coopers & Lybrand Central Business Exchange Midsummer Boulevard Central Milton Keynes

Solicitors

Allen & Overy London

and

Denton Hall Burgin & Warren London

Bankers

Barclays Bank plc Abingdon

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 1994

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1994.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the company are the production of TV documentaries and commercials and the licensing of wildlife and effects footage and still photographs from the OSF photo and stock footage libraries.

Review of business and future developments

During the year the company made investments in recruitment thereby strengthening its sales and marketing activities, and in training and development of existing teams as part of the Investors in People Programme.

The Directors are confident of the trading outlook for 1995.

Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (1993:£Nil). The profit for the financial year of £182,130 will be transferred to reserves.

Directors

The directors of the company at 31 December 1994, all of whom served throughout the year, were:-

K F Goldie-Morrison S R Morris R Brown (Resigned 1 March 1995)

Changes in fixed assets

The movements in fixed assets during the year are set out in notes 8 and 9 to the financial statements.

Directors' interests in shares of the company

The interests of the directors of the company at 31 December 1994 in the shares of the company, according to the register required to be kept by Section 325 of the Companies Act 1985, were as follows:

	Ordinary shar	Ordinary shares of £1 each	
	31 December	31 December	
	1994	1993	
K F Goldie-Morrison	11,969	11,969	
S R Morris	3,030	3,030	

Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are required by UK company law to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit for that period.

The directors confirm that suitable accounting policies have been used and applied consistently and reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates have been made in the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1994. The directors also confirm that applicable accounting standards have been followed and that the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records and for taking reasonable steps to safeguard the assets of the company and the group, and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Close company provisions

The company is a close company as defined by the provisions of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988. There has been no change in this respect since the end of the financial year.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint the auditors, Coopers & Lybrand, will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

By order of the board

on 20/7/95. **D** Cameron

Secretary

Date:

Report of the auditors to the members of Oxford Scientific Films Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 19.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 December 1994 and of its profit, total recognised gains and cash flows for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Coopers & Lybrand

Coopers + hybrand.

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors Milton Keynes

25 July 1995.

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 1994

	Notes	1994 £	1993 £
Turnover	2	2,936,161	2,626,354
Cost of sales		(1,393,810)	(1,362,420)
Gross profit		1,542,351	1,263,934
Administrative expenses		(1,325,490)	(1,176,201)
Operating profit	3	216,861	87,733
Interest received and other income		16,286	398
Profit on ordinary activities before interest		233,147	88,131
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(28,609)	(11,702)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		204,538	76,429
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(22,408)	-
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation and retained profit for the year	16	182,130	76,429
Statement of total recognised gains and losses			
Profit for the financial year Unrealised deficit on revaluation of property		182,130	76,429 (184,859)
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the period		182,130	(108,430)

All activities of the company are regarded as continuing.

There is no material difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained profit for the year stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

Balance sheet at 31 December 1994

area Beechasek 125.	Notes	1994	1993
		£	£
Fixed assets	2		
Tangible assets	8	551,735	576,777
Investments	9	51	51
		551,786	576,828
Current assets			
Stocks	10	37,223	32,761
Debtors	11	434,890	407,770
Cash at bank and in hand		373,383	238,632
		845,496	679,163
Creditors: amounts falling due			
within one year	12	(764, 478)	(787,391)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		81,018	(108,228)
Total assets less current liabilities		632,804	468,600
Creditors: amounts falling due			
after more than one year	13	(176, 561)	(194, 487)
Net assets		456,243	274,113
2.00		====	
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	15	22,594	22,594
Share premium account	16	410,055	410,055
Revaluation reserve	16	12,794	14,160
Profit and loss account	16	10,800	(172,696)
Equity shareholders' funds	20	456,243	274,113
Edam successioners ining	20	430,243	274,113

The financial statements on pages 5 to 19 were approved by the board of directors on 20 July. 1995 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mdie Honni

K F Goldie-Morrison

Director

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 December 1994

	Notes	1994	1993
Net cash inflow from operating		£	£
activities	17	374,001	257,302
Returns on investments and servicing of finance			
Interest received		16,286	398
Interest paid		(25,627)	(6,285)
Interest paid on finance leases		(2,982)	(5,417)
Net cash outflow from returns on			
investments and servicing of finance		(12, 323)	(11,304)
Taxation			
Foreign taxes withheld		(4,822)	-
Investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(41,547)	(317,798)
Sale of tangible fixed assets		1,426	1,382
Purchase of subsidiary		-	(49)
Net cash outflow from investing activities		(40, 121)	(316,465)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) before financing		316,735	(70,467)
Financing			
New bank loans	18	-	200,000
Repayment of bank loans	18	(13, 224)	-
Repayment of principal under finance leases	18	(20,726)	(17,943)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from financing		(33,950)	182,057
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	19	282,785	111,590
-			

%

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1994

1 Principal accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom. A summary of the more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, is set out below.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets.

Consolidated financial statements

The directors have taken advantage of the provisions of Section 249 of the Companies Act 1985 not to prepare consolidated financial statements as the group constitutes a small sized group.

Fixed assets

Interests in land and buildings are stated at valuation.

It is not the company's policy to place a value on the rights and other intangible assets held by the film and photographic libraries nor on the film rights held by the production divisions.

The cost of tangible assets is their purchase cost, or in the case of film archives the cost of transferring material onto videotape, together with any incidental expenses of acquisition.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of fixed assets, less their estimated residual values, on a straight line basis over the expected useful economic lives of the assets concerned. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:

Freehold buildings	2
Film archives	20
Plant and machinery	12½ - 33
Motor vehicles	25
Fixtures and fittings	12½ - 33

Leasehold land and buildings are amortised over the period of the lease. Freehold land is not depreciated.

Finance and operating leases

Where fixed assets are financed by leasing agreements which transfer to the company substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership, the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright and are included in tangible fixed assets. The capital element of the leasing commitments is shown as obligations under finance leases. The lease rentals are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The capital element is applied to reduce the outstanding obligations and the interest element is charged against profit in proportion to the reducing capital element outstanding. Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and the useful lives of equivalent owned assets. Costs in respect of operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Long-term contracts

Turnover on long-term contracts is recognised according to the stage reached in the contract by reference to the value of work done. A prudent estimate of the profit attributable to work completed is recognised once the outcome of the contract can be assessed with reasonable certainty. The costs on long-term contracts not yet taken to the profit and loss account less related foreseeable losses and payments on account are included in stocks as work in progress.

Turnover

Turnover, which excludes value added tax and trade discounts, represents the invoiced value of goods and services supplied and the value of long term contract work performed.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the results for the period after adjusting for disallowable items, and after excluding timing differences to the extent that they are unlikely to result in an actual tax liability in the foreseeable future. The timing differences arise from the recognition for tax purposes of certain items of income and expense in a different accounting period from that in which they are recognised in the accounts. The tax effect of timing differences which are likely to result in an actual tax liability in the foreseeable future, as reduced by the tax benefit of any accumulated losses, is treated as a deferred tax liability.

Foreign currencies

Trading transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the exchange rate ruling when the transaction was entered into. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the exchange rate ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses are included in operating profit.

Amounts owed by subsidiary company

Expenditure incurred by the company on behalf of its subsidiary has been written off unless it relates to film production. The company will only be reimbursed for non-production costs when the subsidiary has generated sufficient funds from production sales to cover such costs. The aggregate value of these costs is disclosed as a contingent asset.

2 Turnover

Turnover is attributable to film production and the photographic and film libraries. Turnover by geographical market and business segment is given below:

By geographical market:	Year e	ended 31 Dec 1994	ember	Year e	nded 31 Dec 1993	cember
	UK	Rest of the world	Total	UK	Rest of the world	Total
				£	£	£
	1,692,274	1,243,887	2,936,161	1,442,428	1,183,926	2,626,354
					1994	1993
By business segment:					£	£
Film production				1,6	09,658	1,610,720
Libraries				1,3	26,503	1,015,634
				2,9	36,161	2,626,354
						

The directors have not disclosed the profit by business segment, believing it to be prejudicial to the interests of the company.

3 Operating profit

Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	1994	1993
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	66,589	63,198
Auditors' remuneration for - audit	10,728	9,500
- non-audit services	13,562	10,278
(Profit) on disposal of fixed assets	(1,426)	(1,382)
(Profit)/loss on exchange	(1,808)	602

The auditors' remuneration for audit services to the group was £12,028.

4 Directors' emoluments

	1994 £	1993 £
Emoluments (including pension contributions and benefits in kind)	168,463	142,408
Accrued benefits payable on leaving the company	21,250	-
	189,713	142,408

In addition to the benefits payable upon leaving the company, the director concerned will retain his company car currently valued at £14,000.

Directors' emoluments excluding pension contributions are as follows:

	1994	1993
	£	£
Emoluments of the highest paid director	67,245	48,940

The number of directors (including the highest-paid director) who received fees and other emoluments (excluding pension contributions) in the following range was:

	1994	1993
	Number	Number
£45,001 to £50,000	1	3
£50,001 to £55,000	1	-
£65,001 to £70,000	1	-
		

5 Employee information

The average weekly number of persons (including executive directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	1994	1993
	Number	Number
By activity		
Libraries	13	17
Film production	10	7
Administration	8	8
	31	32
	-	

Employment costs - all employees including executive directors:

	1994	1993
	£	£
Staff costs (for the above persons)		
Wages and salaries	697,343	561,394
Social security costs	69,921	54,506
Other pension costs	2,340	4,381
Total direct costs of employment		620,281
"		

The company does not operate its own pension scheme. The payments above are contributions into private pension plans of individual employees.

6 Interest payable and similar charges

	1994 €	1993 £
On bank loans and overdrafts:		
Repayable within 5 years, not by instalments Repayable within 10 years by instalments	9,075 16,552	6,858 -
On finance leases and hire purchase contracts:		
Repayable within 5 years, by instalments	2,982	4,844
	28,609	11,702
7 Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
	1994 £	1993 £
United Kingdom corporation tax at 25%:		
Current	22,408	<u>-</u>

8 **Tangible Fixed Assets**

	Land and buildings £	Film archives £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
Cost or valuation (see below)						
'At 1 January 1994	463,379	27,967	502,416	69,168	32,605	1,095,535
Additions		8,341	32,552	-	654	41,547
Disposals	-	-	(2,500)	•	-	(2,500)
At 31 December 1994	463,379	36,308	532,468	69,168	33,259	1,134,582
Depreciation						
At 1 January 1994	18,942	6,558	407,589	59,099	26,570	518,758
Charge for year	14,796	5,681	36,395	7,212	2,505	66,589
Disposals	, <u>-</u>	-	(2,500)	-	-,···-	(2,500)
At 31 December 1994	33,738	12,239	441,484	66,311	29,075	582,847
Net book value At 31 December 1994	429,641	24,069	90,984	2,857	4,184	551,735
At 31 December 1993	444,437	21,409	94,827	10,069	6,035	576,777
Cost or valuation at 31 December 1994 is represented by:						
Valuation	425,000	-	-	_	-	425,000
Cost	38,379	36,308	532,468	69,168	33,259	709,582
	463,379	36,308	532,468	69,168	33,259	1,134,582
The net book value of	of land and	buildings	can be anal	ysed as fo		100-
					1994	1993

	1994 £	1993 £
Freehold land and buildings Short leasehold property	417,979 11,662	425,000 19,437
	429,641	444,437

Freehold land and buildings are included at their 1993 valuation, performed by Cluttons Chartered Surveyors on an open market value basis.

Tangible Fixed Assets (continued)

The historical cost and related depreciation of freehold land and buildings included at a valuation are set out below:

	1994	1993
	£	£
Historical cost	425,433	425,433
Depreciation based on cost	(50, 559)	(44,904)
		380,529

The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes an amount of £15,050 (1993: £39,159) in respect of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts. Depreciation charged on these assets during the year was £11,497 (1993: £28,098).

9 Investments

	1994	1993
	£	£
Unlisted investments - at cost		
At 1 January 1994	51	2
Additions in year	-	49
	-	_
At 31 December 1994	51	51
	=	_

The investment comprises 51% of the ordinary share capital of International Wildlife Films Limited, a company registered in England which specialises in the making of wildlife films. International Wildlife Films Limited's net liabilities at 31 December 1994 were £25,797 and its loss for the year then ended was £5,796.

10 Stocks and work in progress

The amounts attributable to different categories are as follows:

	1994	1993
	£	£
Raw materials and consumables	14,575	22,824
Work in progress	22,648	9,937
	37,223	32,761

11 Debtors

Trade creditors

Corporation tax

Amounts owed to subsidiary undertaking

Other taxation and Social security

Accruals and deferred income

	1994	1993
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year		
Trade debtors	382,892	317,423
Other debtors	42,901	58,558
Prepayments and accrued income	9,097	31,789
	434,890	407,770
12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one ye	ar	
	1994	1993
	£	£
Bank loans and overdraft	14,863	161,340
Obligations under finance leases	2,941	20,522

157,342

72,819

498,927

17,586

764,478

183,977 33,575

34,143

353,834

787,391

The bank loans and overdraft are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company.

Taxation and Social security is made up as follows:

	1994	1993
	£	£
Value Added Tax	20,794	17,856
PAYE and Social security	41,602	16,287
Other creditors	10,423	-
		-
	72,819	34,143

13 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

Bank loans Obligations under finance leases	1994 £ 171,913 4,648	1993 £ 186,694 7,793
	176,561	194,487
Obligations under finance leases:		
Between one and five years	4,648	7,793
The bank loan is repayable in instalments as follows:		
Between one and two years	15,536	14,474
Between two and five years	55,591	51,496
In five years or more	100,786	120,724
	171,913	186,694

Interest on the bank loan is charged at LIBOR plus 2.5%. The bank loan is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company.

14 Deferred taxation

Analysis of provision and potential liability:

	Amount provided		Full potential liability	
	1994	1993	1994	1993
	£	£	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	-	-	-	(31,640)

At 31 December 1994 there existed a potential deferred tax asset of £16,462. This has not been recognised on the grounds of prudence.

15 Called up share capital

	Ordinary shares of £1 each	
	1994	1993 £
Authorised	100,000	100,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid	22,594	22,594

16 Share premium account and reserves

*			
	Share	Revaluation	Profit and
	premium	reserve	loss account
	account		
	£	£	£
At 1 January 1994	410,055	14,160	(172,696)
Transfers from revaluation reserve	-	(1,366)	1,366
Profit for the year	-	-	182,130
At 31 December 1994	410,055	12,794	10,800

17 Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities

	1994	1993
	£	£
Operating profit	216,861	87,733
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	66,589	63,198
(Profit) on sale of tangible fixed assets	(1,426)	(1,382)
(Increase)/decrease in stocks and work-in-progress	(4,462)	8,320
(Increase) in trade debtors	(65, 469)	(39,052)
Decrease/(increase) in other debtors	15,657	(39,920)
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments	22,692	(14,025)
(Decrease) in trade creditors	(26,635)	(20,050)
Increase/(decrease) in taxation and social security	35,738	(6,710)
Increase in VAT payable	2,938	17,856
Increase in accruals and deferred income	145,093	167,759
(Decrease)/increase in amounts owed to subsidiary undertaking	(33, 575)	33,575
		
Net cash inflow from continuing operating activities	374,001	257,302

18 Analysis of changes in financing during the year

	1994		1993	
	Share capital (including premium)	Loans and finance lease obligations	Share capital (including premium)	Loans and finance lease obligations
	£	£	£	£
At 1 January New bank loans Repayment of bank loans	432,649 - -	228,315 - (13,224)	432,649	46,255 200,000
Repayment of principal under finance leases	~	(20,726)	-	(17,940)
At 31 December	432,649	194,365	432,649	228,315

19 Cash and cash equivalents

		1994 £	1993 £
		•	~
Changes during the year			
At 1 January 1994		90,598	(20,992)
Net cash inflow		282,785	111,590
At 31 December 1994		373,383	90,598
	1994	1993	Change
	9		in year
Analysis of balances	£	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	373,383	238,632	134,751
Bank overdrafts	-	(148,034)	148,034
At 31 December 1994	373,383	90,598	282,785
		 	
20 Reconciliation of shareholders' fu	ınds		
		1994	1993
		£	£
Shareholders' funds as at 1 January 1994		274,113	382,543
Reduction in revaluation reserve		(1,366)	(184, 859)
Transfer to profit and loss reserve		1,366	-
Profit for the year		182,130	76,429
Shareholders' funds as at 31 December 1994		456,243	274,113

21 Capital expenditure

At 31 December 1994 capital expenditure of £56,000 (1993: £30,000) has been authorised by the directors but has not yet been contracted for.

22 Contingent asset

The company is owed £23,710 (1993: £18,252) by its subsidiary which is payable only when the subsidiary has generated sufficient funds from production to make such a payment without exceeding its borrowing limits. This amount has not been included in the assets of the company.

23 Financial commitments

At 31 December 1994 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	1994	1993
	£	£
Expiring within one year	183	-
Expiring between two and five years inclusive	2,163	2,895
	2,346	2,895

At the year end the company had open forward exchange contracts amounting to £212,499.