(Registered No.908982)

## ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS 2003

Board of Directors:

T Fountain

A H Haywood

D M Rotenberg

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 31 December 2003.

#### Principal activity

The company's principal activity during the year was the trading and marketing of gas and other energy products in the UK and overseas.

It is the intention of the directors that the above business of the company will continue for the foreseeable future.

### Review of activities and future developments

The company has had a satisfactory year and the directors believe that the trend will continue.

The company is in a good position to take advantage of any opportunities which may arise in the future.

#### Results

The loss for the year after taxation was £10,951,000, when added to the retained deficit brought forward at 1 January 2003 of £119,680,000, together with exchange adjustments taken directly to reserves of £4,317,000, gives a total retained deficit carried forward at 31 December 2003 of £134,948,000. The directors do not propose the payment of a final dividend.

LD3 \*LT0812E3\* 0110
COMPANIES HOUSE 31/01/05

## **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS**

#### **Directors**

The present directors are listed on page 1.

Changes since 1 January 2003 are as follows:

	<u>Appointed</u>	<u>Resigned</u>
D S Fitzsimmons	1 May 2003	30 December 2004
T Fountain	1 February 2003	
A H Haywood	19 November 2003	
D M Rotenberg	1 June 2003	
F A MacLeod		19 November 2003
S K Welch		1 May 2003

#### **Directors' interests**

The interests of the directors holding office at 31 December 2003, and their families, in the US \$0.25 ordinary shares of BP p.l.c., were as set out below:

	31 December 2003	<u>1 January 2003</u>
		(or date of appointment)
D S Fitzsimmons	221,855	220,115
T Fountain	43,406	42,017
A H Haywood	10,163	10,080
D M Rotenberg	-	-

In addition, rights to subscribe for US \$0.25 ordinary shares in BP p.l.c. were granted to, or exercised by, those directors between 1 January 2003 (or date of appointment) and 31 December 2003 as follows:

	<u>Granted</u>	<u>Exercised</u>
D S Fitzsimmons	4,550	-
T Fountain	63,550	12,000
A H Haywood	-	-
D M Rotenberg	-	-

No director had any interest in the shares or debentures of subsidiary undertakings of BP p.l.c. at 31 December 2003.

## **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS**

## Policy and practice with respect to payment of suppliers

It is the company's policy to follow the CBI's prompt payment code of practice for all suppliers to the company. A copy of the code of practice may be obtained from the CBI.

The number of days' purchases represented by trade creditors at the year-end was 39.

#### Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP will continue in office as the company's auditor in accordance with the elective resolution passed by the company under Section 386 of the Companies Act 1985.

By order of the Board

Secretary

31 January 2005

Registered Office:

Chertsey Road Sunbury on Thames Middlesex TW16 7BP

## STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are also responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and which enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for taking reasonable steps to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The directors confirm that they have complied with these requirements and having a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

## REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF BP GAS MARKETING LIMITED

We have audited the company's accounts for the year ended 31 December 2003 which comprise Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, accounting policies and the related notes 1 to 18. These accounts have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 2003 and of the loss of the company for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Ernst & Young LLP Registered Auditor

London.

31 January 2005

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### **Accounting Standards**

These accounts are prepared in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards.

#### **Accounting convention**

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Statement of cash flows

The Group financial statements of the ultimate parent undertaking contain a consolidated cash flow statement. The Company has taken advantage of the exemption granted by the Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 (Revised), whereby it is not required to publish its own cash flow statement.

#### Stock valuation

Stocks comprising gas in storage are valued at cost to the company, using the first-in first-out method or at net realisable value, whichever is the lower.

Stock held for trading purposes is marked-to-market and any gains or losses are recognised in the income statement rather than the statement of total recognised gains and losses. The directors consider that the nature of the group's trading activity is such that, in order for the accounts to show a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and the results for the year, it is necessary to depart from the requirements of Schedule 4 to the Companies Act 1985. Had the treatment in Schedule 4 been followed, the profit and loss account reserve would have been reduced by £10,163,000 (£7,472,000) and a revaluation reserve established and increased accordingly.

### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities of foreign currency branches are translated into sterling at closing rates of exchange. Income statements are translated at average rates of exchange. Exchange differences resulting from the retranslation of net investments in foreign currency branches at closing rates, together with differences between income statements translated at average rates and at closing rates of exchange, are dealt with in reserves. Exchange gains and losses arising on long-term foreign currency borrowings used to finance the company's foreign currency investments are also dealt with in reserves.

All other exchange gains or losses on settlement or translation at closing rates of exchange of monetary assets and liabilities are included in the determination of loss for the year.

#### **Derivative financial instruments**

The company is a party to derivative financial instruments to manage some of its margin exposure from changes in natural gas prices.

All derivatives which are held for trading purposes and all oil price and natural gas derivatives held for risk management purposes are marked to market and all gains and losses recognised in the profit and loss account.

## **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### **Depreciation**

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated on the straight line method over their estimated useful lives.

#### Revenue recognition

Revenues associated with the sale of oil, natural gas liquids, liquefied natural gas, petroleum and chemical products and all other items are recognised when title passes to the customer. Generally revenues from the production of natural gas and oil properties in which the company has an interest with other producers are recognised on the basis of the company's working interests in those properties (the entitlement method). Differences between the production sold and the group's share of production are not significant.

#### Discounting

The unwinding of the discount on provisions is included within the interest expense. Any change in the amount recognised for environmental and other provisions arising through changes in discount rates in included within the interest expense.

## Comparative figures

Certain prior year figures have been restated to conform with the 2003 presentation.

7 EY

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

	Note	<u>2003</u> £000	restated 2002 £000
Turnover	1	6,417,887	4,943,512
Cost of sales		(6,318,407)	(4,825,283)
Gross profit		99,480	118,229
Distribution and marketing expenses Administration expenses		(60,788) ( <u>56,703)</u> (18,011)	(79,608) (61,461) (22,840)
Other income	3	9,423	4,843
Loss on ordinary activities before interest and tax	2	(8,588)	(17,997)
Interest payable and similar charges	4	_(2,363)	(2,333)
Loss before taxation		(10,951)	(20,330)
Taxation	5	<del>-</del>	
Retained loss for the year	14/15	(10,951)	(20,330)

# STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

Total recognised gains and losses for the year	(15,268)	(20,207)
Loss for the year Currency translation differences (net of taxation)	(10,951) <u>(4,317)</u>	(20,330) 123
	2003 £000	<u>restated</u> <u>2002</u> £000

## BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2003

		2003	restated 2002
	Note	£000	£000
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	7	21,771	14,342
Investments	8	2,973	<u>2,973</u>
		24,744	17,315
Current assets	•	~0 ~~·	25.000
Stocks	9	59,551	25,889
Debtors  Colored and in head	10	1,110,463	2,212,611
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>3,111</u> 1,173,125	<u>4,454</u>
		1,1/3,123	2,242,954
Creditors – amounts falling due within one year	11	(1,026,791)	(2,123,060)
Net current assets		146,334	119,894
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		171,078	137,209
Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(10,292)	(11,635)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	12	(95,182)	(44,702)
NET ASSETS		65,604	80,872
Represented by			
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	13	200,000	200,000
Share premium account	<i>14</i> .	552	552
Profit and Loss account	14	(134,948)	(119,680)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS – EQUITY INTERESTS		65,604	80,872

Director

31 January 2005

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

#### 1. **Turnover**

Turnover is attributable to one continuing activity, the selling of gas and power purchased for resale, stated net of value added tax where applicable.

	Turnove	<u>er</u>
	2003 £000	restated 2002 £000
By business:		
Gas and Power	<u>6,417,887</u>	<u>4,943,512</u>
Total	6,417,887	4,943,512
By geographical area:		
UK	5,022,689	3,935,190
USA	75,118	33,463
Rest of World	68,085	9,841
Rest of Europe	1,251,995	965,018
Total	6,417,887	4,943,512
Loss on ordinary activities before interest and taxation		
This is stated after charging/(crediting):		

## 2.

		<u>restated</u>
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>
	£000	£000
Exchange loss/ (gain) on foreign currency		
borrowings less deposits	(8,704)	(3,900)
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	5,133	3,266
Auditors' remuneration:		
Audit fees – current year		
UK	143	90

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

#### 3. Other income

		2003 £000	restated 2002 £000
	Interest income from fellow subsidiary undertakings	3,323	1,676
	Income from other fixed asset investments	3,100	2,887
	Other interest and miscellaneous income	_3,000	280
		9,423	4,843
4.	Interest payable and similar charges		
	Interest expense on:	<u>2003</u> £000	2002 £000
	Loans from fellow subsidiary undertakings Other loans	(1,690) <u>(673)</u> (2,363)	$   \begin{array}{r}     (2,331) \\     \hline     (2,333)   \end{array} $

#### 5. Taxation

The Company is a member of a group for the purposes of relief under Section 402 of the Income & Corporation Taxes Act 1988. No corporation tax has been provided because another group company, BP International Limited, has undertaken to procure the claim or surrender of group relief to the extent it is required and to provide for any current or deferred tax that arises without charge.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the UK statutory corporation tax rate to the effective current tax rate on profit before taxation.

		restated
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>
	£000	£000
Loss before taxation	(10,951)	(20,330)
Current taxation	-	-
Effective current tax rate	0%	0%

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

## 5. Taxation (continued)

	2003 %	restated 2002 %
UK statutory corporation tax rate:	30	30
Increase/(decrease) resulting from:		
Timing differences	6	-
Non deductible expenditure / non taxed income	8	-
Group relief	(44)	(30)
Effective current tax rate		<del></del>

#### 6. Directors Interests

## (a) Remuneration of directors

None of the directors received any fees or remuneration for services as a director of the company during the financial year (2002 £Nil).

## (b) Employee costs

The company does not directly employee any staff.

## **NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS**

## 7. Tangible assets

	Plant and Machinery £000
Cost	
At 1 January 2003	20,253
Additions	12,669
Deletions	(706)
At 31 December 2003	32,216
Depreciation	
At 1 January 2003	5,911
Charge for the year	5,133
Deletions	(599)
At 31 December 2003	10,445
Net book amount	
At 31 December 2003	21,771
At 31 December 2002	14,342
Principal rates of depreciation	33.33%

## 8. Fixed assets – investments

	Other £000	Total £000
Cost At 1 January 2003 At 31 December 2003	<u>2,973</u> 2,973	2,973 2,973

The company owns 10% of the issued share capital and 10.5% of the Preference shares of Interconnector (U.K.) Limited, a company registered in England. The investment is made up of 1,178,568 Ordinary shares of £1 and 102,000 Preference shares of £1.

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

## 9. Stocks

	2003 £000	<u>2002</u> £000
Raw materials and consumables	<u>59,551</u> 59,551	25,889 25,889

The difference between the carrying value of stocks and their replacement cost is not material.

## 10. Debtors

		<u>restated</u>
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>
	£000	£000
Trade	694,800	1,812,845
Parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	181,967	132,585
Prepayments and accrued income	228,971	267,181
Other	<u>4,725</u>	
	1,110,463	2,212,611

## 11. Creditors

			restated	
	<u>2003</u>		<u>2002</u>	
"	Within	After	Within	After
	1 year	1 year	1 year	1 year
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Bank overdraft	(18,161)	-	(40,837)	-
Trade	(675,090)	_	(1,780,343)	-
Parent and fellow subsidiary				
undertakings	(151,870)	-	(1,831)	-
Taxation on profits	_	_	(12,359)	_
Accruals and deferred income	(181,082)	(10,292)	(287,690)	(11,635)
Other	(588)		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	(1,026,791)	(10,292)	(2,123,060)	(11,635)

## **NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS**

#### 12. Provisions for liabilities and charges

	Onerous Contract	Restructuring	Total	
	£000	£000	£000	
At 1 January 2003	(42,378)	(2,324)	(44,702)	
Charged to income	(67,039)	-	(67,039)	
Utilised during the year	14,262	2,297	16,559	
At 31 December 2003	(95,155)	(27)	(95,182)	

Provisions for losses on certain gas purchase and supply sales contracts have been made for future forecast losses estimated to occur over the remaining lives of the contracts. The contracts are loss making when assessed against the current high gas prices in the UK.

The restructuring provision represents the estimated severance payable to employees made redundant following a reorganisation of the UK and European Marketing businesses.

## 13. Called up share capital

	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>
	£000	£000
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid:		
200,000,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	200,000	200,000

#### 14. Reconciliation of shareholders' funds and movements on reserves

	Equity share capital	Share premium	Profit and Loss	Total
		account	account	
	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 January 2003	200,000	552	(119,680)	80,872
Loss for the year	-	-	(10,951)	(10,951)
Currency translation differences	-	-	(4,317)	(4,317)
At 31 December 2003	200,000	552	(134,948)	65,604

#### **NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS**

## 15. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' interest

	2003	restated 2002
	£000	£000
Loss for the year	(10,951)	(20,330)
Currency translation differences	(4,317)	123
Issue of ordinary share capital	-	199,000
Net (decrease) / increase in shareholders' interests	(15,268)	178,793
Shareholders' interest at 1 January	80,872	(97,921)
Shareholders' interest at 31 December	65,604	80,872

## 16. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption contained within Financial Reporting Standard No 8 "Related Party Disclosures", and has not disclosed transactions with group companies.

#### 17. Pensions

The company does not directly employ any staff and therefore does not directly bear any pension charge

## 18. Ultimate parent undertaking

The ultimate parent undertaking of the group of undertakings for which group accounts are drawn up, and of which the company is a member, is BP p.l.c., a company registered in England and Wales. Copies of BP p.l.c.'s accounts can be obtained from 1 St James's Square, London, SW1Y 4PD.